"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, slightly colder today; Sunday fair, cold; wind northwest.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,938. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1918.—TWENTY PAGES. TWO CENTS In Greater New York and Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

STRIKERS' LEADER DEFIANT TO HURLEY, WHO APPEALS AGAIN

Hutcheson Says Ship Carpenters Stand On Old Proposal Calling for Closed Shop.

INSISTS MEN ARE LOYAL

New Talk of Labor Conscription at Washington, but Gompers Warns Against It.

MORE MAY STRIKE HERE

Hutcheson Says He Opposes Action, but Cannot Control the Local Unions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Refusal of the striking ship carpenters today to respond to the appeal to patriotism, made by Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, has resulted in the most serious situation that has developed. That it calls for a speedy "show down" is made evident by the charges and counter-charges and reports that the strike will spread.

There are rumors that President Wilson will soon step in and deal directly with the labor interests, that the commandeering of the shipyards, doing Government work, will be forced without long delay, and that conscription of labor and capital may not be far off. President Wilson is known to be giving personal attention to the shipyard situation.

William L. Hutcheson, General President of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, replied to Chairman Hurley's appeal today with the statement that the strikers were willing to resume negotiations on the basis of a memorandum, submitted on Feb. 7. This in effect demanded a "closed shop" in shipyards and a wage scale similar in most respects to that in force on the Pacific Coast, but made no provision for settlement of differences by the Government Labor Adjustment Board.

He stated that he had found it impossible to influence the men to return to work unless their demands were granted, and challenged Mr. Hurley's statement that patriotism should move the men to return to work. He denied that the strikers willfully endangered the lives of other men, and said they had fellow-members in the trenches.

Mr. Hurley responded to this tonight in a telegram in which he stated that the Hutcheson proposal called for special privileges which not all of the members of the carpenters union demanded. He again called upon the strikers to return to work, closing with this challenge:

"Will you help now—when every day's delay may mean the slaughter of our boys?"

The talk of conscription of labor brought Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, into the field with a statement in which he intimated that such a course would be fatal.

While these developments were not favorable to a settlement, some officials believed that a definite policy might soon develop out of the present chaos. The Shipping Board was hopeful tonight that the present labor troubles might be held in check until a definite agreement was reached.

Many Against Conscription.

Conscription of labor and the commandeering of shipyards in order to have the Government deal directly with employes to the exclusion of private capital, which has been charged with the purpose of exploiting the workers, were moot questions today. There were some who felt that conscription might come, but at present they are not in the majority.

As yet the President has taken no open stand in the disputes which have brought about the crisis. Certainly he has made no expression of his opinion in regard to Congressional action to extend conscription to industry.

The general feeling is that such a step, at least as it involves labor, would be accepted only as a last resort. That there is a serious belief in some quarters that it is possible was made evident by the decision of Mr. Gompers to take a definite stand.

Action of some local exemption boards to withdraw from strikers the safeguard of exemption from military service under the draft law unless they returned to work was repudiated today by the Shipping Board, and there is no inclination to adopt such a method, pending efforts to effect a settlement.

During the present turmoil of opinion the Labor Adjustment Board has worked to decide the questions involved in connection with wage increases for the Delaware River district, and an announcement is near.

The decision for the Delaware River district, it is understood, will cover the shipyards in Baltimore, where carpenters are on strike. The attitude of the strikers in Baltimore, when the decision is made, will be awaited with intense interest.

New York Case Up March 1.

It was stated today that March 1 had been fixed as the date when the demands of the strikers in the New York district would be taken up formally by the Labor Adjustment Board and that it was practically certain that there would be no yielding by the Shipping Board until that time. It is probable that the deliberations will be taken up on the basis of the memorandum submitted by President Hutcheson on Feb. 7, but no assurance will be given in advance that the closed shop demand will be met or the increases and extra considerations for holidays and Saturdays granted.

The day's developments began with

Continued on Page Three.

Senators in White House Conference on Overman Bill

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Senators Dillingham, Republican, and Walcott, Democrat, members of the Senate Judiciary Committee, were called to the White House tonight for the second of the series of conferences which President Wilson is holding with members of Congress, to explain his desire for the passage of the Overman bill, which would empower him to co-ordinate and rearrange existing executive departments and agencies.

The Judiciary Committee is expected to report the bill favorably soon, and the Administration is preparing to meet opposition from advocates of the War Cabinet and of a Director of Munitions.

ALL FOREIGN TRADE PUT UNDER LICENSE

President Issues Sweeping Proclamations to Limit Exports and Imports.

TO DIVERT SHIPS FOR WAR

Action Expected to Add 1,000,000 Tonnage for Transport of Troops and Supplies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—A war measure even more revolutionary and far-reaching in effect than the Garfield order which shut down industry for five days and added other restrictions on the normal activities of the nation was adopted today, when President Wilson issued proclamations making subject to control by license after tomorrow the entire foreign commerce of the United States.

These proclamations give the Government control of imports and exports, and commerce with every nation of the world is thus affected. The imperative need for the release of ships to carry troops and munitions to France made the step necessary. It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 additional tons of shipping will be made available.

Action was taken by the President under powers granted to him under the Espionage and Trading With the Enemy acts.

Trade with South America and the Orient will be largely affected, it is understood, but the Government will make every endeavor so to readjust commerce that there will be as little disturbance of business as possible. There will be kept in sight, however, the necessity for moving to the United States essential supplies, such as manganese ores and nitrates, in large quantities.

It is estimated that some imports and exports not essential to the war may be reduced by as much as 50 per cent., but drastic action like that will be taken only after a careful survey of the situation and a review of evidence submitted by the interests invoved.

The United States Shipping Board will act to withdraw ships needed for overseas service from other routes, but the apportionment of the restrictions placed upon exports will come within the jurisdiction of the War Trade Broad. A bureau established by the Shipping Board will co-operate.

Must Have the Ships.

The War Trade Board in a statement tonight made this comment:

"The military situation and the tonnage situation have made increasingly apparent the necessity of instituting a complete and thoroughgoing control of all our exports and imports. The transportation of our armies to France and the maintenance of a continued flow of the supplies and munitions needed to maintain them in fighting trim require the use of every ton of shipping which can possibly be devoted to these purposes.

"This demand must be met, and if it becomes necessary to curtail our exports or imports, these are measures which are forced upon us by the critical tonnage situation and the necessity of availing ourselves of every possible means of maintaining our armies in France.

The slowing up of work in the shipyards because of the cold weather and labor disturbances was a contributing cause to the situation which made the President's action necessary.

That such a crisis might be faced by the nation was foreseen many weeks ago, and preparation has been going on steadily to meet the emergency. The action was decided upon finally when agreements with Holland and some of the other neutral nations of Europe brought within the control of the Government 500,000 tons or more of shipping, which is not to be sent into the submarine zone. French sailing ships will also be used to take the place of some of the diverted American tonnage, and the general result will be the withdrawal within a comparatively short time of all American tonnage fit for overseas service from coastwise South American and Pacific trade.

It is possible also that, with the reduction of trade between the United States and nations in the Orient, additional Japanese tonnage will be brought into the transatlantic service, thus contributing more directly to the war.

The War Trade Board in a further statement tonight said:

"The War Trado Board has taken prompt action to prevent any congestion or delay in shipments of goods which have not hitherto required an export license, but which will now require one under the new proclamation published Feb. 15 and effective Feb. 16, and which includes all articles of commerce. The Treasury Department, acting on a request from the War Trade Board, has instructed Collectors to accept shippers' export declarations in lieu of individual license for all goods which have not hitherto required a license, when it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Col-

Continued on Page Two.

You can rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort hotel in the world.—Advt.

TELEPHONE CLERK POSING AS MARQUIS AWED FINANCIERS

Said His Friend, the King of Spain, Sought $50,000,000 Loan.

LANSING NIPPED HIS PLOT

Youth Said He Was a War Envoy and Cut a Swath at the Waldorf.

MORGAN & CO. APPROACHED

W. E. D. Stokes and Wealthy Woman Said to Have Been Among His Victims.

Edmond Rousselot, who called himself "the Marquis di Castillot," and posed as a member of the French War Commission to the United States, also as a close friend of the King of Spain, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday charged with violating the Espionage act by falsely representing himself to be an official of the French Government. He was also indicted on charges of forging a United States permit to visit American naval vessels and obtaining $500 under false pretenses from W. E. D. Stokes. In default of $15,000 bail he was locked up in the Tombs.

When Rousselot was arrested several weeks ago it was stated that he had been posing as a Marquis, that he had wormed himself into the confidence of many persons, and that the house of di Castillot was a myth and that the "Marquis" himself was by occupation a telephone operator, earning $15 a week.

An alleged attempt to interest J. P. Morgan & Co. in a $50,000,000 loan purporting to be for the Spanish Government caused the Government agents to investigate, and the arrest followed.

After the indictment was returned the Federal authorities made public some of the chapters in the life of the "Marquis di Castillot." To fully appreciate the remarkable career of this young man it is necessary to state that he is prepossessing in appearance, dresses always in the latest fashion, speaks good English, but writes it poorly and ungrammatically, and is able, as one of his alleged dupes is said to have expressed it, "to make you believe most anything about himself." In proof of this a witness cited the fact that Rousselot was able to make a lot of persons believe that the official seal of Westchester County, N. Y., was the royal seal of Spain.

Letters from King Alfonso.

It was about three months ago when a well-groomed young man walked into the Waldorf-Astoria and registered as "Edmond Rousselot," a member of the French War Commission to the United States. A few days later word went around that M. Rousselot was the "Marquis di Castillot," a Spanish nobleman and an intimate friend of King Alfonso XIII. Apparently it did not occur to those who were introduced to the "Marquis" to inquire how it was possible to be a citizen of France and a subject of King Alfonso.

At first he did not personally advertise himself. He adopted, it was explained, the novel scheme of losing letters and telegrams. Some of the letters were dated Madrid and they were signed "Alph," and later when he came to know his "American friends" better the "Marquis" explained that King Alfonso, when he wrote to his intimate friends, had a way of signing himself just plain "Alph."

The "Marquis" also lost some telegrams signed "Jusserand." He said he was very close to the French Ambassador, Jusserand, some of the witnesses said. One day the "Marquis di Castillot" was introduced to a Miss Josephine Mayher, a woman of wealth, and the two became close friends. He told her about his business affairs and the vast importance of the diplomatic and other State business he was doing in this country for France and his "dear friend," the Spanish King.

After he had known Miss Mayher for a short time the "Marquis" told her he needed $10,000. He owned some oil stock—that is, he said he did—and offered the shares as security for the loan. Miss Mayher said she would advance the money. The "Marquis" thanked her from the bottom of his heart, and then he did a generous thing. He said that, while he had every reason to consider the oil stock as gilt-edge security, he was, nevertheless, afraid that something might happen to cause it to depreciate, and, in order to better protect her, he insisted on pledging as additional security the "ancestral heirlooms of the house of Castillot."

Get a Loan from W. E. D. Stokes.

As time sped on the "Marquis" established friendly relations with a number of men and women well known along Broadway. He obtained a visitor's card to the Lambs Club. Everybody called him "Marquis," and everybody really believed that the King of Spain, who signed himself "Alph," was corresponding with his friend in America, to whom his Majesty had confided certain very important business transactions.

About six weeks ago "Di Castillot" was introduced to W. E. D. Stokes, owner of the Hotel Ansonia. He told his friends that Mr. Stokes impressed him very favorably. He told Mr. Stokes, according to the officials, that he was an intimate friend of Ambassador Jusserand, and, incidentally, said that he was also about the best friend that King Alfonso had in the entire world. In the course of a conversation

Continued on Page Nine.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. The Greenbrier, open all the year. Wonderful curative waters. Ideal time to take the cure.—Advt.

Says Germans Lost 30% of U-Boats in Ten Months

GENEVA, Feb. 15.—A Swiss engineer employed for the past ten months at the electrical works at Kiel, who has recently returned to his home, informs The Associated Press that the Germans are making every effort to conceal their submarine losses, especially from the navy, because of increased difficulty in mustering crews. He estimates that the Germans lost 30 per cent. of their submarines while he was at Kiel.

"I saw a score of submarines lined up in the canal undergoing repairs," he said. "They had been hit by depth bombs, which the Germans seem to fear greatly."

The engineer added that there had been two serious mutinies at Kiel in 1917.

REPORTS 82 DEAD OF THE TUSCANIA

War Department List Reduces New Yorkers Unaccounted For to Nine.

3 ADDED TO KNOWN LOST

Ten Names Given That Did Not Appear in the Record of Those Buried.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The number of New Yorkers unaccounted for as a result of the sinking of the transport Tuscania was reduced to nine late tonight, when the War Department gave out its first officially received list of known and identified dead. There were eighty-two names of known dead on the list. Only three were New Yorkers: Joseph G. Maystrick, of Astoria, L. I., and Herman Rupp and Henry S. Speidel, both of New York City. All except twelve of the New Yorkers on board the Tuscania had been previously accounted for as saved.

As nearly as can be estimated from official information in Washington there appear to have been 2,192 officers and men on the Tuscania, after allowing for the twenty-one taken off at Halifax. The number of Tuscania survivors so far officially reported to the War Department in survivors' lists is 1,894. This leaves 298 to be officially accounted for by the department.

The eighty-two known dead reported tonight leaves 216 still to be accounted for officially. The list of known dead given out tonight follows:

A.

ABBONI, ANTHONY; Sam Arditto, friend, 257 Blane Av., Detroit, Mich.
ALLEN, FRED K.; O. C. Allen, father, Ada, Minn.
ANDERSON, HOMER LLEWELLYN; Frank Anderson, father, 133 Ridge Av., Dayton, Ohio.

B.

BARGERSTOCK, CLEA; Rilla Bargerstock, mother, Marienville, Penn.
BARKER, BEN; G. W. Barker, father, Forestburg, Texas.
BATES, HENRY G.; Mrs. Edward Bates, mother, 2,420 B St., Baker, Ore.
BENNETT, RUSSELL F.; Mrs. Jennie Bennett, mother, Plainfield, Wis.
BENNETT, WILLIAM E.; Mrs. W. Earl Bennett, wife, Rogers, Ark.
BISHOP, JOHN B.; Sarah J. Bishop, mother, Foster, Okla.
BJORK, GEORGE NELSON; Victor Nelson, brother, St. Helena, Ore.
BRADLEY, CLAUD; Jennie Bradley, mother, Swaty, Ark.
BYRNE, JACK J.; Miss Catherine Byrne, sister, 1,138 East Galena St., Butte, Mon.
BUCKLEY, JAMES J.; Mrs. Charles E. Brown, 225 West 15th St., Minneapolis, Minn.

C.

CALABRESE, ROCCO; Frank Calabrese, father, Mount Solo, Wash.
CARPENTER, HARRY; Delos Carpenter, father, Potomac, Ill.
CHESHIER, JOHN W.; Joe M. Cheshier, father, Lucas, Wash.
CHURCH, FRANKLIN A.; Frances E. Church, mother, 1 Doyle Av., Providence, R. I.
COLLINS, ARTHUR W.; Mrs. O. C. Collins, mother, Appleby, Texas.
COLLINS, STANLEY L.; Ernest Collins, Knights Ferry, Cal.
COOK, MARCUS B.; F. L. Cook, father, Como, Mon.
COWN, ALMER L.; John R. Smith, brother-in-law, Victor, Mon.
CRELLIN, WALTER; John S. Crellin, father, 106 East Chestnut St., Virginia, Minn.
CROW, JENNINGS B.; Mary J. Crow, mother, Appleby, Texas.

D.

DINTER, WILLIAM A.; Emma Dinter, mother, Cureo, Texas.
DRAHOTA, FRANK; Adolph Drahota, father, Jackson, Minn.
DUFFY, EVERETT H.; Mrs. J. A. Duffy, mother, Siloam Springs, Mo.

G.

GILLESPIE, ALEXANDER S.; Agnes S. Gillespie, mother, 842 17th St., Los Angeles, Cal.

H.

HARTSOOK, WINSTON A.; G. S. Hartsook, father, Rapidan, Va.
HAWLEY, JAMES P.; Mrs. Katherine Hawley, mother, 415 4th St., Neenah, Wis.
HOUSTON, ELMER A.; Albert Houston, father, Held, Ore.
HURST, RAYMOND T.; E. Hurst, father, Pocasset, Okla.
HYATT, WESLEY W.; Ellis T. Hyatt, mother, Lebam, Wash.

I.

INGLEHART, DELBERT E.; Etta E. Inglehart, mother, 2,533 Lake St., Santa Monica, Cal.

J.

JOHNSON, JOHN C.; Miss Annie Johnson, sister, Big Falls, Minn.

K.

LAAKKO, JOHN A.; J. E. Laakko, father, 2,365 Burch St., Astoria, Ore.

Continued on Page Two.

GERMAN RAIDERS SINK EIGHT BOATS IN DOVER STRAIT

Seven "Drifters" and One Trawler of British Patrol Prey of Destroyers.

SWIFT ATTACK AT NIGHT

Teuton Ships Flee Rapidly Northward After Striking a Sudden Blow.

FIRING LASTS 45 MINUTES

British Craft Were Hunting Submarines When Engaged—Wounded Taken to Dover.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—A raiding flotilla of German destroyers sunk in the Straits of Dover early this morning eight British craft which were hunting submarines. A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Dover tells this story of the raid:

"Between 12:30 and 1:30 o'clock this morning the residents of Dover were awakened by a violent gunfire in the Channel. This continued for about an hour. From high ground the flashes of guns could be plainly seen.

"When morning broke it became known that an attack had been made on a number of trawlers and drifters on patrol duty in the Channel by large German torpedo destroyers, presumably from the base at Zeebrugge. The attack was a surprise one—a sudden dash at high speed into the channel and a rapid burst of gun-fire on a line of drifters, employed in searching the sea for submarines. One trawler and seven drifters were sunk.

"The crews of the drifters behaved with the greatest gallantry. One incident is typical. A drifter was set on fire by a shell and the crew had to take to the boats. After the raid was over two men in one of the boats pulled back to their vessel, boarded her and extinguished the fire and brought her safely back to port.

"The raiders were favored in their attack by the darkness of the night and a haze which hung over the channel.

"It is believed that their intention was to attack supply ships and transports plying between England and France. In this they were unsuccessful and had to return to their base in haste."

LONDON, Feb. 15.—This statement was issued by the Admiralty concerning the Channel raid:

A swift raid was made by a flotilla of large enemy torpedo boat destroyers at 1 A. M. today on our patrol forces in Dover Strait.

The following craft, which were occupied in hunting a submarine which had been sighted by the patrol, were sunk:

Trawler James Pond, drifters Jamie Murray, Clover Bank, W. Elliott, Cosmos, Silver Queen, Veracity, and Christina Craig.

After having sunk these vessels, the enemy destroyers returned rapidly to the north before any of our forces could engage them.

The wounded men of the British ships were taken into Dover.

The firing lasted forty-five minutes.

FINNISH COMMANDER WANTS EUROPE'S AID

Needs Arms to Stem "Blood-Red Flood of Anarchy" That Menaces the West.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 15.—The correspondent of a Stockholm paper has interviewed General Mannerheim, Commander of the White Guards, in Finland.

"Our aim," the General said, "is to liberate Finland from anarchy. We will set a dam against the Bolshevist wave to save the culture of Finland and secure the freedom of the country.

"We shall win. The fight may perhaps last a long time because we lack weapons, and we look longingly for help from Europe, which we think must come, because Europe surely recognizes that it is deeply interested in the fight in Finland. If anarchy breaks through the dam we are trying to raise a blood-red flood will sweep westward."

At the request of the Swedish Government Mr. Vorovsky, the Bolshevist Minister at Stockholm, today left for Aland Island on a Swedish warship. He will try to prevail upon the Russian soldiers to stop their acts of violence and leave Aland eventually on Swedish ships which will transport them to a Russian harbor.

Americans Defeat German Gas Shell Attack; Also Beat Off Assault by Enemy Airplanes

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Feb. 15.—The Germans opposed to the Americans early today made an unsuccessful bombardment with gas shells. German airplanes in large numbers also were driven off by the American machines and anti-aircraft batteries.

Gas shells in considerable number from the German guns fell within the American sector early this morning, making necessary the wearing of masks in all parts of the trenches for more than three hours. One American was injured by an exploding shell, but so excellent has been the anti-gas training of the men that not a single case of gas poisoning was reported. The duration of the shelling was two hours, but traces of the poisonous fumes remained for another hour after the bombardment had ceased.

Visibility was good today in the clear, cold atmosphere, and as a result there was much aerial activity on both sides. German airplanes in large numbers repeatedly attempted to cross the American lines, but were driven off either by anti-aircraft batteries or by the air squadrons.

The American artillerymen rapidly are attaining a high degree of efficiency. Today they continually fired shells that exploded so close to the enemy airplanes that the aviators were compelled to dodge and duck and scurried back to a safer area, pursued across the sky by a trail of shrapnel puffs.

The artillery on both sides resumed activity today. The American gunners shelled the German rear lines and communications effectively.

CHU CHIN CHOW—CENTURY THEATRE Mat. Today. Biggest Success in N. Y.—Advt.

RUSSIA CUTS LOOSE FROM ENTENTE; TEUTONS PLAN TO TAKE PETROGRAD; CZERNIN SEES WAR'S END APPROACHING

Czernin Is Impressed by Wilson's Speech and Calls It a 'Very Serious Step' Toward Peace

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Feb. 15, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—A telegram from Vienna to the Journal de Geneve states that President Wilson's speech has created a favorable impression there. Count Czernin read it in a railway train returning from Brest-Litovsk.

"The speech," he said, "constitutes a very serious step toward general peace. I shall reply to it publicly as soon as possible."

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.—A dispatch received here from Vienna says that Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, replying to an address of the Burgomaster, who welcomed Czernin on his return to the Austrian capital, said it was the war aim of their supreme war lord and Emperor which had secured for them a peace with the Ukraine. This peace, he added, was in a double sense of the greatest significance.

"What has happened at Brest-Litovsk," Count Czernin said, "is not yet the end of the war, but it is the beginning of the end. Not only political diseases but political recoveries are infectious, and peace will be so, too.

"Moreover, the strangling blockade of the Entente has been broken by the signing of the peace with the Ukraine, with its bread. The difficulties of transport certainly still are considerable, but all necessary preparations have been made, and, if conditions do not alter, an improvement will take place."

Count Czernin added that he had assurances that Austrian prisoners of war would be released. Civil war between Russia and the Ukraine might cause difficulties, but he was full of hope. In conclusion Count Czernin said:

"If ever confidence was justified, it is today. I am firmly convinced that we have only to hold out a little longer and an honorable general peace will be attained."

ENRAGED POLES GO IN MOURNING

Theatres Closed and Black Flags Displayed at Cracow Over Ukraine Deal.

CZECH PARTIES REUNITED

Demand Single State Composed of the Bohemian Crownland and Slovaks.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 14.—The peace concluded by the Central Empires and their allies with Ukraine has roused the nationalities of Austria and placed that country and Germany to a slighter but still important degree before a difficult situation.

I have often pointed out that peace with Russia or any part of it on other than annexationist lines would have an important repercussion in the Dual Monarchy and that belief has been rapidly justified. Vienna may ring her joybells and beflag herself, but in other parts of the country where the oppressed nationalities dwell there is no such rejoicing.

The Vienna correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung depicts the rage of the Austrian Poles regarding the Ukrainian frontier delimitation.

"In Cracow," he declares "anger on account of the violation of the national unity in the Cholm region is so great that on the same morning on which the City of Vienna was bright with flags the people of Cracow hung out black flags from windows, and all theatres and cinematographs were shut. The people regard the news as akin to that of a lost battle."

The Austrian Poles took prompt action. Their leaders informed the Government that the Polish Club has in future to be reckoned as being in definite and sharp opposition to the Government on account of the fact that part of conquered Poland has been handed over to Ukraine. The Czech Parliamentary bloc has been consolidated again, and consisting of 94 Czechs, 77 Poles, 31 Southern Slavs, and 13 Italian and nonparty members, presents a group of 215 against 212 members of German middle parties, Ukrainians, and others which the Government has on its side. Things thus are pretty evenly balanced and the Social Democrats will therefore be the deciding factor.

The Austrian Parliament meets Tuesday next to deal with the budget, and it is expected that as the Socialists, unlike their German comrades, have previously voted against war credits, the Government will be defeated, and will find itself in an impossible position.

But the Poles are not alone in their action. Three Czech parties—the Young Czechs, the Czechs' Progressive Party, and the Czech Constitutional Democrats—have united under the Young Czechs' leader, Kramarsch, and issued an appeal for all Czechs to unite their forces for the achievement of "'a single Czech State consisting of the historic and inseparable lands of the Bohemian crown and of the Slovaks.'" The appeal concludes with this call:

"We call under our flag of constitutional democracy all those of like opinion whom the time of trial has not bent but steeled in their determination. We call upon men and women of all classes and to all those who hitherto have stood aloof from the political movement. Today all patience ends. Today the onlooker's rôle is over. Today is the time for active participation and for tireless work, for courage and ready sacrifice."

It is natural that the demands of the Czechs and Slovaks for practical resto-

Continued on Page Two.

FAIL TO GET PART OF WILSON SPEECH

Germans Not Supplied by Semi-Official Bureau with Czernin Paragraph.

DISTORTION BY AN AGENCY

Reactionary Press Rages at the President's Attitude Toward Austria.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 14, (via London, Feb. 15.)—Two reports of President Wilson's address to Congress were published in Germany, one by the semi-official Wolff Bureau, which the Berlin morning papers published, and another by a private agency, which was published in the 8 o'clock edition of the National Zeitung Tuesday night. The Vossische Zeitung has discovered that "seemingly a most important paragraph was missing in the Wolff report," and supplements it from the private agency report as follows:

"Count Czernin seems to have a clear insight into the fundamental elements of peace. Nevertheless, he appears anxious to obscure them. He knows that it is of European interest that an independent Poland, consisting of all the coherent countries that undoubtedly belong to the Polish race, be formed. He also knows that Belgium must be evacuated and restituted, no matter what sacrifices it may cost and what concessions must be made."

[Following is the correct text of the extract: "Count Czernin seems to see the fundamental elements of peace with clear eyes, and does not seek to obscure them. He sees that an independent Poland, made up of all the indisputably Polish peoples who lie contiguous to one another, is a matter of European concern, and must, of course, be conceded; that Belgium must be evacuated and restored, no matter what sacrifices and concessions that may involve; and that national aspirations must be satisfied, even within his own empire, in the common interest of Europe and mankind."]

This may be a simple error in transmission, although the passage was not omitted in the Reuter telegram published in Holland and transmitted by the Wolff Agency here.

Warns Against Wilson "Wedge."

The Vossische Zeitung comments as follows:

"If this version be correct, it insinuates that the Austrian Minister is willing to tear off territory from Prussia for Poland's benefit. Such an insinuation deserves no answer, all the more since the Austro-Polish problem had ceased to exist.

"However, one would not do Wilson full justice if one were to discuss as merely a catchword the wedge he seeks to drive into the German-Austrian alliance. He knows very well that there is a strong element in Germany herself urging a mistaken war policy, and the friendly words he addresses to Czernin are also meant for German ears. He wishes to frustrate the consolidation of our inner front against the Anglo-Saxon peril.

"That is the real reason why Wilson wishes neither to slander nor threaten, why he selected that conciliatory form and pretends as if he were ready for a bargain. This friendliness is more dangerous than the swashbuckling frightfulness of Lloyd George."

The Vossische Zeitung says that the passage about Turkey and Mesopotamia is the most remarkable part of Lloyd George's speech, together with the fact that Alsace-Lorraine was not even mentioned. The paper says that the passage on the freedom of the seas would lead people to think that Hertling had suddenly asked in the fourth

Continued on Page Two.

TROTZKY'S 'PEACE' REJECTED

Conference at Kaiser's Headquarters Decides on Active Operations.

TO ACT WITH UKRAINIANS

Bolsheviki in Esthonia and Livonia Arrest German Residents by Wholesale.

COUNCILS BACK TROTZKY

Confident German and Austrian Masses Won't Permit New Bloodshed on East Front.

LONDON, Feb. 15. — Russia's withdrawal from the war was a real withdrawal and the throwing away of all agreements with her former allies, said Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, in reporting to the All-Russian Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils on the result of the Brest-Litovsk conference, a Russian wireless dispatch received here says. The Councils approved his policy. Following is the text of the message:

M. Trotsky yesterday reported to the All-Russian Central Executive Committee of the Councils the results of the Brest-Litovsk negotiations. All parties, including the opposition groups, recognised that the decision taken by the Commissioners was the only correct and dignified outcome of the newly-created international situation.

The question of the possibility of a German offensive against Russia was discussed. Nearly all present were of the opinion that it was very improbable, but uttered warnings against unlimited optimism in this direction, because the extreme annexationist groups in Germany might force the Government to a new offensive.

All the speakers expressed confidence that the masses of the peoples of Germany and Austria-Hungary would not permit new bloodshed on the Russian front, for such an offensive would have the character of an open raid for plunder.

M. Trotsky completed his report with the statement that Russia was withdrawing from the war not only in appearance, but in reality, was throwing away all agreements with her former allies, and, as regards the war in progress, was reserving for herself complete freedom with respect to both sides in her revolutionary policy.

The Councils adopted the resolution and approved the whole policy of the Brest-Litovsk delegation.

Germans to Resume War.

Military operations against Northern Russia are to be resumed by the Germans, according to special dispatches from Holland, which say that this decision was reached at a conference at Imperial Headquarters, attended by Emperor William, Chancellor von Hertling, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, General von Ludendorff, Foreign Secretary von Kühlmann, and others.

The "no war, but no peace" plan of Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, was rejected at the conference, the Amsterdam correspondent of The Daily Express says, and as Trotzky does not want peace, he will get war. Invasion of Great Russia will continue, at any rate until Petrograd is occupied by German troops.

A dispatch to The Daily News from Rotterdam says that the Germans take the view that Trotzky's declaration, though it did not end the war, automatically ended the armistice. (The armistice expired Feb. 14.) The Germans now consider that they have a free hand, and mean to use the opportunity.

This, according to the correspondent, does not mean necessarily that the Germans will immediately try to reach Petrograd, but more probably that they will support the Ukraine by force of arms. The Germans, he says, are carrying on an active propaganda in the Ukraine for the purpose of suggesting to the Rada that the new State is endangered by the Bolsheviki. It is declared that this is all part of Germany's scheme for breaking up the former Russian Empire with a view to extending her own power and influence over the new States, of whom it is posing as a protector.

It is certain that the Bolsheviki are now moving troops against the Ukraine, a Berlin dispatch to the Kölnische Volkszeitung says, and the Central Powers do not intend to allow themselves thus to be robbed of the fruits of their lately concluded peace. The newspaper adds that it "probably has been decided at the conference at Imperial Headquarters to resume operations on the Northern Russian front for the protection of the Ukraine."

Kuhlmann Spurned Trotsky Peace.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.—That Germany and Austria were still at war with Russia was the belief expressed by Dr. Richard von Kühlmann, the German Foreign Secretary, at the concluding session of the recent peace conference at Brest-Litovsk, after Trotsky, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, had made his final statement that Russia was out of the war and her armies would be demobilized, but that she would desist from signing a formal peace treaty.

The acts of war, Dr. von Kühlmann said, ended when Russia and the Teutonic allies signed the armistice, but when the armistice ended the warfare must be revived. He added that because one or two of the contracting parties had demobilized their armies, this fact would in nowise alter the situation.

In his speech preceding this denouement Germany had been pictured by Dr. von Kühlmann as a peace-loving, non-aggressive nation. The Russians, he said, should have no fear that she held any designs on Russia.

"I need only refer M. Trotsky to the permanent basis of the German policy, which, up to the time when war with Russia was forced on the German people, consisted in the preservation of good and friendly relations toward our eastern neighbors," Dr. von Kühlmann declared. "Germany's policy will always continue—as soon as the war has reached a satisfactory conclusion—to strive for the friendliest relations with newly organized Russia by avoiding all interference in its internal affairs."

Dr. von Kühlmann said the German idea in drawing the frontier lines for Poland, Courland, and Lithuania was "to observe the racial point of view as suggested by the Russian delegations, and we have done this in accordance with historical demarcation and ethnographical position."

"As regards the future lot of these peoples," Dr. von Kühlmann continued, "although we believe their wishes already have been expressed in accordance with the principle of self-determination, we are ready by a systematic extension of existing representative bodies to provide for the possibility of a further expression of the national will on the broadest possible basis. The determination of the time and form of this expression of popular will must be decided by existing representative bodies in those territories."

As to a separate peace with Ukraine, Dr. von Kühlmann said, the Central Powers must reserve the right to be their own judges as to what States they should recognise. They had recognized the Ukraine, he added, and there was no use discussing that question any further.

Count Czernin, Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, expressed surprise that Trotsky had introduced the subject of the Ukraine at the Peace Conference.

"The relations betwen the Ukraine and the Petrograd Government," said Count Czernin, "do not concern the Central Powers, and our conclusion of a peace with the Ukraine cannot be regarded as an unfriendly act toward the Petrograd Government. We signed no treaty of alliance with the Ukraine against the Petrograd Government, but only a treaty of peace which makes the Ukraine, so far as the Central Powers are concerned, merely a neutral State.

Replying to Trotsky's inquiry regarding the frontier south of Brest-Litovsk, Dr. von Kühlmann said:

"In drawing these frontiers we attempted merely to find a middle course between racial divisions and the historical frontier."

Dr. von Kühlmann proposed a new text for the second article of the peace treaty, to the effect that certain frontier territories, which were not defined, should no longer be subject to the territorial sovereignty of Russia, and that in the future the lot of these territories should "be decided in agreement with their respective peoples according to agreements which Germany or Austria-Hungary shall make with them."

The point was, Dr. von Kühlmann added, that the evacuation of certain territories by the Central Powers was promised on condition that the Russians evacuated Turkish territory simultaneously.

A subcommittee having failed to reach an agreement on the new frontier proposed by the Central Powers, another plenary meeting was held Sunday, when M. Trotsky made his statement regarding the ending of the war and the demobilizaton of the Russian Army.

Dr. von Kuehlmann asked Trotsky to state where the frontiers of Russia ran and whether Russia was willing to resume commercial and legal relations with the Central Powers. Trotsky replied that his delegation had exhausted all its powers and considered it necessary to return to Petrograd. Communication, he added, might be resumed by wireless or through the representatives of the Central Powers then in Petrograd.

German residents of Esthonia and Livonia are being harassed by the Bolshevist element, it is asserted by the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin. German nobility there are declared to be under suspicion and liable to arrest and court-martial.

At Reval 3,000 Germans have been arrested, and the same conditions prevail at Dorpat and in other cities. The Lokal-Anzeiger demands that the German Government take similar action in retaliation against the Russians.

UKRAINE ARMIES ADVANCE.

Big Battle for Kiev Reported Going Against Bolsheviki.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 15.—The Ukrainian Bureau at Stockholm states that the Commander of the garrison at Kiev has proclaimed a state of siege in the city and on the railway between Kiev to Poltava.

Kiev is filled by Ukrainian troops, which are being sent uninterruptedly to the Bolshevist front. The important railway junction of Yimintsa in the Government of Podolia has been gained from the Bolsheviki. The Ukrainian army on the Caucasian front is advancing from the south against the Bolsheviki.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says:

"A wireless dispatch received in Vienna from the Ukrainian Premier announces that Kiev had been attacked on all sides, but that the battle was beginning to develop to the advantage of the Ukrainians. The dispatch added that the defeat of the Bolsheviki was considered inevitable."

PEACE WITH UKRAINE MADE TO BREACH FRONT

Represented to Austrians as Being Cornerstone of the Entire Peace Structure.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.—Emperor Charles has issued an army order in connection with the Russian declaration of the termination of the war in which he reviews the events of the war leading to Russia's military collapse. The order, as quoted in a Vienna dispatch, continues:

"And yet the hour has not come when I am able to recall my warriors to their homesteads, but their return will come. Then may my peoples draw strength, from their recollection of the glorious deeds of their sons, for new prosperity. May God be with us."

Peace with the Ukraine was made not only so that the Central Powers might obtain foodstuffs, but also to effect a breach in the Eastern front, it is indicated in a dispatch from Vienna. A statement from a well-informed source dealing with the conclusion of the Brest-Litovsk negotiations and given to Vienna newspapers, says:

"As Trotzky's attitude, particularly concerning the application of the principle of self-determination, made a satisfactory conclusion impossible, it became the political task of the powers who were working for peace to make a breach in the Eastern front, that is, to arrange a peace with Ukraine—thereby also arriving at a settlement of the Russian and Rumanian questions. Peace with the Ukraine had to be made if only because a way was opened by it to Eastern Europe's richest granary. True, the country is not yet organised properly, but opportunity to effect improvements is now given, and in conformity with the agreement stocks of food will be imported here as far as they are available."

The statement adds that peace with the Ukraine was obtainable only on condition that Cholm should be ceded to the Ukraine, the desire for which could be fulfilled by the application of the principle of self-determination which is recognized as applying to Russian territory. Cholm, it is declared, is such a mixed country ethnographically that there cannot be a question of its belonging to Poland.

"Peace with the Ukraine," the statement continues, "is the cornerstone of the entire peace structure, and opposition to these arrangements cannot be regarded as compatible with the interests of the monarchy.

"In conformity with the stipulations of the treaty, all Ukrainian surplus grain is to be exported up to July 31. A commission has been formed to determine the amount of supplies and to what extent we can give assistance in this respect. Assistance will be given both technically and militarily. Military support will be required if central depots and junctions must be protected from attacks by bandits and the Bolsheviki. It is not a question of a military alliance, but a common organization for the protection of railway service and delivery of grain."

Berlin newspapers of Thursday evening intimate that peace negotiations with Rumania are about to be opened. They say, although no official communication has been issued, it may be assumed that Rumanian negotiators, who will first discuss a prolongation of the armistice, have arrived at a place agreed upon.

REPORTS ROBERTSON HAS PREMIER'S OFFER

Membership on Versailles Council, With Large Powers, Said to Have Been Tendered.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Daily Telegraph's Parliamentary correspondent writes:

"Sir William Robertson has been offered by the Prime Minister the position of British representative on the Supreme War Council at Versailles, with all the powers of a Generalissimo, but Sir William has so far not accepted the offer.

"In the event of his acceptance, General Wilson, now on the Supreme War Council, would be the new chief of the General Staff at Whitehall."

The Chronicle's parliamentary correspondent says:

"An official communiqué is expected during the week end, dealing with the Imperial General Staff and its relation to the Versailles Council of War. It is thought that Robertson will decide to remain in his present important office."

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Rumors of the compulsory retirement of General Sir William Robertson as Chief of Staff, which began after The Daily Mail's sharp attack on him and Field Marshal Haig just before the meeting of the Supreme War Council at Versailles, and were a conspicuous subject of the debate in the House of Commons this week, continue to be discussed by the newspapers.

The Times takes the view that no one cares what first-class soldier is selected for this or that great military appointment. It says that unstinted confidence is reposed in Haig because the army trusts his leadership, which is a vital factor in the army's morale, but as to the work of others next to nothing can be known.

In a letter to The Morning Post the Duke of Somerset says:

"It is apparent that an attempt is being made to take the command of our armies out of the hands of our Generals who have so successfully carried on the war, and to put ignorant civilians in actual command of our forces. We cannot afford such a disaster."

RUSSIAN NEWS SHUT OFF.

Correspondents' Dispatches Held Up for a Week.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—No newspaper dispatches from Petrograd have been received in London for a week. The last messages which arrived were sent out just before the Bolshevist announcement that the state of war with the Teutonic allies was ended. The only news regarding subsequent developments has been that from the Bolshevist-controlled wireless and German and Austrian sources.

There is no theory for the silence of the correspondents except that the Bolshevist Government desires to make all explanations itself. This suppression of correspondence is a new policy, for the Bolshevist censorship heretofore, if there was any, was the most liberal in Europe.

ENRAGED POLES GO IN MOURNING

Continued from Page One.

ration for Bohemia should alarm the pan-Germans and advocates of a central Europe. One has only to look at the map to see that Bohemia disturbs Naumann's dream and splits Mitteleuropa in twain, so that the Czechs' demand and their actions are of great importance, for there is a lot of truth in Napoleon's saying that who rules Bohemia will have a large say in the future of Europe.

Germany, too, is concerned. As a protest against yet another partition of territory which the Poles claim is Polish, the Regency and Ministry, though formed carefully of those with leanings toward Germany, have resigned.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung fears the German Poles, too, will not remain indifferent to what is going on. The Polish Peasant Union, representing the great majority of Polish peasants, met in Warsaw and passed a resolution demanding an outlet on the sea for Poland, a demand which was not long ago characterized by the Rheinische Westfälische Zeitung as one which if realised would be a fatal blow at Germany's prosperity. The Peasants' Union also demands if Poland is united in personal union with Austria, that complete freedom and independence must be given to Poland; but as far as can be made out from the German press, the idea of personal union of Poland with Austria has been dropped again by Berlin and Vienna.

The Krupp organ which I have just quoted is carrying on with other journals a campaign in favor of thinly disguised annexation in the east. "Germany," it says, "has no interest in allowing the Kingdom of Poland to be in the future a great buffer State between Germany and various Russian States. It is in our interest to have direct connection with, Russia and Ukraine. This connection will be easily accomplished over Lithuania."

Having thus indicated that Lithuania must be placed under German jurisdiction, the journal claims that the Polish railways must be absolutely in German hands because "Poland geographically is an advanced part of Germany."

Vorwaerts Regrets Czarism's Days.

Vorwärts opens a remarkable article with the words: "We have exchanged peace with Ukraine for war with Poland." It abandons all hope of anything coming out of the policy of self-determination and finally sighs for the old days of Czarism.

"The policy of the Central Empires regarding Poland," it says, "has become bankrupt and we have again shown the impossibility of cutting the Russian cake so as to please all the children. The most difficult to please naturally are the Poles, whose national appetite is simply excessive. They seek an outlet on the sea as impetuously as they do acquisition of territory in the East. When told they are to be united with Galicia then they want in addition a very considerable portion of German territory inhabited by Poles."

All this, says the Vorwärts, is merely an effort to Balkanize the East and so create a cauldron from which new wars will come.

"No philosophizing," it goes on, "helps us beyond the fact that the lovely days of German-Polish friendship are over. In its place comes something new—a German-Ukrainian community of interests. One really begins to wonder if what existed under the Czar was not a quite useful state of affairs from the point of view of world order."

This, taken in conjunction with the wrath which practically the whole German press turns on Poland, would suggest that the German Government, which can easily influence Vorwärts with a promise of favors to come, is at its old game of preparing German public opinion for coming decisions. The Rhenish Westfälische Zeitung, for example, refers to the "bad taste" of Polish Reichstag members who "referred to the Polish character of the German province of Poland."

The Journal reminds the Poles that they have not raised a single finger for themselves, and the whole trend of the article indicates Pan German joy that Ukraine has received and Lithuania is to receive, according to all indications, so much territory to which the Poles lay claim that the future Poland will be so small that whatever its boundaries and status it will not at best be able to interfere with Germany's Eastern plans.

Lithuania to Get Vilna.

The German Government is now considering the question of Lithuania. The Bishop of Kovo, who has taken part in the discussions regarding a settlement, expressed himself as pleased with the prospects. Vilna, to which both Poles and Lithuanians lay claim, will certainly go to the latter, and the Poles' feelings will thereby be further outraged. As far as can be seen at present all German promises to Poland have been thrown overboard, and the object appears to be to reduce the Poles to impotence and make Poland an easy prey for Germany.

TRENCH RAIDING IS NIGHTMARE WORK

British Officers Say It Is More Nerve-Racking Than a Big Attack.

ANXIOUS BEFORE STARTING

But Afterward One Rushes Dugouts and Takes German Prisoners Almost Automatically.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Feb. 13, (Delayed.)—Raids have become more frequent on both sides. They are but small episodes and do not count much in the chapters of history, but for the men who take part in them they have the importance of life or death. Such adventures across No Man's Land need elaborate training and organization, skillful leadership and nerve. Some men have told me they would much rather go over the top in a big attack than go out on a night raid.

There is not the same confidence that comes from being one among a mass of men. The nervous strain is more intense. On the officers who lead the raids there is a heavy sense of responsibility, and there are many anxious moments of expectation. They know that if anything goes wrong, if one man does the wrong thing, the whole raiding party may be destroyed. One officer told me that the day before such a raid he could do nothing but smoke cigarettes to keep his nerves in control, and he was the victim of frightful apprehensions. These passed as soon as the raid started. After that his mind was utterly intent upon the job of leading his men through the gap in the enemy's wire, of directing them to the enemy's dugouts, of grabbing the prisoners who tried to run down the trench, and of getting his party back across No Man's Land under machine gun fire.

His brother officer was killed, and several men were wounded, and had to be searched for and carried back in a hurry. It was like a nightmare, intensely vivid, but with the mind acting in an automatic way, without premeditation during every action of that crowded half-hour. This officer was surprised to find himself back again and alive in his own trench, and it was only then, when he realised his own escape, that he felt a sharp pang of grief for that brother officer whose dead body had been left behind.

The experience of this friend of mine is like that of many young officers and men who every night now, somewhere along the line, are asked to make a raid for the capture of prisoners. They, too, feel apprehensive before the starting hour, and then steel themselves and take the plunge into quick adventure, and after a half-hour's nightmare of fierce action come back, if luck is with them, to their own trenches with a small group of men in field gray, with frightened eyes, as a proof of its reality. It is hard and dangerous work, but it is one of the important acts of war, because in this way knowledge is gained, for one thing, of the troops the enemy has in his line, and for that reason the officers and men who make night raids are doing great service. Upon their skill and courage depend not a little the safety of the armies behind them, and the strength of the resistance to that menace which creeps a little nearer every day that passes.

BIG GUNS STILL ACTIVE ON THE FRENCH FRONT

Night Duel on Champagne Sector, Where Americans Are Co-operating with French.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Continuation of the lively artillery duel in the Butte du Mesnil sector of the Champagne front, where American batteries are co-operating with the French, and spirited big gun engagements in the Woevre and in the Vosges Mountains are reported in today's War Office bulletins.

The night report says:

On both sides of the Meuse in the Woevre region and in the Vosges Mountains there have been spirited artillery engagements. Two raids on our lines along the Chaume Wood sector were arrested by our fire.

French troops last night penetrated the German lines northeast of Courcy, on the Aisne front, and returned with a number of prisoners, according to this afternoon's statement, the text of which follows:

Detachments of French troops last night penetrated the German lines northeast of Courcy and returned with a dozen prisoners and one machine gun.

In Champagne a lively artillery duel was maintained throughout the night, notably in the sector of the Butte du Mesnil. The total number of prisoners taken by the French in the course of the operation at this point on Feb. 13 was 177.

On the right bank of the River Meuse and in the Woevre the night was marked by violent bombardments. In Upper Alsace the French repulsed a German raid in the region south of Seppois.

Elsewhere the night was calm.

Aviation.—On the night of Feb. 12-13 French aerial squadrons dropped 4,500 kilograms (about 9,900 pounds) of projectiles on the railroad stations at Thionville, Conflans, Chambley-lez-Metz, and Sablons. Fires and explosions were observed at the stations at Chamley-lez-Metz and Sablons.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—It is recalled by Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters that today is the day fixed by German newspapers last month for the opening of the much-advertised great German offensive. Reports to British Headquarters from the battle line, however, showed that all was quiet except for the usual artillery firing in various sectors.

Following is this afternoon's official communication:

The enemy's artillery showed considerable activity early in the night against our front line in the Quéant sector. Apart from patrol encounters in the neighborhood of Lens, in which we secured prisoners, there is nothing further to report on the British front.

Yesterday morning an attack by a German raiding party on a Belgian post east of Merckem was successfully repulsed.

The official communication issued by the War Office this evening says:

Early this morning one of our patrols surprised a German working party east of Loos, which was dispersed by machine gun fire. On other parts of our front patrols again brought in a number of prisoners.

Th hostile artillery has been more active than usual during the day between Gouzeaucourt and the Scharpe River, and also in the Lens sector. Some activity also was shown last night and again today northeast of Ypres.

BERLIN, Feb. 15, (via London.)—Reconnoitring operations have been brisk on the Champagne front, according to this afternoon's War Office report. Lively artillery duels developed in the Prunay and Tahure sectors of that front. In January the Germans destroyed 151 allied airplanes and 20 captive balloons.

The text of the communication follows:

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht—There has been artillery and mine-firing activity on isolated sectors. Detachments of a naval division captured two officers and twenty-six men as the result of a reconnoitring attack against the Belgian lines southwest of Mannekensvere.

Army of the German Crown Prince.—Northeast and east of Rheims there has been great reconnoitring activity on the part of the enemy. In the region of Prunay and southeast of Tahure lively artillery duels have developed.

Army of Duke Albrecht.—The fighting activity has been revived intermittently in Upper Alsace.

In January the enemy lost on the German front twenty captive balloons and 151 airplanes, sixty-seven of which fell behind our lines. The remainder were seen to fall within the enemy's positions. In aerial fighting we lost sixty-eight airplanes and four captive balloons.

Airmen Bomb U-Boat.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—An encounter between two French hydroaeroplanes and a German submarine in the English Channel recently probably resulted in the sinking of the U-boat after it had been bombed by the planes, according to an official announcement by the French Admiralty.

ALL FOREIGN TRADE PUT UNDER LICENSE

Continued from Page One.

lectors that the goods are covered by either a bill of lading marked 'for export' or a through export bill of lading, provided the bill of lading is dated Feb. 19, 1918, or earlier, and, further provided, that the goods are actually exported by March 15.

"In addition to shipments of the character described above there are, of course, many shipments for export originating at or near the port of exit or drawn from warehouse stocks and delivered to vessels by a carrier other than a railroad. The Collectors of Customs will accept export declarations in lieu of individual licenses for such proposed shipments when it can be shown to their satisfaction that the goods will be exported on or before March 1. After the first of March all shipments of this character will require export licenses before the declaration will be accepted by the Collectors. After March 15 all shipments of any character will need an export license presented with the export declaration.

"In determining the date of export as above, the following rule will guide the Collectors: The date of the dock receipt or ocean bill of lading of the date of the arrival of the goods alongside the steamer or dock, if shipped by lighter.

"In the event of shippers forwarding goods on a through export bill of lading dated Feb. 19, 1918, or earlier, and which shipment they cannot be reasonably certain will leave the country by March 15, an application for export license should be filed immediately. After March 15 no export shipments will be permitted without an individual license. Hitherto only certain goods have required an individual license when shipped to Canada and Newfoundland. This rule will continue to be in full force and effect."

The Proclamations.

President Wilson's proclamations are identical, with the exception that one referred to imports and the other to exports. The proclamation covering imports follows:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas Congress has enacted, and the President has on the sixth day of October, 1917, approved, a law which contains the following provisions:

"Whenever during the present war the President shall find that the public safety so requires and shall make proclamation except at such time or times import into the United States from any country named in such proclamation any article or articles named in such proclamation except as such time or times and under such regulations or orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress; provided, however, that no preference shall be given to the ports of one State over those of another."

And whereas the President has heretofore by proclamation dated Nov. 28, 1917, declared certain imports in time of war unlawful, and the President now finds that the public safety requires that such proclamation be amended and supplemented in respect to the articles and countries hereinafter mentioned;

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim to all whom it may concern that the public safety requires that the following articles, namely: All kinds of arms, guns, ammunition and explosives, machines for their manufacture or repair, component parts thereof, materials or ingredients used in their manufacture and all articles necessary or convenient for their use; all contrivances for or means of transportation on land or in the water or air, machines used in their manufacture or repair, component parts thereof, materials or ingredients used in their manufacture, and all instruments, articles and animals necessary or convenient for their use; all means of communication, tools, implements, instruments, equipment, maps, pictures, papers and other articles, machines and documents necessary or convenient for carrying on hostile operations; all kinds of fuel, food, foodstuffs, feed, forage and clothing, and all articles and materials used in their manufacture; all chemicals, drugs, dyestuffs and tanning materials; cotton, wool, silk, flax, hemp, jute, sisal and other fibres and manufactures thereof; all earths, clay, glass, sand, stone, and their products; animals of every kind, their products and derivatives; hides, skins and manufactures thereof; all nonedible animal and vegetable products; all machinery, tools, dies, plates, and apparatus, and materials necessary or convenient for their equipment; all metals, minerals, mineral oils, ores and all derivatives and manufactures thereof; paper pulp, books and all printed matter, and materials necessary and convenient for their manufacture; rubber, gums, resins, tars, and waxes, their products, derivatives and substitutes, and all articles containing them; wood and wood manufactures; coffee, cocoa, tea, and spices; wines, spirits, mineral waters, and beverages; and all other articles of any kind whatsoever shall not, on and after the sixteenth day of February in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eighteen, be imported into the United States or its territorial possessions from Abyssinia, Afghanistan, Albania, Argentina, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Denmark, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, France, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Germany, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Great Britain, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Japan, Liechtenstein, Liberia, Luxembourg, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, Nepal, The Netherlands, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Nicaragua, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Peru, Portugal, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Rumania, Russia, Salvador, San Marino, Serbia, Siam, Spain, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Uruguay, or Venezuela, except under license granted in accordance with regulations or orders and subject to such limitations and exceptions as have heretofore been, or shall hereafter be prescribed in pursuance of the powers conferred by said act of October 6, 1917. The said proclamation of November 28, 1917, and Paragraph 3 of the Executive order of October 12, 1917, are hereby confirmed and continued, and all rules and regulations heretofore made in connection therewith or in pursuance thereof are likewise hereby confirmed and continued and made applicable to this proclamation.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia, this 14th day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and forty-second.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President,
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

CECIL IS STRONG FOR WORLD LEAGUE

Many Difficulties Are Ahead and He Favors Restricted Membership at First.

WOULD USE TRADE WEAPON

Best Way to Enforce Decrees He Thinks—Warns Against Too Elaborate Schemes.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, who announced in the House of Commons recently that he himself had prepared a plan for a league of nations, discussed the whole problem today. While declining to give a detailed outline of his plan, which, with others, is now engaging the consideration of the British Government, he indicated several conclusions to which his study of the problem had led him.

"The first and most important matter to be insured by any adequate league of nations," said Lord Robert, "is that no nation shall go to war until the matter in dispute has been submitted to international consideration. If at first the league of nations gets no further than this it will be worth while, and a beginning would be made from which wider development is possible in due course."

A second point he emphasized was that, while for an ideal league it would be necessary to have all nations of the world as members, "it may be found necessary to begin with a more restricted membership."

In reply to a question he asserted that even the members of the present Entente group, with a few additions, would form an adequate nucleus, although he hoped for a much wider membersmhip. He said that Great Britain could be counted upon as a firm supporter of any adequate scheme for a league of nations, and the wider its scope the better it would please him.

Lord Robert said he was convinced that the economic weapon would prove a most useful arm for the enforcement of the league's decrees. Asked regarding disarmament, he said that disarmament was difficult to envisage at present, but he was certain that it would follow the successful formation of a league of nations as a natural sequence.

"One thing that promises success for the league of nations idea," said Lord Robert, "is that the world for the first time in history is prepared to give it favorable consideration. Until the outbreak of this war public opinion, internationally speaking, was never favorable. That has been changed, and there will be a vehement desire on all sides at the close of this war to consider seriously every proposal that promises to prevent any such struggle occurring again."

Favors Using Economic Weapon.

"Every student of the League of Nations idea," he continued, "finds certain difficulties at the outset. One of these is how the decrees of such a league can be enforced. It is natural to draw an analogy between the growth of international law and order with the growth of law and order within an individual country, and, while I admit that such an analogy must not be carried too far, I find much that is instructive in the development of our English commonwealth from the state of anarchy which existed over a long period after the Wars of the Roses.

"How did a strong English King finally gain ascendency and control over the warring Barons? He instituted a central body which enforced decrees on the Barons largely by economic means.

"I am convinced that that is the line upon which a league of nations may hope to proceed effectively. My experience in the present war has taught me the great power of an economic weapon. How would a league of nations use it? Well, for example, if any nation went to war with another without submitting its dispute to international consideration, it would forthwith be cut off from commercial intercourse with every member of the league. That would be a tremendous weapon, and one that few, if any, nations would care to defy.

"The first thing to be done is to decide definitely what laws we shall try to enforce through our league of nations, and since we are starting from the beginning we should have these laws as simple as possible. Now, even today, I doubt whether it is yet possible to induce the nations of the world to put themselves completely under control of any international organization. Many nations would still, consciously or unconsciously, reserve the right to defend for themselves what they regard as vital interests to their existence.

"I do not believe that feeling will be found to have completely vanished at the end of this war. I, therefore, am disposed to aim at the rather moderate and cautious step, and will consider that we have done well if we feel that we are moving more freely and soundly than if we advanced too rapidly. It may be that we shall be unable to go further at first than to lay down the dictum that no nation shall engage in war until the matter under dispute has been submitted to international consideration. Even that would be a great advantage

Afraid of Elaborate Schemes.

"I rely rather on international conference than on international tribunals in dealing with the larger international disputes. The most desirable step, in my opinion, is to get nations into the habit of settling their own differences by other means than war and to lay down such regulations as will enforce this habit.

"If prolonged international consideration of the League of Nations idea shows that we can go still further, nobody will be more rejoiced than I, but I am a little afraid when I see some of the elaborate schemes arranged in various quarters. They will be found open to many objections when they come to the international table for examination, and I am afraid that the enemies of this great reform, who will not dare to oppose it directly, will try to destroy it by nibbling at it with objections to details.

"Finally, I would say that although a league of nations to be perfect should embrace all nations of the world, it may have to begin with a more restricted membership, so to insure that only those nations which sincerely favor it shall be partners."

He said he could not believe that agreements for disarmament were practicable at the present time, because it was impossible under present circumstances to put credence in the signatures or written words of certain nations. He went on:

"But disarmament will come of itself in time. A hundred years ago no man in England went out into the street at night without arms. Today not one man in a thousand carries any weapon. The disarmament of nations will come similarily, as soon as they are able to regard themselves safe in the world's highways."

SEAT FOR PRINCE OF WALES.

Next Tuesday He Will Take His Place in House of Lords.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Prince of Wales, who automatically became a member of the House of Lords on attaining his majority, but who did not take his seat, will do so next Tuesday, according to The Times.

The Prince of Wales was twenty-three years old on June 23 last.

FAIL TO GET PART OF WILSON SPEECH

Continued on Page Two.

war year and for the first time that England renounce her naval bases. It concludes that Lloyd George is ready to make peace if Germany recognizes England's supremacy at sea and the belt of fortified naval bases.

"In other words," it adds, "Germany must be dependent on England for her future communication with the rest of the world and for raw materials. Then she can have peace."

There is hardly one Berlin paper this morning that does not allude to the "wedge" mentioned by the Vossische Zeitung, though most of them were not aware of the omission in the Wolff report. As yet the comments are somewhat vague, and a few papers like the influential Centrist organ Germania and the Conservative organ Kreuz-Zeitung merely print the Wolff report, reserving comment for later editions.

The reactionary press, of course, makes the most of the Wilson address in its fight against parliamentarization and a universal franchise. Reventlow's Deutsche Tageszeitung says:

"Again it appears clearly what a valuable weapon the Reichstag majority gave to Wilson in its resolution of July 19. His message is full of most carefully considered hypocrisy and coarse perfidy. We find also the usual American bluff as to America's gigantic armies. Only people who have lost all common sense will fall victims to the home-made artfulness of a man who means dollars when he speaks of humanity and who by his methods proves he is Trotzky's able competitor."

Fear Wilson as World Judge.

The Tägliche Rundschau and the Deutsche Zeitung are equally sharp in their comment. They allege that President Wilson, though he disclaims any desire to interfere with European interests, nevertheless practically assumes for himself the right to be arbiter mundi, and they take it for granted that he will preside over that world's court which, they fear, will decide Europe's fate in favor of Anglo-Saxon interests. The Deutsche Zeitung discovers "co-operation of our enemies with certain circles within the German frontier."

The Lokal-Anzeiger, after expressing similar views to those quoted above from the Pan German press, adds:

"As far as his new war or peace aims are concerned, they might themselves be admitted to discussion if Wilson had not declared what he calls a high court of humanity as solely competent to apply his principles. This high court of humanity is nothing more than a pharisaical attempt by evil intention to arrange the Central Powers at a green table where the Anglo-Saxon powers and their European satellites are to be in an overwhelming majority. His suggestion to wrest from Germany her Eastern provinces ought to suffice to make it clear what we may expect of Wilson's friendly intentions."

Vorwaerts Urges a Conference.

Of all the Berlin morning papers, the Socialist organ Vorwärts and the Tageblatt take the most favorable view of the Wilson address. Vorwärts says:

"Wilson says that the transport of American troops to France is to be accelerated, but we do not doubt that their impact will meet with an unsurmountable resistance. No matter how often we defeat the American armies on European soil it will serve us little in compelling America to make peace. That is just as impossible as it is for America to compel Germany to make peace.

"We cannot help remembering something which Wilson said when he was still at peace with Germany and which echoed throughout Germany: 'If one can't defeat another, one ought to come to an agreement.' What can his latest message contribute to any such agreement? Doubtless it is very moderate and peaceful in form, but it still leaves the possibility open that the war may be prosecuted with undiminished vigor. Like so many speeches of statesmen, this message at the same time is an instrument of peace and a means to prosecute war.

As a means for war it aims to drive a wedge between Germany and Austria and increase the differences in Germany herself. We might answer with an affirmation of our unity, but at the same time we cannot overlook the fact that differences do exist between German and Austrian politics and that there are differences even in Germany herself. Behind the unity of the military front we have not the same unity of the political front.

"Only as far as the defense of the country is concerned we are all united. Beyond that, opinions differ.

"Hertling's speech of Jan. 24 was also criticised in the German press, and its difference in tone from that of Count Czernin was remarked. On the other hand, it is quite unthinkable that Czernin should have suggested Austrian-American peace meditation in conscious and intended opposition to the German Government. We would rather assume that Czernin had Germany's consent.

"It cannot be denied that the German Government, so badly treated by Wilson, is in close connection with the Austrian Government, which he treats in such a friendly manner. Austria is far from being a mere satrapy of Germany.

"Preliminary peace negotiations between Austria and America would certainly serve to initiate general peace negotiations between the Central Powers and the Entente. Perhaps such preliminaries might help.

"The sharpest difference between Hertling's and Wilson's speeches consists in the expression of Hertling's desire to deal individually with each enemy as far as his interests are concerned, while Wilson wants a general peace conference to settle all questions. We must assert again that there is really no cause for objecting to such a general peace conference, since the whole German people are determined to reject any claims to German territory, while on the other hand the German people have no imperialistic intentions and are determined in resistance against annexationist ambition at home. That is the attitude of the German people—patiently waiting for peace.

"The four peace principles named by Wilson are not acceptable. To apply them practically would at once bring out the strong contrasts between the two opposing imperialisms. Both sides are ready to recognise the most ideal principles, but at the same time both would like to make some extra world political profit. If there is to be peace such mental reservations must be given up.

"It is yet to be proven that the Pan Britons and the Pan French are not as much opposed to the Wilson peace as the Pan Germans are, or even the Pan Poles, whom Wilson favors so conspicuously. Something ought to be done by our side to see if Wilson's assertion that peace negotiations may begin at once is not merely a diplomatic maneuver."

Vorwärts says that no one in Germany understood from Hertling's speech that England was to give up her coaling stations, but that the suggestion was only meant as an ironical answer to Wilson's point about the freedom of the seas. It is not a German peace condition, Vorwärts says, and Lloyd George misunderstood it. The paper regrets that some of the peace talk leads only to further misunderstandings, and, so far from removing obstacles, makes new ones appear.

The Weser Zeitung remarks that the discussion between enemy statesmen continues and that hardly had Hertling and Czernin spoken after the Brest-Litovsk pause when Wilson spoke, and "hardly had the echo of the speech of the humanity educator died when Lloyd George comes to the fore. Just as before, Wilson almost took the words out of Lloyd George's mouth."

The Tageblatt, after commenting on the fact that President Wilson makes a difference between Hertling's and Czernin's speech, says: "That the speeches did not ring the same in Berlin and Vienna has not been concealed in the German press and according to the policy and attitude of various papers toward the peace problem, either Czernin or Hertling was criticised."

The Tageblatt sees an indirect response to Czernin in passages in which Wilson speaks of peace problems affecting the whole of humanity. It says that in alluding to the Reichstag resolution Wilson makes a mistake when he speaks of the resolution being frankly accepted by the decision of world opinion and of a difference in Germany's present attitude. The Tageblatt continues:

"We will not again go into Hertling's speech, but naturally the question arises whether the Entente answered the July 19 resolution with a similar manifestation. The new speech shows Wilson's disposition to continue peace discussion and his four principles, just as the preceding fourteen allow of the possibility of a definite reply. But this can only have a practical value the day when the Entente decides on a general peace."

Sea Base Question Emphasized.

The Cologne Gazette, commenting on the speech of Premier Lloyd George, says it is impossible to pronounce a final judgment, as the full text is not received, but like the Rheinish Westphalian Gazette, it is incensed over what Lloyd George says regarding coaling stations.

The newspaper says that these speeches are all much the same and only emphasize the fact that the Entente's ideas do not coincide with those of the Central Powers. In the background, the paper asserts, are always secret treaties which make it impossible for the Entente to state its peace terms. It goes on to say that Czernin spoke of "strongly fortified naval bases" and renunciation of these by England to insure the freedom of the seas, but Lloyd George gives them the innocent name of coaling stations. The Gazette continues:

"It is something more that England has built up in Malta, Gibraltar, and Hongkong. If the noble gentleman would only understand what effect it must have on us to hear, year in and year out, that Alsace-Lorraine and our colonies are to be taken from us—has he never though of this?"

The Gazette says that the Entente Powers should remember what little occupied territory they have to exchange, adding: "If they keep this in mind they must surely finally renounce the idea which they insist on with beggarly obstinacy, that we shall give binding promises regarding the evacuation of Belgium before they definitely state that they are willing to restore our overseas' possessions."

UKRAINE HERTLING'S THEME.

Will Discuss Russia Next Week, It Is Said.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 15.—According to the latest reports, Chancellor Von Hertling will speak Tuesday or Wednesday, on the Ukraine peace treaty, the Russian situation and domestic reforms. General debate on foreign affairs is expected at the end of next week. According to the Lokal-Anzeiger the conferences at headquarters in which the Chancellor, Dr. Von Kühlmann, Von Capelle and Höltzendorf are participating, are not concluded, although the situation is somewhat clearer and an agreement has been reached between the military and political authorities. The latest reports say that Count Czernin will speak next week Saturday and not tomorrow.

REPORTS 82 DEAD OF THE TUSCANIA

Continued from Page One.

LANKENAU, GEORGE; Mrs. Joe Natchke, mother, 1,157 Key Av., San Francisco.

LE BRON, LEO P.; Mrs. L. P. Le Bron, wife, St. Joseph's Academy, Guthrie, Okla.

LEWTON, THEODORE E.; James E. Lewton, father, Forest Grove, Ore.

LICARI, ALFIO; Joe Licari, brother, 214 2d St., Eureka, Cal.

LIGHTHALL, PHILIP K.; Mrs. Mary E. K. Lighthall, mother, 419 Douglas St., Syracuse, N. Y.

LINTOW, FRED M.; Mrs. Nina Lintow, mother, Lamoine, Cal.

M.

MATTHEWS, WILLIAM; Angelica Matthews, mother, R. F. D. No. 2, Bellingham, Wash.

MAY, ROY W.; Mrs. W. A. May, mother, Lindale, Texas.

MAYSTRICK, JOSEPH G.; Mrs. Marie Maystrick, mother, 30 Clark St., Astoria, N. Y.

MORENO, GEORGE; Nicholas Moreno, father, Pearsall, Texas.

MORIN, WILLIAM P.; Leata Morin, wife, 897 Gantenbein Av., Portland, Ore.

MURRAY, RILEY F.; Susie Murray, wife, 855 West Fourth St., Eugene, Ore.

O.

OXFORD, HENRY; S. S. Oxford, father, Turnesville, Texas.

P.

PEREZ, ANGEL; Patria Nunas Perez, mother, San Antonio, Texas.

R.

RAY, OTTO; F. A. Ray, father, Coleman, Texas, (previously reported as a survivor.)

RENTON, DAVID C.; David Renton, Sr., father, North Bend, Wash.

RIGGS, SAMUEL P.; Mrs. Anna Riggs, cousin, 115 Duboice St., San Francisco, Cal.

ROBERTS, LEWIS; Mrs. Clara Logan, mother, Nachidoches, Texas.

RUPP, HERMAN; Joseph Rupp, brother, 255 West 88th St., New York City.

S.

SHERMAN, PHILLIP V.; Mrs. Phillip V. Sherman, wife, Northfield, Vt.

SHORT, CLARENCE W.; Perry A. Short, father, 55 Charleston St., Wellsboro, Penn.

SHORT, NATHAN B.; Mattie Short, mother, Stephens, Ark.

SIMS, IRVIN; W. B. Sims, father, Alto, Texas.

SKINNER, HENRY A.; Mrs. Alexander Skinner, mother, 316 North Independence Av., Rockford, Ill.

SLOSS, JOHN; Maggie Sloss, sister, Lochwinnoch, Renfrewshire, Scotland.

SMITH, OSCAR L.; Mrs. M. R. Smith, mother, Winters, Texas.

SMITHPETER, WILLIAM V.; William G. Smithpeter, father, Fort Cobb, Okla.

SPARKMAN, JAMES F.; Mrs. Rosa M. Watson, mother, Frisco, Texas.

SPEIDEL, HENRY S.; Mrs. K. Speidel, mother, 239 East Ninety-fourth St., New York.

T.

THOMPSON, TULLA B.; Mrs. Alice Thompson, mother, R. F. D. No. 1, Madill, Okla.

TOMLINS, GEORGE W.; Charles Tomlins, father, El Reno, Okla.

TRAGESSER, WILLIAM L.; S. A. Tragesser, brother, Cottonwood, Minn.

TROBRIDGE, DANIEL W.; Peter Trobridge, father, Strawn, Texas.

TUTTLE, TERRY; Sarah A. Tuttle, mother, Elgin, Ore.

V.

VICKERS, WILLIAM E.; J. M. Vickers, father, R. F. D. No. 2, Southwest City, Mo.

W.

WAGNER, JULIUS; Samuel Wagner, father, 793 Main St., Stamford, Conn.

WARREN, ROBERT F.; Julia A. Warren, mother, 1,527 Terry Av., Seattle, Wash.

WEEKS, BERT O.; Clarence R. Weeks, father, 1,016 Tenth St., Modesto, Cal.

WHITE, ETHAN; Mrs. Lucy J. White, wife, Arnett, Okla.

WHITTINGTON, WALTER L.; Hazel Whittington, wife, 815 South First St., Sherman, Texas.

WILLIAMS, BELL M.; Mrs. J. R. O'Neal, sister, Glenwood, Ark.

WILSON, WILLIAM R.; Mrs. Ethel W. Wilson, wife, R. F. D. No. 7, Canton, Texas.

WOOD, JAMES C.; Mrs. S. E. McElroy, mother, Yantis, Texas.

WRIGHT, WILLIAM W.; J. H. Wright, brother, Bismarck, Okla.

Y.

YOUNG, EDWARD F.; James F. Young, father, Gilmer, Texas.

Z.

ZIMMERMAN, GEORGE V.; Carl Zimmerman, father, 12 Franklin St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Ten names that did not appear on the list of dead buried on the Scottish coast are given in the War Department's dispatches. They are:

BARGERSTOCK, CLEA, Corporal, Marinville, Penn.

BENNETT, RUSSELL F., private, Plainfield, Wis.

CHURCH, FRANKLIN A., private, Providence, R. I.

DINTER, WILLIAM A., private, Cuero, Texas.

MAY, ROY W., private, Lindale, Texas.

OXFORD, HENRY, private, Turnersville, Texas.

RAY, OTTO, private, Coleman, Texas.

SPARKMAN, JAMES F., private, Frisco, Texas.

WILLIAMS, BELL M., private, Glenwood, Ark.

WOOD, JAMES C., private, Yantis, Texas.

Franklin A. Church was reported in the cablegram from the Scottish coast as "E. F. Church," and James C. Wood was reported as "Paul C. Wood." The Scottish coast list gave the name of William O. Williams. The passenger list shows Bell M. Williams, now reported dead in the department's cable, and Paul A. Williams, who has not been reported lost, although his name has not yet appeared on a list of survivors.

No new estimate of the total number of dead was made at the department tonight. It had been believed here that the total would not exceed 170, but the foregoing ten apparently bring the list of known dead up to 173.

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SAYS BAKER ERRED ON OVERSEA FORCE

Senator Weeks Puts It at 54 Per Cent. of Secretary's Forecast Made in October.

CAUSES SURPRISE IN SENATE

He Also Declares Recommendations of Root Mission to Russia Were Not Acted Upon.

ATTACKS WILSON'S COURSE

Defending War Cabinet Bill, Bay State Senator Charges Injection of Politics by President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts declared in the Senate this afternoon that the United States had only 54 per cent. of the troops in France that Secretary Baker on Oct. 1 expected and predicted would be there on Feb. 15.

He also asserted that the Root mission to Russia failed because the State Department did not carry out the mission's recommendations.

Senator Weeks's two statements were digressions from the text of a prepared speech in support of the War Cabinet bill.

Stating that the suggestion had been made by those in high authority that the United States had done much better than was expected in transporting men to France, Senator Weeks said:

"I do not think it is fair that this wrong impression should be given to the public. On Oct. 1 I had a conversation with the Secretary of War, who told me the number of troops we had in Europe or en route, and what the department plans were, and what he believed the department could do in the future. The number of troops in Europe is exactly 54 per cent. of the number that would have been there on Feb. 15 if Secretary Baker's anticipations had been fulfilled.

"I do not say this in criticism of Secretary Baker. I do say that it is an answer to the impression that has been given the public, that we have been doing even better than the War Department projects anticipated. It is unwise to give the public erroneous impressions. It is unwise to give the public the impression that we are doing less than we actually are, or to hold up to criticism those things whereon criticism is unwarranted. But as far as possible the whole truth in matters of this sort, when military secrets are not disclosed, should be stated."

Rebukes Ollie James.

Rebuking Senator James of Kentucky for his statement yesterday that the United States had "many times 100,000 men in France," Senator Weeks said the use of the words "many times" was a verbal indiscretion, which "entirely deludes the public, and is so flagrantly incorrect as to merit protest."

Senator Weeks's reference to the Root mission was in answer to a statement by Senator James in his speech yesterday to the effect that in spite of Mr. Root's great and acknowledged talents he had been unable to succeed entirely in his mission to Russia.

"There was one other point raised by the Senator from Kentucky," said Senator Weeks, "to which I desire to refer—a delicate subject which should not be discussed in detail in public—but he referred to the failure of the Root mission to Russia, not with any desire to reflect on the head of that mission or any member of it, I take it, but to indicate that even as competent a man as he failed to obtain results. Most of us do not know what the details are of our relations with foreign countries. We are not even on the Foreign Relations Committee, and we cannot know the facts, nor could we discuss them in public if we did; but in that particular case I want to suggest to the Senator from Kentucky, if he can do so, that he look in the files of the State Department and determine for himself whether everything was done that could have been done which would have enabled the mission headed by Mr. Root to have been successful. I think he will find that others than the members of the Root mission were responsible, at least to some degree, for the failure of that mission. Is that a modest enough statement?"

Stone Has a Word.

Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, interrupted to say:

"I think it is rather an unfortunate statement to say that the State Department has not done its duty with respect to the Root mission, when the Senator himself knows it raises a subject which cannot be discussed on the floor of the Senate, and then makes a statement of fact which might be contradicted, and he knows who is right. The Senator ought not to bring a question before the Senate which he himself says is improper to discuss on the floor of the Senate, and make an assertion like that."

"I did not bring the subject to the floor of the Senate," answered Senator Weeks. "The subject was brought to the floor of the Senate by the Senator from Kentucky in his speech yesterday."

Senator Stone persisted that "the Senator brought this particular matter before the Senate."

"I brought this particular matter to the attention of the Senate," agreed Senator Weeks, "to indicate that the Root mission was not, in my judgment, entirely responsible for the failure which was instanced by the Senator from Kentucky, and I said, and I repeat it, that in my judgment it is not proper for me to go into any further details."

"Then it ought not to have been referred to," declared Senator Stone.

Senator Lewis interposed.

"May I ask the Senator from Massachusetts," he said, "has he some information on the point that after recommendation was made by the Root mission on certain lines, they themselves on further investigation qualified it and sent in other recommendations directly opposed, out of their sense of conscientious duty, to the one which the Senator says was not complied with?"

"No, I have not," replied Senator Weeks.

"May I ask the Senator," continued Senator Lewis, "if he gets an opportunity to do so, to investigate whether or not there were not two reports, one from the head of the mission, Mr. Root, and then another by Mr. Russell, in which there was such a divergence of views that they finally decided that the whole matter should be submitted to the department for subsequent action, and that there was never submitted, and does not now exist, a concrete recommendation of any kind?"

"I shall be very glad to leave this whole question to the proper Senate committee to consider such questions, and I hope the members will do so," said Senator Weeks.

Senator Weeks's two statements created a profound impression in the Senate, and several Senators said they would inquire into the exact situation regarding troop movements to France, and whether anything was left undone which might have kept Russia in the ranks of the Allies.

Crucifying No One.

"It has been charged," said Senator Weeks, "that the action taken by the Committee on Military Affairs resulted from personal or political bias, and the committee has even been criticised for taking officers and officials from their normal employment for examination purposes. I think it is proper for me to say that never in my experience in the House of Representatives or the Senate have I seen a Congressional investigation so devoid of partisanship, so little, in fact, that it was negligible up to the time the proposed bills were introduced. There has been no attempt or desire to crucify any one or anything.

"The committee has not found everything wrong in the War Department; it has found many things to commend, and it should be a just cause of pride to all of us that so much has been accomplished in the preparation of our armies to take their place at the front. To a considerable extent, this is due to the ready response made by the high-class business men of the country, who rallied to the support of the Government.

"During its investigations the committee has examined officers of the Ordnance Bureau, officers and civilians connected with the Quartermaster's Bureau, the office of the Surgeon General, the Aviation Service, and some other less important branches of the military service. I think it proper to call to the attention of the Senate a few of the salient features of the results of this examination. The Bureau of Ordnance for the last sixteen years has had at its head one of the ablest officers in the army. Speaking personally, I have had a great admiration for General Crozier.

"It is not his fault that much earlier action was not taken to provide a larger amount of artillery than we now have.

"At the beginning of the war the Government owned about 600,000 Springfield rifles and about 180,000 Krag rifles, for which latter there was no suitable ammunition; in fact, such Krag ammunition as we had was very old and probably dangerous. The Springfield rifle is of the highest type, and, speaking roughly, it is probably fair to say there is no better rifle in the world, although it has not the longest range; but I do not think the range of the rifles used in the present war has any material influence on results.

Delay in Ordering Rifles.

"The War Department found it necessary to adopt one of two courses—either continue the manufacture of the Springfield type or take advantage of the facilities for manufacturing rifles developed in this country as a result of the European war and adopt the rifle used by Great Britain, or some modification of it. It was finally decided to manufacture the Lee-Enfield rifle, the one being made in the United States for Great Britain, but changing it so that our ammunition could be used. Before the necessary changes could be made two months had passed, and supplying our army with rifles has been delayed by at least that time. It is true that it is absolutely essential that an army should use but one kind of small-arm ammunition, but the question naturally arises whether it would not have been better to have manufactured the Lee-Enfield British type for service abroad and use the Springfield rifles we had on hand for training purposes at our camps. If this had been done we would have supplied our army with rifles in a much shorter time.

"Small arms are manufactured in two Government arsenals, and by running them in two shifts of ten hours a day they have a combined maximum capacity of about twelve hundred rifles per day. I wish to recall to the Senate that on Aug. 29, 1916—the National Defense act was passed in June—an appropriation was made for the manufacture of rifles and pistols, which justified running to their full capacity both of our armories. The one at Rock Island, Ill., had been closed down, and the other at Springfield, Mass., was manufacturing only about seventy-five rifles a day. After the passage of this appropriation bill an order was given to start up these foundries, but so ineffectively was it carried out that the Rock Island Arsenal, which had been closed down, did not turn out a single rifle until June 23, 191-, or almost a year after the National Defense act was passed and ten months after the appropriation was made for that purpose. In the meantime there had been a slight increase in the output of the Springfield Arsenal, but when we declared war the total output from the latter arsenal was comparatively small.

"British rifles had been manufactured in this country at Eddystone, Penn.; Ilion, N. Y., and New Haven, Conn.; and as soon as the change in type could be made, these foundries commenced turning out the Lee-Enfield rifle so modified that our ammunition could be used. While manufacturing for the British Government these foundries had attained a combined capacity of 6,000 rifles a day. Two months before we declared war they had commenced reducing the number of their employes in proportion to the completion of the work they then had in hand, and as it required something over two months to entirely complete their British contracts they did not succeed in turning out anything like their full capacity of the new type rifles until very recently. If they had been immediately employed to turn out the British rifle at the rate of 6,000 a day from the time we declared war, we would now have practically 1,800,000 rifles of that type, which, with the 600,000 Springfields on hand for drill and target purposes in this country, would have been amply sufficient to arm all of our forces with the required number of rifles."

Powder Situation Critical.

"One of the most acute and dangerous situations developed by the committee's investigation relates to providing a suitable supply of powder. This cannot be readily obtained in England, France, or Italy; indeed, those countries have been, and are at present, drawing on the United States for their supplies. It would not be justifiable, in my opinion, for me to give detailed figures relating to this subject, but I can say without impropriety that about half of the capacity to manufacture in the United States is under contract to our allies, and our total capacity is not more than half our probable needs for the year 1918. Yet no definite step was taken to provide this additional capacity until the month of December, when construction of one unit of an additional supply was undertaken, and within ten days the construction of another unit was also undertaken. However, if both of these units were in full operation and we had full use of the present capacity, we probably would still be providing for less powder than we will need this year. Of course, the correctness of this statement depends somewhat on the number of troops we have in action.

"I cannot state too strongly my impression, based on the testimony submitted to the committee, that there has been gross neglect in providing this absolute requirement, a neglect which would be almost fatal to our war plans if they were not also hampered by the shipping situation.

"A similar conclusion is justified in failure to provide chlorine, toluol, and other absolutely necessary materials. The testimony, however, is much too confidential to discuss on the floor of the Senate.

"The examination made by the committee of the Quartermaster's Bureau developed that much excellent work had been done, but many failures, which might have been avoided, were made.

"The purchasing of supplies, however, has not in all respects been handled satisfactorily, and would have been distinctly otherwise, in my opinion, if it had not been for the assistance rendered by the Committee on Supplies; but that assistance involved complications—differences between the Quartermaster's Bureau and the Committee on Supplies—and in many cases a failure to obtain good results. It ought to be said, however, that there has been an enormous enlargement in the number of officers connected with both the Ordnance and Quartermaster's Bureaus, and that, necessarily, it took time to secure suitable men and train them for their duties. But the same delay in getting under way and in giving contracts is found in the Quartermaster Department that I have instanced in connection with the activities of the Ordnance Bureau. For example—and I will give only one instance, because it is typical—it was of course, known as soon as war was declared that overcoats for the entire number of men enlisted or drafted would be required before the cold weather, and yet contracts for but 152,000 overcoats were made in April, but 50,000 in May, and, in addition to that, about a million and a half between June 1 and Sept. 1. The deliveries of these overcoats, however, were put at such dates that they could not possibly have been received in time to even furnish a million men with overcoats before cold weather.

National Guard Hospitals.

"The construction of hospitals for the National Guard divisions was not undertaken until the month of September, a considerable time after they had gone into camp, and many of them are not completed at this time. None of these hospitals have steam heat, some have no hot water, and a very considerable number have been for months lacking the commonest equipment necessary to hospital facilities. No sewerage systems in some of them, not even bedpans until very recently, and in more or less instances the rooms in which examinations of patients were made had no heat, although necessarily a man must be exposed for a considerable time during such examinations.

"As far as the National Guard camps are concerned, all the hospital arrangements have been delayed and neglected. Major Gen. Greble, commanding the Fort Worth, Texas, camp, reported to at least four officials of the War Department during the month of September that unless prompt action were taken there would be sickness and demoralization in his camp. Almost immediately afterward he was sent to Europe, and did not return until November, but, notwithstanding his protests against these conditions, no action was taken to remedy them until Nov. 15. By that time the camp had become a vast hospital.

"All of these instances are important illustrations of a failure to develop a definite plan before the men were ordered to the colors. There is very little doubt that the shoe now being furnished the Government is a good one. They have been contracted for in a businesslike way, and there is no criticism on that score, but the sizes of shoes manufactured as a result of the specifications sent the shoemakers are substantially the sizes which have been the standard since the civil war. Shoemakers and others interested in this subject have devoted time and energy to the question of properly fitting soldiers with shoes, and as long ago as October, 1916, an examination was made of the soldiers at El Paso, Texas. This investigation developed that out of 30,359 men examined 21,535 were found to be fitted with shoes one-half to three and a half sizes too short. This evidence was brought to the attention of the department, but nothing was done. In August, 1917, as a result of tests made at South Framingham, Mass., 81.7 per cent. of the men measured were found to be wearing shoes from one-half to three and a half sizes too short. If this is true—and it has not been denied by any officer of the War Department, it means that more than a million of the men we have in uniform are wearing shoes improperly fitted and too small for them. There is no question about the desirability of properly fitting our men with shoes if we expect the highest possible efficiency.

"Since August, 1917, various attempts to get this matter adjusted have failed, or partially so, and I am informed that at this time tests are being made under the direction of the War Department. But let us consider the result of this failure. Since the declaration of war we have ordered 21,000,000 pairs of shoes, basing the orders on specifications which resulted in an error in 80 per cent. of the sizes purchased, or, if not, there had been neglect on the part of the officers responsible for fitting the men to that extent. During these tests the fact was developed that at one encampment there were 7,000 pairs of shoes too small for any of the men on duty there. The people of the country may reasonably expect that our soldiers shall be correctly fitted with shoes, and that any system which permits such a serious failure to properly fit them should be at once eliminated.

Sees Some Improvement.

"The changes recently made in the organization of the War Department will improve the efficiency of that service," he said. "There is no doubt about this fact, and I am glad to put myself on record to that effect. The machinery proposed, however, which was so graphically described and shown on the charts used by the Senator from New York [Mr. Wadsworth] during his address in the Senate a week ago has a fatal weakness. There is no real head in the case of the munition proposition or a general planning board provided. The branches of the tree, speaking of the purchaser of munitions, seem to be all right, but the trunk is not there. And if this situation were understood by the country as well as it is by those who have been examining the War Department there would be an insistent demand that now, when we have the opportunity, we create an organization as nearly perfect as possible.

"Real efficiency," he said, "is impossible unless all of these undertakings are carried on as a result of a coherent plan devised and controlled by a central agency.

"In the plan of the Secretary there is co-ordination, as far as the War Department is concerned, up to a certain point, however much one might deprecate the fact that a Colonel of infantry has been put at the head of this activity, to whom four Major Generals are subordinate. Colonel McRoberts, formerly Vice President of the National City Bank of New York, is purchasing agent for another bureau; and just recently another man has been appointed to assist in purchasing supplies for the War Department, in all probability the best-fitted man in the United States for such a task. I refer to E. R. Stettinius of the firm of Morgan & Co. of New York."

Lays Politics to Wilson.

Charging that the President had injected politics into the investigation, the Senator said:

"Senators advocating these measures have been charged with partisanship, but the country should not fail to note that this investigation has been conducted for nearly two months, has given consideration to a great number of important subjects, and there has not been the slightest partisan bias in its deliberations. Not a question indicating partisanship was raised until the President deliberately injected politics into the situation by an attack upon the Chairman of the committee and the committee itself, which the Chairman represents, and by calling to the White House many Democratic party leaders, not for consultation purposes, but to insist that a discussion of this question on the floor of the Senate be prevented if possible. This latter statement, of course, is based upon current gossip, but as far as I can learn it has never been denied.

"Here is a vital question to consider. Have we come to such a pass that the action of the most important committee in Congress at this time is to be forbidden by the President of the United States as far as he is able to do so? He need not necessarily approve, and he has the power to disapprove, this legislation if it ever reaches him, but it is vital to free speech and independence of action of a co-ordinate branch of the Government that such a position as has been taken by the President be resented by every member of this body."

He then reviewed the changes and reforms in the War Department which he said resulted from the investigation.

Defending the War Cabinet plan, he said:

"It will co-ordinate and direct, under the control of the President, all the functions of government. It will consider and determine, subject to the President's approval, every difference that may arise between departments or agencies of the Government. This organization would be a clearing house which would consider every phase of a situation and report to the Commander in Chief, who would then exercise his powers as such over the activity involved. It has been claimed that it would reduce the present Cabinet officers to the positions of clerks. There is no justification for this claim, because they would administer their departments exactly as in the past.

"It has been charged that Congress is meddling in the war and trying to curtail the authority of the President. The President will name these men; Congress will not do so, and there is no possibility that it will furnish a means for Congress to interfere with any activity over which it has no jurisdiction."

BOLO IN DEATH CELL; WILL ASK NEW TRIAL

"Have a Thousand Grounds," He Tells His Guards, and Appears Hopeful.

CAILLAUX IS AMAZED

Convicted Traitor Is Subject to Strict Prison Regulations and Constantly Under Death Watch.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Bolo Pacha, who yesterday was convicted by a courtmartial of treason, and sentenced to death, today appealed from the verdict to the Court of Cassation.

Bolo, much to his surprise, was dressed in prison garb, and taken to the death cell upon his return to La Santé Prison. He passed a restless night, but was apparently hopeful that the decision would be reversed on appeal. He said to the guards: "I am perfectly tranquil. I have a thousand grounds for appeal."

One of these is supposed to be the allegation that a witness for the prosecution was seen during a recess in the trial in conversation with the President of the courtmartial and the Government counsel.

Bolo's first inquiry this morning was whether his neighbors in prison had been informed of the verdict. He was told that Caillaux was astonished at his conviction. There were many callers at the prison, but none was admitted, as Bolo was subjected to strict prison regulations and was constantly under the eyes of the death watch. He was handcuffed when taken out for exercise and when brought into court.

TEST NON-SINKABLE SHIP.

Daniels Gets Favorable Report on Device Put on Steamer Lucia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—"If the devices employed in the steamship Lucia do all that Mr. Saunders thinks they will do it will be of the greatest value."

This statement was made by Secretary Daniels today after a preliminary conference with William L. Saunders, Chairman of the Naval Consulting Board, regarding the project for making merchant ships unsinkable. The Secretary said the device was being tested at Pensacola, Fla.

The Lucia is one of the Austrian steamers taken over by the United States. She has been fixed up with compartments and buoyancy boxes designed by William T. Donnelly. The device reduces the carrying capacity of ships to which it may be applied, but it is claimed for it by Mr. Saunders and those who have had charge of its installation that if such a vessel were torpedoed she would not sink.

Thomas A. Edison, Chairman of the Naval Consulting Board, is in Florida, but it was impossible today to persuade Secretary Daniels to admit that Mr. Edison's presence there had anything to do with the Lucia experiments at Pensacola.

DR. J. A. HARRISS NAMED SPECIAL POLICE DEPUTY

New Commissioner Will Regulate Traffic Problem Without Pay.

Dr. John A. Harriss of 140 Riverside Drive, who last April loaned his steam yacht Surf, said to be worth about $500,000, to the American Red Cross for the period of the war, was yesterday appointed Special Deputy Police Commissioner, without pay, to regulate traffic.

Dr. Harriss, who retired from the practice of medicine to manage several business enterprises, in which he is interested, took the position because he has for several years been making a study of traffic conditions in New York cities, and has various ideas for their improvement. Dr. Harriss is the President of the International Arms and Fuse Company, President of the International Mail Equipment Company, and President of the Metropolitan Hotels and Amusement Corporation. He belongs to the New York Yacht Club, the Automobile Club of America, and several other clubs. On accepting the appointment from Commissioner Enright, Dr. Harriss said:

"I am very glad to give my time to the city on this matter, because I believe we have no problem which is more acute and pressing than that of traffic congestion on our streets, which causes loss of life, injury, and marked inconvenience to our citizens. Unless it can be solved it will seriously hamper proper commercial development. It is my purpose to devote my time and energy to finding a solution of the problem."

PROPAGANDA IN SAUSAGES.

Smuggled French Messages Cause Many Germans to Surrender.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The much ridiculed German sausage may be playing an important part toward disintegrating the Kaiser's army.

France's message to German troops that they will do well to surrender and give the password, "camarade république" is being carried to the German front lines in sausage meat and in other ways.

Small vials containing the massage on oiled paper are dropped in Germany from allied airplanes, and relatives who hope for peace and the lives of their men to be spared slip the message into things they send to the troops. Many of those receiving the message surrender, and surprisingly few spies have been found among their number.

Information to this effect was given today to the House Committee on Postal Expenditures, which was hearing a representative of the Committee on Public Information on the propaganda campaign being carried on in Germany by the Allies.

Propaganda pamphlets showing that the war aims of the Allies were for the overthrow of the Prussian autocracy were being dropped from airplanes 200 and 300 miles behind the German front lines, the committee was told. Germans in Switzerland, working for a German republic, are also using their own methods to have troops surrender, giving the password, "camarade république."

Egyptian
Deities
"The Utmost in Cigarettes"
Plain End or Cork Tip
People of culture and refinement
invariably PREFER Deities
to any other cigarette
Twenty Five Cents
Anargyros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

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DEGREE CONFERRED ON WALTER H. PAGE

Ambassador Says War Is Uniting English and Americans—Cambon Also Honored.

SHEFFIELD, England, Feb. 15.—Honorary degrees of Doctor of Laws were conferred today at the University of Sheffield on Walter Hines Page, Paul Cambon, and the Marquis Guglielmo Imperiali, respectively Ambassadors of the United States, France, and Italy to Great Britain. Speaking at the ceremony, Ambassador Page said:

"The war already has brought some great gains to the people of England and of the United States. England's achievement is one unparalleled in history. She has found her strength, has developed her character and has done miracles of endurance.

"What have been the war's benefits to the United States? Let me mention only one. Before the war our wellbeing and our personal independence and initiative had bred in us a great idealism which, however, was spending itself in objects sometimes worthy, sometimes less worthy, and sometimes in mere hobbies. This restless spiritual force now for the first time has found a subject worthy of itself; namely, the struggle to make the world worthy of living in.

"The greatest gain to both England and the United States is a combined gain, by reason of their coming together. The sea which separates us becomes smaller as our understanding of each other becomes closer. Our striving together to the utmost for the thing dearest to us both will have the inevitable result of making us brothers for life."

LIFT BAN ON HEARST CABLES

France and England Act Through Lansing's Good Offices.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Through the good offices of Secretary Lansing, the International News Service, a newsgathering organization affiliated with the newspapers controlled by William R. Hearst, has been restored to the privileges which were denied it by the British and French Governments. Fred J. Wilson, general manager of the organization, sent out the following notice to his clients from Washington this afternoon:

"The International News Service today was officially restored to the mails, and cable privileges on all lines controlled by Great Britain, its colonies, and its allies."

Efforts have been made for months by representatives of the International News Service to obtain a restoration of the privileges which were denied to it by the British and French Governments.

The action of the two allied Governments was taken on the basis of complaints that the Hearst newspapers had violated the censorship and had published exaggerated or false dispatches purporting to have been cabled to the United States from Europe, describing, among other things, Zeppelin raids on London.

Since the orders of the British and French Governments went into effect the International News Service and the Hearst newspapers have not been permitted to send any news matter by cable or otherwise from France, except that its representative with the American expeditionary force has been enabled to forward dispatches censored at General Pershing's headquarters.

It is understood that the lifting of the ban does not apply to the Hearst newspapers, but only to the International News Service as a press agency. Special dispatches to the Hearst newspapers, it is said, will not be forwarded from British or French territory.

It is supposed that this refusal to lift the ban entirely leaves in force the action of the Canadian Government in forbidding the entrance of Hearst newspapers into the Dominion.

No official explanation of the restoration of the International News Service to the ordinary press privileges in British and French possessions came from the State Department. It is understood that Secretary Lansing's communications to the British and French Governments on the subject were based on representations in behalf of the International News Service that William R. Hearst was merely a stockholder in the news-gathering organization, and that there was no connection between the International and the Hearst newspapers other than that these newspapers subscribed for the news service of the International.

BAR GERMANS IN ORCHESTRA

But Dr. Muck Can Appear with Boston Symphony in Springfield, Mass.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 15.—The representative here of the Boston Symphony Orchestra refused today to state what course would be taken relative to the scheduled concert of the orchestra in view of the conditions attached by the city property board to its use of the auditorium. The board voted unanimously last night not to allow the use of the auditorium "unless the members of this orchestra who are citizens of Germany or Austria-Hungary are eliminated for this occasion." It is understood the orchestra includes twenty-two Germans and eight Austrians.

The board is willing to accept the orchestra management's statement that Dr. Karl Muck is a Swiss and to allow him to appear.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—In connection with the barring of the Boston Symphony Orchestra from Washington some time ago because its membership included a number of enemy aliens, a representative of the orchestra in a statement recently said that the conductor, Dr. Karl Muck, is a Swiss citizens. Although Dr. Muck was born in Germany, the statement said, his parents early removed to Switzerland, and his father became a Swiss citizen. When Dr. Muck became of age, it was stated, he took out Swiss citizenship papers for himself. The Swiss Legation at Washington has declined to make any comment as to Dr. Muck's status.

SEIZE FISCHER'S PAPERS.

Palmer's Agents Find $15,000—To Reorganize German Valve Firm.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—A new Board of Directors will probably be named for the Schutte & Koerting Company, the automatic valve manufacturing concern of this city which has been taken over by the Government as enemy alien property. A. Mitchell Palmer, custodian of alien property, will be represented on the board by at least one director.

Examination today of a chest taken from the handsome home of A. K. Fischer, former President of the concern, who has been interned, disclosed about $15,000, two-thirds of which was in currency. The contents of the papers found in the chest were not revealed. Reports that they contained evidence against members of the firm could not be confirmed.

Hugh Gibson Going to Paris.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The State Department announced today that Hugh Gibson, who ranks in the diplomatic service as Secretary of Embassy, is to be detached from special duty in the State Department and assigned to the embassy in Paris.

STRIKERS' LEADER DEFIANT TO HURLEY

Continued from Page One.

the exchange of communications between Mr. Hutcheson and Mr. Hurley. The former's answer to the Chairman's appeal was as follows:

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14, 1918.
Mr. Hurley, Chairman United States Shipping Board, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hurley: Copy of your telegram of the 14th inst. addressed to me at Indianapolis is at hand.

In reply thereto beg to inform you that I have endeavored to my utmost to prevent the cessation of work by members of our organization on ships under construction for the United States Shipping Board, and now that they have ceased work, it will be impossible for me to influence them to return unless I have some definite proposition to give them pertaining to their working conditions.

You will recall some weeks ago I took up with you the matter of reaching an understanding affecting the membership of our organization, and you are familiar with what transpired at that time, and you have, no doubt, been informed by your representative, to whom you referred the matter, of the fact that nothing was accomplished looking toward arriving at some understanding.

The United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America is composed of patriotic and loyal citizens, thousands of whom are now serving their country. Many others have sons who are in the service. Millions of dollars have been invested by our organization and our members in the purchasing of Liberty bonds to assist the Government in the prosecution of the war.

We stand ready and willing to further show our patriotism by renewing the memoranda as presented to your Mr. Blackman under date of Feb. 7, 1918, wherein the service of our entire organization was offered to the United States Shipping Board to assist in carrying out their program of shipbuilding.

And I, personally, stand ready and willing to assist in bringing about a condition that would be satisfactory and just for our membership. I beg to remain, yours most respectfully,

WILLIAM L. HUTCHESON,
General President, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America.

Hurley Gives No Ground.

Mr. Hurley's second telegram to Mr. Hutcheson gave no indication that the Chairman of the Shipping Board was ready to give ground.

Washington, Feb. 15.
William L. Hutcheson, General President, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Indianapolis, Ind.:

Yours of the 14th received. You were present at the convention of the American Federation of Labor in Buffalo on Friday, Nov. 23, when by unanimous vote a resolution was passed, stating that it is necessary to the nation's protection as well as to the welfare of the trade union movement, that there should be no cessation of work except as a last resort and after due hearings. Do you or do you not approve of this position today?

You state: "I have endeavored to my utmost to prevent cessation of work being done by members of our organization on ships." The facts are as follows: On Aug. 20 last an agreement was signed by Mr. Roosevelt as Acting Secretary of the Treasury, by myself as Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, Admiral Capps as General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, Mr. Gompers as President of the American Federation of Labor, and by fourteen representatives of organized labor, mainly International Presidents, whose members are employed in the construction of ships.

Under this agreement a board was established composed of a representative of the Navy Department and Emergency Fleet Corporation, a representative of organized labor, appointed by Mr. Gompers, and the Chairman of the board, appointed by the President of the United States. The agreement provided that all disputes as to wages, hours, and conditions of employment should be submitted to this board for settlement. The charter and official positions of the signers of this agreement are a guarantee of its fairness.

You are the only International President of all crafts working in the shipyards who has refused to become a party to this agreement. Are the other International Presidents less patriotic or less careful of the interests of their crafts than yourself?

It is true, as you state in your letter of the 14th, that you have tried to arrange matters during the last six months, but your efforts have been confined to demanding special privileges for your organization that would discriminate in their favor as against the other crafts. You have known that you could become a party to this agreement at any time and thereby co-operate with the Government and the other representatives of organized labor in preventing cessation of work in this hour of our national crisis. The members of your organization who are defending you and your country in France should have had your assistance.

I do not question the patriotism of your members, and, in fact, have reason to believe they are as loyal as members of other organized crafts, for when the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board sat on the Pacific Coast and at every hearing so far held on the Atlantic Coast, the local carpenters' organizations, when told that their International officers were not parties to the agreement establishing the board, have asked to be included, and have bound themselves to abide by the decisions of the board. The members of your organization have thus given tangible proof of their patriotism by their acts.

Will you ask the men, now paralyzing the shipyards and the nation's war program, to go back to their work and trust their Government, through the Labor Adjustment Board, to deal fairly with them, as it has with every other group of workers?

Will you help now—when every day's delay may mean the slaughter of our boys?

(Signed) EDWARD N. HURLEY,
Chairman United States Shipping Board.

Mr. Gomper's Statement.

Reports that Mr. Gompers intended to issue a statement got around while the news of the exchange of opinions by Mr. Hurley and Mr. Hutcheson was still fresh. His statement read:

"The old order is changing. War has speeded up the change so that into a few months have been crowded milestones that ordinarily it would have required decades to reach. Employers have understood the change. They know that their power over the lives of men is dwindling. They know that under the new order opportunities and property are being used for the common welfare of all.

"The change has been brought about by the power of tools in the hands of workers who know the indispensable character of their work. Tools are forging, link by link, cables of safety, reaching out from American freedom to all parts of the world where free men may seek their interests.

"Certain employers are grasping after their vanishing autocracy. They seek to destroy labor by placing upon it the responsibility for any failure in the war program. They would make the tools of labor fashion chains to shackle the workers to jobs. They would conscript free labor.

"The rank and file of America's workers know the value of freedom. They know that our Republic is engaged in a war against autocracy that has reared its head to menace world freedom. Some workers may make mistakes. Who is infallible, the employers? But the remedy for those mistakes is intelligent effort to point out the better way, and to instill into the minds and consciences of the rank and file of labor that our Government owes justice to all. Then let every representative of the Government, legislative, judicial, and administrative, live up to that standard.

"Labor has given its young men to the service of the Republic. It will not endanger the lives of soldiers and sailors nor the principles of freedom. Labor knows that the international principles for which we are fighting have a counterpart in the normal relations between man and man. All of labor's cumulated power will be used to maintain those principles in every relation of life.

"As I know the power and conscience of labor, from the depths of my heart I hope nothing will be done to hamper the constructive work of the organized effort of free workers, who have been rendering indispensible service, and who will stand faithful until victory comes."

The memorandum which Mr. Hutcheson sent to the Shipping Board on Feb. 7 was made public today, so that all of the facts involved might be known by the people of the nation.

Demand for a closed shop for the Carpenters' Union is contained in a section of the agreement which Mr. Hutcheson and his followers wanted adopted. This agreement provided that the carpenters' organization should furnish all labor required by the Shipping Board.

It was stated officially that when the Fleet Corporation refused to accept the terms of this proposed agreement or ultimatum, Mr. Hutcheson was invited to sit with the Labor Adjustment Commission. It was stated that he agreed to do this in matters where questions of hours or wages were concerned, but not where the question of conditions (which included the closed shop proposition) was involved. On that point came a deadlock, and there has been no progress toward an agreement to negotiate on the Shipping Board's plans.

The more important leaders of organized labor have not demanded a closed shop in the shipyards, and the Government's plans have proceeded on a different line.

The agreement in a general way has been that unions shall not be restricted from extending their organizations by means that do not slow down war production, and that in return they shall not endeavor to force men to join their organizations.

Added interest was given to the shipyard developments today by the presence in Washington of the Presidents of several national labor unions. They took no part, however, in the clash between Mr. Hurley and Mr. Hutcheson.

AGAINST THE STRIKE, DECLARES HUTCHESON

But Can't Order Men Back to Work—More Threatening to Go Out Here.

While seventy-five officers of local unions of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners were calling for a general strike of all carpenters working in shipyards in New York Harbor, President William L. Hutcheson of the brotherhood issued a statement at the Hotel Continental last night asking the men to go back to work and to trust the Government for a fair settlement of their grievances.

President Hutcheson asserted, however, that he considered himself without power to order the men back to work, because the Government had failed to reach an agreement with the striking shipyard workers on Staten Island. During the evening John Rice, Organizer of the Marine Workers' Union, a branch of the brotherhood, sent word to Hutcheson that the local officials were strongly in favor of striking, and that he did not believe anything could hold them back.

The statement which Mr. Hutcheson issued at midnight last night was as follows:

"Having been shown an extract of a telegram sent to me by Mr. Hurley late tonight, in which he asks me if I will induce the men to return to work in the shipyards, I desire to say that the action of the men in striking does not meet with my approval. As I have previously stated to Mr. Hurley, the fact that the carpenters' organization has no agreement regarding this work leaves me powerless to order the men back to work and enforce the order. That agreement we have sought in vain for several months. While it is too late for me to reply in full to the telegram of Mr. Hurley, I cheerfully declare my wish and desire that all men return to work and trust to the Government adjusting their longstanding grievances.

"I desire also to resent the impression which might be gathered from the communications of Mr. Hurley to the effect that the Brotherhood of Carpenters would for a moment consider hampering the Government in any respect, or that it stands second to any branch of labor in loyal support of the Administration's conduct of the war."

President Hutcheson refused to say whether he had sent any word to the conference at 82 Duane Street requesting them not to strike. Before his statement was issued, Organizer Rice had telephoned to the conference of leaders at the Hotel Continental that many of the local officials were going home, resolved to call out the men under their jurisdiction this morning.

M. T. Guerin, a member of the Executive Board of the Brotherhood, who was in conference last night with President Hutcheson and other international officials, said:

"The first statement to the effect that the Shipping Board or any department of the Government was ready to consider our grievances was made yesterday in Chairman Hurley's telegram to President Hutcheson. Although Hutcheson had been in Washington for more than a week, first trying to avert the strike and then trying to settle it, although Hutcheson was at the offices of the Shipping Board daily, Chairman Hurley addressed the telegram to Indianapolis. That is a sample of the difficulty we have had in getting any one in Washington to listen to our grievances. The men would not strike if they were assured that the Government would so much as give them a hearing, but the kind of thing that they have been up against is flat refusal to see them or have anything to do with them.

"The men have been angered more by the neglect and insulting treatment which Mr. Hutcheson received than by anything else, and they do not feel that they have the slightest prospect of even getting the Government to consider their claim that they are grossly underpaid and discriminated against."

George Callahan, the Secretary of Draft Board No. 187, at Port Richmond, S. I., said yesterday that more than 100 exempted men who had struck had been ordered to appear for medical examinations on Monday, and would be promptly sent to army camps if it appeared that they were not employed at that time. He said:

"We are doing this under instructions from Washington and according to the draft law, which is specific on this point. When men are placed in a deferred classification on the ground that they are engaged in an essential industry, they go back automatically to their original classification when they cease to be engaged in that industry. We are responsible for keeping track of such men and sending them to the army."

Shipyard owners on Staten Island said yesterday that none of their men were returning to work and that there were signs of unrest among other trades, which indicated the danger of a more general strike, unless the present trouble was speedily settled.

PICK CAPITAL-LABOR BOARD.

Great Hopes Put in New Organization to Eliminate Friction.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Capital and labor have named the five representatives which each was asked by the Government to appoint to outline a basis of relations for the period of the war. First sessions will probably be held next week after each side has named one other man to represent the public, making a board of twelve.

Announcement of the names of the men chosen by the National Council for Industrial Safety and by the American Federation of Labor is being withheld until the acceptances of all the men asked to serve have been received.

Stories of large profits and exorbitant salaries in war contracts have caused dissatisfaction among the nation's workers, which officials regard with uneasiness. Allegations of disloyalty, made against workers by some employers, have added to the bad feeling. Departmental officials say that many of the charges are unfounded, that the large turnover of workers at some shipyards has been due largely to bad living conditions. A widely circulated story of 150 rivets, or less than half the former amount, being the limit of work, officials say, failed to mention that bad management left the men at some places without tools or compressed air to drive more than that number.

DEADLOCK AT BALTIMORE.

Workers Threaten an Extension of the Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 15.—While Government officials were tonight predicting that the strike of ship carpenters would soon end, and that patriotic appeals to the men would avail, the leaders of the calkers, the strikers, were asserting that unless the Government granted the demands the strike would become general, and involve other workers.

The yards now affected by the strike are those of the Bethlehem Steel Company, Baltimore Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company, Coastwise Shipbuilding Company, Redman-Vane Company, Spedden Shipbuilding Company, Booze Brothers, Riter-Conley Company, Charles L. Rohde & Sons, William E. Woodall & Co., and H. E. Crook Company. In some plants only a few men are out, and there is no general strike in any. But all Government work is being delayed.

HALF OF QUOTA ENROLLED.

Campaign for Shipyard Workers Will Go On Two Weeks, However.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—More than half of the number of new shipyard workers needed to carry out the country's merchant marine program have been obtained in the first half of the first week of the nation-wide enrollment campaign by the Public Service Reserve, according to incomplete returns to William E. Hall, director of the reserve. The campaign will be continued another week, however, and thereafter in every State which has not filled the quota at the end of the two weeks.

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CONTRACTORS INVITE HOG ISLAND INQUIRY

Stone Writes to Gregory Offering to Submit All Records in the Case.

CITES COSTLY OBSTACLES

Denies Wasteful Methods and Says Price of Ships Will Be Within the Average.

President Charles A. Stone of the American International Corporation, which has been accused in the Senate of waste and extravagance in the construction of its shipyards at Hog Island, near Philadelphia, wrote esterday to Attorney General Gregory inviting an investigation and offering to submit all records in the case. He said that the cost of the ships to built would be well within the average.

Mr. Stone later issued a statement denying the charge that money had been spent on the plant recklessly, stating that the corporation was up to schedule in the building of ships and that the compensation of the corporation and its subsidiaries was a definite amount fixed in advance, not a percentage based on variable cost.

The profit of the company and its subsidiaries, he said, was 3½ per cent. of a fixed estimate of the cost of the 120 vessels which the corporation was to build. While the estimated cost of the ships was not mentioned in his formal statement, assistants of Mr. Stone at the offices of the corporation said that the gross profit was in the neighborhood of $6,000,000. This is based on a price of $167,000,000 for the 120 ships which the corporation contracted to build for the Government.

At the rate of 3½ per cent. the exact figure of the gross profit would be $5,845,000. Mr. Stone said that this figure would be cut into by the excess profits tax and by the compensation of the expert staff of the corporation and its subsidiaries.

The estimated cost of $167,000,000 is for a total of 835,000 tons of shipping, consisting of fifty ships of 7,500 tons and seventy ships of 8,000 tons, all of fabricated steel.

Mr. Stone Tells of Obstacles.

Mr. Stone's statement follows:

"I returned last night from Philadelphia after having spent most of the week at the yard of the American International Shipbuilding Corporation. The work at Hog Island is progressing well, and we are today fully up to schedule. With a steady flow of material to the yard we shall complete production of the 120 ships on time, despite the many difficulties that we have encountered in the last five months.

"These difficulties have been of a most harassing nature, and can best be understood by a very brief recital of the facts. Last May the American International Corporation was requested by the Shipping Board to undertake construction of an enormous shipyard, and to build in it 200 fabricated steel ships. Tentative plans were prepared and tentative estimates made of cost, but the Summer passed before the contract between the Government and the American International Corporation was finally signed.

"The essence of this contract was that the Government employed the corporation to build the yard and 120 ships, itself paying the cost of doing so, and ultimately giving the corporation a fixed fee per vessel, the total amount of which could not in any event exceed 3½ per cent. upon the estimated cost of the total work, which fee is divided by this corporation with its associated expert firms and organizations in shipbuilding and engineering. Moreover, from the residue must be provided the excess profits tax. The corporation makes no indirect profits whatever outside of its final share of this fee.

"Original plans had to be radically changed owing to a change ordered by the Government in the design of some of the ships, and this caused an expense unforseeable at the time of the original tentative estimates. Loss of the Summer months—the contract being signed only on Sept. 13 and the real construction of the yard could not be begun much before the beginning of October—was another great factor in increasing expenses, for it threw much of the heavy work into the worst months of what has proved to be the worst Winter in living memory.

Worked on a Speed Basis.

"Moreover, in our conversations with Government representatives from the outset, emphasis was always on the matter of time. It was not a case of building 120 ships in a merely commercial way with attention centred on mere costs. It was a case of building ships which were vitally needed by a country at war, and speed was the all-important requisite. The one great thing necessary was to get the ships into the water as rapidly as possible, and this was the thing always before our minds and the minds of those engaged on the work.

"Naturally this meant a higher scale of costs all around than would have obtained had the work been done on the basis of peace times and purely commercial conditions. It was necessary to keep on hand as abundant a supply of labor and material as could be had, so that there might even be a surplus. In no other way could continuity of work be assured at all times.

"Then came the Winter with its troubles of weather and railroad congestion, and it became a herculean task to accomplish what would under ordinary conditions have been relatively simple. Moreover, there was a large increase in material prices as compared with those which ruled in the previous Summer. It is not surprising, under the circumstances, that actual costs experienced were largely in excess of those which had to be most roughly guessed at many months before, and on the assumption that work would be during Summer instead of Winter.

"By way of summary and to deal categorically with the main points that have been raised in criticism I may say:

"1. The land was bought by the American International Corporation for $2,000 an acre, which is a price comparing very favorably to the price of other lands in the same location. Not one cent of profit was made by any one connected directly or indirectly with the American International Corporation out of this purchase. The land was not purchased from any intermediary but from the owners direct, who had held it for one hundred years.

"2. The comparison which has been published as to the salaries of certain of the employes now and before is misleading. It was necessary to take men out of permanent positions and place them on what they knew could only be a temporary job, involving not only discomfort, but increased living expenses and separation from their families and accustomed surroundings. No increase was made in any one's salary unless and until it was approved by the Governmental authorities in charge.

"3. The only profit which the American International Corporation receives is the fixed percentage on the completed ships. It has no interest whatsoever in the fee of 5 per cent. which is being paid to sub-contractors for the erection of the yard. In other words, there are two entirely separate transactions; one the building of ships, for which the American International Corporation receives a fee; the other the erection of the yard, for which the American International Corporation receives no fee whatsoever, but for which the contractors, who are carrying out this work, are receiving rather less than the usual fee.

"4. The running value of the 120 completed ships in actual dollars and cents of revenue to the Government without counting the effect of the tonnage on winning the war is $9,000,000 per month. It will, therefore, be seen that the essence of the task was to push forward with all possible haste, even though that involved increased expense."

SENATE COMMITTEE TO GO TO HOG ISLAND

Piez Shows Big Financial Affiliations of the Corporation's Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Members of the Senate Commerce Committee, investigating the shipping situation, decided today to inspect the Hog Island shipyard, now under construction near Philadelphia.

The committee's decision was the result of testimony which has caused President Wilson to order an investigation by the Department of Justice of the manner in which vast sums of Government money have been spent at Hog Island. It followed an urgent request by Senator Vardaman that a sub-committee, or the whole committee, make a personal inspection tour. Senator Vardaman stated that if the committee would not go, he would inspect the yard and report his findings to the Senate.

The date of the inspection trip is to be fixed Monday. It will be early next week, Senator Fletcher, the committee's Chairman, indicated.

Further facts and figures were submitted to the committee today regarding the Hog Island project. Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board offered figures showing that $23,313,362.68 had been spent to date by the Government, of which $19,029,972.42 had been for construction, and $4,283,390.26 for material and work on ships. Of the fifty ways being built, only twelve are completed, and only one keel has been laid.

Charles Piez, General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, submitted information asked for some days ago by Senator Johnson of California. This showed the affiliations and financial interests of the American International Corporation, which is building the Hog Island yard.

Mr. Piez's statement showed that half of the stock of the American International was set aside for sale to stockholders and employes of the National City Bank of New York. F. A. Vanderlip, President of the Bank, was one of the organizers of the American International. C. A. Stone, President of the corporation, is a partner in Stone & Webster of E. S. Webster, a Director of the American International.

Otto H. Kahn, P. A. Rockefeller, T. N. Vail, and William Woodward, members of the bank's Executive Committee, are Directors of the American International. Other Directors named in Mr. Piez's statement to the committee include Ogden Armour, C. A. Coffin, W. E. Corey, Robert Dollar, T. P. Grace, H. F. Herrick, P. S. Dupont, R. S. Lovett, John D. Ryan, W. S. Saunders, T. A. Stillman, G. L. Tripp, E. S. Webster, A. H. Wiggin, and Beekman Winthrop.

Mr. Piez stated that the American International is affiliated with or financially interested in a large number of concerns, among those he listed being the Allied Machinery Company, Stone & Webster, the Latin-American New York Shipbuilding Company, the American International Terminal Corporation, the United Fruit Company, the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and the W. R. Grace Company.

BOWLES CUTS COST HEAVILY.

Believes He Has Already Saved Millions at Hog Island.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles, who was sent here recently with plenary powers from the United States Shipping Board to supervise the work at Hog Island, says he is becoming more optimistic as his stay lengthens. He has instituted many reforms, has abrogated some contracts, and has provided for more ambitious plans in other directions.

The Admiral says he has saved millions of dollars in his week or more at Hog Island. He expresses great faith in the fabricated ship idea, and believes it will be a success.

"The entire conduct of the war," he said, "depends upon the ships which we build. After the war transportation will be the biggest problem and we will have solved both of them if our shipbuilding program goes through. That is what interests me the most, and I firmly believe that Hog Island will have its ships on the water as provided in the contract."

DISCUSSES JAPAN'S AIMS.

Iyenaga Says She Will Pay Her Debt to Western Civilization.

In the establishment of the new order which is to follow the war Japan will pay her debt to Western civilization, according to Dr. Toyokichi Iyenaga, who spoke in Carnegie Hall last night. He said that no small part of that contribution would be the breaking down of race prejudice, religious bigotry, and ignorance, that had stood as a barrier between East and West. Dr. Iyenaga spoke at "The Spirit of Japan" meeting, held under the auspices of the Japan Society and the Civic Forum. Ex-Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio was the Chairman, and, besides Dr. Iyenaga, other speakers were Oscar S. Straus, former Ambassador to Turkey, and Chonosuke Yada, Consul General of Japan.

In the course of his speech Dr. Iyenaga said:

"Germany is a conspicuous example of the type of insane competition for power and economic supremacy. In spite of her achievements she is treading the path that goes to her undoing.

"Had Herr Zimmermann known Bushido he would never have made himself the laughing stock of the world by hatching an impossible plot to turn Japan a traitor to her allies."

"The Past and Future Relationships of America and Japan" was the subject of an address by Mr. Straus. He commended the agreement entered into between Viscount Ishii, head of the Japanese mission, and Secretary Lansing. In conclusion Mr. Straus said that he would like to direct attention to the distracted people of Russia.

"No greater service could be rendered by the United States and the Allies," he said, "than to call upon Japan to assume the chief burden of responsibility and leadership in aiding the Russian people to reconstruct their dismembered empire, to reconstitute their leaderless and shattered forces, and march onward under the safe guarantees of constitutional liberty, by the side of her allies, to win the war for democracy and liberty."

INSURANCE SHARKS AT WORK

McAdoo Warns Soldiers' Survivors Against Paying Commissions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Attorneys and claim agents who seek out dependents of soldiers or sailors killed in service, offering to collect Government insurance or compensation on a commission basis, were denounced today by Secretary McAdoo, with the explanation that it is unnecessary to hire an agent to make these collections.

Blanks on which to file a claim may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of War Risk Insurance.

"The greed and avarice of those who would prey on the misfortunes of the survivors of a gallant American soldier or sailor who has died for his country," said Mr. McAdoo, "cannot be condemned or reprehended too severely."

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Unexpected guests get an unexpected treat when the ice box holds

Club Cocktails

ready to serve, ready to please; blended to a charm and smooth as silk.

President Wilson's Words Awakening Teuton Masses

Countless scraps of paper, bearing in German, Polish, Czech, and Slavic the words of the far-off American President, are being furtively passed from hand to hand along the German and Austrian battle-lines and through the mines and factories of the Central Empires. The despised and ridiculed Bolsheviki, according to U. S. Senator Stone, are printing and sending into *Mitteleuropa* these American messages of sympathy for the Teutonic peoples under the autocratic yoke, and the circulation of these tracts may have had its part in rousing the Austrian and German peoples to the brief protest of the strikes of a few days ago. Berlin, at any rate, blamed America for the strikes, and sentenced two British aviators to ten years in jail for dropping the Wilsonian gospel like manna from the heavens on the wilderness of the Kaiserdom. This subject is covered in a most graphic manner in one of the leading articles in THE LITERARY DIGEST for February 16th.

Other topics of wide public interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

Germany's Under-Sea "Frightfulness" a Failure

A Careful Summing-up of von Tirpitz's Submarine Campaign During the Year 1917

Canada's New Naturalization Law
Workers to Rule the World
German Idea of President Wilson's "Infamous Designs"
How to Test Your Intelligence
The Briquet As a Coal Saver
Cook Your Bananas
Raising Crops to Win the War
(Prepared by U. S. Food Administration)
Where Our Rare Books Come From
Adult and Juvenile Delinquency
Can We Bridge the Atlantic?
(Prepared by U. S. Bureau of Education)

Quebec Will Not Secede
Save Coal By Using Daylight
Russia Inciting German Strikes
That Coming Big Drive at the West
Dolls As Movie Actors
What Shall We Use for Sugar?
Electrical Links to Save Fuel
New York Discovers Galli-Curci
Galsworthy Declines Decoration
Spiritual Meaning of Jerusalem Deliverance
Current Poetry
News of Finance and Industry

Many Human-interest Illustrations, Diagrams, and Cartoons

"The Digest" the Magazine for Thinking People

Every day that passes discloses more and more clearly the fact that the war in which the democracies of the world are engaged is a peoples' war, that it is being fought out not for the benefit of the classes but of the masses, that a new birth of freedom may come to the world with its ending. For this reason it is absolutely obligatory for every thinking man and woman, upon whom in the aggregate the destinies of this nation depend, to make certain of accurate and unbiased knowledge of what is being done, at the front and in the thousand coordinated energies now set on foot at home. The one news-magazine that gives you the facts, and nothing but the facts, without fear or favor, is THE LITERARY DIGEST. Read it, this week and every week, and be sure that your judgment and action are based on intelligent understanding.

February 16th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

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EVERY Kirschbaum suit and overcoat in our cabinets . . . . Garments worth up to $40 . . . . None worth less than $25 . . . . Offered at less than wholesale prices prevailing to-day.

In the Men's Section on the Third Floor

PROTEST TO WILSON ON HELL GATE WORK

Mayor Hylan and a Delegation Urge the Need of 40-Foot Depth at Present.

SUGGESTS COMMITTEE ACT

President Advises Recommendation Be Transmitted to Chief of Army Engineers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—To Mayor Hylan and a large delegation of New Yorkers who called on him this afternoon President Wilson indicated deep interest in the effort to provide a forty-foot ship channel at Hell Gate, but he did not give encouragement to the delegation's desire to have Congress appropriate funds immediately for a channel of that depth. While the law carrying the appropriation for the Hell Gate project mentions forty feet as the ultimate depth, it has been construed by the Corps of Engineers of the army as limiting present work to the project for a thirty-five-foot channel previously provided for.

The President showed that he was in sympathy with the attitude of the engineers. The visit of the New Yorkers was to enlist his influence to have Congress provide specifications for the deeper channel. They wanted, also, an appropriation of sufficient money to insure the completion of the work as soon as possible, instead of appropriations of comparatively small amounts each year, with, at the present rate, a delay in completion of the channel of eighteen years. Speedy completion was necessary, they urged, as a war measure

With the Mayor were New York City Congressmen, city officials, representatives of borough commercial organizations and similar bodies, and other business men. New Jersey and Connecticut Congressmen were also in the party, which was received by the President in the Executive Office Building at 4:30 o'clock. Congressman Daniel J. Riordan, whose district embraces part of the Manhattan side of the East River, began the proceedings by introducing Murray Hulbert, New York Commissioner of Docks and Ferries.

Hulbert Reviews Project.

Commissioner Hulbert went over the history of the project for deepening the Hell Gate channel, and took issue with the interpretation of the army engineers that the forty-foot depth, while indorsed by Congress, was not to be undertaken until after the thirty-five-foot channel had been completed.

Mr. Hulbert pointed out that there was great congestion of shipping in the East River and other parts of New York Harbor on account of war conditions, and relief could not be obtained unless the Hell Gate channel had a depth of 40 feet to accommodate the largest ships. He called attention to the fact that a shell reef which extended from Corlears Hook to Thirty-third Street made some splendid piers useless for large vessels. He asked the President to recommend to Congress that it correct the interpretation calling for a depth of only 35 feet.

The President asked about the Corlears Hook Reef and the useless piers, and Congressman Stephen W. Dempsey of Lockport, the only New York member of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of the House, explained that no appropriation for removing the reef was provided for in the annual bill now being prepared because the committee had adopted a resolution that no project should be included in the measure unless it was recommended by the Chief of Engineers.

President Wilson said he was familiar with this arrangement, as the resolution had been adopted after a conference between Chairman Small of the Rivers and Harbors Committee and himself; but he did not understand that it would serve as a bar to recommendations by the Committee to the Chief of Engineers. He thought, he said, that the committee should take the initiative. Representative Dempsey said he would bring up the matter with the committee tomorrow.

Mr. Hulbert pointed out that the whole project called for the completion of the channel in five years at a total expenditure of $36,000,000. At the present rate of appropriation, he said, with $2,000,000 provided for work in the coming fiscal year, it would take eighteen years to complete the undertaking. President Wilson responded that as far as the naval program went this would make no difference, "for," he added, "I hope it is obvious that the war will not last five years."

When Commissioner Hulbert had concluded his argument the President said that he was just as much interested in obtaining the 40-foot channel at Hell Gate as anybody else was.

"I am assured by the engineers," he said, "that they will get a 40-foot channel just as soon by the present process as by any other process. I am sure a misapprehension has arisen. They assure me that their project is to get a 40-foot channel. I am just as much intent on getting it as anybody else, but I have received that assurance and have no reason to doubt it."

In addition to the Mayor, members of Congress, and Commissioner Hulbert, the delegation included Controller Charles L. Craig, James E. MacBride, President of the Civil Service Commission; Tax Commissioner George Henry Payne, James J. Hoey, Vice President of the Continental Fire Insurance Company; Samuel W. Reyburn, President of Lord & Taylor; Edward Engel of the Nineteenth Ward Real Estate Owners' Association; William R. Willcox, Chairman of the Port and Terminal Commission; Daniel C. Oliver of the New York Chamber of Commerce; Charles T. Gwynne, Secretary of the Merchants' Association; Walter I. Willis, Secretary of the Queens Chamber of Commerce; Charles R. Reed, Secretary of the Bronx Board of Trade; Joseph P. Day of the Real Estate Board of New York, Dr. Abraham Korn of the Harlem Property Owners' Association, Fred Jansen of the Bronx Terminal Corporation, Theo T. Trimmer, Edward R. Koch, Captain Roderick Stephens, Benjamin L. Fairchild, Charles F. MacLean, John L. Waterbury, Charles L. Bernheimer, Franklin P. Duryea, W. Gerald Hawes, William E. Cleary, Leopold Blaut, Miller J. Tomkins, Waldo H. Marshall, Thomas P. Fowler, John A. Wilbur, Oscar D. Thees, Thomas E. Ward, and Charles H. Fuller.

Mayor Hylan and those with him had a busy day. The Mayor and Commissioner Hulbert had an hour's conference with Secretary McAdoo in his capacity of Director General of Railroads, and afterward went to the Capitol, where the Mayor paid visits of courtesy to Vice President Marshall and Speaker Clark. Tonight the Mayor was the guest of honor at a dinner given at the Raleigh Hotel by Congressman Riordan, and attended by the Democratic members of Congress from New York.

ELIHU ROOT IS 73.

Many Friends Send Congratulations on Birthday Anniversary.

Elihu Root yesterday received congratulation from a host of friends on the occasion of his seventy-third birthday. He adhered to his established rule not to give birthday interviews, and spent the day quietly with his family. Mr. Root received only a few close friends.

At his office it was said that Mr. Root was in good health.

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¶ The most important overcoat event of the season, affording an opportunity to effect a substantial saving on overcoats made for our regulation stock this season, and never before offered at a reduced price. Single and double-breasted models—fitted, semi-form-tracing, or loose fitting, exhibiting every kind of pocket, cuff and lapel shown this season.

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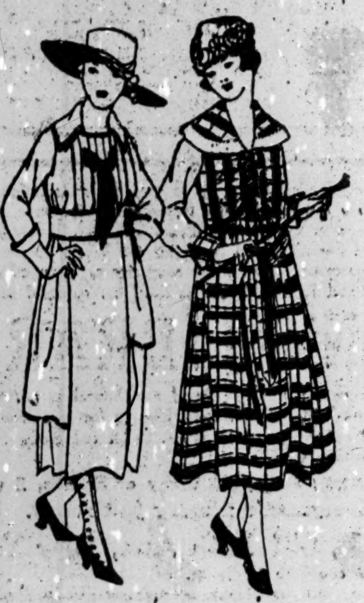
Misses' Spring Frocks at $18.50



New modes for street and afternoon wear. Strictly tailored models in fine Serge, or Serge with Satin; also in Foulard Silk; dressy styles in Chiffon Taffeta in all the new colorings, and many others in striped Satin, Taffeta, Crepe de Chine and soft Georgette Crepe combined.

Fashionable Eton effects, new side and apron tunics, and narrow tie sashes are only a few of the many attractive features in these charming frocks. Sizes 14 to 18 years. Two *illustrated.*

Distinctive Spring Coats for Misses at $35

In a splendid selection of styles for street and general wear. Fashioned of Silvertone, Wool Velour, Burella, Wool Jersey, and Army Cloth, featuring many innovations in pockets and belts. Lined with Peau de Cygne. Colors: Peacock Blue, Rose, Sea Gull, Beige, Khaki, and Chinchilla Grey. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Tailored Suits for Spring at $39.50

Suits were never more individual, nor more original in style treatments. At this particular price we will feature today a variety of the very newest models in

Wool Jersey, Men's Wear Serge, and Tricotine

handsomely tailored, and exhibiting many new ideas in both coats and skirts. Silk lined and obtainable in sizes 14 to 18 years.

Girlish Frocks for Growing Girls $5.95 and $7.95

The best values to be seen in town at anything near this price. Fashioned of Plaid Ginghams, French Chambray, and fine quality Voiles. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Women's Dainty Frocks of Taffeta and Georgette Crepe

Saturday $20

A very modest price, but the dresses are as individual as those which cost more. Three splendid models, fashioned of good quality Chiffon Taffeta. Tunic style skirt and embroidered waist. Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Wisteria, Silver Grey, Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Also—Fashionable Serge Frocks at $18.50

Some with plaited tunics, others in straight-line effect, featuring new belts and novel pockets. Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Final Clearance of Women's Winter Coats

at Greatly Reduced Prices

Coats of excellent quality skilfully developed in a wide range of the most wanted materials. Chiefly fur-trimmed models, beautifully lined and interlined.

Coats formerly $19.50 to $22.50	Now $15.00
Coats formerly $29.50 to $35	Now $19.50
Coats formerly $35 to $45	Now $25.00

Women's Fashionable Silk Skirts Very Special $9.75

Advance Spring models, cleverly tailored in plain Silk Poplin, Striped Poplin, and Plaid Silk Poplin, featuring a number of new conceits in pockets and belts.

The model illustrated is in the much-desired full side-pleated effect with wide belt.

High-Grade Fur Coats, Muffs and Sets Greatly Reduced

These reductions are the more important because of recent sharp advances on furs of all kinds.

You can also effect a big saving on next season's prices by paying

One Third Now and the Balance Nov. 1

on any fur piece you may select.
There will be no charge for storage.

Hudson Seal Coats	Were $175	$155.00
Hudson Seal Coats	Were $195	$175.00
Hudson Seal Coats	Were $210 to $225	$185.00
Kolinsky Coat	Was $425	$295.00
Mink Coatee	Was $475	$395.00
Blended Sable Set	Was $375	$275.00
Hudson Seal and Fox Set	Was $225	$185.00
Taupe Fox Sets	Were $75	$60.00
Wolf Sets	Were $70	$57.50
Wolf Scarfs	Were $25	$19.50
Beaver Muffs	Were $27.50	$24.50
Hudson Seal Muffs	Were $16.50	$12.00

Ermine Scarfs and Muffs Reduced 1-3 to 1-2.

Furs listed as Hudson Seal are Seal-dyed Muskrat.

For Today, Saturday, Only

Women's Smart Spring Suits, Special at $35

Stunning tailored and sport models, reflecting in every line an individuality most uncommon in suits at this price

English Tweeds, Silvertone, Wool Velour, Tricotine, Men's Wear Serge, Gabardine, Oxford Cloth, Shepherd Checks, Hair Line Suitings

are the materials, in all the new and most desired colorings for Spring. Sizes 34 to 50½. *Fourth Floor.*

In a Special Display Saturday

Over One Thousand New

$5.85 Wonder Hats

This assembly of THE NEW in modish trimmed hats is representative of practically every worth while style suited to immediate wear. So skilfully have our milliners reproduced some of the most individual of the latest Paris models that it is really difficult to distinguish them apart.

Large and Small Hats for Every Occasion

Developed in the new straw braids, combined with facings of Colored Silks and Georgette Crepe, trimmed with Quills, Wings, Flowers, Fruits, Burnt Feather Novelties and new Ribbon ideas.

Boys Will Like These Middy Suits at $8

—and their service-giving qualities will appeal equally as well to parents. Can be worn in regulation style or with Blouse loose. Tailored in fine quality all-wool Serge, with embroidered emblem on arm. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Boys' Suits with Extra 'Knickers' Special at $13

In exclusive Saks Spring model, exhibiting many new style treatments. Developed in excellent quality woolens of medium weight. Sizes 7 to 18 years. *Second Floor.*

Sterling Silver Waltham Wrist Watches, Saturday at $15

A remarkable value. New square model with 7-jewel Waltham movement. Mounted on Khaki strap.

Also—Gold-filled Bracelet Watches, $6.95

In convertible bracelet style. Seven jeweled Swiss movement, with either White or Gold Dial. *Main Floor.*

RUGS!

Hundreds of Beautiful
Eastern Rugs
Still Awaiting Your Selection
In Our Annual

SALE OF

Oriental Rugs

At Reductions of One-Fifth to One-Third—In Some Cases Even More.

WHEN this important event began we placed on sale over $90,000 worth of rugs—reduced in price to about $69,000. That our offering was appreciated is clearly shown by the many eager buyers who have taken advantage of the savings offered.

You may still find the very rug which you desire particularly for your home among the hundreds of attractive rugs we have assembled. They were all bought for cash and are now offered at reduced prices for cash only.

Coming in the Midst of Our Anniversary Sales

this event is proof of our ability to offer dependable merchandise from all the markets of the world at prices lower than elsewhere. It embodies all we have learned in sixty years of service—in sixty years of successful store keeping.

Every Rug in This Sale Bears Two Tags—the Original White Price Tag and a Blue Tag with the Reduced Sale Price. In the Collection Are

Chinese Embossed Rugs
Sarouk Kirmanshah
Mahal Herez Siestan

And Other Oriental Rugs

Also Some Antique Rugs From Persia and the Caucasus

Notice—To the many dealers who patronize this sale: We reserve the right to limit the purchase of room size rugs, one to a dealer.

Fourth Floor, Centre

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

GAMBLING IN HOUSE GIVEN TO M'CLELLAN

So-Called Political Club Leased Former Home of Union General.

MEMBERS TELL OF GAMES

Business Men Testify They Played Poker and Had Free Meals and Drinks.

Through an examination before Judge Wadhams in the gambling investigation at the Criminal Courts Building yesterday concerning the objects of the Independence League Club of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District, which has its clubhouse at 22 West Thirty-first Street, it was recalled that the building now occupied by the club was the home of General George B. McClellan, commander of the Army of the Potomac in the civil war. The property is now owned by his son, ex-Mayor George B. McClellan, who is a Major in the National Army.

"Citizens of New York subscribed to a fund for the purchase of the house and ground, and made a gift of it to General McClellan," said Assistant District Attorney J. E. Smith. "The gift was in the form of a public testimonial to the soldier in recognition of his services to the nation."

The date of the transfer of the deed of the property to General McClellan is on record as of Dec. 22, 1862.

Three members of this club were questioned concerning its management and card playing and poker games in the clubhouse. They were Henry Moritz, a manufacturer, living at Far Rockaway; Abraham Friedelson, clothing manufacturer at 55 Fifth Avenue, and Benjamin Berk, furnishings, of 305 West Forty-fifth Street. Mr. Smith tried to bring out in the testimony that the club was using the name "Independence League" as a political camouflage.

"We never had a political parade," said Moritz, protesting that he knew nothing about any political purposes of the club. He had played poker there, he said. The members paid $12 yearly dues, and had the privilege of free food, drinks, and a barber.

Mr. Friedelson said Adam Blake was President of the club. In reply to Judge Wadhams's questions Friedelson said he had never heard of Blake being a political leader, nor did he know of any affiliation by the club with the Independence League Party.

"Did you ever hold a political meeting? Mr. Hearst never attended a meeting or made a speech there, did he?" asked the court. Friedelson said he had no knowledge of that.

"How much did you ever win?" the Judge asked. Friedelson denied winning at all.

"Oh, you were one of the members who supported the club," remarked Judge Wadhams. Freidelson said he had bought poker checks at different times from three men, whose names he could not recall. The treasurer of the club, he said, was Morris Baum. A white chip, worth a quarter, was the "rake-off" of each game.

Benjamin Berk testified that stacks of chips were sold to players for $25 each. Berk said he had been a member of the club only three weeks, and had won $67.50 in his last game of poker.

"Did you ever vote the Independence League Party ticket?" he was asked by the court. Berk said he had not.

"You did not join the club for political purposes?"

"No—just to kill an afternoon."

"To play poker?" questioned Mr. Smith.

"Exactly," he replied.

55 DEAD IN NUNNERY FIRE.

Bodies of That Many Children Taken from Montreal Ruins.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15. — From the ruins of the Grey Nunnery's fire-swept west wing the bodies of fifty-five children have been recovered. The work of the Sisters who were nursing soldiers invalided home from overseas fighting averted greater loss of life. Nearly 1,000 crippled men and women, wounded military men and babies only a few weeks old were enabled to escape through the valiant efforts of the nuns.

The origin of the fire has not been determined. While early reports attributed it to defective wiring, a nun suggested to the authorities today it may have been caused by a spark from an X-ray machine in use in connection with the military part of the nunnery hospital.

WILL PERMIT GOLD TO GO TO MEXICO

But Lansing Denies the United States Proposed a Loan to Carranza.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The United States has proposed to permit enough gold to be exported to Mexico to satisfy President Carranza's immediate needs as part of the commercial agreement now being negotiated. Mexico now has the gold to her credit in American banks. Secretary Lansing today denied categorically that the United States proposed to make any loan as stated in some published reports.

According to New York bankers, the proposal to permit gold exports to Mexico contemplates a transaction involving $15,000,000. Under the proposed plan $7,500,000 of gold is to be shipped to Mexico and $7,500,000 will remain in New York. The transfer will be made principally for the purpose of settling balances arising from heavy imports into the United States of silver and hemp.

PRISONER KILLS DETECTIVE.

Intoxicated Man, Whom Policeman Is Aiding, Knocks Him Down.

John J. Quinn, a detective from the Sixth Branch Bureau in Brooklyn, was injured so badly in a fight with an intoxicated man whom he was trying to arest at Forty-fourth Street and Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, last night that he died in an ambulance on the way to the Norwegian Hospital. Quinn was walking along Fourth Avenue on another police mission when he heard a man talking loudly and annoying persons in the street. The detective warned the man to stop, and tried to take the man to a street car so that he might go home.

The man became abusive, and Quinn started to take him to the Fourth Avenue Police Station on a charge of disorderly conduct when the man suddenly struck the detective. Quinn fell heavily and his skull was fractured. The detective's assailant said his name was John J. Brady, but he was unable to give his address. He was held on a charge of homicide. Quinn had been a member of the Police Department for eleven years. He lived at 5,722 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, with his wife and five children.

GUNMAN NAMES DETECTIVE.

Murder Trial Witness Said Fund Was Collected for Police.

Ralph Daniello, known also as "Ralph the Barber," whose confession to District Attorney Harry E. Lewis in Brooklyn caused the indictment of nine men for connection with twenty-three Italian murders, was the only witness yesterday at the trial of Allessandro Vollero, the wine merchant charged with the murder of Charles Ubriacco and Nicholas Morello, which is being conducted before Supreme Justice Isaac M. Kapper.

For the first time in his testimony Daniello mentioned the name of a policeman in connection with the operations of the gang that preyed upon Italian dealers in artichokes and conductors of gambling places. In telling of what happened after the murder of Ubriacco and Morello, the witness asserted that he was in the wine shop of Vollero on Navy Street when he overheard a conversation between two members of the gang. One of them, he declared, said that he was about to contribute $50 to a fund of $100 that was to be given to Michael Mealli, who at that time was a detective attached to the Sixth Branch Bureau, and that another member was to contribute a like sum. Mealli has since been reduced in rank and assigned to patrol duty.

Celebrate Service of 50 Years.

Fifty years ago yesterday Samuel W. Marvin became connected with Charles Scribner's Sons and in honor of this anniversary a dinner was given Mr. Marvin last evening at the Coffee House, at which forty of his associates were present. Each of the guests had written an appreciation of Mr. Marvin and his services and these were bound and presented to Mr. Marvin by Robert Bridges, editor of Scribner's Magazine. Among those present were Charles Scribner, Arthur H. Scribner, W. C. Brownell, E. L. Burlingame, Robert Bridges and Charles Scribner, Jr.

TIFFANY & CO.

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS
WATCHES, CHINA, STATIONERY

In these days of stress and anxiety we appeal to all to seek the consolation and solace that books alone can give. Do not neglect the friendship and refuge which reading alone can afford. To those who desire to cultivate Courage, to enter the doorway of that quiet temple named Serenity, and to foster the lovely blossom of Hope, it would be well to turn, in this crisis, to the silent company of those who can strengthen the mind, calm the body, and feed with divine food the spiritual nature.

EVERYMAN'S LIBRARY

contains 741 volumes of the world's greatest books, printed and bound in a manner to meet the aesthetic taste of the book-lover. Everyman's Library for sale wherever books are sold, or sent by publishers on receipt of 60 cents. Full red leather, gold stamped, gold top, $1.25 Net. (Postage extra.)

Green's History of England, 2 vols.; Duruy's History of France, 2 vols.

Seven new titles of Everyman's Library just ready.

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York
Send for a complete catalogue.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Store Open All Day, Monday
in accordance with new ruling of the Fuel Administration.

Still More—

Georgette Blouses
For the Great
$2.95 Sale

Beautiful quality Georgette
White and Flesh Color only
All sizes from 34 to 44

Inspired by the success of this event we have uncovered 25 dozens more Blouses which have been added to the wonderful assortment of lovely models offered at the exceptionally low price of $2.95.

These Blouses are regular $3.95 to $5.95 values—some are copies of even more expensive models—all are well made, highly desirable garments. Some are embroidered in color—some are hand-beaded and hand-embroidered in white. A number are trimmed with excellent imitation filet lace, some with fine tucking and imitation venise pattern lace. Others depend on hemstitching, fine pearl buttons and groups of tucks for their charm.

Every Blouse in this great sale is a typical Gimbel Blouse Shop value. New York women know what that means.

GIMBELS Blouse Shop—Third Floor

B. Altman & Co.

AN IMPORTANT SALE
of
Women's Tailor-made Suits
in the new Spring models
will offer extraordinary value
at $38.00
commencing to-day (Saturday)
in the Department for Women's Ready-to-wear,
on the Third Floor.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Fifth Floor, Broadway Front

Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

On Sale To-day 9 A. M.

Men's Silk Lined
Winter Overcoats
Chesterfield and Semi-Dress Models

Reduced to $23.75 *Were Originally up to $32.50*

These Coats are from our regular stock. If we were to purchase them to-day they would regularly be priced up to $42.50

Smart, conservative garments of black or Oxford, soft finished overcoating which will give excellent wear.

The Chesterfield model, made with fly front, is lined throughout with silk. The semi-dress model, in a button-through style, has satin yoke and sleeve lining. Both models have velvet collars.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

Lockhart Mill-End
Sales for Today

GREENHUT'S
"THE BIG STORE"
SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Mr. Lockhart Says:—"Right Judgment Can Only Be Arrived at Through Experience. You Know Nothing of the Advantages I Offer Unless You Are a Patron of My Sale."

Men's Handsome Suits

In Most Popular Fashions and Fabrics, and in a complete range of styles for men and youths

Values to $20; Today Only $12.85

Exceptionally good suits—garments which in every detail measure up to the best shown in any clothing store today at prices ranging up to $20. Our price is $12.85, because this sale is made up of a special purchase which we made under price and certain lots of suits from our own superb stocks.

The Very Styles Being Worn Today by Well-Dressed Men and Youths Everywhere

A remarkable showing of patterns in CASSIMERES, WORSTEDS AND TWEEDS in stripes, checks and neat mixtures. Sizes 33 to 40 chest measure. Come and see these suits, satisfy yourself that the values are uncommonly big.

Better come early in the day, too, to get first "pick"—which is always the best.

Hundreds of Suits for Men and Youths

Regularly Valued to $25, at $15

"Here's another instance," says Lockhart, "where I serve the public to the very best advantage. Some of the smartest and most fashionable garments on the market today in beautiful silk mixtures, stripes, checks, plaids and plain fabrics. I have looked over the lot carefully, and by actual count there are more than 200 patterns. Single or double breasted, belt all around models, and other favorites that will make strong appeal to men and youths."

Winter Overcoats *Worth up to $25, at* $15

"And I maintain," affirmed Lockhart, "that overcoats so good-looking, of such good quality—so good in every part—can't be had elsewhere at this price. You have your choice of either conservative or "snappy" styles in a complete size range for men and youths. There are single and double breasted models, trench coats and Chesterfields, in plain colors and neat mixtures."

LOCKHART SAYS:

Men's Suits at $20

"And I maintain," asserts Lockhart, "that these garments are worth up to $30. No one can contradict me with truth on this proposition. Models of the most fashionable, fabrics of the most durable, perfect tailoring are in evidence in every one of these garments. Wonderful assortments in a complete range of sizes."

Overcoats to $30 at $20

"All I ask is," requests Lockhart, "that you see them. I am not a prophet, but I foresee that clothing prices in the near future will be even higher than they are today. Don't you think it would be a good idea to even anticipate your needs for next Winter? I think so."

Men's & Youths' $3.50 Trousers Today at $1.95

"Get busy here, gentlemen—$1.95 for any kind of trousers is a low price—but when you see these garments you will admit that I, in conjunction with the popular Big Store, am making tailor's history. As a matter of fact these excellent worsted trousers are offered to you at a price that is less than the wholesale today."

"I Have Planned a Great Saturday Sale of

Men's Shirts at $1.65

Regularly up to $2.95, and mighty good values, too."—C. A. L.

Another big purchase of high-grade, stylish, splendidly made shirts from a well-known manufacturer. In this lot you will find assembled fine grades of FIBRE SILK, SILK AND SATIN STRIPED SHIRTINGS, HIGHLY MERCERIZED FABRICS, WOVEN OR CORDED MADRAS, CREPE, RUSSIAN CORDS, MERCERIZED REPP AND POPLIN.

Beautiful new patterns in an endless variety of stripes in black, blue, helio and novelties on white and colored grounds. Each shirt cut full size and faultlessly finished in every detail; all have perfect-fitting neckbands, matched stripes, fine pearl buttons and properly made buttonholes. All colors guaranteed not to fade. All fresh, clean and perfect. All sizes from 14 to 18.

"I'll Throng the Shoe Store Today"
--C. A. L.

Fine footwear for the whole family is in my sale, and these values for men, misses, children and boys are typical.

Men's $5 & $6 "Foot-Mould" Shoes

Three distinct styles of these high-grade shoes for men. Gunmetal Calf, button style, with gray or brown cloth uppers, and tan Russia calf lace shoes with tan cloth uppers. Made over one of the newest flat English lasts; Goodyear welted soles. Sizes 6 to 10; D to E widths; at... $3.65

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We give S&H Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

Store Open All Day Monday
in accordance with new ruling of the Fuel Administration

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

DeMaupassant
(*10 Volumes*) $3.25

A single example of GIMBEL leadership in the field of BOOKS.

Many of this master's best stories; substantially bound in buckram (for you'll want to read them over and over!), $3.25 for the entire set.

Zodiac Birthday Book, 35c
By Beatrice Baxter Ruyle.

Great Men Series (5 vols.) $1.50
Edison, Pasteur, Balzac, Dickens, Wagner—nicely bound in cloth, illustrated, boxed, published at 75c a volume.

Special at 25c each
Books Published at $1.00 to $1.25

Man in the Open, by Rozer Pocock.
The Strange Woman, by Sidney McCall.
Sally Salt, by Mrs. Wilson Woodrow.
The Reef, by Edith Wharton.
Five Thousand An Hour, by George Randolph Chester.
The Red Button, by Will Irwin.
A Man and His Money, by Frederic S. Isham.
The Fetters of Freedom, by Cyrus Townsend Brady.
Guide to Taxidermy, by C. K. C. A. Reed.
The Garden of Resurrection, by E. Temple Thurston.
The Man Who Dreamed Right, by W. Holt White.
The Things That Count, by Lawrence Eyre.
The Long Fight, by George Washington Ogden.
The Son of the Perfect, by Edmund Hamilton Sears.
The Lady of Heaven, by H. Rider Haggard.
The Case of Lady Broadstone, by Arthur W. Marchmont.
The Adventurer, by Rudolf Heroz.
Confessions of a Macedonian Bandit, by Albert Sonnichsen.

GIMBELS—Main Floor.

French War Spirit Interpreted by Frenchmen

A CRUSADER OF FRANCE

Translated from the French of Captain Ferdinand Belmont. Introduction by Henry Bordeaux. Second Edition just published.

Boston *Post* says: "All the idealism of France. All the faith of her sons who are fighting for the nation's life. All the poetry and philosophy innate in one of the national blood of Jeanne d'Arc. These are the thoughts to be found in 'A Crusader of France.'"

TO ARMS! (La Veillee des Armes)

Translated from the French of Marcelle Tinayre by Lucy H. Humphrey. Introduction by Dr. John Finley. Second Edition.

N. Y. *Times* says: "Thoroughly artistic in its simplicity and restraint, the book shows us the very heart of France. Patriotism and self-sacrifice and a high courage far removed from any taint of braggadocio, the book is more than worth reading. It helps us to understand better the spirit of our noble ally, France."

UNDER FIRE (Le Feu)

Translated from the French of Henri Barbusse by Fitzwater Wray.

Thirteenth Edition in Press.

Chicago *Tribune* says: "Under Fire is the greatest book of the war that I have read. You don't think it as good as any war book you've read, you know it is infinitely better. And that unequaled fineness, that genius is what has made me cherish the book for weeks, reading a little at a time and carrying in my mind and my heart the lingering rarity of it."

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E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y. City

Are You Doing You Bit?

We are doing ours by selling direct to the Consumer the finest grade

"All Wool" Knitting Yarns
at Wholesale Price:
65c Per Hank

5 pounds or more $2.50 per lb.
Colors—Fast Dyed Khaki and Grey

Wear-resisting—Knit-firmly—Non-Fading

The Betsy Ross Yarn Co.
mfrs. of High-Grade Yarns
366 Fifth Ave., 4th Floor, Bet. 34th & 35th Sts.
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SEEKS TO REPEAL RURAL SCHOOL LAW

Assembly Bill Is Opposed by the State Education Department.

GIVES DISTRICTS HOME RULE

But Provides for Town Board of Education—Hearing Is Set for Feb. 27.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Content to rest his case with the Legislature itself, Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, today declined to ask Speaker Sweet to postpone the hearing on the bill to repeal the township school law, which has been set for Feb. 27, the day on which the National Education Association holds its annual meeting at Atlantic City. The repeal bill, which caused the break between Governor Whitman and the Speaker, was introduced today, although Assemblyman Morrell E. Tallett, Chairman of the Assembly Education Committee, refused to have anything to do with it on the ground that it bore the earmarks of the State Education Department.

Dr. Thomas E. Finegan, Deputy Commissioner, had been picked by the Education Department to champion the present law, but he will have to be in attendance at the Atlantic City meeting, as he is President of one of the departments of the National Education Association. For that reason it was urged by educators that an attempt be made to have the hearing postponed, but Dr. Finley, while admitting the disadvantage his department would be put to at the hearing, refused to ask for a new hearing date.

"We do not ask for a postponement of the hearing," Dr. Finley wrote Speaker Sweet this afternoon, "for we know that the Legislature will not act on this most important school measure—the most important, in my judgment, enacted since the establishment of free schools in this State—without fullest consideration of what is best for the children in the rural districts."

The Repeal bill seeks to meet the widespread objections voiced by the embattled farmers of the State against the township law, but at the same time retains the town as the unit of administration and taxation. These are two of the principles that the Education Department has fought for, and the legislation proposed today, if enacted, would really be a compromise.

The law now on the statute books makes the town the unit by consolidating the "little red school house" districts under one Board of Trustees elected by the town as a whole. The bill introduced today allows each school district to elect its own Trustee, and provides that these District Trustees shall sit as the Town Board of Education. Certain home-rule authority is given the districts, and provision is made to equalize the school tax burdens of the various districts in the town unit.

"This bill," said Speaker Sweet, "is the result of collective suggestions. It is not introduced for any other purpose than to give the rural citizenry of the State an opportunity to study its provisions intelligently, and indicate whether it meets their approval, and to afford them a chance to offer their suggestions."

REGULAR TRAIN SERVICE MONDAYS.

The Pennsylvania Railroad announces that it will operate suburban trains on regular schedules on Mondays hereafter account cancellation by Fuel Administrator of Monday Suspension Order.—Advt.

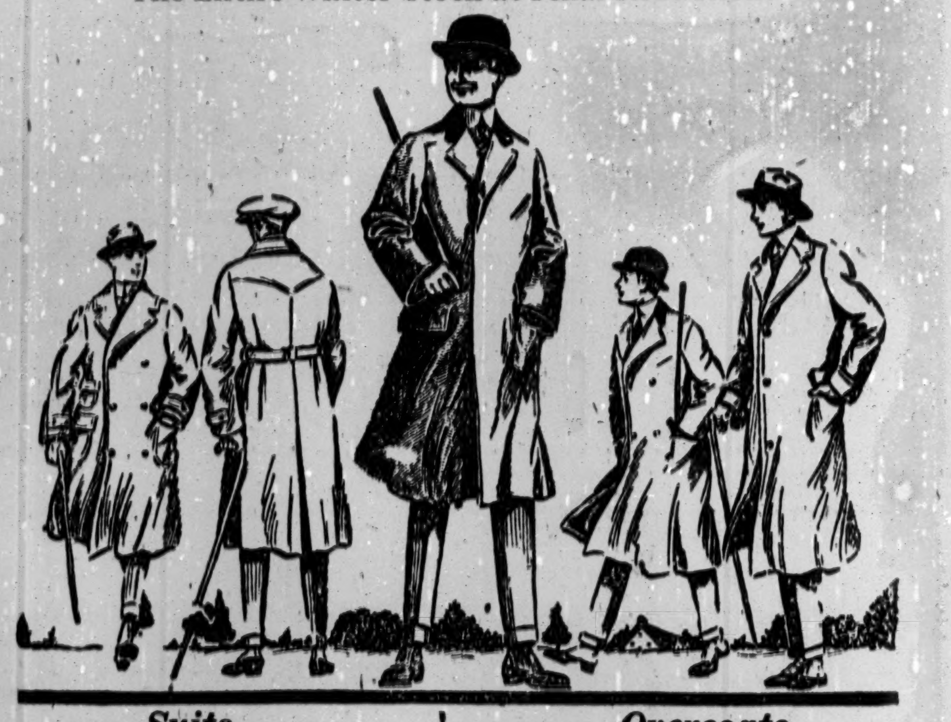
Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Men's Suits and Overcoats

The Entire Winter Stock at Final Reductions.



Suits

$17.75, $23.75, $28.75

Particularly good selection in grey and blue worsteds and unfinished materials. Sizes 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, regular or stout.

Overcoats

$19.75, $24.75, $31.75

Overcoats in a complete range of sizes and styles. Many are just the length and weight for February, March and April wear—and all are regular Lord & Taylor stock.

Small Charge for Alterations

Fourth Floor.

Men's Shoes—Anniversary Sale

Men's Wine Cordovan Boots

English lasts. Usually $11.00. Pair

$8.25

Men's Dark Tan Calfskin Lace Boots

Also Gun Metal Calfskin Lace Boots. Usually $9.00. Pair

$7.25

Men's Tan or Black Lace Boots

New English lasts. A usual $6.50 value. Anniversary Sale, pair,

$5.75

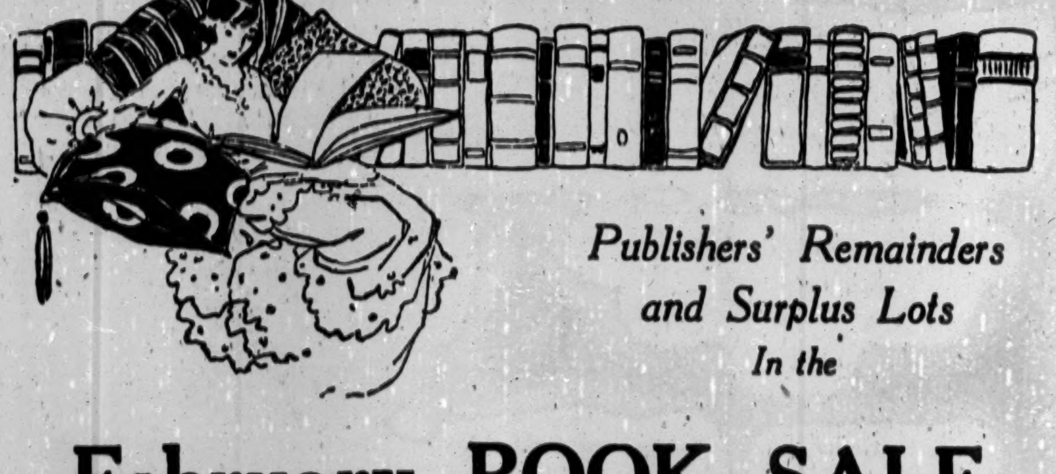
Ground Floor.

Fulton Street
Bond Street

Frederick Loeser & Co. Inc.

BROOKLYN—NEW YORK

Livingston St.
Elm Place



Publishers' Remainders and Surplus Lots In the

February BOOK SALE

Prices Third to Half the Original

UNUSUAL CONDITIONS in publishing as well as in every business have made it seem desirable for publishers to "let go" many interesting volumes at prices lower than they could now be produced.

Loeser's has been alert to secure the best that has been offered and when the price was sufficiently attractive for this February event. We have thus carefully selected a comprehensive collection of Books, representative of the best of the Bookmakers' art, and priced lower for the most part than the average price of new fiction.

Included are Books that will grace any collection, ornament the home and be a source of continued pleasure to the owner. There are practical Books, fiction, standard Books, Books of current interest on affairs of the moment and Books for boys and girls, all at real savings.

Most of these are fresh, clean, new. A few are slightly shopworn from staying on the publishers' shelves. In special price groups at

25c, 39c, 50c, 75c, $1 Up to $4.50

Main Floor.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

Week-End Needs for Every Member of the Family

Our Cash Buying and Cash Selling Mean Lowest Possible Prices for Dependable Merchandise—

Unusual Bargains During Inventory Time

One Day Sale Today

Silver Plated Ware

Rogers & Bro. A-1

10,000 Pieces

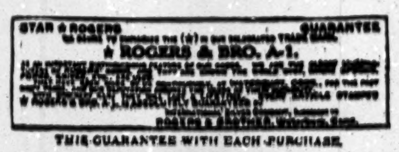
A MOST unusual purchase, made at marked concessions in prices because of discontinuance of pattern, enables us to offer these articles of Rogers & Bro. A1 sectional plated silverware at these VERY EXTRAORDINARY SALE PRICES. Designed in a delightfully conservative pattern and warranted 20 years for practical, everyday service.

.12 Each	.50 Each	Special 1.00
Value .25 to .37	Value 1.00	Value 2.00
Teaspoons Mustard Spoons Oyster Forks Nut Picks	Berry Spoons Gravy Ladles Cold Meat Forks Jelly Knives	Medium Size Soup and Oyster Ladles

.19 Each

Value .50

Table Spoons	Individual	Sugar Shells
Dessert Spoons	Salad Forks	Dessert Forks
Orange Spoons	Round Bowl	Children's Knives
Ice Cream Spoons	Soup Spoons	Bouillon Spoons
Butter Spreaders	Butter Knives	Medium Table Knives



STAR ★ ROGERS GUARANTEE

★ ROGERS & BRO. A-1.

THIS GUARANTEE WITH EACH PURCHASE.

Fashion Says Wear

Silks

Here are some in-demand kinds that are specially priced.

40-inch Crepe de Chines—full crepe weave—large assortment of light and dark colors—value $1.45.................1.25

40-inch Crepe Meteor—dull finish—good quality—new street and evening shades and colors—value $2.35.................1.95

Yard Wide Rough Weave Shantung—new colors, also white—value $3.75.................2.67

35-inch Taffetas—soft chiffon finish—lustrous—light, dark and medium colors.................1.47

Rug News

Inventory Clearances and Special Items will make this a busy day in Rug Section.

Finest Fringed Wilton Rugs—choice designs—

9x12 ft.—value $80.00...	62.75
8.3x10.6 ft.—value $70.00	57.97

Seamless Wool Wilton Rugs—new velvet pile in large range of designs on rose, blue and other grounds—

9x12 ft.—value $37.50...	33.50
8.3x10.6 ft.—value $35.00	29.50
6x9 ft.—value $25.00....	18.97

About 500 Extra Heavy Grade Axminster Rugs—36x70—slight misweaves—perfect price, $6.50—Special 4.77

Velvet Hall and Stair Carpeting—neat effects—red, green, rose and tan grounds.....Special, yd. 1.47

Underwear Specials

Of suitable weight for immediate wear—clearances previous to inventory—hence reductions.

Women's Union Suits

Flesh colored, glove silk tops with white cotton bodies—our reg. $1.23.............. .87

Women's Cotton Union Suits

Bodice tops—tape shoulder straps—loose knee drawer—seconds of .67 qualities...... .43

Extra Size Fleeced Underwear

Low neck vests, sleeveless—knee length drawers—seconds of .73 qualities...... .47

Boys' Fleeced Union Suits

High neck, long sleeves—ankle length—sizes to 10 years—our reg. .87 to .97........... .75

Larger sizes—reg. $1.17...... .87

Girls' Medium-Weight Underwear

Vests, medium neck, elbow sleeves, knee or ankle length—to 14 years—our reg. .57 & .67.... .43

CLEARANCE

Blouses

Styles that are strictly in accord with late fashions—the stock has been gone over and prices reduced so low that a clearance must be effected.

Women's Voile Blouses, odd lots—tailored or trimmed—reg. $2.68 & $2.85 val. Special 1.95

Georgette Crepe Blouses, in popular plain colors and color combinations, mostly all sizes, but not in all styles—our reg. $5.94 & $6.85. Special 4.95

Bewitching Boudoir Caps

68 ct. and $1.00 values.... **.47**

Dainty affairs in crepe de chine or satin, combined with fine net or lace and beruffled with tiny ribbons—also all lace—in round or Dutch style—delicate tints of pink or blue, a few lavender included.

Week-End Specials in GLOVES

Women's One Clasp Chamois Gloves—natural tint—our reg. $1.57........... **1.35**

Women's Washable Capeskin Gloves—white, ivory, pearl and putty—our reg. $1.96..... **1.68**

Jewelry

An exceptional offering of Bar Pins—Actual size 2⅝ inches—set with dainty brilliants—after the models of the genuine—sterling silver—chemically treated—producing a color effect found only in genuine platinum—hand-carved openwork—strong, well made, yet dainty in appearance—safety catch—reg. price $4.97.............. Special 2.97

Other Bar Pins of sterling silver at prices ranging from.. .97 to 9.47

Pearl Necklaces—20 inches long—graduated—unusually fine Oriental coloring—filled beads—solid gold ring clasps—reg. $4.97............Special 3.50

An Umbrella?

Be prepared—always have an extra umbrella on hand. These are inexpensive—yet of excellent wearing fabrics.

Men's and Women's Umbrellas

Of black American taffeta—variety of handles—seconds—our reg. .97................ .77

Men's and Women's Umbrellas

Of excellent piece-dyed fabric—various handles—seconds—our reg. $1.47 and $1.97.....1.17

Our Boys' Department

has a constantly increasing clientele—values are so genuine and so superior to those offered elsewhere that our customers are only too pleased to tell their friends of our values. The merchandise we own is wonderful at the prices offered—in some instances they are less than to'day's wholesale price—for instance: A suit we retail at $4.65 would cost to-day wholesale $5.50 net—we contracted for much of our boys' clothing many, many months ago.

Boys' Norfolk Suits

Single and double breasted models—plain or pleated styles—cheviots, cassimeres, homespuns and velours—9 to 18 years—some have extra trousers—

Our reg. $8.74............	7.50
Our reg. $10.74...........	9.50
Our reg. $11.94...........	10.50

Boys' Navy Blue Suits

Serges, Cheviots and Unfinished Worsteds in Norfolk or trench models, plain or pleated styles—many style belts—smartly tailored—some have extra trousers—

4.96..5.94..6.87..7.94

8.74 to 13.50

Boys' Corduroy Suits

In Brown, Navy or Mouse—some have extra trousers—8 to 17 years.

Our reg. $4.96..............	4.00
Our reg. $5.94..............	5.00
Our reg. $6.87..............	6.00

Young Men's Overcoats

The assortment includes form-fitting and Trench models—single or double-breasted—some double-faced cloth, plaid back, also various Cheviot Overcoatings—plain or storm sleeves—33 to 42 chest measurement in the lot—

Our reg. $11.94 and $13.50.	9.00
Our reg. $16.50...........	12.50
Our reg. $17.50 and $18.50.	13.50
Our reg. $19.50...........	14.50
Our reg. $21.50...........	16.50

Boys' Overcoats

Russian, Trench and Military models, khaki, plain colors and fancies—

Our reg. $3.96.............	3.00
Our reg. $4.96 and $5.94....	4.00
Our reg. $6.87 and $7.94....	5.00
Our reg. $8.74.............	7.00
Our reg. $9.74.............	8.00
Our reg. $10.74 and $11.94..	9.00
Our reg. $13.50...........	10.00

Fur Collared Overcoats

Our reg. $16.50...........10.50

Misses' and Young Women's SPRING SUITS and FROCKS

Introducing the very latest whims of Fashion—To make them doubly interesting they are marked at conservative prices.

SUITS at 26.75

Of Jersey and Serge—introduce the new Tuxedo front coat that is braid bound, or another dressy ripple effect—with long shawl or white top collar—the skirts share in the distinctive lines also. The serges come in navy and black, and the jerseys in tan, Pekin, rose and olive drab.

A Special in FROCKS for Misses at 14.75

Crepe de Chines and Taffetas—navy, pearl grey, new blue, mulberry, taupe and black—becoming blouses, with collars of satin or Georgette—skirts with graceful tunics or full ripple on side.

SUITS at 39.75

The style feature at this price is the new Pony Coat that is satin bound and trimmed with buttons, with a white or sand collar and vestee—inverted, pleated skirt with yoke. It is made of Fine Serge and may be had in Rookie, Navy and Black.

There are other smart models also at this price.

GEORGETTE FROCKS at 22.75

The tucked blouse has a collar that forms revers over an embroidered vestee—the skirt also is tucked and has a slight overdrapery that adds to its gracefulness—and the whole frock is silk lined—the colors are varied and include navy, Copenhagen, taupe and pearl grey.

Saturday Corset Specials

Novelty and Coutil Corsets

Medium bust models—sizes 20-22-25 only—our reg. $5.00.2.64

Fine Coutil Corsets

Medium and high bust models—sizes 21 to 26—our reg. $6.00.2.84

Women's Corsets

Of fancy dotted materials—medium and low bust models—sizes 19 and 20 only—value $3.00..1.34

Clearances in

Dresser Appointments—Infants' Sets, Etc.

All marked with Magical Red Tickets that mean unusual values.

Ivory Tint Infant Sets—white, pink and blue—were $1.74........1.36

Ivory Tint Jewelry Boxes—were .46... .36 | were .56... .46

Ivory Tint Toilet Sets—were $8.46..................5.96

Ivory Tint Nail Buffers—were .74... .46 | were. 96... .64

Ebony Military Sets—2-piece—were $4.23.................2.84

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Arrived!

A Shipment of Paris Hats

Just received on S. S. Touraine, via Bordeaux, a collection of model Hats from the following well-known Paris ateliers:

Mon. Vimont
Evelyne Varon
Madame Louison
Madeleine's
Mme. Vasselin-Vittetart
Jeanne Duc
Marie Lancret
Maria Guy
Jane & Geo
Mon. Lewis
Jeanne Lanvin
Suzanne Talbot
Julia
Madame Georgette
Rose Descat
Marthe Yerles
Caroline Reboux

Individual and exclusive creations expressing the very latest thoughts hurried here for inspirations for our own milliners. Newness, artistic taste and refined smartness are expressed in these models.

We present a three-day selection before permitting our milliners to take them in hand. Hats selected will not be copied.

We cannot promise another shipment until after Easter, therefore an early selection is advisable.

Fourth Floor.

Store Open All Day Monday in accordance with new ruling of the Fuel Administration.

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

You May Know the Clothing Situation

If you do, you'll ACT. Woolens climbing in price, woolens scarce in every market, woolens in greater and greater demand for War.

And HERE NOW (because Clearance means what it says at GIMBELS) savings like *these:*

$17.50

(Formerly $22.50 to $25)

Winter Suits in the year's most approved models; plain brown and fancy patterns. Broken sizes, but most men can be fitted.

Winter Overcoats—Chesterfield, Trench and Ulster models.

Plain Oxford Greys, grey mixtures and a few fancy coatings in all sizes. Sizes broken; may not be two of a kind. Not bought for a sale.

$29.75 (Formerly $35 to $40)

Our Finest Suits

Late models and colorings. Sizes for almost every man; plain blue, plain black, brown or grey mixtures. A few for year-round wear.

Full Satin-Lined O'coats

Chesterfield, Ulster and Trench models. Single breasted, loose-fitting overcoats. Dark oxford greys, fancy patterns.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Men's Stitched Tweed Hats, 85c

GIMBELS—(Samples) Fourth Floor

Every Traveler should have at least one

Wardrobe Trunk

INNOVATION

$25, $30, $35 to $95

GIMBELS Sole Agents for Innovation Trunks.

GIMBELS—Fifth Floor

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Announce That They Will Offer Today

Aquascutum London Overcoats

Regularly $35

Reduced to $21.50

¶ Fine British-made coats, in Winter and Spring weights, tailored with that dependable characteristic thoroughness which individualizes every overcoat bearing the aquascutum label.

¶ They are made of warmth-without-weight English woolens, in a splendid variety of colorings, and at this remarkable price of $21.50 are a most phenomenal offering.

Sixth Floor

Dr. A. Reed
CUSHION SHOES

at
Sale Prices

The Shoes that we have temporarily reduced in price for this sale are worth exactly as much now as three weeks ago, when we asked from $2 to $3 more. This is an unusual money saving event and a chance to buy this famous comfort shoe at sale prices.

For Men

Shoes in Black Calf, suitable for wear the year 'round, in stylish, comfortable shapes. Special at

$6.95 and $7.45

For Women

Shoes of Glazed Kid, Lace and Button Boots, with either Kid or Black Cloth tops, and Patent Leather Boots with Mat Kid or Black Cloth tops. Special at

$6.45, $6.95 and $7.45

At Both Stores
1372 Broadway, at 37th St.
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

For Men Made by
J.P. SMITH SHOE CO.

For Women Made by
JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

The Rotogravure Section with Sunday's New York Times contains from 12 to 16 pages of beautiful pictures of current events and advertisements printed in the finest style of newspaper art. Enters over 400,000 homes every Sunday.

SAW SHIPMATES DIE IN SINKING STEAMER

British Skipper and Nine of Crew Choose to Stick to Doomed Ship.

ALLAN LINER STOOD BY

Survivors Saw Last Rocket Fired from the Larrinaga Before She Foundered.

The tale of a British skipper who refused to leave his ship and with nine other members of her crew went to his death, was told yesterday by eleven survivors of the British steamship Miguel de Larrinaga, which foundered off the Newfoundland coast on Feb. 6. The men described the hazardous attempt to save a storm-battered vessel; of men who elected to stay with their skipper; of the anxious hours on board the rescue ship watching the rockets that were sent up from the distressed vessel, and the sudden end of the rockets, which showed that the stricken craft had foundered.

The Miguel de Larrinaga of nearly 5,000 tons, sailed from this port late in January with a cargo of oats bound for an English port. On Feb. 3 the freighter was wallowing in an easterly gale, bucking waves of great height. About noon the steamship went head foremost into one of them which broke directly above her bow. The cover had been torn from the forward hatch, water poured into the hold, and some of the bulkheads had apparently been torn out.

On deck the men fought to save the vessel. Captain Williams, who had been almost constantly on the bridge, directed the efforts to cover the hatch. Man after man was lowered into the hold, but the task was too much for them. Finally the water put the engine room fires out, and the Larrinaga, unable to make headway, fell off at the mercy of the sea. S O S calls were sent out at midnight, and an answering signal came from the Allan liner Pomeranian.

"The remainder of the night we tried to save the ship, and waited for the help we knew was coming," said Jess Gilsomino, the deck room steward, yesterday. "That night, fortunately for us, the weather moderated. The Pomeranian came up to us in the early morning and signalled that she was standing by until it was light enough to lower a boat. When light came we could make out the other vessel, and at 8 o'clock the first boat from her crept alongside of us. There were thirty-seven in the crew, and the Captain told us that the men who wanted to leave the vessel could go. To one of the stewards the skipper said that he was going to be the last man to leave his ship, and that he did not think it was then time to leave her."

The boat left the sinking ship, taking most of her crew. Several hours later the small boat from the Pomeranian again crept to the lee of the Larrinaga. Again the skipper told those of the men who wanted to go to climb into the small boat. This time there were only a few who left. The Chief Officer, R. S. Marn; the Second Officer, a gunner, and six of the seamen lined up with the Captain and said they would not leave.

The Captain of the Pomeranian, after an exchange of signals with Captain Williams, said he would take the Larrinaga in tow. Again the small boat crept across the quarter of a mile of rough water that separated the two vessels. The officer in command carried a line to pass to the crippled vessel so that she might be towed. After a great deal of work, during which time the small boat was nearly crushed against the iron side of the Larrinaga, the men succeeded in passing the line. The work of drawing in the steel hawser was begun, but the line parted and the vessels drifted apart.

"I shall not leave my ship," Captain Williams signaled on Monday night, and the men with him refused to take to the small boat.

Late on Tuesday afternoon the Captain of the Larrinaga set the international code signal that he and his men were then ready to leave the derelict. The Pomeranian ran in as near the sinking steamship as possible, and a boat was lowered, with six volunteers in it, but, after battling the waves four hours, it was forced to abandon the effort to reach the stranded ship.

The Pomeranian stood by all Tuesday night and all of Wednesday. When night came rockets began to go up from the Larrinaga, and the men stood together on deck and watched the flares in the sky. The last rocket went up about 7:30 o'clock, and when morning came the Larrinaga was not in sight.

The survivors were landed at Halifax. From there the British members of the crew were sent home, and the eleven Americans were taken to New York. The Americans were Jess Gilsomino, S. Y. Gleslas, J. Triantafilen, B. Childa, A. Nicolas, Louis Rodriguez, Jacob Itis, J. de Vries, José Perez, J. Stam, and Angelus Conalus.

WOMEN'S LEAGUE DINES.

Service Organization Seeks to Raise $250,000.

Nearly 300 women, comprising 32 teams, gathered at a luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin yesterday and opened a week's drive for $250,000 to carry on a year's work of the National League for Women's Service. Miss Maude Wetmore, President of the league, presided, and told what it was doing. It has enrolled 200,000 volunteer workers since its organization in January, 1917. Canteen Service, Home Economics, Agriculture, and Industry are a few of the committees under which its work is being done.

"We are not asking money to carry on a program," said Miss Wetmore. "We have shown what can be done in mobilising the volunteer women of the country for work. We are the one large women's organization in this country which is not tied up with red tape."

Mrs. Edward McVicker is Chairman of the Financial Campaign Committee, and Mrs. Hunter S. Marsdon, Vice Chairman.

Tired Mothers

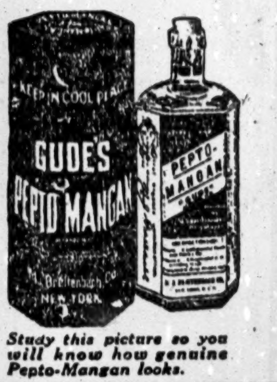
If sleep does not refresh you, if you are pale and your appetite is poor, if you are always tired and frequently irritable—Pepto-Mangan will help you, provided your condition is not caused by a serious organic disease.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

The mental, moral and physical welfare of children, the guardianship of family funds, the straining to make ends meet, the big and little worries which come with the multitudinous responsibilities of housekeeping—all combine to make many women weak and nervous under the stress.

Loss of vitality is usually caused by the blood having become thin and sluggish. You cannot remain strong if the blood is too weak and watery to drive out poisons and carry nourishment throughout the system.



Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

Pepto-Mangan is a true tonic because it strengthens the blood by putting goodly amounts of iron in it, to enrich it with thousands of new, healthy red blood cells.

A short course of pleasant tasting Pepto-Mangan is usually beneficial, because a plentiful supply of rich, red blood strong in iron, driving through the veins brings back health, vigor and appetite.

Pepto-Mangan cannot injure the teeth nor disturb the stomach.

Friendly Warning: The genuine *Gude's* Pepto-Mangan is sold in only one way, in the bottle and package as pictured in this advertisement; never in bulk. Refuse all substitutes—there are many. Read circulars around bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York
Manufacturing Chemists

Thompson-Starrett Company

Has Been Selected to Build the Big Explosives Plant near Charleston, West Virginia, for the United States Government

THIS is probably the biggest single order ever placed with a contractor. It involves an estimated expenditure of over $80,000,000, and it is estimated that as many as 20,000 men will be employed at one time in its construction.

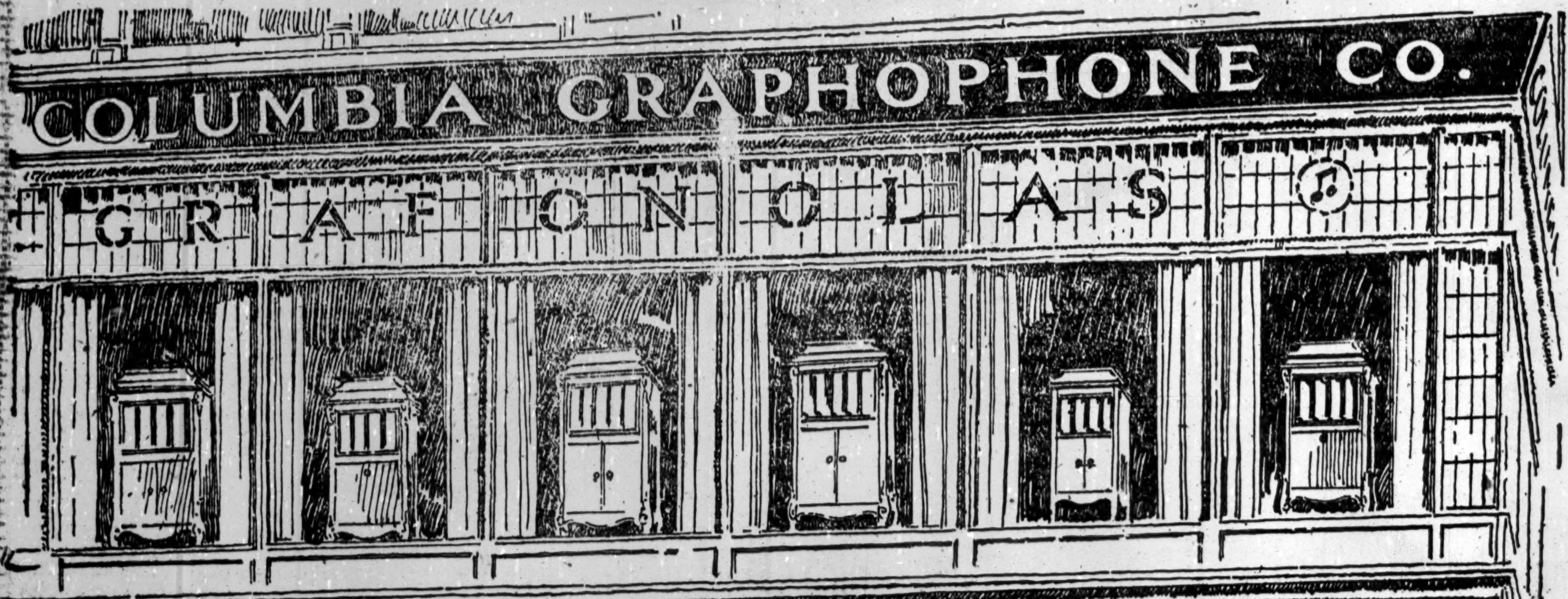
Mr. D. C. Jackling has been appointed Special Director by the Secretary of War, and the plant will be erected and operated under his direction. Messrs. Graham, Anderson, Probst & White, of Chicago, are the Designing Engineers.

We are naturally proud of the fact that this organization, which has served private enterprises so successfully for many years, has been privileged to place its unique experience and splendid facilities at the service of the United States Government, practically from the beginning of hostilities between this country and the enemy.

Our first big operation for the Government was the Yaphank Cantonment, which was admittedly the most difficult of the sixteen built, owing to the tremendous difficulties of the terrain, but which was finished on contract time and to the full satisfaction of the Government.

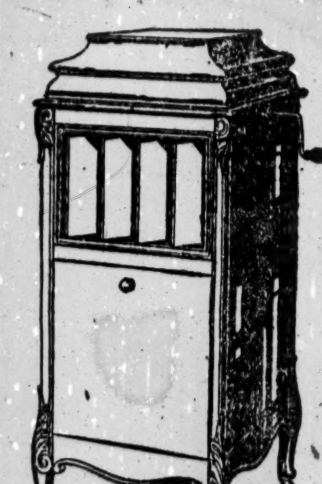
Obviously, our selection by the Government for this big and important work is a manifestation of confidence too sweeping to need elaboration.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
NEW YORK



COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE CO.
FIFTH AVE

A Complete Grafonola Outfit On Exceptionally Favorable Terms



This $110 Grafonola
All the latest refinements. Full, smooth, rich tone. Cabinet of handsome design. Mahogany, walnut, or oak. 44⅝ in. high and 19 in. wide x 21¾ in. deep. Cabinet with a capacity of 60 records.

With This Equipment

40 selections on Columbia Records	$15.00
4 Record Albums priced at	4.40
100 Fibre Needles	.40
Fibre Needle Cutter	1.50
	$21.30

All for $10 on Delivery and $5 a Month

This is your opportunity to get a complete, high-grade Columbia Grafonola outfit at rock-bottom price and on unusually liberal terms. It gives you everything you need, a superb, clear-toned Grafonola with all the latest improvements, a large cabinet of extremely handsome design, albums, needles, needle cutter, and any 40 selections on standard 75c Columbia Records. The entire outfit costs but $131.30 and is sold for $10 on delivery and $5 a month. We have other equally attractive combination offers on both lower and higher priced Grafonolas. If you are thinking of buying a phonograph you should certainly visit the Columbia Shop before making a final decision.

Columbia Grafonolas in Period Designs

These rarely beautiful Grafonola Cabinets are executed in the best styles of all artistic periods from Gothic and Elizabethan to Adam and Chippendale. Prices are moderate, as little as $250 for an exquisite Queen Anne design, and convenient terms may be arranged for all models.

Columbia Shop
Fifth Avenue at 37th Street — N. E. Corner

Columbia
Columbia Records
TRADE MARK
Grafonola

Columbia Shop at 5th Ave. and 37th St.

SEND THIS COUPON
for illustrated catalogs of Standard and Period Grafonolas

THE COLUMBIA SHOP
5th Avenue at 37th Street
Telephone Vanderbilt 4974

Please send me your illustrated catalogs of Standard and Period Grafonolas.

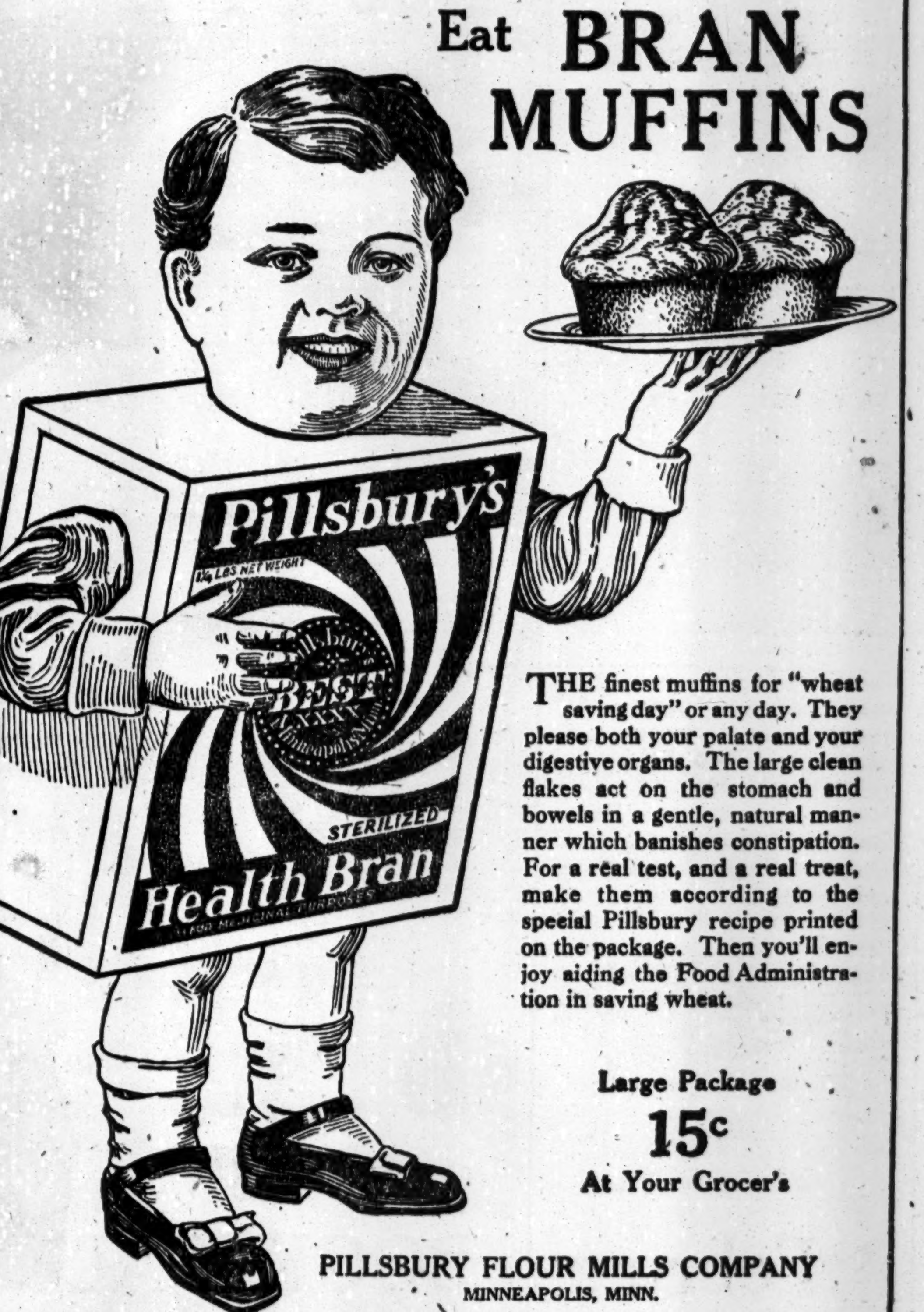
Name__________

Address__________

City__________

State__________

Save Wheat
Eat BRAN MUFFINS



THE finest muffins for "wheat saving day" or any day. They please both your palate and your digestive organs. The large clean flakes act on the stomach and bowels in a gentle, natural manner which banishes constipation. For a real test, and a real treat, make them according to the special Pillsbury recipe printed on the package. Then you'll enjoy aiding the Food Administration in saving wheat.

Large Package
15c
At Your Grocer's

PILLSBURY FLOUR MILLS COMPANY
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WURLITZER
Player Pianos
Excel All Others
113-119 West 40th St.
Bet. Broadway & 6th

CHILDREN OF PASSAGE
By Frederick Watson

N. Y. Herald says: "One of those beautiful stories of the Scotch Highlands that are ever refreshing. In this volume there is a tragi-comedy of modern life, in which the author proves himself a master at character drawing."

$1.50 Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores.

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Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N.Y.

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50 John St., N.Y. Phone 4825-4826 John.

MITCHEL CAMPAIGN EXPENSES DEFENDED

Childs Points to Cost of Building New Organization to Meet Tammany's Trained Fighters.

NO REGRET FOR THE EFFORT

Treasurers Lewisohn and Clarke Make Statement of Where the Money Went.

William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Fusion Committee of 1917, made a report yesterday to the full committee in which he set forth at length his explanation of the defeat of Mayor Mitchel and the Fusion ticket last Fall, as well as the reason for the expenditure of a campaign fund of more than $987,000. Accompanying the report were statements made by Sam A. Lewisohn, Treasurer of the Fusion Committee, and Lewis L. Clarke, Treasurer of the City Publicity Committee, showing all the moneys received and disbursed.

Chairman Childs pointed out that Tammany, with an organization perfected with years of work, down to the last election district, with clubhouses for meetings and experienced and willing workers, all of which cost nothing, spent over half a million dollars, more than half as much as the fusionists, who were compelled to build from the ground a new political party and provide and pay for all these things Tammany had without expenditure.

Mr. Childs said it was not his purpose to "refute the many unfounded statements reflecting upon the work undertaken in the recent municipal campaign by those who unselfishly gave their time and their money in a sincere effort to continue clean government in the city." The chief object of attack, said Mr. Childs, seemed to be the total amount collected and disbursed. The only committees for which the Fusion Committee of 1917 was responsible, he said, were the Fusion Committee of 1917 and the City Publicity Committee.

"Their total expenditures were $987,000," he said. "The reports from the other side on file in the office of the Secretary of State show that over $500,000 was spent in support of the Tammany candidates, who had the aid without any attendant expense of efficient Tammany organizations in every election district throughout the city, of free clubhouses and free party workers.

"The disbursement, however, of $987,000 in a municipal campaign requires an explanation. The reasons that called for the spending of so large a sum I shall try briefly to indicate.

An Extraordinary Campaign.

"The municipal campaign of 1917 was in many respects the most extraordinary the city has ever witnessed. Economic conditions, political disaffection, popular prejudice industriously generated for the past two years, division of sentiment concerning the attitude of Mayor Mitchel toward preparedness and the conduct of the war, all, it now seems, tended from the beginning to make his re-election extremely difficult despite the conviction of disinterested and public-spirited citizens, without respect to party affiliations, that he had been the best Mayor the City of New York ever had.

"Opponents of Mayor Mitchel had attacked the Gary schools as 'a scheme for the industrial enslavement of the children of the City of New York.' They had criticised the Dreamland and Rockaway purchases and they had misrepresented the negotiations with the New York Central Railroad looking to the reconstruction of the tracks in Riverside Park. Other groundless charges were made. It is always easy to attack, but where the attack is made insidiously and pressed for political advantage it requires both time and the expenditure of money for the assembling, distribution and submission of the actual facts.

"Therefore, even before the Republican primaries, and when it was assumed that the Mayor would have the undivided support of the Republican party (as well as the support of the Independent Democratic and nonpartisan voters) those responsible for the conduct of the campaign outlined it along extensive advertising and educational lines in order to combat the strong and sinister misrepresentations concerning the Mayor's administration which had been vigorously asserted over a long period of time, and which in the opinion of those whose judgment was deemed sound could only be met by publication in the newspapers and periodicals and by the dissemination of the facts concerning the administration in pamphlet form, to the end that the widest distribution might be secured. This educational endeavor alone cost in excess of $500,000."

Great Cost of Organization.

Unusual organization expenses, Mr. Childs continued, helped to swell the total.

"With the Mayor defeated for the Republican nomination," said Mr. Childs, "the committee was confronted with the alternative of withdrawing Mr. Mitchel's candidacy and leaving the selection of Mr. Bennett, (who, as events showed, was not the real choice of the Republican voters,) to Mr. Hillquit, the Socialist candidate, and to Judge Hylan.

"In the interest of what was keenly felt to be the need of the city it was determined that a fight must be made. With the election only five weeks' distant and with the loss of the Republican organization, in so far as the Mayor's candidacy was concerned, those seeking to compass his election found themselves without even the rudiments of a political organization. We had no district leaders; we had no election district captains; we had no County Chairman; we had nothing but the material for and the commitments of a wide advertising and educational campaign. Without an organization for an effective campaign and for the handling of meetings it would have been useless to go on. The need for such a campaign was thought to be greater than ever, and the huge task of building up an organization in over sixty Assembly ditricts and 2,000 election districts throughout the entire city was undertaken. Some of these organizations were finally recruited from Republicans who took a broader view of the wishes of the Republican voters than the face of the primary returns indicated, but in many cases the organizations had to be entirely independent. This matter of building up organizations and working vigorously by way of indoor and outdoor meetings was placed in the hands of one who had had practical political organization experience for over twenty years."

During the last three weeks of the campaign, Mr. Childs said, it became very apparent that unless a supreme effort to arouse the voters was made, the Mayor could not be re-elected.

"That effort," he said, "was earnestly made. Hundreds of indoor and outdoor meetings were held, the advertising campaign was redoubled, and campaign literature was spread broadcast over the entire city.

"Our work was unavailing. We have, however, no cause for grief or regret that we stood behind the effort. A combination of circumstances prevented the achievement of the worthy aim to continue the best administration the City of New York ever had, and as citizens with the welfare of our municipality at heart we pray that there may be no lowering of its standard."

The report of Treasurer Lewisohn shows that the Fusion Committee received $540,822.94 in contributions and spent $573,071.71, leaving a deficit of $32,248.77. The City Publicity Committee, according to the report of Treasurer Clarke, received $368,250 in contributions and spent $414,052.73, leaving a deficit of $45,710.90. To both committees $100,000 was lent by some one not mentioned in the report to take care of the deficits, which left a cash balance in the treasury of the Fusion Committee of $17,251.23, and a balance in the treasury of the City Publicity Committee of $3,780.10.

APPEAL IN VANDERBILT CASE

State Controller Will Contest New York Surrogate's Tax Ruling.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—State Controller Travis will appeal to the higher courts the Vanderbilt case, in which the Surrogate of New York County decided against the State's claim of the additional $80,000 inheritance tax.

Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt made a bequest of $2,000,000 in his will to his wife, Margaret E. McKim Vanderbilt, in lieu of dower. The Surrogate held that this bequest was a debt against the estate, and therefore not taxable.

TELEPHONE CLERK POSED AS MARQUIS

Continued from Page One.

with Mr. Stokes he mentioned casually that he was expecting Ambassador Jusserand the following day, and that he was to entertain him.

The next day Mr. Stokes received a visit from the "Marquis," who was greatly excited.

"I am ruined! my reputation is gone! my check has not come, and the Ambassador is on his way. What shall I do?" he said.

Mr. Stokes explained to the officials that he straightened it all out by promptly advancing the $500 which the "Marquis" said he needed to entertain his distinguished guest.

Several days passed. The French Ambassador, so far as Mr. Stokes knew, had been to New York, had been entertained, and was back at his desk in Washington.

The "Marquis" again appeared at the Ansonia. He had a letter, and the letter was signed "Alph."

$50,000,000 Loan to Spain.

In effect the letter stated that Spain was very short of ready money and that the Government needed $50,000,000, and further it was stated that if "My dear M. le Marquis" can get the money Spain "will cast her lot with the Allies."

Mr. Stokes was impressed. Here was Spain ready to join the Allies provided the modest sum of $50,000,000 was forthcoming. Mr. Stokes proceeded to the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co. at 23 Wall Street. There he met William Pierson Hamilton, a brother-in-law of J. P. Morgan and a member of the firm. He put the matter of the loan to Spain up to Mr. Hamilton, but Mr. Hamilton was not impressed. Instead of agreeing to negotiate the loan, Mr. Hamilton communicated with Secretary of State Lansing. Mr. Lansing said that it was the first he had heard of the $50,000,000 loan, and added that if any such transaction was entered into it would be entered into between the Governments of the countries concerned. Mr. Hamilton so informed Mr. Stokes, and the latter informed the "Marquis" that the loan had fallen through.

The "Marquis" then began to show signs of extreme nervousness. He got another letter from "Alph," and in this letter the King of Spain said that the first letter was all a mistake, and that the Spanish Government did not need any money. The King said it was a "personal loan of $50,000,000" that was desired.

The United States Secret Service was on the case now. A few days later—about three weeks ago—the "Marquis" was arrested. The authorities were not communicative regarding the case and a "mystery" followed so far as the general public was concerned.

His Crest a Fur Trademark.

The facts in the case went to the Federal Grand Jury, of which William Pierson Hamilton, to whom Mr. Stokes had carried the $50,000,000 proposition, is the foreman. The Grand Jury inspected a rubber stamp used by the "Marquis," and when the stamp was pressed on paper it left the words "Spanish Embassy." The jury also saw the innocent-looking seal of Westchester County imprinted on a huge mass of wax, the wax colored with gold paint, the document on which the Westchester seal appeared being the official credentials of the "Marquis," given to him by his friend "Alph." Another exhibit was some United States Treasury Department stationery which had come into the possession of "di Castillot," and also a forged warship, pier and ferry pass which bore the forged signature of "H. C. Stewart," Deputy Collector of Customs for the Port of New York.

The "Marquis di Castillot" also had a crest. When examined by the Federal officials the crest proved to be the trade mark of a well-known New York fur house. This crest appeared on the envelopes inclosing letters which the "Marquis" is said to have mailed at the Waldorf.

Yesterday afternoon the Grand Jury filed into the court of Judge Edwin S. Thomas. Assistant United States District Attorney Laurence H. Axman was there as representative of the Department of Justice. Mr. Hamilton handed the indictment to the clerk of the court. Judge Thomas immediately fixed bail in the sum of $15,000. And the "Marquis" with head down went to the Tombs.

ARREST DR. I. STRAUS AS AN ENEMY ALIEN

Manufacturer of an Ingredient Used in Explosive Is Taken to Ellis Island.

Agents of the Department of Justice arrested last Wednesday Dr. Isaac Straus, who makes his home at the Hotel Nassau, Long Beach, L. I., and who is the head of a concern which is engaged in making an ingredient used in the manufacture of trinitrotoluol, one of the most powerful explosives known. Dr. Straus has an office at 33 West Forty-second Street.

The Federal authorities said last night that Dr. Straus had been arrested by order of the Attorney-General in Washington, who acted under authority of the President's enemy alien regulations. Dr. Straus, it was added, has not been interned but is held on Ellis Island pending the outcome of investigations which are being made by the Secret Service. Dr. Straus has a wife and several children who are now at the Hotel Nassau. He is about 40 years old and is said to be one of the best known and wealthiest German subjects resident in this city.

Another German subject, whose name is withheld, was also taken to Ellis Island yesterday, where he is detained while an investigation is made of his past activities. It was reported that this man was arrested at about the same time as Dr. Straus and was also taken under an order of Attorney General Gregory.

10,000 UPTON SOLDIERS PARADE HERE FEB. 22

Two Regiments of Infantry, Field Artillery, and Other Units To Be in Line.

The Mayor's Committee on National Defense announced last night that 10,000 soldiers from Camp Upton would parade down Fifth Avenue on Washington's Birthday. The units will be announced by Brig. Gen. Evan M. Johnston, U. S. A., acting commander at Camp Upton, this afternoon, following a conference which General Johnston will have with members of the Mayor's committee at the Hotel Astor.

The soldiers will arrive in New York next Thursday afternoon, and, as most of them will be from New York Cit they will go to their homes to remai until the hour of mobilization the following day. There will probably two regiments of infantry, at least o battery of field artillery, and units fro other arms of the Camp Upton Division.

The conference at the Astor this afternoon, at which the final details of th parade will be decided, will be attende by General Johnston, Adjt. Gen. Charle E. Sherrill, Major Michael Friedsam o General Sherrill's staff, Chairma George W. Loft of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, Directo General Henry MacDonald of the committee, Nicholas F. Brady, Dr. John A Harriss, and L. G. Kaufman.

75% Increase in Prices.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Avera wholesale prices have increased 75 pe cent. since the world war began, ac cording to a review made public toda by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Mo of the advance has been within the la two years.

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OVER THERE AND BACK

IN THREE UNIFORMS

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEB. 16, 1918.

COMMERCE YIELDS TO WAR.

The President's proclamation putting our foreign commerce under War Trade Board licenses in order that tonnage may be released for the transport of soldiers and their supplies is the most effective peace message that we could send forth for German reading. It is worth months of debate on war aims and peace terms with Teutonic Chancellors and Foreign Ministers. No analysis is required, no painstaking search for hidden meanings, no conjecture about doors possibly left open for peace overtures. The step taken is a proclamation to all the world that the nation is faithful to its pledge to devote all its resources to the winning of the war. That is the shortest road to peace.

We should not set strict bounds to our immense foreign commerce, we should not voluntarily limit the volume of trade that yields us such an immense favorable balance, were we not in dead earnest. All our foreign commerce, exports and imports alike, will from today be carried on subject to the license of the War Trade Board. It is not an embargo, restrictions will be imposed only when essential to the accomplishment of "definite and necessary objects." These measures "are forced upon us by the critical "tonnage situation and the necessity "of availing ourselves of every possible means of maintaining our "armies in France." The limitation of exports is further necessary to conserve the products of our soil and industry "for the use of our own people "and the peoples of the nations associated with us in war."

These restrictions we put upon ourselves, the sacrifices we make, are means to an end, the supreme end of victory. "This power will be exercised," says the War Trade Board, "with the single purpose of winning "the war." It is one of the most serious and far-reaching measures we have taken to make Germany feel the weight of our military power. When we give ourselves up to the discussion of war aims and the conditions of peace the German military party becomes incredulous, they doubt whether we intend to make war in earnest. The proclamations issued by President WILSON, perhaps more than any other step we have taken, will tend to convince Germany that, having entered the war, we are going to fight.

AN APPEAL TO FARMERS.

To farmers in the South a forcible appeal has been sent by Assistant Secretary OUSLEY of the Department of Agriculture, a Southern man, who urges them to produce enough food for themselves and their live stock this year, saying that failure to do this will subject them to privation and "put upon the nation a burden which "may prolong the war and even imperil our victory." Having recently visited many parts of the country and studied the reports of the department's 18,000 local representatives, with those of the Institute of Agriculture at Rome for the whole world, he finds "the plain, hard truth" to be that production cannot exceed normal requirements, and may not satisfy imperative need. This year our railroads may not be able to carry food and fodder to States whose people do not take a sufficient supply from their own land.

> It is the highest demand of patriotism, and the first requirement of living, that in 1918 every State, every county, every neighborhood, every farmer, be as nearly self-supporting as possible. For the South to plunge on cotton or tobacco or any other speculative crop, and to depend upon the corn belt for bread and meat, will be for the South to engage in a gamble which may cause privation for its people and disaster for the nation. For any man now to determine his business operations from the standpoint of profit alone, without regard for the nation's needs, is for him willfully to profiteer in the blood of his fellows who are fighting in France for the preservation of the Republic.

What is said in this appeal deserves to be considered not only by farmers in the South, but also by those of the North and West, although a large majority of these provide for their own wants. Their output should be larger this year than it was in 1917. More food is needed by our partners in the war. There is an example for them in what British agriculturists have done, although war has taken so many from their fields. On the day when Mr. OUSLEY addressed Southern planters, BONAR LAW, in the House of Commons, said that last year the cultivated area in England, Scotland, and Ireland was increased by 1,200,000 acres, and that plows would soon be at work on 1,000,000 acres in addition. But Great Britain is the only European belligerent nation whose product of food has not been reduced, and the British need much. To meet the demand in England, France, Belgium, and Italy we must save for them before next Summer more than 100,000,000 bushels of the wheat we now have. This year all of our food crops should be large. The time for field and garden work is not far away. Can farmers get the help that is required? All should strive to assist the two Government departments which by thorough inquiry and local registration are trying to solve the labor problem.

THE SIXTEEN.

Our friends, the Drys, have good reason to complain of the coquettish and fickle conduct of the Republicans in the Legislature. The original Republican program was understood to be to pass the prohibition amendment in the Assembly and to defeat or block it in the Senate. This was the "fifty-fifty" of true rockbound political courage. Alas! Speaker SWEET, ever backsliding and apparently tickling a too capacious sense of humor by first mystifying and then disappointing the hopes of the virtuous, now calmly tells the prohibitionists that only 60 Republican Assemblymen will vote to ratify the amendment, whereas 76 votes are necessary. Most of the Democrats are in the gall of bitterness and the bond of iniquity. There is no hope of converting them. The Socialists are expected to vote No. The task of the prohibitionists is to pluck sixteen Republican brands from the burning.

Sixteen conversions! It is a large task. The Dry missionaries are setting about it with a zeal possibly a little ampler than their expectation. Every friend of reform, every student of reclamation, will watch curiously this campaign for the redemption of the Sixteen.

Meanwhile, will Governor WHITMAN, a convinced if comparatively recent convert, self-converted, to prohibition, hesitate long between unofficial—his present status—and official devotion to prohibition? It is his nagging opponents who are manoeuvring so mischievously. Possibly the Sixteen or some of them would be more easily influenced by practical, concrete arguments, such as a Governor has the power to make, than by all the honey and the thunder of the missionaries. It is a queer and often interesting comedy that is playing at Albany in so many scenes. Too bad the Anti-Saloon League is too severe to enjoy it.

CHAIRMAN HURLEY'S CALL.

The telegram of Chairman HURLEY of the Shipping Board to WILLIAM L. HUTCHESON, head of the recalcitrant Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, uses the language of appeal, but it is a stern call to duty. Behind it is public opinion with storm signals flying. This labor union, or any other, or all labor unions conspiring together, could not stand against the American people enlisted for the war and determined to see it through to a lasting peace. But it is not a case of the labor unions united for selfish and unpatriotic ends. Mr. HURLEY's summons was not addressed to American labor as a whole. Many of the organizations, most of them, in fact, have displayed a stanch patriotism under intelligent and far-seeing leadership; it was addressed to an organization that had been morally in the wrong because it would not submit to the available process of determining wages. Chairman HURLEY put the case against it in one vigorous sentence when he said:

> Before any Government agency is given an opportunity to act, and despite the good record of our adjustment boards' promptness and fairness in dealing with all labor matters, you attempt to paralyze the shipbuilding industry at the Port of New York.

Whatever the demands of this particular organization are, they have been receiving the diligent attention of the Labor Adjustment Board, composed of an appointee of the President, a representative of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and a member of the American Federation of Labor. Behind the board is the Government of the United States, pledged to give labor interests a "square deal." The Adjustment Board cannot change the wage scale at the dictation of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners whenever that organization announces a "grievance." There must always be an inquiry, and time must be allowed for it. The Adjustment Board has been at work for several days on the demands of all the unions that furnish workers to the shipyards on the Atlantic Coast, and its purpose is to hold the scales even and to do exact justice. Some of the unions concerned are disposed to be reasonable; others are not, among them the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, which in the vicinity of New York has been exhibiting a spirit of defiance, its leaders encouraging a general strike and inventing reasons for it that reveal a conspiracy to make the public believe that the shipyard workers are victims of sweatshop methods on the part of their employers, with the approval of the Government. It is the old story: This union, and others affiliated with it, want to dictate the wage schedule and to bind the Government to it for the period of the war, or until the country's necessity affords an opportunity to put on the screws again. Profiteering is by no means confined to unscrupulous promoters.

The public is under no illusion about the game that some of the labor leaders, a limited number, are playing. With them it is not their country that is first, but their union, right or wrong. The victimized shipworker is an impudent fiction. Wages are good, and even high, in the yards, and it is a fact that some of the men are paid more than they are worth; others are competent enough, but measure their strokes, heedless of the desperate need to get ships into the water. The slackers and the strikers will have to go unless they come to their senses. Perversely they do not realize, to quote from Chairman HURLEY's last word to them, that they are "adding to the fearful danger our "soldiers already face, the danger of "starvation and the danger of slaughter, if food and ammunition are not "sent over in ships, and in many "ships, at once." There are enough willing workers in the country to build the ships and accept fair wages, and if it becomes necessary, because of slothful work and the intriguing of unpatriotic labor leaders, to take over the shipyards of the country, the Government will not hesitate.

BOLO PACHA.

In PAUL BOLO, who subscribes himself "Pacha," one sees a character out of the "Arabian Nights" as well as "Gil Blas" and BALZAC. A shifty, ingenious chevalier of industry, picaresque, much-wandering, full of the exuberance of his Southern France, yet shrewd as a Norman, making the world his oyster. He devotes his genius vainly to lobster fishery. Gudgeons, if they be not the classical equivalent of "lobsters" in the vulgar sense, were his natural prey. His dossier records him as at one time a barber, a profession that accords with his Oriental destinies, that smacks of HAROUN and Bagdad and prefigures Cairo, where he was to shine. Voluble and eloquent when he does not prefer to be bored and quiet, he studies the manners of many men and cities.

Plausible, golden of tongue, if a little showy at first, ultimately acquiring a certain "elegance" and distinction that overlays a swagger, he marries in succession two women with money. "Money is his slave and not his master," he said the other day at his trial. He got it and he spent it; and at last by fatal ways, by becoming the tool of German propaganda in France, he comes to face death for high treason. He must have money to waste. One suspects that originally he may have conceived the plan of milking the Germans for supplies and not furnishing the considerations. If so, it was an idea worthy of the essential BOLO, as one likes to see him. But he had rigid taskmasters. He had to do something, and he did all too much for them, with what aid in high and political quarters we have yet to learn.

The plausible, easy man, whose lachrymal ducts a cynical career hasn't dried in the least, manifested himself on the day when both his wives were in court. He wept copiously as the second testified, piously if with entire inexactitude, that he hadn't squandered but had increased the fortune she brought him. One faithful friend he had, that second wife. One honors her even if one declines to accept her testimony, definitely contradicted and disproved. This was the day on which Mr. PANON, artist, testified that BOLO, a friend since he was ten years old, had swindled him out of 100,000 francs in divers businesses at Marseilles, and then run away with Mme. PANON, now nearly blind, poor woman, leaving PANON to settle debts of 50,000 francs. Hear BOLO confess, analyze himself:

> I have inflicted great wrongs upon the Panon family. It is the bane of my life. But the thin veneer of cultured refinement with which I had attempted to cover the deficiency of education was rubbed out promptly, and BOLO stood out, unscrupulous and vulgar.

BOLO was unjust to himself. This was in an early stage of his adventures. He never had any scruples, and was essentially vulgar, as such esurient and greedy natures must be; but his final enterprise was too great in its scope and consequences to be vulgar. From betraying women he graduated into betraying his country. His life was not unworthy of the ironic study which FIELDING gave to JONATHAN WILD the Great. At least it belongs to a new edition of "A Book of Scoundrels." A simplicity of impudent genius is shown, to mention no other instances, in BOLO's theory that he made a profit of 8,000,000 francs on a capital of 2,000,000 in a year, and that the 1,000,000 francs paid him by the ex-Khédive of Egypt was payment of a debt. Of his brilliant, if crude, inventiveness his proposal to found a bank in Cuba to whose capital he had "prevailed upon" J. P. MORGAN & Co. to subscribe "60,000,000 francs" is a specimen.

Well, he had a trial full of incident, this jaunty adventurer with the monocle. He enjoyed it for a time. The means he took to cover up his tracks in the United States proved his undoing. In dwelling on the personal aspects of the man, we do not forget the intolerable treachery for which he has justly been condemned to death. But BOLO is only a mean figure in the German propaganda in France. "Boloism," which may prolong our barber's fame, is an elaborate system of German propaganda in France. Will the most suspect and sinister, the most powerful, French friend of Germany, Mr. CAILLAUX, escape the net?

HELP FOR MEXICO.

Agreement has been reached as to nearly all the terms of a new compact which will promote friendly relations between our Government and Mexico. Negotiations, interrupted by the departure of LUIS CABRERA for Buenos Aires, were resumed at Washington upon the arrival of RAFAEL NIETO, another Special Commissioner, with the aid of our Ambassador to Mexico, Mr. FLETCHER. The work is now completed, with the exception of a few details to be considered at the Mexican capital, to which the Commissioner and Mr. FLETCHER now return.

While no official statement of the accepted provisions has been published, it is understood that our Government agrees to permit the exportation of a considerable amount of gold to the national bank which the Carranza Government controls. In addition, Mexico will receive 3,000,000 bushels of corn, a quantity of rice, farm tractors, other agricultural implements, and steel parts to be used in restoring disabled locomotives and cars. On the other hand, Mexico is to facilitate shipment of silver and other products by removal of export taxes, and to supply Yucatan sisal at a reduced price. It will be recalled that the Food Administration has undertaken to satisfy the demand on our farms for binding twine at reasonable rates. Sisal is the raw material for the greater part of this twine, and the output has been controlled by a combination of producers in Mexico, with the approval of the Government. The price remains to be determined at the Mexican capital.

Several questions which have excited controversy were laid aside for separate consideration hereafter. Mexico has asked for imports of rifles and ammunition, and has insisted that permission for our troops to cross the boundary for the punishment of outlaws should be conditioned upon a grant of the same kind for her soldiers. There will be nothing in the trade agreement about these subjects. Adjustment of differences concerning them would cause much delay.

Mexicans who have been misled by the lies of German agents in the newspapers which they subsidize or own, by their stories about impending invasion and the implacable hostility of our people, should see in this agreement convincing evidence that this country is their friend, willing to strengthen their financial condition, send food for the hungry, and aid development of their agriculture. After the signatures have been attached, CARRANZA might serve their interests and those of his Government by a congratulatory proclamation.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Only a New Ruling Is Required.

There is difficulty in seeing just why Secretary BAKER found it necessary to ask Congress to pass a law granting to our officers now on active service in the field the allowances of money that would make up for the assigned quarters or their equivalent that are theirs when they are living at an army post or holding a desk position in Washington. The withholding of such allowances is an obvious injustice, and it should have been remedied months ago, before it had inflicted serious inconvenience on many of the officers and forced some of them to assume heavy burdens of debt. But the origin of the wrong seems to have been not the law on the subject as it stands, but a departmental ruling that the assignments to service, abroad or elsewhere, which the war has brought about in such great numbers, are "not temporary." Now, a ruling by the department certainly can be rescinded or reversed at will by the head of the department, when circumstances arise that make it right or even expedient to do so. Unless Secretary BAKER thinks, as of course he does not think, that the war is to go on forever, he has more than excuse for ruling that assignments to active service in the field do come within the meaning of the word "temporary" as it stands in the statute.

That would not be a quibble—not a juggling of terms for the purpose of getting around the law or of thwarting the intention of Congress. It would be the carrying out of what should have been, and presumably was, that intention, and it would relieve very simply and promptly a situation not a little disgraceful to the whole country. The least we can do for the men upon whom the successful conduct of the war depends—the men who are risking their lives in its defense—is to free their minds of anxiety as to the maintenance of their families and dependents in reasonable and decent comfort.

A Question with Two Sides.

Arguments of some cogency can and will be made against the proposal that the city provide a free, or almost free, luncheon daily for all the children in its public schools. To do so would be the assumption by the municipality of a duty or responsibility that by nature falls on the parents of these as of all other children. As a result of it, many parents, or at any rate not a few, who are able unaided to feed their children adequately, would seize the opportunity to transfer all or a part of that task to the city, and the result would be the confirming in their minds, and the extending to other minds, of false and harmful ideas as to the proper relations between the citizen and the State.

That danger is real, but its seriousness will be variously estimated according to the school of economists to which the critics belong, those inclining toward socialism enthusiastically approving of the free luncheon plan and others opposing it with a vigor proportioned to the warmth of their belief in the old theory that the best government is the government that governs least and does only what it must.

On the other hand, we are confronted, according to the statistics of those who father this proposal, with the fact that something over 200,000 inadequately nourished children go to our public schools every day. If so, the city is wasting a large fraction of the money appropriated for public education, for the best, or even good, results cannot be expected from efforts to teach a hungry child.

Probably attention should be fixed, chiefly, not on the element of demoralization for parents that there may be in the free or cheap luncheons, but on the consequences to the arriving generation should there continue to be withheld from so many children the amount of nutriment required for the proper development of their bodies and minds. This is the larger side of the question at issue, and it is not to be answered conclusively by repetitions of an ancient apothegm.

Prosecutor, but Not a Persecutor.

That our courts can convict on evidence the agents of Germany who are at work in this country has been demonstrated often enough of late to leave no doubt of the possibility in any mind. Certainly it has left little in the minds of the spies and plotters themselves. None of us, therefore, need be at all disturbed or disappointed at the acquittal of PAUL HENNIG, the man who was charged with sending out of the Bliss munition plant torpedo parts imperfect enough to render inefficient or dangerous to our own navy one of its most important weapons. On the contrary, there is reason for satisfaction in the striking proof thus given of the fact that there exists here no spy mania or spy hysteria, and that a man of German origin can have, now as always in the past, a fair and impartial trial on any charge that may be brought against him.

Especial congratulations, too, are due to MELVILLE J. FRANCE, the United States District Attorney who conducted the case against HENNIG for the people. When he became convinced that proof of guilt had not been adduced he frankly announced his belief and joined the counsel for the defense in asking Judge CHATFIELD to end the trial by directing the jury to acquit.

There are public prosecutors who forget that their function is not to secure convictions, but to facilitate the administration of justice. Such prosecutors, once started on a case, fight it through to the bitter end, no matter how weak the evidence of the witnesses in whom they trusted turns out to be, and they feel and manifest humiliation whenever an acquittal is the outcome of their efforts. That they should take this position is easily enough understandable to be pardoned without much difficulty, but it is based, nevertheless, on a mistaken idea of the prosecutor's duty, and one of them who shows himself free from the too natural error is deserving of commendation.

They Have a Right to Complain.

Correspondents of THE TIMES continue to complain, with justifiable bitterness, that letters and parcels sent by them to soldiers abroad, in whom they are deeply interested, are lamentably slow in reaching their destinations and that some of them seem to be lost on the way.

There can be no real excuse for this evil, and no explanation of it except a failure on the part of some responsible official or officials to realize either the importance of forwarding such mail matter with all reasonable promptness or the wrongness of allowing negligence or incompetence—sometimes charitably called "red tape"—in the Post Office Department to delay or lose it.

A good mail service between the troops over the water and their friends at home would appreciably mitigate the anxieties of both and make easier to bear the hardships of separation. In attaining it money and care will be well expended.

Modern Language Study.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In many parts of America the authorities controlling education are wisely substituting French or Spanish, or both, for German. The study of any language has some cultural and more or less practical value, but the number of languages which can be acquired, even partially and imperfectly, by the brightest and most diligent student is limited. We must then, despairing of acquiring all knowledge, fall back on the perspicacious counsel of the immortal Herbert Spencer, and seek the knowledge of most worth.

Any linguist must agree that whereas the harsh German tongue requires several years of painful and uninteresting effort even imperfectly to assimilate, with cultural and practical benefits so exiguous as to be unworthy of mention, the logical and exact French and the simple and sonorous Spanish can be mastered in a few months. French contains vast scientific, historic, legal, and literary treasures, and is of practical value in traveling; Spanish, beautiful in prose and poetry, is of tremendous commercial importance in the great, friendly empires of the South.

RICHARD P. READ.

New York, Feb. 12, 1918.

For All Slaves of the Clock.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Unable to find an objection to saving daylight per se, the opponents of the bill raise objections to the method of doing it. Why monkey with the clocks? they say. If you want to get up an hour earlier, get up; there is nothing to prevent you. But this is not true. It is useless for you to go to business an hour earlier if your boss won't start it an hour earlier, or even to try, if the railroad company declines to run its trains an hour earlier; in fact, it is obvious that it is only possible to advance our daily routine one hour if every one we have dealings with does the same, and there is only one way in which such unanimity can be secured.

We are all slaves of the clock; every man regulates every action by it, and clocks are as unanimous as we know how to make them; therefore, if we wish to secure unanimity in matters governed by the clock, all we have to do is to alter all the clocks at once. If we advance all the clocks one hour, everything goes on precisely as before, except the sun, which apparently sets an hour later, and we have gained an hour of daylight at the only end of the day where it is any use to us.

E. NEWITT.

New York, Feb. 11, 1918.

"Continuous Praying."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Rather release the unenfranchised women from their "continuous praying" that they be spared the vote. Just because most women haven't taken the time from more important work to organize themselves to fight against it is no reason to suppose they want the vote. It is now too late for the women of New York State, but spare the others.

A WOMAN.

New York, Feb. 14, 1918.

GERMANY'S NEW SOLDIERS.

Net Accretion Estimated at Not More Than 250,000 a Year.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The statement has been made by writers on the war that Germany can count on an accretion of about 500,000 men a year from the boys who reach military age.

That this is a huge exaggeration I think I am able to show. The Statesman's Year Book gives the number of births in Germany in 1913 as 1,894,598. If insurance tables are to be trusted, more than half of these would die before attaining 18 years of age, and half of the survivors would be women. Then you would have to make allowances for the cases of "flat feet," tuberculosis, (very prevalent in Germany,) and many other physical disabilities. When these allowances are made you would find that the gross accretion to the German army would not amount to anything like 500,000. And it would be offset not only by the large numbers of Germans who would be graduating out of the military ranks on attaining 50, or whatever the limit is, but also by the annual wastage that is occurring between the ages of 18 and 50.

Just here some insurance expert may take up the parable and tell us what happens from natural causes, in peace times, every year to 1,000 males of the ages between 18 and 50. Having found that number which would be from deaths, to say nothing about other disabilities, about 8.36 per 1,000, let him multiply it by 10,000, there being, Germans claim, some ten million men under arms in Germany. So we arrive at 83,600 as the number of German soldiers who would die every year in peace times from natural causes, which causes would certainly be not less fatal in war time.

Let him again consult some insurance expert as to the number of 1,000 males who start in at 18 and are living at 50. He will find the number of survivors at 50 to be about 800. Multiply the difference, 200, by 10,000, and he will find that about 200,000 men arrive at extra-military age in Germany every year. He may make whatever claims he chooses, on the grounds that the unscrupulous military Government of Germany may keep all these old men under arms, and may not recognize cold feet, flat feet, tuberculosis, or any other disability as a reason for exemption from service. The fact remains that by no manner of logic can the net accretion to the German Army, through the arrival of youths at military age, be made to arrive at 250,000 per annum.

And, then, how about the British, French, Italian, and Canadian boys, all subject to conscription, who reach military age every year, and the great number of volunteering youths in the other British colonies? Notwithstanding the greater (but rapidly diminishing) German fertility, there must be twice as many of these as there are of Germans reaching military age every year, whatever the actual net German number may be.

A. P.

Toronto, Feb. 14, 1918.

Russian Lessons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the conviction that armies fight better when they fight hopefully, may one point out that the Russians' capitulation to their conquerors has for the allied cause a menace that is superficial and temporary compared with what may prove a profound and permanent benefit? For the first time an object lesson is possible in regard to two conditions hitherto purely hypothetical: the first, the practical working of a Socialist Government; the second, the practical working of a German peace. As regards the first, in the present great world impulse toward democratic control of Government, a cleavage becomes every day clearer in each nation, between those elements that are sane and steady, and those that are erratic and dangerous. Under whatever name known, each nation has its I. W. W. Sometimes the surest way to discredit a cause or a party is to let it have the power it demands. The I. W. W. now have charge of Russia. Their control may mean an acid test of Socialism which will separate for the popular intelligence everywhere the constructive elements from the destructive, and thus strengthen the loyalty of labor to the principles of the Allies as no mere arguments could ever do.

By their German peace with Russia, the Central Powers have now their supreme opportunity to fit their works to their words. Their manner of doing so will probably silence all the arguments of pacifism at their very inception—that is, in the head and the heart of the pacifist. The most peace-loving man who observes Russia will be unable to believe that his nation could gain peace by making peace with Germany.

WINIFRED KIRKLAND.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 12, 1918.

Thanks for Navy Comforts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In appreciation of your efforts, those of the Navy Club, through Mrs. Hamilton, and the kind donors of comforts, reading material, and amusements, we, the crew of the United States hospital ship Mercy, extend our thanks. Wishing to have this appreciation reach all concerned we hope you will find space for the publication of this in an effort to do so.

THE CREW OF THE U. S. S. MERCY.

New York, Feb. 14, 1918.

THE NEW DEATH.

"Greater than thou art dead; fear not,
But die thou, too."

"Greater than thou art dead; fear not,
But die thou, too." . . . I can die, too—
They die, who have a record got
That Homer's heroes never knew.

I am of those so very ill
Who touch no more the solid day,
Nor know what time I have to fill,
If soon to go—or longer stay.

So, my free thoughts can wing afar;
And turn they will—and turn again,
Where the red fields of battle are,
And Glory cannot count her men!

In daily and in nightly death
I die with those who greatly die,
As though 'twere naught to yield this breath,
And turn their faces from the sky!

With most high passion, passing love,
They rush into the Terror's arms—
As though around, beneath, above,
Immortal proof met mortal harms!

And, sometimes, they to me draw near—
Bright shades of youth for country slain!
I cry, "How went ye without fear,
As though great joy excluded pain?"

They look at each and other—and
At me they look, and smile, beside:
"It was—*if thou couldst understand*—
Because in the New Death we died!"

"What New Death in the world can be?"
I cry—They answer not my call.
(But some one soothly says to me,
"You have been dreaming—that is all.")

"Greater than thou art dead; fear not,
But die thou, too." . . . Then, shall I, too,
Though humblest sharer in their lot,
Know what was that New Death they knew!

EDITH M. THOMAS.

LEANS TO BUDGET SYSTEM.

Debate Over Billion-Dollar Deficiency Bill Shows It Is Gaining Favor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Representative Swager Sherley of Kentucky, who succeeded to the Chairmanship of the House Committee on Appropriations when John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn resigned from Congress, appeared today on the floor of the House in charge of his first appropriation measure, the billion-dollar urgent deficiency bill, reported yesterday. While thoroughly explaining the necessity for the important items in this, the second largest urgent deficiency bill in the history of the nation, Mr. Sherley directed the attention of the House to the necessity of adopting the British method of making appropriations through a budget system.

Such a reform, long advocated by him, was recommended in a general way by President Wilson in his address to Congress on Dec. 4 last, and such men as ex-President Taft and Elihu Root have agreed that it should be adopted into our legislative system. Mr. Sherley said that while he was more impressed with the necessity for the change, he did not believe that it should be undertaken until there was a more general acceptance by the House. This radical departure in making appropriations, Mr. Sherley asserted, could be initiated by an executive order and by slight legislation by Congress.

A complete adoption of the system suggested by Mr. Sherley would compel Cabinet members to appear on the floor and defend their budgets and submit themselves to questions by the members of the House. Republican and Democratic members of the House who have been bitterly opposed to the proposed change seemed today to be more favorably inclined to it. The speeches showed that sentiment was rapidly turning toward concentration in Federal Government, a condition which has existed in a greater degree in national affairs since the war than ever before.

"There has been in this country, from time to time, and especially recently, considerable agitation for what is generally spoken of as a budget system," said Mr. Sherley. "Unfortunately we have always been more or less under the tyranny of phrases, and as a result of that loose thinking, that sometimes seems to be a national characteristic, many people speak about a budget without any contemplation of what is involved. Much unintelligent criticism is leveled at Congress and much praise is given to administrative suggestion because of the supposed failure of Congress to institute a budget system.

"I want to say a word touching the recommendations made by the President of the United States in favor of one appropriating committee of the House. I have always favored a concentration of appropriating power, but I do not consider that that represents in any degree an adequate remedy, or anything more than a step toward a budget. I have not sought to press it at this time because of the tremendous tasks that are placed upon Congress in connection with the war.

"To undertake reform of that magnitude, a reform that did not meet with universal acquiescence of the House, would have been simply to cripple, and not help in the presentation of, great financial bills.

"It is a strange fact that there is nothing required except an executive order to put into effect immediately an administrative consideration of estimates from a budgetary standpoint.

"At present all estimates are made by the heads of the various departments and they go to the various cabinet officials, who in turn give them to the Secretary of the Treasury, who transmits them to Congress. He transmits them without any power to review them, to change them, but simply as the messenger through which they reach Congress. Nothing is needed except a desire of a President—and this has always been true—to have consideration at his council chamber of those estimates as they come from the various departments in their relationship to each other, and, if need be, of giving to the Secretary of the Treasury the power to act as a real financial head of the Government and supervise and control the estimates of the various departments.

"And until that reform is undertaken by the administrative end of the Government no real budgetary system can be put into effect. That fact should be borne in mind by those who are so free to criticise Congress unintelligently."

Mr. Sherley said that to undertake this reform during war without general consent of everybody "would be to simply confuse and not clarify the situation.

"The true duty of a budget," he continued, "is to consider expenditures in the relationship not simply to the needs or desires of the Government, but to the ability of the country properly to stand the taxation necessary to pay for the expenditures. In peace times the amount of expenditures that are to be made should be determined by the burden that it will place upon the nation, but in wartime just the converse of that proposition becomes true, because in time of war you have not to consider what you properly can do, but what you must do. You make appropriations at this time, during a war not with any regard to the burden that it will place upon the people of America, but you make it with regard to the sole requirements of prosecuting and winning the war, and because that is superlative every other consideration must fall away. So there is an entirely different relationship in regard to expenditures in war times than what they are in peace times, and the need for a budget in a peace time sense does not exist in wartime.

"We have reached a time and place in the world's affairs where the Congress of the United States must consider bigger matters than the pay of a particular clerk and a particular department."

DENIES CENSORSHIP ABUSES

No New York Mails Violated in Spy Hunt, Churchill Testifies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—William Churchill, in charge of the Foreign Language Bureau of the Committee on Public Information, appearing before the House Committee on Expenditures in the Post Office Department, today denied that there had been any laxity or abuses in the censorship of mails in New York City. He was called to testify as to the charges repeatedly made by J. V. Foster, a former employe of the Committee on Public Information, that the mails had been violated in New York in order to obtain evidence of the German spy system. Mr. Churchill was formerly American Consul General to Samoa.

The witness testified that Mr. Foster had been in the employ of the Committee on Public Information from August to December last. During most of that time he was in the office here, but had been sent to New York to look up offices for the censorship of mails. He remained there and was employed in some capacity in connection with the censorship with the understanding that he might be sent elsewhere. A disagreement occurred, according to Mr. Churchill, and Mr. Foster offered his resignation, which was accepted.

"There was no theft of mails," said Mr. Churchill, "and it is most unfair that this matter should be revived every few days, since those in authority have already shown that there was no truth in the report."

Mr. Churchill said that the Committee on Public Information had evidence, through reading the foreign language newspapers and through other means, that a big strike would take place in Germany on May 1 next. He told of the sending of President Wilson's speeches 300 miles into Germany by means of airplanes, and said he believed that, inasmuch as they had been translated into German, they were having an effect on the people of Germany, making them more inclined toward peace.

FOR SHORTER TIME OF HOLDING ROADS

House Minority Report Favors Limiting Federal Control to a Year After War.

AGAINST RATE POWER SHIFT

Proposition to Give the President Sole Authority to Fix Rates Is Strongly Opposed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Representative Esch of Wisconsin, ranking Republican member of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, presented to the House today the minority report on the Administration bill for the control and operation of the railroads. It is signed by the eleven Republican members of the committee who oppose giving the President supreme power to fix freight rates, but would have it remain in the hands of the Interstate Commerce Commission and would limit Federal control to one year after the end of the war. The majority's bill puts the limit of control at two years, while the Senate bill fixes it at eighteen months.

In urging that the power of the Interstate Commerce Commission to fix rates remain unimpaired, the report says in part:

"For thirty years the people, through Congress, have striven to protect themselves against unjust, unreasonable, and discriminatory rates, fares, charges, and practices of carriers through an independent body known as the Interstate Commerce Commission. * * * Any sudden ex parte changes, even of simple rates on important commodities, would destroy the carefully adjusted relationship of rates, and result in injury to industries and commodities. No power, therefore, should be given by this bill to a single individual, not even to the President, to initiate rates as to commercial traffic.

"The President, under the authority granted him by the act of Aug. 29, 1916, has authority of control and operation, including the routing of freight to relieve congestion and speed up transportation, the initiation and enforcement of demurrage, and all other car service rules. Under the bill the Government guarantees to carriers certain compensation for the use of their property, and agrees to maintain it. The Government is generous, but with increase of wages and cost of operation certain, and loss of operating revenue possible, there will be pressure to raise rates by the ipse dixit of a single individual.

"The experience we have already had with the exercise of arbitrary power does not warrant enlargement. Nonproductive industries, from a war standpoint, could be promptly put out of business by an excessive increase of the rates on their products."

Discussing the reason for limiting Federal control to one year after the war ends, the report says in part:

"We believe that such control should terminate as speedily as is consistent with due regard for the rights and interests of both the Government and the carriers, and that one year or less after the proclamation of peace within which to make the proper readjustments would be reasonable. Congress in practically every war emergency bill it has enacted has limited its operation to 'the continuance of the war' or to six months or one year thereafter. It did this in the Priority of Shipments act, the Espionage act, the Trading With the Enemy act, the Food Control and Food Survey acts. Some of these deal with vast property interests, with the rights and privileges of citizens, with the prices for the necessities of life, and yet Congress was unwilling to allow the great powers granted, either to the President or agents selected by him, to go on indefinitely after peace and until it should order otherwise. Why, when the railroads and systems of transportation are taken over, should a different policy be adopted?

"The railroads should not be required to fight for a return of their property at some indefinite time in the future. The return should occur automatically under the terms of this bill.

"If control by the Government should prove more efficient and economical than private control, the Government might be inclined to hold on and do nothing, leaving to the carriers the burden of restoring the status quo long after peace had been declared. This cannot be justified in law or morals. As we, by this bill, fix the compensation, so we should fix the term or length of tenure. Otherwise Government ownership is near at hand."

FAVOR MILITARY TRAINING.

Hardware Men Adopt Measures Looking to War Efficiency.

The closing joint session of the Pennsylvania and Atlantic Seaboard Hardware Association and the New York State Retail Hardware Association, held yesterday at the Astor, adopted a resolution favoring universal military training, as proposed in the Chamberlain bill. Another resolution urged hardware men vigorously to support the campaign of the United States Shipbuilding Commission to obtain mechanics. It was recommended that the members put their business on a cash basis as a war measure, that goods be marked at cash prices, and that credit seekers be required to pay an advance; that credit limits should be established and rigidly enforced, and that an accounting system should be established by members.

John Burke, Treasurer of the United States, spoke on "War Loans," and explained why this country and its allies were urgently in need of money. James Rattray of the Guaranty Trust Company discussed Federal war taxes.

The Pennsylvania and Atlantic Seaboard Hardware Association elected J. M. Kohlmeier, New York, President, and W. P. Lewis, Huntingdon, Penn., Secretary-Treasurer.

The New York State Association elected C. B. Briggs, Penn Yan, President; F. E. Peters, Herkimer, Treasurer, and J. B. Foley, Syracuse, Secretary.

TAFT LIKES DRAFT ARMY.

Best Soldiers in World, He Says, After Camp Tours.

William Howard Taft believes in the draft soldier. After visiting nine national army cantonments he says that the drafted men are already good soldiers and will make the best in the world. He also says that they are being well house and cared for in this country. He declared they are in fine physical condition.

A telegram expressing his views was received yesterday by the National War Work Council of the Young Men's Christian Association, 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, under whose auspices Mr. Taft is making a speaking tour of army cantonments. He has already talked to 150,000 soldiers.

Mr. Taft is talking to the men about the causes of the war and why they will win. He speaks three or four times in each camp. The average attendance at each meeting is 3,000. At San Antonio, Texas, a sounding board enabled him to reach 10,000 men on a hillside amphitheatre.

CANADIAN WOMEN TO VOTE.

Government Promises Equal Suffrage Before Next Election.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 15.—The extension of the franchise to Canadian women was announced by the Government today as a part of its established policy. It was stated that woman suffrage would be an established fact in Canada before another election was held.

This statement was generally interpreted to mean that the measure would be introduced at the next session of Parliament, which probably will open within the next six weeks.

The labor men in their recent conference with the Government urged that "the further industrial development of women should be accompanied by political equality."

VERNON CASTLE DIES IN AIRPLANE FALL

Killed at Fort Worth Avoiding Collision That Threatened Lives of Three.

WON CAPTAINCY AT FRONT

Numerous Deaths in Training Call Attention to the Need of Skilled Inspectors.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Feb. 15.—Captain Vernon Castle of the Royal Flying Corps, who braved death for two years over the German lines with only a minor wound, met death on a peaceful flying field today in an effort to avert a collision with another aviator. A cadet aviator with whom he was flying, R. Peters, was only slightly injured.

Captain Castle was killed when he prevented what would have been certain death for him, the cadet with him, and an aviator in another airplane who was landing nearby, at what it known as a "blind angle." The aviator could not see the Castle machine, which was on the ground, and could not hear it because of the noise of his own engine.

The Captain saw the collision coming and "zoomed up" seventy-five feet, but went at such an angle that his engine died, unable to push the airplane further. So close was the escape from a serious collision that his machine struck the other plane's tail, smashing it.

Castle's airplane turned on its side, then plunged, nose downward, to earth. He sought to right it, but there was not time enough. Had he been twenty feet higher he could have landed safely.

Captain Castle was one of the best liked men on the aviation fields. Tears streamed down the cheeks of officers and men as they worked releasing his mangled body from the wrecked plane. He never regained consciousness, and died in the post hospital twenty minutes after the fall. All Fort Worth, Camp Bowie, and the aviation fields plainly showed the deepest regret at his death.

The funeral will be attended tomorrow afternoon by officers and cadets of the Royal Flying Squadrons and the American Flying Squadrons. A detachment from the Royal Flying Corps will escort the body to New York for burial.

Castle's Spectacular Feats.

Captain Castle's flying in and about Fort Worth was as famous as his dancing, for his spectacular movements in the air had held thousands of soldiers and civilians spellbound day after day. His big roadster, too, which was a familiar sight on the country roads, always attracted a shout and attention wherever it went.

Officers commented upon the fact that Captain Castle occupied the front seat of the airplane. Ordinarily the teacher is in the rear seat, where he can watch his cadet and where he is in less danger from a fall. He also can control the machine better from the rear. Why he was seated in the front today is not known.

Lieut. Col. Roscoe, commander of the American air forces, said the American Signal Corps Aviation Section had tried to get Captain Castle to join the United States flying forces, but that his English birth influenced him strongly, and he decided to remain with the Royal Flying Corps.

The death of Captain Castle was the fifth in the aviation camps in Fort Worth within a week. One fatal accident has occurred within the same time in Houston and one in Wichita Falls, while there has been none in the camps at Waco, San Antonio, and Dallas. The startling increase in fatalities is attributed by aviation officers to the greatly increased flying that has come with the advent of warm Spring days and to the fact that the students are reaching a stage where they fly alone.

Today's death brings the total fatalities at Fort Worth to 31, as compared with 7 at Houston, 3 at San Antonio, 2 at Wichita Falls, and 1 each at Dallas and Waco.

Skilled Inspectors Needed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—With thousands of skilled mechanics on its rolls, the army aviation service still is finding difficulty in developing men especially trained to inspect airplanes before they go up and on whose care and thoroughness the lives of the aviators depend. The work is distinct from other mechanical phases of the air service, and requires men of unusual temperamental qualifications, as well as highly developed mechanical knowledge.

The subject of airplane inspection is of particular interest at this time when numerous fatal accidents to army aircraft in training flights are being reported. Failure of the Inspector to note a seemingly insignificant defect may send the aviator to his death.

The care with which the mechanical elements of the aviation squadrons are being selected is instanced, it was learned today, by the fact that at one camp 2,500 mechanics, enlisted because of their training and experience, have been unsuited to the work. Probably they will be transferred to deal with motor trucks or the like.

In spite of the frequent fatal accidents of the last week, the War Department considers the percentage small considering the large number of students and the amount of flying they are doing. The acting chief signal officer tonight issued this statement:

"Distressing though recent fatalities in the aviation section of the signal corps have been, the percentage of casualties among our young aviators is very low considering the increase in the number of men flying each day. The aviators at the signal corps training schools are averaging about 1,700 hours of flying per day, which makes a distance of about 102,000 miles flown each day. This is equal to four trips around the earth. Considering this amount of flying, the percentage of fatal accidents is remarkably low."

Vernon Castle's Career.

The recent dancing craze in America and the career of Vernon Castle are almost inseparable. Born in Norwich, England, thirty years ago and educated as a civil engineer, Mr. Castle rose from obscurity to wealth and fame, and his success was synchronous with the remarkable popularity of the one-step, the fox-trot, and similar steps, which a few years ago altered the character of a majority of the musical productions on the stage, turned the country's restaurants into dancing parlors, with the taking of nourishment as an incidental, and made afternoon tea as popular a diversion in America as it is in England.

Mr. Castle, whose real name was Vernon Blythe, made his first appearance on the stage with Lew Fields in "The Girl Behind the Counter" in 1907. His part was small, but it enabled him to start a dancing school and thus gratify the passion for inventing new steps and for imparting his skill to others, which he found irrepressible. He appeared in several successive Field productions, making mild successes, particularly as Zowie in the "Henpecks" in 1911.

Meantime he had been developing his dancing, teaching, inventing, and popularizing, and when in May, 1911, he married Miss Irene Foote of New Rochelle, who had played a small part in one of the Fields shows, he was about ready to devote his entire time to the recreation.

It was not long thereafter when the dance craze reached its full height in this country, and the Castles, both as teachers and on the stage, were among the most popular of the professional devotees. So keen did the rivalry in society become to excel at the pastime that enormous prices for lessons were paid, and so good a drawing card did a modern dancing act become on the stage that the Castles were able to command fabulous salaries.

Starred on the Stage.

Finally, so much did the public like both the dances and the dancers and so eager was it to see both, that plays were created just as vehicles for the Castles and persons like them, with the plot a minor element and the dances the real drawing card. Such was "Watch Your Step," in which they starred. For this they are said to have received $1,500 a week and a percentage of the profits. On one occasion Mr. Castle was reported to have got $1,500 for a single fifteen-minute appearance at the Hippodrome. For a period of several years his earnings were reputed at times to have reached a high water mark of $6,000 a week, while always they were supposed to have stood well in the thousands.

The Castles' popularity was not on the wane when Mr. Castle suddenly forsook the stage for the aviation field. He got his pilot's license in this country, and in February, 1916, sailed for England. He explained that he thought English stage people should not be slackers in this country. Mrs. Castle made several trips abroad to see her husband.

The same agility and quickness which made Mr. Castle a good dancer made him a good aviator, and he soon took rank as an accomplished and daring pilot. Mrs. Castle, returning in March, 1917, from a visit to her husband at the French front, he then having become a Lieutenant in the Royal Flying Corps, told of his having received the Croix de Guerre for valor in bringing down two German planes.

Mrs. Castle received notification at her home, 120 Lexington Avenue, yesterday, that her husband had died. Her secretary said she had been prostrated by the news and that it had been necessary to send for a physician. With her were Captain Lawrence Grossmith of the British army, husband of her sister, and Mrs. Grossmith. She was informed that the body would be escorted to New York by a detachment of the Royal Flying Corps and that the interment here would be marked by full military honors.

BY NEW APPORTIONMENT.

Court of Appeals Gives Ruling on Special Congress Elections.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Representatives in Congress to succeed John J. Fitzgerald, Daniel J. Griffin, Murray Hulbert, and Henry Bruckner, in the Seventh, Eighth, Twenty-first, and Twenty-second Districts, will be elected March 5 at special elections in the new Congressional districts, as defined by the 1917 apportionment, according to a decision handed down today by the Court of Appeals. This decision sustains the opinion of Attorney General Lewis and affirms the refusal of the lower courts to mandamus the Board of Elections to arrange for the elections under the old apportionment. The court reached its decision by a vote of 5 to 2, Judges Hiscock, Pound, Chase, Andrews, and Collin voting affirmatively, and Judges Hogan and Crane dissenting.

The disposition of the matter was followed immediately by the introduction of identical bills by Senator Walters and Assemblyman Adler, paving the way for the newly enfranchised women to vote at these elections.

Leroy M. Gross Weds Miss Perry.

The marriage of Leroy M. Gross, son of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gross of 431 Riverside Drive, and Miss Grace Adelaide Perry, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Orin F. Perry, took place at 8 o'clock last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 96 Riverside Drive, the Rev. Dr. Edgar Whittaker Work of the Fourth Presbyterian Church performing the ceremony in the presence of the family and a few intimate friends. The bride, in a pale gray Georgette gown, carried pink sweet peas and had no attendants. Wirt Walton was Mr. Gross's best man. A reception followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Gross have gone South on their honeymoon. Mrs. Gross is the last of the five children—four daughters and one son—of Mr. and Mrs. Perry to marry within the last eight months.

A Son to Lieut. and Mrs. Hurd.

A son was born on Wednesday to Lieutenant and Mrs. Edward A. Hurd of 60 West Fifty-eighth Street. Lieutenant Hurd is attached to the United States cavalry and is now in France. Mrs. Hurd was formerly Miss Elise Provost-Smith.

"Darby the Yank" Fights With the Tanks

6th Big Printing

A Yankee In the Trenches

By Corp. R. Derby Holmes

Arthur Guy Empey, Author of "Over the Top," says:
This is the most entertaining war book that I have read and I have read many.

At Your Booksellers *Illustrated, $1.35 net.*

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MISS MORGAN TELLS OF WORK IN FRANCE

Appeals for Women Skilled in Agriculture to Till Fields from Which War Has Taken Men.

URGES THAT MONEY BE SENT

Discourages Idea of Adopting French Villages—Transportation Great Problem.

Miss Anne Morgan, who has just returned, after nine months of rehabilitation work in France, with Mrs. A. M. Dike, head of the Civilian Committee of the American Fund for French Wounded, says the great difficulty to be considered in this war is transportation, and that no attempt should be made to send anything to France that can be easily obtained there. She wants a large number of American women farmers to go to France to till the soil and raise the food the French people need.

"Why send supplies over from here," said Miss Morgan yesterday, talking of the work, "when in France we have as rich and fertile soil as there is in the world? I want some superior women. I would like to have graduates of Western agricultural colleges, who know how to work. I want girls to drive tractors. Women coming over should have thorough knowledge of French, though groups of women to do farm work could come under a leader who knew the language.

"We have already sown 5,500 acres of land for the first crops and we have planted 7,200 fruit trees, 1,000 to a commune. What we need to carry on this work is money. We can't have the things we use sent over from this country. We must have fruit trees that are indigenous to the soil where they are to be planted and we can get our farm implements over there. One of the things that the Germans did was to destroy the same piece in each farm implement so that one could not be repaired with a part from another.

"This work of the American Fund for French Wounded is a woman's work and it is natural that it should be a social and community work. That is the only way that the work of rehabilitation can be done. Adopting cities as has been proposed is not a wise move. It is too great a proposition; it is all hot air, though that is not good English. The French themselves do not want it. It will produce jealousy and bad feeling for America instead of the good feeling that we want. If one city or village was cared for and another was not the people would not understand it. That was Mrs. Dike's idea, and we were glad to find that General Pétain had the same idea."

As far as possible the villages as they are rehabilitated are placed upon a normal basis, with their own stores for supplies.

COM. BAGLEY WEDS TODAY.

Officer of Sunken Jacob Jones to Marry Miss Marie L. Harrington.

Commander David Worth Bagley and Miss Marie Louise Harrington of Colusa, Cal., obtained a marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building. They will be married today.

Commander Bagley commanded the United States destroyer Jacob Jones, the first American warship to be sunk in the war, and is a brother of Mrs. Josephus Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the Navy. His brother, Ensign Worth Bagley, was the first American naval officer killed in the Spanish-American war in 1898. He is 35 years old, and his bride-to-be is 22.

REMEMBER MAINE SINKING.

Spanish War Veterans Hold Exercises on Twentieth Anniversary.

Last night, twenty years after the blowing up of the Maine in Havana Harbor, the Spanish War Veterans of Manhattan Camp 1, of the Department of New York, held their annual Maine memorial service at the Maine statue at the Fifty-ninth Street entrance to Central Park. The ceremonies partook of the nature of a double tribute to the Maine and the Tuscania, recently torpedoed off the Irish coast.

Colonel Adolph L. Kline, formerly Mayor of New York and Commandant of the Department of New York, U. S. W. V., reviewed the parade of veterans and bluejackets from the base of the statue. The United States Naval Band of the battleship Recruit played several selections.

A survivor of the disaster, Arthur Rau, placed a large wreath on the statue, while another survivor, Mgr. John P. Chidwick, who was chaplain on the Maine, delivered the address of the evening, urging those present to remember the Tuscania with the same fervor as they did the Maine. Samuel Rigney, Chief of Staff for Colonel Kline, also spoke.

NEW ITALIAN CONSUL HERE.

Commendatore Romolo Tritonj of Rome Assumes Duties Today.

A new Italian Consul General took charge yesterday morning in the offices of the Consulate at 395 Broadway. He is Commendatore Romolo Tritonj, who has had a wide experience in the Levant. His appointment is said by men familiar with Italian affairs in this country to be part of a general reorganization of the Italian Consular service which has been going on for some time.

Commendatore Tritonj was born in Rome in 1872. He served in Cairo, Alexandria, Port Said, Spalato, and Banghazi, before that city was included in the Italian domain of Libya, and was serving as Consul General at Constantinople when Italy entered the war. Since that time he has been serving in the Foreign Office at Rome. His wife is of a well-known Genoese family.

Acting Consul General G. Poccardi, who has been in charge of the New York office for some time, returns to the Consulate at Philadelphia. It is said that other important changes among Italian officials in this country are possible in the near future.

SOLDIERS' SPOKEN FRENCH
By Helene Cross

Miss May Lamberton Becker, in The New York Evening Post, says in recommending this book: "Personally I prefer Soldiers' Spoken French. Its method of approach has much of the vivacity that distinguishes the new methods of group instruction of soldiers, the phrases are well chosen, and the size convenient for the pocket."
60c Net. Postage Extra. All Bookstores.
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Send a Message of Democracy to Germany
Come to the mass meeting to be held by the
Friends of German Democracy
at Grand Central Palace
46th St. and Lexington Ave.,
Saturday, February 16, at 8 P. M.
Women Cordially Invited
SPEAKERS
Mr. Frank Sigel, Chairman
Countess Alida Von Krockow
Mr. William Welsh
Walter Damrosch
Mr. Frederick L. Hoffman
Dr. William E. Bohn

SHIP SEARCHED CLOSELY.

100 Customs Men Inspect Vessel from South America.

When a steamship from South America reached her pier yesterday there were waiting for her more than 100 Customs men, and passengers and baggage were subjected to close scrutiny. Their search was supplemental to one made by the British authorities when the vessel touched at Barbados. The British officials not only appeared to have been acting on definite information, but they had the names of passengers whose effects they examined.

Among those who received special attention was E. Henrichsen, the Buenos Aires agent of a steamship line. Mr. Henrichsen is of Swedish birth, but a naturalized British subject. The searchers took his papers, placed them in an envelope and gave them to the purser, to be delivered to the British Consul General here.

Miss Almo Simpson, a dramatic soprano, who was a passenger, has been studying the music of the gauchos of Argentina. The cowboys of that country, she said, have no knowledge of music and they learn the guitar by a system of numbers. Miss Simpson had made a list of these numbers. This was taken by the searchers and it was not returned until the singer and a musician expert had satisfied the Government that the numbers were what they purported to be.

Among those who arrived was J. C. Baldwin, a lumberman of this State. He said that a hard wood had been found that could be burned as a substitute for coal.

AN INNESS PAINTING SOLD.

"A Tragedy of the Sea" at Highest Price Ever Paid for Artist's Work.

A painting by George Inness, called "A Tragedy of the Sea," has been sold for a price which is said to be the highest ever paid by a dealer for a work of that artist, by the estate of the late Edwin Barry Willcox to J. W. Young. The purchase was made, it was said, for a Western museum. "A Tragedy of the Sea," which presents burning ships on a dark, tempestuous night, from which the crews are taking to their boats, is said by Elliott Daingerfield, Inness's biographer, to be the painting in which the artist's mind was most fully expressed. He said that the picture was "more dynamic than Turner."

"A Tragedy of the Sea" was in the possession of Mr. Willcox for twenty years. Several times during his ownership he offered the picture for sale and a price was agreed upon, but at the last minute he always refused to close the deal even at his own terms. Mr. Young offered to buy the picture a year ago, but it was not until Mr. Willcox died last Summer that the picture was sold by his executors. The picture will be exhibited in Chicago for the benefit of war relief, and afterward will be sent on a tour of the Western museums.

LOYAL GERMANS TO MEET.

Message of Democracy Will Be Sent to People of Fatherland.

Veterans of the civil war who fought with General Sigel have been invited by Franz Sigel, President of the Friends of German Democracy, to attend a meeting tonight at Grand Central Palace for the purpose of sending a message of democracy from American men and women to the German people.

Walter Damrosch, Countess Alida von Krockow, Frederick L. Hoffman, Herbert Welsh, and Dr. William E. Bohn will be the speakers.

The meeting will be asked to adopt resolutions calling upon the German people to overthrow the military autocracy and establish a truly representative government with which a peace may be concluded.

"One of our chief aims is to refute the falsehood spread abroad that the overwhelming majority of Americans of German source are rendering mere lip service to this country, but that their hearts are with their German fatherland," said Mr. Sigel last night. "We desire to tell the German people that this is not true, that these people are one with President Wilson when he says that this is not a war on the German people, but on the German autocracy."

$75 FOR HYLAN AUTO BUMP.

Magistrate Hears Leon Mitchel Drove Recklessly Into Mayor's Car.

Leon Mitchel, 36 years old, a wool merchant, of the Hotel Monterey, Broadway and Ninety-fourth Street, was convicted yesterday in the Traffic Court before Magistrate House on a charge of reckless driving and fined $75 or fifteen days in City Prison. Lacking the $75 he was paroled in custody of his counsel, Alexander H. Kaminsky, till Monday, when he expects to pay.

Grover A. Whalen, secretary to Mayor Hylan, and Police Lieutenant William Kennell, the Mayor's bodyguard, testified that Mitchel was coming out from behind two automobiles traveling abreast on Lafayette Street, near Houston Street, on Feb. 12 and struck their automobile. Numerous other witnesses testified to the same effect.

To Mitchel, who denied his guilt, Magistrate House said:

"Judging from the manner of that smashup it was providential that no one was killed. The speed mania has taken hold of a large number of people in New York City again and I have determined to stop it with the aid of the Police Commissioner."

SEEK MISSING WOMAN.

Police in All Cities Asked to Watch for Mrs. Annie O. Keyser.

The search for Mrs. Annie O. Keyser, who disappeared from the Prince George Hotel last month, has become almost nation-wide, and the police in every city have been asked to watch for her. Mrs. Keyser's brother, Dr. Ralph Opdyke of Montclair, who first issued an alarm for her, said last night that, while he was fearful for his sister's safety, he had not given up hope of seeing her again.

"She left a line on a bureau when she went away," said Dr. Opdyke, "asking the hotel management to forward a letter to me that she had written. In the letter she told me she was feeling depressed and out of sorts, but there was nothing in it to indicate where she intended to go. She had no money when she went out, for all her possessions, practically everything she had, was left in her room."

Will Continue German Plays Here.

Dr. Max Winder, business manager of the company which produces German plays at the Irving Place Theatre, said last night that the company would occupy some other house next season and continue to present German drama in New York. He said that the house had not yet been decided upon, but that the actors had been placed under contracts, and that Rudolph Christians, the present manager, would remain at the head of the producing staff.

As was announced last Thursday, Morris Schwartz, one of the leading actors of the company at Kessler's Second Avenue Theatre, has leased the Irving Place Theatre for a long term and will produce Yiddish plays there next season.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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The Committee.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL OPENS NEW SECTION

Addition Will Permit Care of 1,000 Patients at One Time—Major Bishop Takes Charge.

The new section of the War Hospital of Columbia University, which occupies part of the site of the Columbia Athletic Oval at Gunhill Road and Bainbridge Avenue, near Williamsbridge, was opened for service yesterday. Eighteen new wards have been added, practically doubling the original hospital accommodations, and some 1,000 patients may now be cared for at one time. The hospital is intended for the exclusive care of soldiers brought back from the American expeditionary forces in France, although there are at present 200 patients from training camps and 200 from the regular army in France.

Colonel Edward R. Schreiner, chief surgeon and commander of the hospital staff, who has been ordered to the Government Hospital at Fort Riley, Kan., will be succeeded today by Major W. H. Bishop. Thirty of the officers and members of the hospital staff were hosts last night at a farewell dinner to Colonel Schreiner at the University Club, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street.

C. P. HAZEN DIES AT FRONT.

New York Cadet Fatally Injured in Airplane Accident.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—General Pershing today reported three American soldiers slightly wounded in action. Among them was Captain Robert Drane, Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, attached to the British Army. Captain Drane, who was wounded on Feb. 5, lives at Edenton, N. C. The two other men were Corporal Robert B. Lanfer of 526 Ornsby Street, Louisville, Ky., and Private Bentley A. Nelson of Holt, Minn., who were wounded on Feb. 13.

The casualty list also showed that Cadet Conrad P. Hazen, Signal Corps, of 402 West 118th Street, New York, died on Feb. 11 as the result of an airplane accident.

The following deaths from pneumonia were reported:

GILMAN, GORDON E., Corporal, Medford, Minn.

ROGERS, SAMUEL, civilian, 1,631 Clay St., Paducah, Ky.

It was Second Lieutenant John T. Maguire, infantry, of St. Louis, Mo., and not Second Lieutenant John J. McGuire of New York, as previously reported, who was slightly wounded in action in France Feb. 6. The War Department tonight issued a corrected announcement.

Conrad P. Hazen had been an engineer for the New York Telephone Company for several years. He served with the 71st Regiment on the border as a First Lieutenant, but resigned his commission last July to enlist in the aviation service. He spent several months in a Southern training camp and then was assigned to duty in France. On Sept. 18 last he married Miss Catherine Metzger, who lives now at 2,129 Eighteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. A few days ago friends who live at 401 West 118th Street received a letter from Mr. Hazen saying that he had made his first flight in France. He was a graduate of Dartmouth and was 31 years old. He had lived in Norwich, Vt.

REV. DR. B. S. CHAMBERS DIES

Senior Curate of Church of Blessed Sacrament Expires of Pneumonia.

The Rev. Dr. B. Stuart Chambers, senior curate of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and Seventy-first Street, of which the Right Rev. Mgr. William J. Guinan is rector, died yesterday at the rectory of the church, 217 West Seventy-first Street, after a week's illness from pneumonia. Father Chambers, who was in his forty-ninth year, had been attached to the Church of the Blessed Sacrament since 1903, a year after he was graduated from the American College in Rome.

He was born in Lexington, Ky., Sept. 24, 1869, a member of an old Kentucky family, and coming to this city as a young man he was for a time connected with the publishing firm of Harper Brothers. He was educated at the College of St. Francis Xavier in West Sixteenth Street, and at the age of 26 he became a convert from the Episcopalian to the Roman Catholic Church, receiving his early religious instruction from the Rev. Joseph H. McMahon, pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Convent Avenue and 142d Street. In 1896 he attended the American College in Rome, where he remained until his ordination to the priesthood by Mgr. O'Connell, now Cardinal O'Connell of the Archdiocese of Boston.

Funeral services will be held in the Church of the Blessed Sacrament on Monday morning at 10 o'clock. A solemn high mass of requiem will be sung, with the Rev. Joseph H. McMahon, celebrant; the Rev. Thomas J. Berry, deacon, and the Rev. Leo E. Ryan, subdeacon. The sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Cornelius Clifford.

A. E. SMITH ACTS AS MAYOR.

Rushes Board of Estimate Work—Women's Pay Increased.

Alfred E. Smith, President of the Board of Aldermen, became Acting Mayor of New York yesterday in the absence of Mayor Hylan, who has gone to Palm Beach, Fla., for a rest. Mr. Smith, following the request of Mayor Hylan that all heads of departments get to their offices at 9 o'clock in the morning, reached the City Hall with fifteen minutes to spare, and he did not leave until 6:20 o'clock last night. The Acting Mayor divided his attention between his own office, in the eastern wing of the building, and the Mayor's office, in the western wing. He wrote no letter and issued no statements.

During the day Mr. Smith presided at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and wound up the business on the calendar in short order. The only matter of importance was the adoption of a resolution offered by Frank L. Dowling, Borough President of Manhattan, to increase the pay of 361 women employed as cleaners in the public buildings of the city from $408 to $516 a year. A letter which Mayor Hylan sent to the heads of all departments before he left was made public. In it the Mayor said he would hold the heads of departments personally responsible for any waste or negligence discovered in the various departments.

It was rumored at the City Hall that when Mayor Hylan returned he would appoint Grover A. Whalen, his private secretary, Street Cleaning Commissioner in place of Acting Commissioner Arnold B. MacStay.

CAPT. A. B. ROOSEVELT NOW.

Ex-President's Third Son Is Promoted from Second Lieutenantcy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Second Lieutenant Archibald B. Roosevelt, N. A., whom General Pershing recommended for promotion to the rank of Captain of infantry in the national army on Dec. 26, when he also designated other officers of the American expeditionary force for higher grades, was officially named a Captain today. He is the third son of former President Roosevelt, and, according to recent advices, has been attached to General Pershing's headquarters.

Washington remembers him as a boy during his father's residence in the White House, and recalls his chumminess with army officers detailed at the Executive Mansion.

Captain Roosevelt is 22 years old. He was married on April 14, 1917, to Miss Grace Lockwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas St. John Lockwood of Boston. He was a student at Harvard when war was declared, and after completing training at Plattsburg was commissioned a Second Lieutenant.

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Engaged.

SAMUELY—ROTHSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Rothstein of 601 West 151st St., beg to announce the engagement of their daughter, Lillian, to Mr. Nathaniel Newton Samuely.

Married.

BURNS—CREAGHAN.—Mary Xavier Creaghan of Baltimore, Md., to John Michael Burns of Palisade, N. J., at St. Dominic's Church, Hamilton, Md., Feb. 9, 1918.

GROSS—PERRY.—Mr. and Mrs. Orin F. Perry, announce the marriage of their daughter, Grace Adelaide, to Leroy M. Gross at their residence, 96 Riverside Drive, Feb. 15, 1918.

LOWRIE—ARMOUR.—On Saturday, Feb. 9, at Trinity Church, Princeton, N. J., by the Right Rev. Paul Matthews, Bishop of New Jersey, assisted by the Rev. A. B. Baker, D. D., and the Rev. Robert Williams, Barbara, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Armour, to the Rev. Walter Lowrie, Rector of St. Paul's Church, Rome, Italy.

Died.

BENNETT.—On Wednesday, Feb. 13, 1918, William Hosmer Bennett of 1,213A Bergen St., Brooklyn, beloved husband of Alice Tiffany Bennett. Funeral service at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Feb. 16, at 8 P. M. Syracuse (N. Y.) papers please copy.

BRIGGS.—On Feb. 15, 1918, Helen M., widow of James H. Briggs, aged 66 years. Funeral services at Greenfield Cemetery Chapel, Hempstead, L. I., on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

BRINCKERHOFF.—On Thursday, Feb. 14, James S. Brinckerhoff, in his 73d year. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Washington Av., between 170th and 171st Sts., on Saturday, Feb. 16, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

BROWN.—On Feb. 15, 1918, Mary Elizabeth, beloved wife of the late John Crosby Brown and daughter of the Rev. William Adams, D. D. Funeral services at her home, 36 East 37th St., on Monday, Feb. 18, at 2:30 o'clock. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

CHAMBERS.—The Rev. B. Stewart, D. D., senior priest of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and 71st St., Friday, Feb. 15. Divine Office will be chanted by the clergy Sunday evening, 8 o'clock. Solemn mass of requiem for repose of his soul Monday, Feb. 18, 10 A. M. Interment Kansas City.

COLVIN.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 15, Andrew M. Colvin. Funeral services at his late residence, 15 North 9th Av., Sunday at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

DAVIDSON.—Johanna, (nee Gundersheim,) beloved wife of Julius Davidson, passed away at 8:30 P. M., Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918. Funeral service will be held at Millhouse Chapel, 1,460 Lexington Av., (95th St.,) Sunday, Feb. 17, at 10 A. M.

DAUBERT.—On Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William J. Hare, 16 West 102d St., Catherine Daubert, (nee Walker.) Requiem mass Saturday, Feb. 16, 1918, at 10 A. M., at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St.

DORNER.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, Florence J., beloved daughter of John C. Dorner and Julia A. Valentine, in her 18th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, 502 Willard Av., Brooklyn Manor, L. I., on Saturday evening, Feb. 16, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

ELLERKMAN.—Culinary Alimentary Association of the State of New York: It is a sorrowful occasion to inform you of the death of our beloved President, Jules Ellerkman, who passed away Feb. 14, 1918, after a short illness, at the age of 36 years. Funeral services will be held at the Masonic Temple, 46 West 24th St., Sunday at 2 P. M. Kindly be present to offer your last respects.
THE ADMINISTRATION.

EVERETT.—On Feb. 15, 1918, John, beloved husband of the late Ellen Everett, at his residence, 256 West 104th St. Funeral from the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., on Monday at 10 A. M.

FREYFOGLE.—At Haverstraw, N. Y., Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, Cassie Hahn, widow of William H. Freyfogle. Funeral services from her late home, Sharp St., Haverstraw, N. Y., Sunday afternoon, Feb. 17, at 2 o'clock.

HARDING.—On Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, at his home, Colonel William James Harding, husband of Adelia Chamberlain Harding, in his 78th year. Services 2 P. M., Sunday, Feb. 17, U. S. Grant Post Building, 489 Washington Av., Brooklyn. Please omit flowers.

HAYS.—On Feb. 14, 1918, of pneumonia, William H., son of the late Alexander M. and Mary C. Hays, aged 48 years. Funeral and interment private.

HIRSCH.—On Friday, Feb. 15, Camille Hirsch, (nee Weil,) in her 68th year, beloved wife of Leon Hirsch, devoted mother of Fernand, Emile, Moise, Marcel, Louis, and Leah Hirsch, Ellis Rosenzweig, Juliette Guttman, Cecelia Oppenheimer, and Mrs. Achsah Lippe. Funeral services at her late residence, 445 West 162d, Sunday, Feb. 17, at 2 P. M.

HOLT.—On Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, at his residence, 97 Lexington Av., Charles H. Holt, husband of Anne Holt. Funeral services will be held on Saturday, Feb. 16, 10:30 A. M., from August Eickelberg's parlors, 234 8th Av., near 55th St. Please omit flowers.

HOTCHKISS.—Walter Russell, suddenly, of pneumonia, at Short Hills, N. J., Feb. 13, 1918. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, Short Hills, N. J., on Saturday, Feb. 16, at 2:15 P. M. Take 1:03 P. M. train from Hoboken, D., L. & W. R. R. Interment private. New Haven papers please copy.

HUNTER.—Anna Ross, on Feb. 12, in her 64th year, at her residence, Chicago, Ill., widow of the late Frank D. Hunter. Services Saturday, 3 P. M., at John Graham's Chapel, 4,221 Park Av., near Tremont Av., Bronx. Interment at convenience of family.

HUTTON.—Suddenly, at his residence, 116 East 63d St., John Hutton, in the 62d year of his age. Funeral at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., on Monday, Feb. 18, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment private.

IRWIN.—On Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, Henry Irwin, Jr., beloved husband of Florence Newman Irwin. Funeral services at his late home, 17 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday, Feb. 16, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

KELLER.—On Friday, Feb. 15, 1918, Julia S., beloved mother of Mathilda Boschen and Charles G. Keller. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,135 Southern Boulevard, near 181st St., Bronx, on Sunday at 3:30 P. M. Interment private: Kindly omit flowers.

LEWIS.—On Friday, Feb. 15, suddenly, Annah Ripley, wife of Clarence McKenzie Lewis, at her residence, 1,000 Park Av. Funeral private.

McGINN.—Francis, of "Oh Boy." Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, 1,970 Broadway, Monday at 12 noon.

MEYER.—On Feb. 15, 1918, Wolfgang, in his 74th year, beloved husband of Lena and father of Dr. Leo B., Dr. Julian J., and Morris B. Funeral from his late residence, 140 West 79th St., on Sunday, Feb. 17, at 2 P. M.

MILBANK.—At her residence, Greensfield Hill, Conn., Feb. 11, 1918, Mary N., widow of the late Isaac M. Milbank. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence on Greensfield Hill, Fairfield, Saturday, Feb. 16, at 2:30 P. M. Automobiles in waiting at Fairfield station on arrival of 12:03 train from Grand Central Station.

MOULTON.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., after a brief illness, on Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, Emma B., widow of George A. Moulton, formerly of Astoria, L. I., and later of Maplewood, N. J., in her 74th year. Funeral services will be held at the Chapel of Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, on Saturday, Feb. 16, at 2:30 P. M.

NEVIUS.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Feb. 14, at New York City, John H. C. Nevius of Rochester, Mass., in his 68th year. Interment at Rochester, Mass., on Saturday, Feb. 16.

OPERTI.—Martha S., beloved wife of Albert Operti, on Feb. 15. Funeral from National Chapel, 14 East 39th St., Sunday. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

PAFFENRATH.—On Feb. 14, at her daughter's residence, 49 East 78th St., Theresa Paffenrath, in her 82d year. Funeral private.

PETTIE.—On Feb. 14, 1918, Adelbert E., beloved son of Mrs. Edgar C. Pettie, brother of Mrs. Oscar Lewisohn, Misses Marguerite and Jane May. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Saturday, 11 A. M. Syracuse papers please copy.

PLATZEK.—On Friday, Feb. 15, at his residence, 15 East 48th St., after a brief illness, William W. Platzek, in the fifty-ninth year of his age. Funeral at Wilmington, N. C. Philadelphia and Wilkes-Barre, Penn., and Wilmington, N. C., papers please copy.

RADER.—At his home, on Feb. 14, 1918, Gustave, beloved husband of Minnie E. Rader (nee Ensign) and son of the late Gustavus W. and Fredericka Rader. Funeral from his late home, 1,015 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday, Feb. 17, at 12 o'clock. Automobile cortege. Interment at Mount Hebron Cemetery, Montclair Heights, N. J., on arrival of train leaving the Erie Depot, Jersey City, at 1:15.

RAND.—On Feb. 6, in France, 1st Lieutenant Gordon Loring Rand, Aviation Section, Signal Corps, son of Eugenie Blanchard and the late George Curtis Rand, in the 27th year of his age.

SALVE.—At Oradell, N. J., Feb. 14, John M. Salve. Services and burial at convenience of family. Interment Feb. 18, at Kensico Cemetery.

Died.

SIMSON.—On Friday, Feb. 15, Selma, beloved wife of Max Simson and beloved mother of Sigmund and Emanuel. Funeral from her late residence, 522 West 147th St., on Sunday, Feb. 17, at 1:30 P. M. Sisters of Bathiah Lodge, U. O. T. S., invited.

STONE.—On Feb. 9, 1918, suddenly, at St. Petersburg, Fla., in his 57th year, Eben D. Stone of the jewelry firm of Perry & Stone, New London, Conn., husband of Jessie Perry Stone. Interment at Great Barrington, Mass.

STREESEMANN.—Feb. 13, 1918, Anna Streesemann, aged 88, widow of the late J. F. Streesemann. Services by Rev. Thomas B. Braithewaite at the home of her daughter, Mrs. F. Hoppen, Wantagh, L. I., at 2 P. M., Sunday; at German M. E. Church 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Flatbush Av. station 11:42 A. M.

SWEENEY.—Thomas J., beloved son of the late Michael and Margaret Atfield Sweeney and brother of Mary and Sylvester Sweeney, at his residence, 246 West 129th St. Funeral from St. Aloysius's Church, West 132d St., Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock.

ULLMANN.—Thursday, Feb. 14, Ignatz, beloved husband of Marie (nee Fleischmann) and devoted father of Nathan, Jacob, Anna Bibro, Sadie Rosenberg, Rebecca Neuman, Julia, Bertha, and Selma. Relatives, friends, members of Friedens Verein, No. 1; Lyric Lodge, 376, I. O. O. F.; King David Lodge, No. 26, I. O. F. S. of I.; Immanuel Lodge, No. 1, U. O. T. S. Funeral Sunday, 10 A. M., from residence, 1,389 5th Av.

ULLMAN.—Emmanuel Lodge, No. 1, U. O. T. S.—Sisters are requested to attend funeral of husband of Sister Mary Ullman, Sunday, Feb. 17, 10 A. M., from 1,389 5th Av. HERMINE LEFFLER, President. FANNY BAUMGARTEN, Financial Secretary.

WALKER.—Wilkin Walker, son of Eugenia Walker and the late John S. Walker, in the 44th year of his age. Funeral private from the residence of his mother, The Alden, Newburg, N. Y., on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 17, at 2 o'clock.

WENDEL.—On Friday evening, Feb. 15, 1918, Fanny, wife of the late Conrad Wendel and mother of George V. Wendel, in her 84th year, at her residence, 369½ Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment on Monday, private.

WHEELER.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 14, 1918, Florence Osborne, wife of Franklin D. Wheeler and daughter of the late Charles S. and Sara Dodd Osborne. Funeral service will be held at her late home, 32 James St., on Saturday, Feb. 16, at 2:30 P. M.

YOUNG.—At her residence, 98 South Hamilton St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Feb. 14, Maria A., wife of James Hyde Young. Funeral private.

BACCARI.—Alda, Feb. 13, aged 23. Funeral, 223 8th Av.

BOYLE.—Catherine, 1,292 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, Feb. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BRANBERG.—Bernard, St. Joseph's Hospital, Feb. 13, aged 77.

BRENNAN.—Richard, Feb. 14. Funeral, 107th St. and Amsterdam Av.

BUDENBENDER.—George F., 1,510 Glover St., Bronx, Feb. 14. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

CORCORAN.—Bridget, 476 East 140th St., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

GREEN.—Monica, 372 East 139th St., Feb. 13. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HACKETT.—James, 131 West 87th St., Feb. 13, aged 24. Funeral today.

HEINLEIN.—John, 664 East 223d St., Feb. 14, aged 66. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HEMMLER.—Richard, 3,200 Broadway, Feb. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HERNON.—William, 203 West 135th St., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

JOHNSON.—John, Flower Hospital, Feb. 13, aged 53.

KAITENEN.—Mary, 184 West End Av., Feb. 13, aged 58.

KEELER.—Julia, 494 Madison St., Feb. 13.

LEAHY.—Patrick, Bellevue Hospital, Feb. 13.

LOOMIS.—Asa S., 195 Claremont Av., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

McCONNELL.—Delia, 533 West 149th St., Feb. 14. Funeral notice later.

McDONNELL.—Ann, 2,897 8th Av., Feb. 13.

NILAND.—Elizabeth, 209 West 15th St., Feb. 14, aged 76.

O'DONNELL.—Jane, 238 East 55th St., Feb. 13, aged 70.

PUHIERA.—Nicholas, 73 Amsterdam Av., Feb. 14. Funeral Feb. 18, 10 A. M.

RADIGAN.—Margaret, 539 West 57th St., Feb. 13, aged 56.

RANDALL.—Maria, 48 Manhattan St., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

SALLON.—Joseph, 344 East 42d St., Feb. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SIMPSON.—Alice M., Feb. 13, aged 62. Funeral, 304 West 126th St., today, 2 P. M.

TRACY.—Delia, 119 East 91st St., Feb. 14.

ZUELETT.—Catherine, Harlem Hospital, Feb. 14, aged 94.

Brooklyn.

BANKS.—John H. P., 440 67th St., Feb. 14, aged 56. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

BERNSTEIN.—Aaron, 183 Clinton St., Feb. 14, aged 53.

BLANCHARD.—Frank G., 222 East 17th St., Feb. 13.

BOND.—Albert C., 722 Halsey St., Feb. 14, aged 73. Funeral service today.

BRADY.—John J., 298 Lefferts Av., Feb. 14. Funeral Feb. 18.

BRANDT.—Agnes, 610 11th St., Feb. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

CAMPBELL.—Agnes, 18 Heyward St., Feb. 14, aged 40. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CHRISTIANSEN.—Walter, 157 19th St., Feb. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COLLIER.—Mary E., 863 Hawthorne St., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CONNORS.—Mary, 464 72d St., Feb. 13, aged 85.

EGAN.—Harry, Feb. 13, aged 52. Funeral, 697 3d Av., today, 9:30 A. M.

GALLAGHER.—Hannah, 195 State St., Feb. 13. Funeral private.

HURLEY.—Ellen, 414 9th Av., Feb. 14, aged 94. Funeral today.

IGELHEIMER.—Henrietta, 546 Eastern Parkway, Feb. 14, aged 77. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

KANE.—Mary L., 15 Willow St., Feb. 14. Funeral Feb. 18, 9:30 A. M.

KELLY.—Katie, 606 Manhattan Av., Feb. 14, aged 57. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

KILSPERGER.—Theodore, 88 Jefferson St., Feb. 14, aged 72. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KOPINS.—Joseph C., Feb. 14. Funeral, 503 Atlantic Av., today, 10 A. M.

LYNCH.—Margaret, 883 Warren St., Feb. 13. Funeral today.

McGARRY.—Andrew, 157 Douglass St., Feb. 13, aged 39. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MILHAVEN.—Anna M., 360 Palmetto St., Feb. 13.

NIEBUHR.—Dietrich, 536 76th St., Feb. 14. Funeral notice later.

O'KEEFE.—Gertrude, 430 Carlton Av., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

POSTEL.—Frederick, 289 Albany Av., Feb. 15.

SPISSL.—Ida, 318 Devoe St., Feb. 14, aged 42. Funeral today.

TROTTER.—John, 199 Bond St., Feb. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

VIEMESTER.—Charles, 1,821 Stockholm St., Feb. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WARREN.—John, 480 Washington Av., Feb. 14. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

WEBER.—Barbara, 1,721 Grove St., Feb. 14, aged 42. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ARKENAU.—Antoinette, 281 3d St., Jersey City, Feb. 13.

CODY.—Henry, Feb. 13, aged 53. Funeral 380 Broad St., Newark.

DEZRENS.—Elanore, 623 South 11th St., Newark, Feb. 14, aged 6.

DONNELLY.—Elizabeth, 928 Garden St., Hoboken, Feb. 14. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

ENGLISH.—Margaret, 175 5th St., Jersey City, Feb. 13.

FRUEHLING.—Charles, 19 Barbara St., Newark, Feb. 13, aged 71. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GEIGER.—Winfield, 663 South 18th St., Newark, Feb. 13, aged 46. Funeral today.

GORMAN.—Joseph, 188 Mercer St., Jersey City, Feb. 13.

GROEBLIN.—Christina, 515 Spring St., West Hoboken, Feb. 13, aged 69.

JUNIUM.—Charles, 78½ Madison St., Hoboken, Feb. 14, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KUSCH.—William, St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, Feb. 14, aged 42. Funeral private.

METTLER.—Adolf G., 410 Union St., West Hoboken, Feb. 13, aged 60. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

MEYER.—Elizabeth, 601 Orange St., Newark, Feb. 13, aged 80. Funeral today.

O'HANLON.—Mary, 8 Boyd Av., Jersey City, Feb. 13, aged 90. Funeral private.

OGDEN.—Frederick H., 136 Washington Av., Newark, Feb. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PATERSON.—Jane, 112 Garside St., Newark, Feb. 13, aged 61. Funeral service today.

PLATNER.—William C., 421 18th Av., Newark, Feb. 13, aged 54. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

STEEL.—Georgie W., 57 Harmon St., Jersey City, Feb. 13.

WALKER.—Washington L., 219 Avon Av., Newark, Feb. 14, aged 63.

WESTERFIELD.—Martha S., 186 Sea View Av., Jersey City, Feb. 13.

Long Island.

McKELVAY.—Mary, Woodside, Feb. 13. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

TREACEY.—Edward, Long Island City, Feb. 13. Funeral today.

WALSDORFF.—Phebe J., Brooklyn Manor, Feb. 13, aged 72.

In Memoriam.

BREDELLO.—Elizabeth, in memory of; died Feb. 16, 1917.

MONAHAN.—Mary, mass St. Agnes's Church today, 7 A. M.

RUDDEN.—Mary A., mass Blessed Sacrament Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

Mead
Prompt, careful, considerate service, at the price you wish to pay. Non-sectarian. 1939 MADISON AVE. 'PHONE 3715 HARLEM.

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J. HUTTON DIES; SON TO WED

Lieut. Hutton's Marriage to Miss Lyon Tomorrow Hastened by War.

John Hutton, a member of an old New York family and a retired member of the firm of T. Shriver & Co., iron workers, of Harrison, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 116 East Sixty-third Street, from heart disease. He was in his sixty-third year.

Mr. Hutton retired twelve years ago, having been with the iron firm for twenty years. He is survived by his sister, Mrs. E. Mears Kemp; two daughters, Mrs. Thomas F. Plunkett and Miss Amy Hutton, and a son, Lieutenant John Laurence Hutton, U. S. R., a member of the Coast Artillery Corps.

The wedding of Lieutenant Hutton to Miss Katherine Lyon will take place quietly tomorrow afternoon, at the home of the bride's stepfather, Langdon Greenwood, 269 West End Avenue, as announced, as the bridegroom is on limited leave.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Brown.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Brown, widow of John Crosby Brown of Brown Brothers & Co., bankers, and daughter of the late Rev. Dr. William Adams, for many years the pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, died yesterday in her home, 36 East Thirty-seventh Street. She had been identified with many charitable enterprises in this city and was known for her local missionary work.

Obituary Notes.

Miss ELLEN HURLEY, 94 years old, one of the oldest residents of Long Island City, died there on Wednesday.

Mrs. CATHERINE WARD, widow of Patrick Ward, an old-time Democratic leader of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at her home, 4,821 Eleventh Avenue, Brooklyn.

GEORGE H. ALEXANDER, Superintendent of Freight Transportation of the New York Central Railroad, died at his home in Yonkers, N. Y., on Thursday night.

Mrs. HENRIETTA IGELHEIMER, wife of Isaac Igelheimer, a retired clothier, died on Thursday at her home, 546 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, in her seventy-seventh year.

Mrs. KATHERINE J. HAGGERTY, wife of Patrolman James C. Haggerty of the Flushing Precinct, and long a resident of Whitestone, died there on Wednesday, aged 53 years.

Alderman WILLIAM J. AMBROSE of Morristown, N. J., former member of the Morris County Board of Freeholders, died yesterday at his home in Morristown. He was 55 years old.

MARCUS A. GOULD, a retired New York accountant and husband of the late Dr. Elizabeth J. Gould of East Orange, N. J., died on Thursday at his home in East Orange, N. J., in his seventy-fourth year.

HENRY WILLIAM JURGENS, for forty years connected with the wholesale grocery house of William B. A. Jurgens, died on Wednesday at his home, 1,500 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was 57 years old.

WILLIAM WALLACE BROADBENT, an expert on concrete construction, died yesterday at his home in Paterson, N. J., in his sixty-second year. He was the overseer of the construction of the North German Lloyd dock in Hoboken.

HENRY IRWIN, Jr., a member of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Maxwell & Co., in Manhattan, died on Thursday at his home, 17 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn, in his forty-second year. He was a member of Acanthus Lodge, 719, F. and A. M.

ADELBERT E. PETTIE, a cigar manufacturer of this city and brother of Edna May, the actress, now Mrs. Oscar Lewisohn, died Thursday in the West Hill Sanitarium, Riverdale, in his forty-second year. His home was at 204 West Eighty-sixth Street.

GUSTAVE RADER, a manufacturer of clay products, and President and a Director of the Gustave Rader Company, died of pneumonia on Thursday at his residence, 1,015 Prospect Place Brooklyn. He was born in this city fifty-five years ago, and was a son of the late Gustavus W. Rader.

ZEBULON CHADBOURNE, 81 years old, a civil war veteran and formerly for many years employed in the construction department of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died of pneumonia on Wednesday at his residence, 1,649 Amsterdam Avenue. Mr. Chadbourne was born in Brooklyn.

Miss MATILDA DAVIES, a concert and opera singer, died suddenly on Monday in St. John's Hospital from Bright's disease. Miss Davies was a pupil of Mme. Tippet, and had appeared with the Aborn Opera Company and the "Gypsy Love" company. Her home was at 690 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM HOSMER BENNETT, for thirty-five years in the spice and coffee brokerage business as a member of the firm of W. H. Bennett & Sons, 101 Wall Street, died of pneumonia on Wednesday at his home, 1,213A Bergen Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Bennett was born in Washington Village, R. I. He belonged to the Crescent Athletic Club, Stella Lodge, 485, F. and A. M., and the Old Colony Club.

FRANCIS D. McGINN, an actor, who had been playing the role of the Judge in "Oh Boy!" at the Princess Theatre, died suddenly last night at his home, 340 Riverside Drive, from heart disease. He had been seen in several Broadway productions, notably in "Officer 666." Mr. McGinn was a member of the Lambs and the Friars. The body was removed to the Campbell Funeral Church, where services will be held on Monday, at noon.

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12 Cortlandt St.
Will Offer To-Day (Saturday)
395 Pairs of Cordovan Shoes at $7.00
Value $9.00
310 Pairs of Last Season's Shoes at $3.35 and $3.95
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to economy in the kitchen. Wastefulness is to be avoided. Begin with food. Make second cuts equal to first. Make food palatable.
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Use it in the kitchen.

THOUSANDS IN CRUSH TO HEAR GALLI-CURCI

As Many Turned Away as Saw Her Last Appearance in "Traviata" at Lexington.

POLICE HOLD SURGING MOB

Golden Wreath Presented to Singer, Who Earns Another Triumph as Heroine of Verdi's Opera.

LA TRAVIATA, opera in four acts, book in Italian by Piave, after "La Dame aux Camellias" of the younger Dumas; music by Giuseppe Verdi. At the Lexington Theatre.

Violetta Valery	Amelita Galli-Curci
Flora Bervoix	Marie Pruzan
Annina	Louise Berat
Alfredo Germont	Juan Nadal
Giorgio Germont	Riccardo Stracciari
Gastone	G. Paltrinieri
Barone Douphol	Desire Defrere
Marchioness d'Obigny	Vittorio Trevisan
Dottore Grenvil	Constantin Nicolay
Giuseppe	Giuseppe Minerva
Servant of Flora	Rocco Franzini

Conductor, Giuseppe Sturani.

Seven thousand persons, the police reported, and it may have been 10,000 before the evening was over, attempted to get to the Lexington Theatre last night, which was difficult enough, and inside its doors, which to the majority was impossible, since the house held only a fraction of those that fought for a place at Mme. Galli-Curci's last opera appearance for another year. Streets full of automobiles were blocked solid from Park Avenue to Third and back to Park again, where late arrivals from the middle parts of town got out and walked in slippers in the mud. Sidewalks were reserved for a regiment of "standees," the first of whom had lined up with lunch boxes and camp chairs at 9 o'clock in the morning, while nobody who tried for an admission after 6 o'clock last night even got to the doors.

Captain Duggan and twenty policemen from the East Fifty-first Street Station, with twenty firemen besides, held the lobby entrances and patiently warned those without tickets away. In spite of the best they could do, the inner corridors filled with a shouting mob that surged toward any possible inlet to the theatre, already jammed to its capacity of 2,569 seated and 800 standees. The brass rails below the ornamental stairs to the first balcony gave way once, and the crowd by its own momentum was carried up the marble steps and was half disappearing into the ceiling when persuaded, with some emphasis, to get back to earth. Nobody was seriously hurt in the rush, and it was a wonder; but Captain Duggan declared he had never seen a prizefight crowd or a political meeting of New Yorkers more determined to get into a place, once they had got there.

Metropolitan boxholders, among them Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mrs. Giulio Gatti-Casazza, and many others, stood long inside the Lexington carriage entrances before extra police in the aisles could help them through the "front line of trenches." Here the embattled and successful railbirds hissed for silence after the opera, "La Traviata," began. There was silence all right, for on that point everybody was his own policeman, and some arguments had to be adjourned to the halls. The sole occasion of all this excitement, a little woman in a quaint hoopskirt gown, under a blaze of chandeliers of a supposed old Paris ballroom, stood on the stage and sang Verdi's "Ah, Fors E Lui," and its companion air, "Semper Libera," herself the only unconcerned spectator of her own greatest triumph here.

Give Her Wreath of Gold Leaves.

The applause never interrupted her, but waited till each last note had swelled and died utterly away, when the thunderclap of hands stopped the opera for minutes every time. Between the first and second acts a group of those who had heard, admired, and helped her when she was unknown in America two years ago, sent on the stage and presented to Galli-Curci a laurel wreath of gold leaves, each leaf subscribed for by some one whose name was on it, and the forty-seven of these surrounding a golden star. There were eighteen curtain calls at that and nine more after the second act, with the heroine's farewell to tenor Nadal, and Stracciari's "Di Provenza" air, while the midnight death that atones all "La Travita's" superficialities, all Violetta's sins, was one of the most beautiful in Galli-Curci's gallery of opera portraits since she came. It well deserved its bouquet of camellias.

Forty curtain calls followed the conclusion of as fine a "Traviata" as New York has seen in many years. The crowd ran wild at the end, it swarmed to the footlights, and shouted its demand for "Home, Sweet Home." At a quarter to midnight a piano was rolled out between the velvet draperies, and Galli-Curci played and sang the old song. There were a thousand persons still cheering at that hour.

Mme. Galli-Curci, who has sung in three weeks to 30,000 New Yorkers, or will have done so after her farewell at the Hippodrome tomorrow night, made her sixth appearance in opera at the Lexington Theatre last evening, when her greatest audience greeted her in a favorite rôle she had not previously performed here. Verdi's "La Traviata," as all the world knows, is the grand opera "Camille," by common origin of both opera and drama in the younger Dumas's story. The French novel appeared in 1848, the play was done in Paris in 1852, and Verdi's opera at Venice on March 3, 1853, composed in the same year—completed in four weeks, in fact—when he was also writing his "Trovatore." Verdi knew the value of "Traviata" better than the Venetians, who called it a "failure." To a baritone's condolence over the fiasco, he retorted, "Condole with yourself and your companions, who have not understood my music." The verdict of time has been that Violetta has become the pet rôle of all prima donnas who can sing its brilliant airs, just as her speaking likeness, Camille, has been the dream or despair of actresses from Bernhardt to Barrymore. The Traviatas include all the queens of the opera stage, from those of the crinoline days to the twentieth century.

Her Winning of New York.

The winning of New York by Galli-Curci forms the most interesting incident of the present musical and operatic season, of many seasons, indeed, for she has stepped at once into the front rank of artists, a triumph matched since 1900 by only Farrar and Caruso. There have been others to interest the public in that time, as Tetrazzini did at the Manhattan with her amazing feats, all at the top of a voice that lost itself in the lower register. There was, and is, Mary Garden, the singer "without a voice," as some have called her, but yet the greatest actress of lyric drama in any country today. There were—but Mme. Melba has told who were the stars of Grau, the favorites of the last generation—and though she said, "We were the last," already a successor appears. The Metropolitan Chairman doubted if any would arise to dim the glories of old in the Golden Horseshoe. He was himself a spectator of Galli-Curci's début in New York.

The town, amid war privations and alarms, has made a series of gala days over a new prima donna's appearances at the Lexington. She was well advised in choosing a forgotten "Dinorah" of Meyerbeer for her début; in no other was there more opportunity for her wistful, winsome charm of playful acting. This she repeated once, after the tragic "Lucia," which she is said to fear most of all she sings. Her first Hippodrome concert was less interesting on the personal side, more on the order of popular display; a second planned there resulted in disappointment when the singer developed a cold after her "Rigoletto" matinée. She canceled "Romeo and Juliet," of her operas here, and finally, before last night's "Traviata," she gave in "The Barber of Seville" last Wednesday a "singing lesson" scene of many arias, and made men cry with "Home, Sweet Home," as she had at the Hippodrome.

New Singer's Next Move.

Mme. Galli-Curci's triumph was not a foregone conclusion when she came from Chicago. She had knocked in vain at more than one door of opportunity here before she went West two years ago. Out there, on Nov. 18, 1916, her twenty-seventh birthday, she made a success of which the Chicago Opera Company had no expectation, no contracts to cover the harvest it promised in America, and even now no assurance of retaining beyond another year's tour and two or three short seasons in Chicago. This is why the country at large is interested in the new singer's next move, and why it is possible she may sing in any theatre that may secure her services after another season. Her success has been won, in all modesty, on her merits as the completest and most beautiful voice of any woman singer at the present time. Her amazing appeal to the public is based, not on "stunts" or vocal acrobatics, but on a higher artistic conscience in all she does; on the moving and spiritual thrill of the simplest beauty; on the moral value of art unspoiled, such as hers, at the present period of a world at war.

THRONG AT "LE PROPHETE."

Caruso Again Sings Superbly in Spectacular Production.

The Metropolitan Opera House, which holds a thousand more capacity than does its somewhat remote neighbor, the Lexington, also turned away crowds last night after a thousand standees had reinforced its 3,400 subscribers, who witnessed the season's second performance of Director Gatti's greatest spectacle in his ten years here, Meyerbeer's "Le Prophete," with Caruso again in the title rôle.

The tenor sang suberbly, as he had last week, when he took the part of Jean of Leyden—a De Reszke favorite—for the first time in his career. Mme. Matzenauer was a dramatic Fides, the Prophet's mother, and Miss Muzio did some of the best singing she has shown in New York as the hero's intended bride, Bertha.

Among those in the Münster Cathedral ensemble were Mmes. Arden, Egener, and Tiffany and in other scenes Messrs. Didur, Mardones, Schlegel, Bloch, Leonard, Ruysdael, and Audisio, with Galli and Bonfiglio in the skating ballet, all under the generalship of Artur Bodanzky.

The "Prophete" march of 400 persons on the stage was as impressive as before, a production which shows by sheer weight of contrasting gorgeousness some weak spots of old-time opera, yet lends its splendors to a formal drama that has power over modern audiences as it had in Meyerbeer's own day.

MISS ANGLIN AGAIN ELECTRA

Edith Wynne Matthison Also Repeats "As You Like It."

An enthusiastic audience that filled Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon remained applauding for several minutes after the final curtain had gone down on the Margaret Anglin-Symphony Society production of the "Electra" of Sophocles, which was given for the first time on Wednesday of last week and for the second yesterday. The interest of the audience was held from the beginning to the end of the performance. Miss Anglin appeared as Electra, and others in the cast were Fuller Mellish as Guardian, the foster father of Orestes; Fred Eric as Orestes, Benjamin Kauser as Pylades, Mitchell Harris as Aegisthos, Madeline Delmar as Chrysothemis, Florence Wollersen as Clytemnestra, and Diantha Pattison as the leader of the chorus. Walter Damrosch conducted for the Symphony Orchestra, which played the music composed for the tragedy by Mr. Damrosch.

Edith Wynne Matthison and the cast which appeared with her in "As You Like It" last week repeated the play at the Cort Theatre yesterday afternoon for a pleased audience.

The American Academy of Dramatic Arts gave its fourth matinée of the season at the Lyceum Theatre yesterday afternoon. The audience seemed to enjoy the two plays presented, "The Triumph of the Philistines," by Henry Arthur Jones, and "The Rushlight," by Monica Barry O'Shea.

POLICE BEGIN FIGHT ON SUNDAY SHOWS

Eighty Warrants Out for Alleged Violators of the Law in Vaudeville Theatres.

SEVERAL ARRESTS MADE

Managers, Resenting Enright's Action Without Warning, Say They Observed Woods's Regulations.

Something close to consternation spread among the managers and performers of vaudeville houses in the city last night when it became known that some eighty warrants had been issued for the arrest of persons charged with violation of the law against certain kinds of Sunday amusement and that several managers had been arrested. It transpired that a squad of ten detectives from Inspector Daly's Headquarters staff went to a number of vaudeville houses in the city last Sunday evening and gathered evidence on which they obtained the warrants from Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, and it was said that the activities of the detectives meant that Police Commissioner Enright had begun a campaign against what he considered widespread violation of the Sunday law by places of amusement.

The descent upon the vaudeville houses without warning disconcerted the managers, because, it was said, they were not conscious of having violated the law. One of those who spoke for them last night said that the vaudeville managers had a conference with former Police Commissioner Woods at the beginning of his administration at which all concerned agreed as to just what could and what could not be done legally in theatres on Sunday, and that since that time the managers had scrupulously observed the regulations laid down by Mr. Woods, rearranging their daily programs every Sunday so as to make them permissable. The same spokesman said that if Commissioner Enright disagreed with Mr. Woods as to the interpretation of the law the managers would be glad to conform with any regulations he laid down. They were inclined to be resentful because the arrests had come without warning, when, according to their contention, they were keeping their agreement with Commissioner Enright's predecessor.

Another thing that aroused the resentment of the managers was the fact that, instead of serving summons upon the managers against whom charges were made, the police obtained warrants. Maurice Goodman, counsel for the Keith and allied vaudeville interests, called upon Chief Magistrate McAdoo last night and protested against the use of warrants, and the Chief Magistrate later issued a statement in which he said that in issuing the warrants he had merely followed the request of the police authorities, who had presented the warrants already filled out and ready for him to sign. He had assumed, he said, that the police had reason for the request, but that in the future where well-known and responsible managers were concerned he would issue summonses unless the police showed reason why warrants should be used.

Alfred T. Darling, manager of the Colonial Theatre, was one of those arrested. He was arraigned in the West Side Court yesterday and parolled until next Thursday, when he must appear with the performers for whose acts on Sunday evening he was arrested. The performers will probably repeat their acts in court so that the Magistrate may decide whether they were done in violation of the law.

Mr. Darling said last night that he could not imagine why he had been arrested.

"I have been manager of this theatre for four years," he said, "and in that time have given the regular performance every Sunday without any warning that I was violating the law. Just what can and cannot be done in an amusement house on Sunday has been a matter of disagreement among legal experts, for, as is known, the law permits some forms of amusement and not others. It has been generally considered that regular plays with plots and scenes which are part of a story were illegal, but, so far as I know, vaudeville entertainments consisting of disconnected numbers have never been regarded as unlawful on Sunday. I was told by the authorities when arrested that my performance last Sunday was illegal because the scenes were changed between numbers and the performers changed their costumes. If the authorities interpret the law correctly, it will mean that all of the vaudeville performers in any one theatre will have to appear on Sundays in their street clothes and act in the same scenery set."

William A. Rice, manager of the Casino Theatre in Brooklyn, was also arrested. He was arraigned in the Flatbush Avenue Court before Magistrate Voorhies, who, not knowing that the detectives had proceeded against managers all over the city, expressed indignation that the police had acted in Brooklyn when the vaudeville theatres in New York were "running wide open." He adjourned Rice's case until Feb. 28.

Other theatres visited by the detectives on Sunday night were the Bronx Opera House, Hurtig & Seamon's Theatre, and the American Roof Garden. The number of warrants served by last night could not be learned, but it was said by the police that all of those wanted would be arrested before night.

Some of the managers said last night that they would have their performances next Sunday as planned and wait for a decision of the cases against them before accepting the police interpretation of the law, but there was considerable uncertainty and many conferences among them last night.

MME. MELBA, AUCTIONEER.

She Adds $1,500 to Proceeds of Concert in Aid of French Artists.

Mme. Melba, who was the principal soloist yesterday afternoon at the concert held in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton, under the auspices of Union des Arts, for the benefit of French artists, not only appeared in a group of songs, but assumed the rôle of an auctioneer. In a few minutes of spirited bidding she added $1,500 to the proceeds of the concert.

The first article auctioned was a small jeweled French flag, and the bids rose rapidly to $1,000. The purchaser, a woman, would not disclose her identity. Two autographed photographs of Mme. Melba brought $250 each.

The ballroom was crowded with fashionable folk, and when the bidding lagged, Mme. Melba asked what had become of all the American millionaires. She announced afterwards that in auctioning off an article worth $5 for the Red Cross in Australia she had received $12,000.

John Powell played and Mlle. Andree Barlett recited. Mme. Melba responded to all encores, and one of her selections was by Percy Grainger, a song without words, descriptive of the loneliness of an Australian bushman, which she sang while concealed from the view of the audience.

Concert for Soldiers and Sailors.

David Mannes and his orchestra of fifty-five performers will give the second and last concert for the soldiers and sailors in New York and vicinity and their friends with free admittance also to the public this evening at 8 o'clock at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The museum will be open to the guests, who can wander at will through the galleries. These concerts are the donation of a friend of the museum to the army and navy men. The program opens with the "March" from "Aida." Bizet's "Suite from Carmen" will be given, and a string orchestra will play Tschaikowsky's "Andante Cantabile" and an Irish tune from Grainger's "County Derry." At 9 o'clock "The Star-Spangled Banner" will be played. There will follow two Slavic dances by Dvorak, Russian folk tunes and dances by Liadow, the Peer Gynt Suite; the Dream Pantomime from Hansel and Gretel, closing with the introduction and finale from "Tristan and Isolde."

Brahms Quartet in First Recital.

Klaire Dowsey, Edith Bennett, Hilda Gelling, and Elinor Hughes, newly associated as the Brahms Quartet, gave their first recital in the Princess Theatre yesterday afternoon, singing together three songs of Bramas's Opus 44 for women's voices and his duet, "The Sisters," for two of them. They were best heard in French folksongs arranged by Deems Taylor, even challenging the delicate harmonies of Debussy's "Beau Soir." Rodney Saylor accompanied other four-part lyrics by H. R. Spier, Harold Smith, Chadwick, and Spross. The grouped singers were a novel sight, and the voices blended well in the intimate theatre.

Boris Saslawsky, Baritone, in Songs

Boris Saslawsky, a baritone of peculiar voice, rare humor, and evident relish for his songs—a relish that he communicated to his audience—appeared as a newcomer at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. He is a mature artist, whose best work at this matinée was not the Handelian "Honor and Arms" with which he began, but the Russian ballads of Moussorgsky and Rachmaninoff, and a group of similar French folk pieces, including a jolly "Tambourin." The singer gave serious songs of Brahms, Debussy, Fourdrain, Faure, Munro, Dr. Arne, and Gretchaninow's "Hymn of New Russia" in conclusion.

Mayo Wadler Pleases at Debut.

Mayo Wadler, a young American violinist, who spent six years abroad with a former Boston Symphony concert master, Willy Hess, gave his first New York recital last night, in Aeolian Hall, to an audience which welcomed the young artist home with friendly enthusiasm. On his Gagliano violin he played Vitali's chaconne with organ, and then a group of five short pieces showing good technique, a smooth and sustained tone, and intelligent interpretation. His stage presence was reserved, serious, and pleasing. He closed with lighter airs by Cottenet and Smetana.

Concert for the Jewish Blind.

A concert will be held at the Educational Alliance tomorrow afternoon for the Jewish blind of New York and their guides. The concert has been arranged by the Junior Workers of the New York Guild for the Jewish blind. The Hunter College orchestra is to play and prominent artists will appear on the program.

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The Great Musical Hit THE LOVE MILL
48TH ST. Thea., Near B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Feb. 22.

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THE LITTLE TEACHER
GREATEST COMEDY-DRAMA SINCE "THE MUSIC MASTER"
By Harry James Smith, with MARY RYAN

SHUBERT 44th, West of Broadway. Eves. 8. Matinee Today, 2.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
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Last week at this Theatre. Moves to 44th Street Monday Night, February 18.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.

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The Copperhead A new drama by Augustus Thomas.
with LIONEL BARRYMORE
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44TH ST. Thea. Beg's NEXT MON. NIGHT
MAYTIME will be transferred here from the Shubert Thea. Seats now. Mts. Wed., Wash. B'day & Sat.
Usual Performance Tues. Night. No Mat. Mon.

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Wash. B'day
Usual Performance Tues. Night. No Mat. Mon.
"A Musical Comedy Masterpiece" OH, LADY! LADY!!

BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Wash. B'day
Usual Performance Tues. Night. No Mat. Mon.
Marbury-Shubert Intimate Musical Comedy. Girl O' Mine
"Excellent evening's entertainment. Has the charm of youth."—Eve. Post.

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BROADHURST 44th St., W. of B'way. Mats. Today, Thurs., Feb. 22.
Usual Performance Tues. Night. No Mat. Monday.
EMILY STEVENS in THE MADONNA of the FUTURE
By ALAN DALE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed., Feb. 22
Usual Performance Tues. Night. No Mat. Mon.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in "EYES OF YOUTH"

WHY MARRY?
NAT C. GOODWIN
EDMUND BREESE, ESTELLE WINWOOD, SHELLEY HULL, ERNEST LAWFORD, BEATRICE BECKLEY, LOTUS ROBB
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The STUART WALKER CO. in TARKINGTON'S
SEVENTEEN
Usual Performance Tues. Night. No Mat. Mon.

LONGACRE W. 48 St. Bryant 23. Eves., 8:20. Mts. Today & Wed. 2:20
"A Man Don't Go Far With a Married Woman Unless the Woman Goes Part of the Way with Him," says Jack in
YES OR NO
A Play of Women and Their Homes.

"Did You Ever Climb the Matterhorn?"
"The Gipsy Trail"
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TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES Today at 11:15 A. M. (Popular Prices.)

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Matinee Today. Popular Price Mat. Wed.

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TIGER ROSE

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DAVID BELASCO Presents POLLY WITH A PAST

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TODAY Matinee 2:30 Evening 8:30
LEE KEEDICK'S War Lectures
Lieut. E. M. Roberts
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"An American Aviator's Experiences Above and Beyond the Battle Line."

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Twice Today & Every Day as Usual. Mat. Today at 2:15 | Tonight at 8:15 | HOUDINI MAY WIRTH AND 1000 WONDERS

Central Lodge Theosophical Society, Hotel Marie Antoinette, B'way at 67th St., Sunday Eve., 8:15, Feb. 17th.
B. R. BAUMGARDT
"A JOURNEY INTO STARLAND"
An illustrated lecture giving the latest revelations in Celestial Photography.
ADMISSION $1.00.

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SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r
Aeolian Hall, This Morning at 11.
Symphony Concert for Children.
(Mr. Damrosch will explain percussion instruments.)
Rossini, Ravel, Grainger, Massenet, J. Strauss.
Aeolian Hall, To-m'w (Sun.) Aft., at 3.
Soloist GUSTAVE Langenus
Tschaikowsky Symphony No. 4, Mozart Concerto for Clarinet with Orchestra. Edward Burlingame Hill's Suite "Stevensoniana" (First time).
Carnegie Hall, Wed. Aft., Feb. 20, 2:30.
"MEDEA" of Euripides
with MARGARET ANGLIN
Special incidental music composed and conducted by
Walter Damrosch
Tickets at Room 1202, Aeolian Bldg., and Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
This Aft. at 2, Marouf. Alda, Howard; De Luca, Chalmers, Ruysdael, Rossi, Bada. Cond., Monteux.
Eve. at 8:15 (75c to $3), Manon Lescaut. Muzio, Perini; Martinelli, Scotti, Reiss. Cond., Papi.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $1.50, Rudolph Ganz, pianist. Rappold; Amato. Orch. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8, Puritani. Barrientos, Perini; Lazaro, De Luca, Mardones. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8:15, Tosca. Farrar; McCormack, Scotti, Malatesta, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
Thurs. at 8:15, Lodoletta. Easton; Caruso, Amato, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wash. B'day Mat. at 2 ($1 to $4), Carmen. Farrar, Miller, Sparkes, Fornia; Martinelli, Whitehill, Rossi, Bada, Reiss. Cd., Monteux. Seats Now.
Fri. at 8:15, Barbiere di Siviglia. Barrientos; De Luca, Carpi, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.
Sat. at 2:15, St. Elizabeth. Easton, Matzenauer; Whitehill, Schlegel, Ruysdael, Leonard. Cd., Bodanzky
Sat., at 8:15 (75c to $3). Rigoletto. Barrientos, Perini; Lazaro, De Luca, Scotti. Cond., Moranzoni.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Feb. 21, at 2:30
Mr. Daniel Mayer presents
Only appearance in New York of
The distinguished Anglo-Belgian Conductor
HENRI Verbrugghen
with the Russian Symphony Orchestra
By courtesy of Modest Altschuler in a
Beethoven Program
Overture, "Leonore No. 3."
Symphony No. 3, "Eroica."
Symphony No. 5, C minor.
Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Now at Box Office.

LAST BILTMORE MUSICALE
MONDAY Morning, Feb'y 18, at 11. Note Change of Date!
CARUSO
GANNA WALSKA
LUCILE ORRELL
AURELIO GIORNI
Seats $3 & $5, now on sale at Biltmore Box Office. Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

PRINCESS THEATRE, Sun. Aft., Feb. 17, at 3:30.
Song Recital
CAMILLE SEYGARD
ETHEL CAVE COLE at the Piano.
Unusual Songs by SINDING and GRIEG and songs by
JOHN ALDEN CARPENTER
ACCOMPANIED BY THE COMPOSER
SECOND RECITAL, Sun. Eve., March 3, at 9.
ALL-FRENCH PROGRAMME
Tickets at Box Office, $3 each or $5 for both recitals
BENEFIT FRENCH WRITERS

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY.......... Conductor
Carnegie Hall, Tom'w, Sun. Aft., Feb. 17, at 3
Soloist EDDY BROWN
Schubert "Unfinished Symphony"; Mendelssohn, Violin Concerto; Debussy, "Afternoon of a Faun"; Rimsky-Korsakoff, "Russian Easter."
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, 3rd Concert To-night at 8:15
RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY
MODEST ALTSCHULER....... Conductor
First New York Performance RACHMANINOFF'S Second Act from "THE MISER-KNIGHT"
with George Baklanoff Russian Baritone Chicago Opera Co.
TSCHAIKOWSKY'S Favorite Symphony, "Winter Reveries."
Seats Box Of. & Tyson's. Mgt. John W. Frothingham

CARNEGIE HALL
TUESDAY, FEB. 19, at 8 P. M.
MISCHA LEVITZKI Pianist
FLORENCE MACBETH Soprano
MAXIMILIAN PILZER Violinist
Splendid Reserved Seats, 50c., 75c., $1 and $1.50 FREE with coupons entitling you to the HUMANITARIAN MAGAZINE.

HIPPODROME, SUN. NIGHT, FEB. 24.
CONCERT BY JOHN McCORMACK
TICKETS, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00. SEATS NOW.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., Feb. 18, at 8:15.
VIOLIN RECITAL
ILYA SCHKOLNIK
Seats now. Mgt. Music League of America.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3:15.
CHORAL SONG RECITAL Schumann Club
Percy Rector Stephens, Conductor.

CARNEGIE HALL
BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
DR. KARL MUCK.............. Conductor
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30.

BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences.
SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK,
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Academy of Music, Sat., Feb. 16, at 3 P. M.
BEETHOVEN-WAGNER PROGRAM
Symphony No. 3, "Eroica."
Prelude to Act III., "Lohengrin."
Parsifal, Siegfried, Meistersinger.
Remaining Seats, $1.00, $1.50.

Thru the Clutch of The Hun
His Thrilling Fights in the Air—His 8,000-ft. Fall Inside the Enemy's Lines—His Capture and Daring Escape by Leaping Thru the Car Window of an Express Train Running 35 Miles an Hour and His Seventy-two Days' Crawl Thru the Heart of Germany.
Told PERSONALLY by
Lieut. "PAT" O'BRIEN
The American Air Warrior of the British Flying Corps
A Story of Heroism and Danger That Held King George Spellbound.
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Tomorrow Night at 8:30
and Next Sunday Night, Feb. 24, at 8:30.
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Exclusive Management Lee Keedick, 437 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

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"The Lady of a Thousand Charms."
ALICE BRADY
WILL APPEAR IN PERSON IN ALL MARCUS LOEW THEATRES
WEEK OF FEBRUARY 18TH.
WATCH FOR THE DATE AT YOUR NEAREST THEATRE.

THE FILM SENSATION OF THE SEASON.
Children's Mat. Today, 10:30 A. M.—25 & 50c.
Tarzan OF THE APES
TWICE DAILY 2:30 & 8:30.
Mats. 25c, 50c, 75c. Eves. 25c to $1.50
BROADWAY THEATRE, at 41st St. Phone 6841 Bryant.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th. 20-30-60. Loges $1 | The U. S. Marines in "The Unbeliever." Soloists, Review & Rivoli Orchestra.
RIALTO Times Square. 20-30-60. | Mme. Petrova in "The Light Within." Review, Quartette & Rialto Orchestra.

81st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 8985
WM. S. HART as "The Two-Gun Man" in "The Bargain." Entire Change of Bill With Picture at End of Performance.
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.
BARGAIN MAT. TODAY 20c & 30c, incl. tax.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. | Madge Kennedy in "Our Little Wife." Comedy, Review, Soloists. Strand Symphony Orch.

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CHICKEN EVERY NIGHT WITH CHOICE OF MEAT.

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THE BROWN BETTY. 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

THE GREEN TEA POT
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Luncheon 60c, Roast Chicken Dinner $1.00. Including BEST WAFFLES IN TOWN.

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Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY TUES. & SAT.

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Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.
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Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

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MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th. (Vdrblt. 4235) Luncheon, 35c. Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 45c. Dinner 60c, 5:30 to 7:30. Chicken Dinner, 75c.

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Breakfast, 35c; Luncheon, 35-50c; Dinner, 65-75c.

The Charm of OLD CHELSEA 51 West 16th St. Noon Dinner, Sunday, 75c. Luncheon, 40c; Dinner 75c.
WITH SAVORY SOUTHERN COOKING.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's. Luncheon, Afternoon Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner.

TO-NIGHT AT 17 WEST 58TH ST. (Plaza 1110.) Luncheon 75c.
A carefully selected, well cooked dinner, $1.00.

THE PIROUETTE, 32 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av.
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THE ELM TREE 52-56 John Street (Financial District.)
Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 15 E. 43d St. Open Sundays.
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THE ADELAIDE, 7 WEST 38TH ST. at Fifth Ave.
Today, special chicken luncheon, 50c.

TRY THE COSY, 160 West 57th Street
Sun. Dinner, 12:30-2 P.M.
Luncheon, 50c; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, $1.00.

YANKEES SEEKING TO PLUCK THE GEORGIA PEACH FROM JENNINGS'S TREE

YANKEES MAY GET COBB IN BIG DEAL

Huggins Holds Conference with Detroit Owner in Attempt to Make Trade.

TIGERS SEEKING PITCHERS

Local Club Has Players Needed by Jennings, Which May Bring Georgia Peach Here.

A prolonged whispering discussion between Manager Miller Huggins of the Yankees and President Frank Navin of the Detroit Club caused a flurry among the baseball men assembled at the Hotel Wolcott yesterday and started the sensational report that Ty Cobb might be tempted to wear a Yankee uniform next season.

Huggins and Navin were very much in earnest during the long confab and after it was over both refused to mention the names of any players talked about during the conversation. That the lure of good pitchers, which Detroit needs badly, and a substantial money temptation on the side, would persuade Detroit to part with the Peerless Peach of Georgia is not at all out of the question.

Stranger things have happened in baseball. It was once predicted that if Tris Speaker was sold by the Boston Red Sox the club would go to pieces; but it didn't. Fans insisted that the Phillies would not dare part with Alexander; but they did. It used to be treason even to hint that McGraw would ever let Christy Mathewson go; but that came about without leaving any ill feelings.

Of course, Cobb is practically the whole Detroit club as far as drawing crowds to the gate is concerned; but Cobb's bat, without the proper kind of pitching, does not bring pennants to Detroit. Detroit is just as badly in need of pitchers as the Yankees are in need of batsmen, and no two clubs are in a position to make a trade which would be of such mutual benefit.

That Cobb's name had been mentioned Huggins would not admit after the secret conference, but he stated that he was after a prominent outfielder. "We are negotiating to land two outfielders," said Huggins, "and Clarence Walker is one of them. I am not at liberty to give the name of the other man we are after, but I can tell you he is a great player, and if we are able to put the deal through it is going to be a pleasant surprise for New York fans."

That Huggins is after Cobb or one of the other Detroit outfielders seems pretty certain. Bobby Veach or Harry Heilman may figure in a deal if the Tigers refuse to part with Cobb. Jennings has said many times that he would not part with his great player, but Cobb has been the star attraction in Detroit for many seasons, and the best of attractions will tire a local public in the course of time.

The fact that the relations between Cobb and other players on the Detroit club are not harmonious lends substantial value to the rumor. Recently Sam Crawford was let out by Detroit, and he made a number of statements which showed that Cobb was not liked by the Detroit players. Crawford stated that Cobb, and not Jennings, was the real manager of the club, and ran things to suit himself. Crawford hinted that Cobb had outlived his usefulness to the Detroit team because he was a disorganizing influence on the team.

While the addition of Walker would add to the Yankees' batting strength, Manager Huggins realizes that he needs a better hitter than the Boston player to be able to keep up with Chicago and Boston in the American League race.

Huggins left town last night, and said he was going to Cincinnati for a week or ten days. It is believed that one of his objects in going away is to visit Detroit and see if he can put through a deal which, if it materializes, may be the means of putting the Yankees in the pennant race. It is also stated that Huggins will visit Gettysburg before he returns, and will try to persuade Eddie Plank to change his mind and join the Yankees this Spring.

Plank is badly needed by the Yankees, not only as a pitcher but also as an adviser and coach. No player knows American League batters and methods as Plank does, and his long experience as a player under Mack and an aid to the tall tactician will make him an invaluable coach for Huggins, who is not yet thoroughly acquainted with American League methods.

The settlement between the Brooklyn, Newark, and Pittsburgh Clubs of the Federal League and Organized Ball was effected at a meeting between officials and attorneys at a meeting held at National League headquarters yesterday. When peace was declared between the major leagues and the outlaw league late in 1914, Organized Ball agreed to reimburse the three clubs named for their losses in payments for the rental of their baseball parks in Newark, Brooklyn, and Pittsburgh.

While the exact terms of the settlements will not be announced until the attorneys for the parties concerned have worked out the details of the method of payment, the general terms of the settlement were that Edward W. Gwinner of Pittsburgh was to receive $10,000 for a period of five years, amounting to $50,000; Harry F. Sinclair, owner of the Newark Club and the Federal League park in Harrison, N. J., was to receive rental of $10,000 a year for ten years, amounting to $100,000, while the Wards of Brooklyn, who invested most of the money which was sunk in the Federal League venture, were to receive $10,000 a year for a term of twenty years, amounting to $200,000.

These parks now become the property of Organized Ball, and a committee representing both the National and American Leagues will soon meet to decide on the disposition of the property. It is believed that Washington Park, in Brooklyn, will be sold, and that apartment houses will be built on the site after the city puts a street through the property. The park at Harrison may be retained by the major leagues, and at some future time they may decide to play Sunday games there.

Those who attended the meeting were President John K. Tener of the National League, H. N. Hempstead of the New York Club, John A. Heydler, Secretary of the National League; President Ban Johnson of the American League, Frank J. Navin of Detroit, William Harridge, secretary to President Johnson; John Conway Toole, attorney for Organized Ball, and James E. Hindman of Pittsburgh, attorney for the Federal League interests.

No mention was made in the statement after the meeting concerning the suit of the Baltimore Federal League Club, which has held up the negotiations since 1915. It is understood, however, that counsel for the Brooklyn, Newark, and Pittsburgh Clubs have given assurance that the Baltimore suit will be withdrawn. Baltimore sued Organized Ball for $900,000 damages, on the charge of conspiracy. A similar suit had been previously brought, but on June 15, 1917, it was voluntarily withdrawn by the Baltimore plaintiffs, after which another suit was brought in Washington.

Frank J. O'Rourke, who covered third base part of the time for Brooklyn last season, signed his contract yesterday. This season O'Rourke will have a rival for the position in Chuck Ward, who was obtained from Pittsburgh. Manager Robinson figures on Daubert at first, Ollie O'Mara at second, Olson at short and Ward or O'Rourke at third.

The latest holdouts of the Cardinals are Cruise and Long, the two outfielders, who have refused to accept the cut in salary made by President Branch Rickey. As Jack Smith refused to sign his contract a few weeks ago, the entire Cardinal outfield is now in a state of rebellion.

Indians Buy Pitcher Groom.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 15.—Pitcher Bob Groom has been bought by the Cleveland American League Club from the St. Louis Americans, according to a telegram received here today from President James C. Dunn.

PITTSBURGH BEATS ARENAS.

Boston Hockey Team Blanked by Smoky City Skaters.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 15.—The Pittsburgh Athletic Association hockey team defeated the Boston Arenas here tonight by a score of 2 to 0 in the best game ever seen at Duquesne Garden. The skaters started off like whirlwinds and had the big crowd on its multitudinous feet most of the first period, in which no scores were made, mainly because of the wonderful defense of the back men and the goal tenders.

Ten minutes of the second period had been played before the P. A. A. players tallied their first goal. Playing desperately, the local forwards carried the puck down the ice by clever passing and fast sprinting, Joe McCormick shooting the rubber to his brother Lacey, who got the puck past Storey into the net.

The Arenas then bombarded the Pittsburgh net for five minutes shot after shot, smashing against Fuller's shin guards, but he managed to weather the attack, and in a few moments Eddie Nagle, the Ottawa star, succeeded in getting the puck away from Martin in front of the Boston net and shot the second score. The Arenas tried hard to score after that, but the local defense was adamant.

The lineup and summary:

Pittsburgh, (2.)	Position.	Boston, (0.)
Fuller	G.	Storey
Madden	P.	Martin
Nagle	C. P.	Nowell
Drury	R.	Synnott
J. McCormick	L. W.	Rice
McCrimon	R. W.	Wanamaker
L. McCormick	C.	O'Sullivan

Goals—L. McCormick, Nagle. Time of halves—Twenty-five minutes. Referees—Ray Barney and E. Doody.

POLY PREP HELD TO TIE.

Tredwell of Manual Proves Huge Obstacle in Hockey Game.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	P'ts.
Poly Prep	3	0	2	8
Erasmus	3	0	1	7
Flushing	2	1	2	6
Jamaica	2	1	1	5
Commerce	1	2	1	3
Manual	1	2	1	3
Boys' High	0	5	0	0

Manual Training High School's hockey seven surprised the Poly Prep skaters at the Brooklyn Ice Palace last night by holding them to a scoreless tie. Manual introduced a new goal tender in Tredwell, who was the obstacle which stood between Poly Prep and victory. Tredwell played his first game of hockey, but formerly he was goal tender on the lacrosse team, and his experience in turning back shots was the only thing that prevented Poly from winning. The tie game gives Poly one point in the standing, and it now leads Erasmus in the Long Island Interscholastic Hockey League race by that lone point.

It was a rough and ready game with little team work. Poly was the aggressor all the way, and kept up a lively volley of shots at the Manual cage. Tredwell made more than thirty pretty stops.

In the second game Flushing defeated Boys' High by a score of 4 to 0. Murtha was the leader in the scoring and shot two of the goals.

The lineups and summaries of both games:

Poly Prep, (0.)	Position.	Manual, (0.)
Shields	G.	Tredwell
H. Farah	P.	Hill
Stratton	C. P.	Berry
B. Farah	R.	Titus
Gladstone	C.	Sparks
Sherman	L. W.	Jahn
F. Farah	R. W.	Kramer

Referee—Michael Roach, Wanderers. Timer—John Murray. Time of halves—15 minutes.

Flushing, (4.)	Position.	Boys' High, (0.)
Bleeker	G.	Reich
Rosenfeld	P.	Doppel
Goddard	C. P.	Baiesch
Murtha	R.	Palmer
Shields	C.	Sanford
Pickells	L. W.	Conroy
Gladding	R. W.	MacSoud

Goals: First half—Shields, in 3:25; Gladding, in 9:50. Second half—Murtha, in 2:14; Murtha, in 18:35. Referee—Michael Roach, Wanderers. Timer—John Murray. Time of periods—15 minutes.

AGGIE FIVE BEATS AMHERST.

Massachusetts Passers Take Contest by 22 to 12.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., Feb. 15.—In the first basket ball game ever staged between the two local rivals, M. A. C. defeated Amherst tonight by 22 to 12. Spectacular passing and close guarding featured the game throughout. Whittlee scored four field baskets, but the work of McCarthy and Parkhurst was more consistent.

OVERTON MAY RACE HERE.

Former Yale Athlete Expected to Compete in Preparedness Games.

It is likely that John W. Overton, the former Yale athlete who holds the 1,000-yard running championship and record, will be a competitor in the next set of indoor preparedness games of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union. This announcement was made yesterday by P. L. Walters, Chairman of the committee in charge of the games, who said that negotiations are now progressing favorably for the appearance of the former Yale champion in the fourth set of games which will be held at the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, on Feb. 23.

If a furlough is obtained by Overton he will compete in the one-mile run for army and navy athletes, and it is expected that Willie Gordon of the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station and Lieutenant William Anderson of Camp Dix, both former New York Athletic Club athletes, and Sid Leslie, who is now stationed at Fort Hancock, will also start.

PEABODY IN SQUASH FINAL.

Will Meet Greenough for Honors in Patriotic Tourney at Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—Charles C. Peabody of the Union Boat Club and W. V. Greenough of the Harvard Club reached the final round of the Massachusetts patriotic squash racquet tournament today. Peabody went four sets before he defeated Dr. Foster Kellogg of the Harvard Club, 15—4, 16—18, 15—9, and 15—3. Greenough won three straight from M. Bartlett of the Tennis and Racquet Club by scores of 15—10, 15—11, 17—15.

To Name Coach for Maroon Nine.

A coach for the Fordham University nine will be selected today, according to an announcement made last night. No hint was cast as to the probable choice of the Athletic Association, although it has been rumored that an alumnus will be chosen. As it is planned to start practice this week, the new coach will just be appointed in time to issue the first call for candidates.

Cannefax Wins from Maupome.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Bob Cannefax, St. Louis, won from Pierre Maupome, Cleveland, in the ambulance fund three cushion billiard tournament today, 50 to 40. Both men are challengers of August Kieckhefer for the title. It was the third 50-to-49 game for Cannefax in two days, De Oro and Capron winning from him by that score yesterday.

Cardinals Sign Fred Walker.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Feb. 15.—Fred Walker, coach of last year's undefeated Williams football eleven, has signed as a pitcher with the St. Louis Nationals for the coming baseball season. He was with New Haven in the Eastern League last Summer. Walker will report for the Southern training trip to Texas. He has been in the big leagues once before, and he was also with the Federals two years ago.

TENNIS DELEGATES REVIVE TITLE PLAY

Championship Tournaments to be Held Again—Girls to Have Contest.

Tennis championships were restored at the annual meeting of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association at the Waldorf-Astoria last night by a vote of 155 to 57. For a time, early in the meeting, it appeared that the delegates would not revive titular play; but later on, when a proxy vote was called for, the overwhelming majority of the proxies supported the plans of the Executive Committee. As the annual fixtures was one of the committee's suggestions, several holders of votes from other clubs, while opposed to title tourneys as far as their own ideas were concerned, felt obliged to vote for the restoration of tennis on its pre-war footing.

The vote of the delegates in actual attendance was nearly an even break on the question. In the hope that it would not be necessary to call a proxy vote, Julian S. Myrick, Vice President of the association, who was in the chair, asked for a rising vote, and the result was 36 to 24 in favor of the resumption of championship play. This vote was so close that it was at once evident that the only fair means of testing the will of the tennis world would be by calling on the proxies, and the result was nearly three to one in favor of the championships.

Immediately following the vote on this question the championships were awarded with practically no rivalry for the big tennis fixtures. The national singles, contrary to expectations in some quarters, remains for another year at the West Side Tennis Club, W. A. Campbell making the formal bid for the event. He also represented the West Side Tennis Club in bidding for the national junior and national boys' championships.

The national doubles championship will be held at the Longwood Cricket Club, Richard Bishop, Chairman of the Tennis Committee at the Boston organization, making the bid. The women's national singles championship, the women's national doubles championship, and the national mixed doubles championship were awarded to the Philadelphia Cricket Club, where they have been held for many years.

The only change of a tournament fixture was the clay court championships. These were given to the Western Lawn Tennis Association and the representative from the Western association, Davidson Obear of St. Louis, said that the plan was to hold the championship in the city of Chicago, but that it had not been determined as yet which club would get the fixture. The Seventh Regiment Tennis Club secured the national indoor championship in men's singles and doubles, the national women's indoor championship in singles and doubles and the national indoor junior championship.

James S. Cushman of New York led the fight against the restoration of championships. He said he couldn't help but feel that it was a grave mistake to carry on anything as official as a championship tournament during the great crisis which the country is passing through. Several other delegates supported him in this view, believing that it would not be wise to restore championships, and, furthermore, that it would be unfair to the tennis men who were now in the trenches. E. H. Hooker led the supporters of the restoration of championships. He said it was his understanding that the titles were necessary to keep alive tennis, and for that reason he would vote to have championships revived.

The anticipated fight over the election of officers failed to materialize. Major George T. Adee was re-elected to the Presidency of the association amid loud applause. It had been reported earlier in the day that Edwin Fuller Torrey would run against Julian S. Myrick for Vice President. When Mr. Myrick's name was put before the delegates without opposition there was a look of consternation on many faces. It developed that the rival faction had decided between the afternoon and evening sessions not to run any opposition ticket, and the names submitted by the Nominating Committee were elected unanimously.

The following officers were elected:

President, Major G. T. Adee, New York; Vice President, J. S. Myrick, New York; Secretary, Edwin Fuller Torrey, Clinton, N. Y.; Treasurer, George W. Wightman, Boston. Sectional Delegates—To serve until 1920, for New England, Edwin Sheafe, Boston; to serve until 1919, for Middle Atlantic, A. Y. Leach, Jr., Washington; Tri-State, R. W. Halterhoff, Cincinnati; Northwestern, Thomas C. Burton, Minneapolis; Southwestern, A. B. Adoue, Dallas; California, Dr. Sumner Hardy, San Francisco. Delegates at large to serve until 1920, Clinton L. Childs, Pittsburgh; C. D. Jones, St. Louis, and Paul Sheldon, Hartford, Conn.

During the afternoon session only routine matters were discussed. Reports were made on the amateur question and on the equalization of voting power, a measure which has enlisted the support of the West, but nothing definite was done in either case. The equalization of voting power was discussed by Julian S. Myrick, Chairman of the committee which has this subject under consideration, and he outlined a plan whereby voting power would follow the tennis population.

Mr. Myrick in another of the many reports that he gave during the afternoon recommended that the Tennis Association hold a tournament for girls under 19 years of age, which should be run at the same time as the women's national championship. This idea was called forth by the marked success which has attended the junior tournaments and the tournaments for boys during the last two years. Should the innovation prove the success expected, he recommended that tennis centre championships, corresponding to the tennis centre championships for boys and juniors, be held for the girls.

The most complete report that has ever come from a ball committee was presented by G. A. L. Dionne. He recommended that the diameter, both maximum and minimum, be increased by one-sixteenth of an inch and that the maximum and minimum weights as now prescribed be increased by one-sixteenth of an ounce. He prescribed a chart showing the results of tests of the various tennis balls, and recommended the balls for the national championships and the clay court championships as the result of the investigations of his committee. He proposed that such tests be continued in future years to determine which make of ball should be used in the national fixtures.

The report of the financial status of the association showed that the expenses of the last year were about $10,000, while the receipts were only about $5,000. The total assets of the association were placed at $34,281.84. Mr. Myrick explained that the lack of big tournaments last year had cut into the customary receipts very decidedly, but he advised a further encroachment on capital so that tennis could be encouraged. It developed that $20,000 of the association's money is now in Liberty bonds. The report on the tennis ambulance fund showed that $50,000 had been turned over to the Government.

WRIGHT IN TENNIS MATCH.

Former Champion to Return to Game in Contest Today.

Beals Wright, former holder of the national singles championship, will return to tennis this afternoon at the Seventh Regiment Armory when he competes in the doubles tournament for the benefit of the fund for army training camp activities. The event started on Lincoln's Birthday and the semi-final round will be played today, the final being scheduled for Washington's Birthday.

Wright will have as his partner another Boston expert, Nathaniel W. Niles. This team will line up against Arthur S. Cragin and W. Dickson Cunningham. The other semi-final round match is between Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum and Harry Johnson and Irving C. Wright.

VOTE FOR INFORMAL SPORTS

Yale, Harvard, and Princeton Refuse to Revive Competitions.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 15.—Yale, Harvard, and Princeton athletic representatives in session here tonight found that it was the sense of those gathered that the universities return to the system of informal athletic teams during the war. It was stated that no definite action whatever was taken regarding sports.

Dean Briggs represented Harvard, Dean McClenahan Princeton, and Professor Corwin Yale. The three universities will discuss the matter at future meetings of the respective athletic organizations.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 15.—Harvard's only official knowledge of the plan discussed at New Haven by Harvard, Yale, and Princeton faculty representatives today is from a telegram received tonight from Chairman Dean Le Baron R. Briggs of the Athletic Committee, stating that the sense of the conference was in favor of the resumption of intercollegiate sports on a simple scale.

COLUMBIA BOWS TO PENN.

Quaker Quintet Continues Its Defeatless March in League Race.

Standing of the Colleges.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pennsylvania	5	0	1000
Cornell	3	1	.750
Princeton	2	2	.500
Columbia	2	3	.400
Yale	2	3	.400
Dartmouth	0	5	.000

Gaining the lead after about ten minutes of play in the first half, the basket ball quintet of Pennsylvania University last night defeated the Columbia University five in a fast game on the Columbia court by the score of 29 to 24. This victory gave the team from Philadelphia an even firmer hold on the lead in the Intercollegiate League standing, with five games won and none lost.

The Morningside Heights players were in the front only in the first ten minutes of play. Two goals from the floor, caged in quick succession by Farer, the Blue and White left forward, gave the Columbia five a lead of 4 to 0, which they maintained until the half was about ten minutes old. Then the Pennsylvania offensive became concentrated, and snappy passing, with accurate shooting, gave the visitors the lead. Quick and effective plays followed one another thereafter to the end of the half, and the Philadelphians rolled up an advantage of 16 to 7 before the whistle.

The line-up:

Penn, (29.)	Position.	Columbia, (24.)
Stannard	R. F.	Newman
Sweeney	L. F.	Farer
Davis	C.	Alexander
Peck	R. G.	Weinstein
Martin	L. G.	Latour

Field goals—Sweeney, Davis, (2,) Peck, (3,) Martin, (2,) Farer, (7,) Alexander. Foul goals—Sweeney, (13,) Latour, (8.) Substitutions—For Pennsylvania: Ramonat for Stannard, Mitchell for Ramonat; for Columbia: Horcasitas for Newman, Kiendl for Weinstein. Referee—Joe Deering, Manhattan College. Umpire—Ed Thorpe, De La Salle. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

C. C. N. Y. FIVE TAKES GAME.

Colgate, Held in Check by Holman, is Defeated, 30 to 16.

Accurate passing overcame ragged teamwork on the part of the City College basket ball team last night and brought the local five a victory over Colgate by 30 to 16 in a game played at C. C. N. Y. Holman played unusually well for the victors, his accurate goal shooting counting for many points and his guarding keeping the visitors in check. Projansky made 12 baskets from the foul line.

The line-up:

C. C. N. Y., (30.)	Position.	Colgate, (16.)
Lebovsky	R. F.	Edkins
Projansky	L. F.	Cotterel
Sommers	C.	Reid
Fliegel	R. G.	Cottrel
Holman	L. G.	Smith

Goals from field—Projansky, (3,) Lebovsky, (3,) Holman, (3,) Reid, (3,) Cotterel, Edkins, McBride. Goals from foul—Projansky, (12,) Edkins, (3,) Reid. Substitutions—Raffkin for Sommers, McBride for Edkins, Webster for Reid. Referee—Captain Conard, West Point. Umpire—Mr. Reid, New Brunswick. Time of halves—20 minutes each.

CORNELL FIVE BEATS YALE.

Blue Quintet Battles Gamely, but Yields to Ithacans, 23 to 16.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 15.—Yale dropped tonight's basket ball game to Cornell, 23 to 16, after making a brave struggle throughout the first half, which closed with the score tied at 7 points. Cornell's well-balanced team steadily forged ahead during the second period, three baskets from almost half the length of the floor by Kendall practically deciding the contest.

For Yale the all-around plays of Captain Stradella and the goal throwing of Van Slyck were the features. Yale scored first and by accumulating four points before the Ithacans got the range of the floor, sent the home supporters' hopes high with a possible chance of victory. Yale's slender lead was rapidly cut down and the advantage see-sawed during the remainder of the period. The Ithacans were never headed in the second half.

MANAGERS GET LETTERS.

Fordham Rewards Three Who Have Enlisted for War Service.

At a special meeting of the Executive Committee of the Fordham University Athletic Association, held yesterday morning, it was voted to award the "F" to the three managers of major sports who are now in service. Because they had helped to arrange this year's slates and had rendered good service as assistant managers it was unanimously decided to reward them with the Maroon letter. The students thus honored are George C. Liebers, manager-elect of the 1917 eleven; James E. Gordon, manager-elect of the 1918 nine, and William Maron, manager-elect of this season's track team.

DATES FOR TITLE EVENTS.

A. A. U. Announces Gymnastic and Wrestling Championships.

Roy F. Moore of the New York Turn Verein, Chairman of the Gymnastic Committee of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U., yesterday announced the dates selected for the association's annual championship tests. At the same time J. F. O'Brien of the Boys' Club, Chairman of the Metropolitan Association Wrestling Championship Committee, made known the dates on which the annual metropolitan title bouts will be held. The gymnastic championships will take place at the Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. on March 30 and the wrestling championship contests at the Crescent A. C. of Brooklyn on April 2 and 4.

BOUTS AT N. Y. A. C. TONIGHT

Professional Lightweights Will Appear in Exhibitions.

A professional boxing show will be held in the gymnasium of the New York Athletic Club this evening in which a number of the leading lightweight boxers in the local district will participate in exhibitions. The show has been confined entirely to boxers of the lightweight division and includes three six-round exhibitions and two of four rounds. Johnny Lisse, Charlie Beecher, Willie Morris, and Irving Margolies, all former New York State or Metropolitan Association amateur champions, will be principals in the six-round contests, as will Ty Murray and Frankie Wilson, local boxers.

LOCAL GOLF BODY WILL ALLOT DATES

M. G. A. Executive Committee Decides in Favor of Invitation Tourneys.

Following the suggestion of the United States Golf Association that district tournaments should be encouraged, the Executive Committee of the Metropolitan Golf Association, at its first meeting since its formation, yesterday decided to allot dates for invitation tournaments at any of the clubs of the district caring to hold such events. At the same time the committee again named the clubs at which the amateur, open and junior championships of the district are to be held, but reserved final decision on these fixtures until a later date.

It was found by the local officials that tournament play should be renewed in golf. Some of the members favored scheduling the championships as Red Cross events, but others insisted that final decision on this question should come at a future date, or when it is possible to view conditions which will prevail then. The amateur championship was again awarded to Brooklawn, the open championship to North Shore, and the junior championship to Siwanoy.

A resolution favoring tournaments was adopted. It was as follows:

"It is the sense of this meeting that while at the present time this association looks with disfavor upon tournaments where prizes of value are given, the Secretary will be glad to arrange for dates for invitation tournaments of two or three days duration, where the prizes are of nominal value and where the entrance fees will be given to some war relief fund."

A new Handicap Committee will be name soon, since many of the members of the old committee are so busily engaged in war work they have no time to consider the ability of the thousands of golfers in the district. Findlay Douglas again was elected captain of the Lesley Cup team, but it is hardly possible he will have a chance to act in that capacity, since the Lesley Cup matches, or intercity team matches between New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, usually are forerunners of the national amateur championship and there will be no national fixtures this coming season.

MISS MORRISON TRIUMPHS.

Pittsburgh Girl Wins Women's Golf Tourney at Belleair.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR, Fla., Feb. 15.—Miss Helen Morrison of Pittsburgh won the women's annual February tournament today when she defeated Mrs. Frank G. Jones of Memphis, by 4 and 2 in the final match. Mrs. Jones held the Pittsburgh girl even until the tenth hole and at one time in the match had a lead of 1 up. The long sixteenth saw the finish. Mrs. Jones topped her drive and then put her second in the Palmettos. This practically gave the Pittsburgh girl the match, as she was dormie and had only to fight for a half.

In the second sixteen Miss E. Alvord of Harbor Oaks won from Mrs. Hellis of Walton Heath, by 7 and 6.

GOLF TITLE TO FAIRBANKS.

Gains South Florida Laurels in Thirty-seven-Hole Match.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 15.—Walter Fairbanks of the Denver Country Club today won the golf championship of South Florida, defeating C. C. Heintzman of Hamblin, 1 up in 37 holes. The Denver man was doing uphill work all day. While he occasionally squared the match, he was never up until the thirty-second hole, when his opponent got into a bunker.

The summaries:

First Flight.—Walter Fairbanks, Denver, defeated C. C. Heintzman, Hamblin, 1 up, (37 holes.)

Second Flight.—Phillip Corbin, Shuttle Meadow, defeated C. E. Van Vleck, Montclair, 1 up.

Third Flight.—Harlon Kent Bolton, Onwentsia, defeated A. G. Holmer, Washington, 1 up, (19 holes.)

Fourth Flight.—J. G. Conner, Trenton, defeated S. Samuel of Toronto, 4 and 3.

Fifth Flight.—G. Salant, Inwood, defeated V. W. Skiff, Chicago, 2 and 1.

AMATEUR CHAMPION BEATEN

Walker Again Outboxes Tomasulo in Ring Contest.

Archie Walker, former metropolitan 108-pound amateur boxing champion, defeated James Tomasulo, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., national 118-pound champion, last night, in the amateur tournament conducted by the New York Athletic Club in the gymnasium of the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station for the entertainment of the sailors. This victory gave Walker his second in as many nights over the national title-holder, and was won after three interesting rounds.

The bouts, divided into five classes, furnished one of the most interesting tournaments ever held in a local ring. About 2,000 sailors jammed the gymnasium, and others watched the bouts from skylights and windows.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—E. Tracy, Morningside A. C., defeated P. Richman, Clark House A. A., three rounds, judges' decision; S. Nable, Clark House A. A., defeated F. Eisenstadt, Own Set A. C., three rounds, judges' decision. Final bout—Nable defeated Tracy, one round, referee's decision.

118-Pound Class.—A. Hirschberger, Union Settlement A. C., defeated J. Cronin, Trinity Club, three rounds, referee's decision, (judges disagreed;) H. Sloane, Bronx Church House, defeated W. P. Gilday, Union Settlement A. C., three rounds, judges' decision. Final bout—Hirschberger defeated Sloane, two rounds, referee's decision.

118-Pound Class, (Special Bout.)—W. Archie Walker, unattached, defeated J. C. Tomasulo, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

135-Pound Class, (Special Bout.)—I. Riese, Union Settlement A. C., defeated Frank Verona, Bronxdale A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

140-Pound Class, (Special Bout.)—S. Rosenberg, unattached, defeated N. Flirio, Paulist A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

158-Pound Class, (Special Bout.)—F. Okun, University Settlement A. C., defeated G. Pappas, Union Settlement A. C., one round, referee's decision.

Y. W. C. A. TO HOLD TOURNEY

Annual Athletic Contests to be Decided Tonight.

Local branches of the Young Women's Christian Association will hold their third annual tournament this evening at Teachers College, Columbia University, under the supervision of Miss Mabelle M. Ford, Director of Physical Education of the New York Y. W. C. A. Various athletic contests adaptable to women will be on the card, including basketball and indoor baseball games and relay and sprint races.

TIGER SWIMMERS VICTORS.

Lehrman Only Winner for C. C. N. Y. in Dual Meet.

Princeton swimmers easily defeated the City College aquatic team in a dual meet held in the C. C. N. Y. tank last night. City College won only one first place, and that came in the 220-yard swim, in which Twitchell of Princeton was the only visitor entered. He proved hardly up to the speed and strength exhibited by Lehrman, the local contestant.

Johnson of Princeton was a double winner, taking the fifty and hundred yard swim without great opposition. In the short swim Johnson got away in the lead and held the advantage throughout. Harris of Princeton and Baehr of City College fought it out for second, and it was only by inches that Harris got the decision. The same order prevailed in the 100-yard swim, and again Baehr was barely nosed out for second by Harris.

In the water polo contest City College exhibited unexpected strength, but at that was far outclassed by Princeton, which won at 30 to 21.

The summaries:

50-Yard Swim.—Won by Johnson, Princeton; Harris, Princeton, second; Baehr, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—0:26.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by Johnson, Princeton; Harris, Princeton, second; Baehr, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—1:04.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by Lehrman, C. C. N. Y.; Twitchell, Princeton, second; Corcoran, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—2:54 4-5.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by Kennare, Princeton, 70 feet 9 inches; Herron, Princeton, second, 56 feet 6 inches; Pepys, C. C. N. Y., third, 52 feet 10 inches.

Form Dive.—Won by Kazanjan, Princeton, 95.9 points; Danes, Princeton, second, 94.8 points; Jacobstadt, C. C. N. Y., third, 63.8 points.

800-Foot Relay.—Won by Princeton, (Brandon, Twitchell, Harris, Johnson;) C. C. N. Y., second, (Lehrman, Schenberg, Hodes, Shreiber.) Time—2:44 2-5.

POLY PREP WINS IN TANK.

Carries Off Point Honors in Swimming Meet of Marquand School.

Swimmers of Poly Prep School of Brooklyn carried off the point honors in the first annual aquatic meet of the Marquand School of Brooklyn, held in the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A. pool last night. Representatives of this school, mainly through the efforts of Leeming Jelliffe, the school's star swimmer, accounted for first place in the relay race, over 600 feet, the fancy diving contest, and the 100-yard swim. This, with other placements, gave them the winning total of 28 points.

Jelliffe captured the fancy dive and the 100-yard event and aided in bringing victory to his schoolmates in the relay race.

Leo Geibel of Berkeley-Irving School, schoolboy swimming champion, accounted for the places of honor in both the 50-yard event and the 220-yard swim. In the last-named competition Geibel scored his victory in convincing fashion, leading Chase, a schoolmate, to the finish by about 6 yards. The 50-yard contest, decided later, proved a harder test for the Berkeley-Irving swimmer, however, and it was only after an unusual effort in the final few yards of the race that Geibel was enabled to pull out a victory by about a touch.

Mrs. Hurd Covers Course in 86.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 15.—Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd of Pittsburgh, who made the championship course in 87 yesterday, played the course in 45, 41—86, today, which is the low figure for the season among women golfers.

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U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture under the provisions of Sections 2802 and 3082, R. S. U. S., and Section III., Par. H, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold six rings set with precious stones and one pair earrings set with precious stones. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 26th, 1918, at the opening of court, when all persons notified to appear and show cause of their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated February 5, 1918.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Venditioni exponas issued out of the United States District Court, for the Southern District of New York, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction by Henry Brady, Auctioneer, on Friday, March 1st, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, in Room 307, third floor, United States Court House and Post Office Building, New York City, N. Y., 1 Dent Chronograph, 1 Chronograph and Fradsham Chronograph. The Chronographs will be on exhibition Thursday, February 28, 1918. Catalogues mailed upon request. Catalogues issued. Dated New York, February 11, 1918.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

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BOSTON $2.95

PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.90

COLONIAL LINE

ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $3.

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Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines—Clyde-Mallory-Ward-Porto Rico Lines. Tours to Florida, Texas and the Southwest, Havana, Cuba, Nassau-Bahamas and Porto Rico. Tickets, reservations and literature at 489 5th Av., New York.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York. EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, Complainant, against MASON-SEAMAN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ALLAN LEXOW and A. LEO EVERETT, as Receivers of Mason-Seaman Transportation Company, and MICHELIN TIRE COMPANY, Defendants.—Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York made and entered January 21, 1918, the undersigned, Special Master, will offer for sale in separate parcels, without valuation or appraisement, at the North main entrance of the County Court House, County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, Southern District of New York, on the 28th day of February, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, the following property described as "Parcel One" and "Parcel Two." Said Parcel One and Parcel Two are as follows:

PARCEL ONE.

The interest of the defendant Mason-Seaman Transportation Company in 1000 shares of the capital stock of the Fifty-Seventh Street Company, Inc., successors to the Fifty-Seventh Street Realty Company, Inc., of the face value of $100,000, (said stock is owned by the defendant Mason-Seaman Transportation Company subject to certain prior liens for which said stock has been pledged. All of said prior liens were enumerated in an order of this Court dated February 7, 1917, in the suit entitled Michelin Tire Company, Complainant, against Mason-Seaman Transportation Company, defendant, and now amount to $38,787, with interest from July 10, 1918.)

PARCEL TWO.

All of the capital stock of the Delahaye Import Company of the face value of $100,000.

Any party to the above entitled cause or any owner or holder of any or all of the Six Percent Gold Bonds issued under and secured by a certain Second Mortgage executed by the defendant Mason-Seaman Transportation Company to the Empire Trust Company, as Trustee, under date of March 16, 1914, may bid and purchase at the sale of said parcels. The purchase price for each of said parcels shall not be payable until confirmation of such sales by the Court.

Parcel One shall be sold to the highest bidder provided the sum of Seventy-five hundred dollars ($7500) or upwards is offered therefor. The purchase price for Parcel One may be paid either in cash or in cash and the said Six Percent Gold Bonds of the defendant Mason-Seaman Transportation Company, accompanied by sufficient transfers. If payment is made partly in said bonds there shall be paid in cash such sum as the Court shall hereafter determine to be sufficient to meet the expenses chargeable against the proceeds of said sale specified in subdivisions 1st and 2nd of paragraph V of the aforesaid decree and the remainder in said bonds. Said bonds, if delivered to the undersigned to be applied on account of the purchase price, shall be received at such value as shall be equivalent to the sum which will be payable out of the net proceeds of the sale of Parcel One, if the purchase price is paid entirely in money, to the holder or holders of said bonds for his or their just share or proportions in that character of such net proceeds upon a due accounting and apportionment and distribution of such net proceeds.

The property described as Parcel Two shall be sold to the highest bidder.

The purchaser of either or both of said parcels or his successors and assigns, will not be required to see to the application of the purchase money and shall have the right to enter his or their appearance in the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York, and to become a party to this cause. Upon confirmation of the sale of Parcel One or Parcel Two or of both of said parcels and upon receipt, from the purchaser or purchasers thereof of the purchase price for said parcel or parcels, the undersigned will deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid decree proper instrument or instruments to effect the transfer of said parcel or parcels. The defendant Mason-Seaman Transportation Company and its Receivers shall join in the execution of said instrument or instruments as provided in said decree.

For a more detailed statement of the terms and conditions under which said sale will be made reference is hereby made to the aforementioned decree, the original of which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York, and a certified copy of which may be obtained from the undersigned upon application to him at his office. More detailed information concerning the property described as Parcel One and Parcel Two can be obtained by applying to the undersigned at his office, No. 233 Broadway, New York City, or to Messrs. Winthrop & Stimson, solicitors for the complainant herein, at their office, No. 32 Liberty Street, New York City.

Dated, New York, January 24, 1918.

GEORGE C. HOLT, Special Master.

WINTHROP & STIMSON, Solicitors for Complainant, No. 32 Liberty Street, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, CANADA.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

SALE OF CAR FERRY STEAMSHIP "LEONARD."

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Steamer Leonard," will be received up until 12 o'clock noon on Friday the 22nd of February, 1918, for the purchase of the Car Ferry Steamer "Leonard" formerly engaged in transferring cars between Levis and Quebec.

The "Leonard" was built in 1914 and designed to fill the requirements of the highest class in Lloyd's for a vessel of this type.

Her principal dimensions are: length over all, 313 feet; breadth, 65 feet; depth, 22 feet; draught, 16 feet.

The "Leonard" is now lying at Levis, Que., below the dry dock where she can be examined.

Information as to the steamer's engines, boilers, steam pressure, speed, bulkheads, tracks, gangways, ice breaking, etc., and other full information can be obtained at the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

An accepted bank cheque on a chartered bank of Canada for an amount equal to ten per cent of the total amount tendered, payable to the order of the Minister of Railways and Canals, must accompany each tender which sum will be forfeited if the party tendering decline entering into the contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the same.

The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose tender is not accepted.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be held as security, or part security, for the due fulfilment of the contract to be entered into.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

J. W. PUGSLEY, Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, February 8, 1918.

OUR BOYS IN PARIS.

Groups of American soldiers who are in Paris are published in the New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. On all news stands, 10 cents—$5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

High-Yield, Short-Time Bond and Note Investments

Present opportunities to purchase short-time securities on unusually liberal income bases are almost unparalleled in the financial history of this nation. Those who purchase such securities can get from 6% to over 7% conservatively and keep their funds in a most liquid form.

Write for our investment recommendations.

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For the investor who is seeking high yield, safety and early maturity we recommend

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6% BOND SECURED NOTES
Due Jan. 28, 1919
to yield about
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***Delaware* Corporate Offices Maintained**

U. S. Corporation Co.
65 Cedar St., N. Y.

Great Northern Paper Co. Rights
Bought and Sold
F. S. MOSELEY & CO.
26 Exchange Place, N. Y.

Burns Bros. Ice
Marlin Arms
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Kiely & Horton
30 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad 6911

SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS
Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this corporation. $31,353,500 issued, $26,494,000 *matured and paid.* New booklet, "Collateral Trust Securities," giving full data will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 244 Madison Ave., New York City.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Burns Bros. Ice Common Stock
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 66 Broadway

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Capital and Surplus - - $50,000,000
Resources more than - $600,000,000

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Advance Easily on Augmented Volume of Dealings—Liberty Bonds Recover.

The spirit in which transactions on the Stock Exchange were conducted yesterday was surprisingly cheerful in the light of the news developments. The list was almost uniformly strong throughout the day and activity was nearly double that of the previous session. Gains of from 1 to 2 points featured the closing prices for a large number of issues, both the rails and industrials profiting by a much better investment demand than had previously been experienced in a number of days. The locomotive issues were particularly active and strong, but the steel shares made good gains and the tone of the entire market was better than it had been since the beginning of the fuelless holidays.

So far as could be observed from the behavior of stocks the Street paid little attention to the formal announcement by the President of a radical interference with foreign trade which, it is estimated, will result in a decrease of at least one-half in this country's imports and exports. It is true that the expectation that all but absolutely essential commerce would be interdicted in order to free ships for immediate war needs was raised some days ago, but like many other threatened developments, it is probable that most people cheerfully assumed that the situation was not sufficiently bad to warrant adoption of the proposed restrictions. It is hoped that the increasing pressure for bottoms to move trade which cannot claim any special privileges as a war adjunct will result in gradual release of more vessels now under construction or put into the water.

Although peace talk has not been revived to anything like the popularity it had attained before the sinking of the Tuscania, bankers were much interested yesterday in seeking reasons back of a broadening demand for Government bonds. Nearly $3,000,000 of the Liberty second 4s changed hands on the Stock Exchange on a rising scale of prices, the recovery at one time carrying the price to 1½ points above the low figure made on Thursday. The explanation for the increased demand commonly accepted was that steps are being taken for the creation of a new issue into which the outstanding bonds will be convertible that will be easily placed at par. Some of the selling which featured the week's decline in Liberty bonds was undoubtedly due to the marking up by banks of the interest rate on balances owed by subscribers from 4 per cent. to 4½ per cent.

The recovery in the rails was accompanied by a substantial increase in activity, which has not yet, however, restored those issues to anything like their normal place in daily transactions on the Stock Exchange. Sentiment regarding the safety of railway investments has changed for the better with the growth of a belief that the country will not be willing to have control lodged with the Government for a longer period after the war than is required to effect the manifold adjustments that will attend the ending of Federal guarantees.

LONDON MARKET DULL.

Reduction of Money Rates Holds Securities Firm—Money Is Easy.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—A general reduction in money rates today, following the lowering of the rate of interest on Treasury bills, held gilt-edged securities firm, but beyond an improvement in rubber shares, in sympathy with the commodity, and strength in the French loan and shipping stocks, the stock market was generally dull and uninteresting.

Money was easy early, but tighter later. Discount rates were quiet.

Trading Dull on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Trading on the Bourse today was dull. Prices were unchanged.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6	Renewals	6
Low	5	Last	6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¾@6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	5¾@6	Ninety days	6
Four months	5¾@6	Four months	6
Five months	5¾@6	Five months	6
Six months	5¾@6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3⅞@4¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4 @4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	5¾
4 to 6 months	5¾@6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7530	$4.7530	$4.7530	....
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	....
France—				
Demand	5.72¼	5.72¼	5.72¼	+.00¼
Cables	5.70½	5.70½	5.70½	+.00½
Rubles—				
Demand	13.00	13.00	13.00	....
Cables	13.25	13.25	13.25	....

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75¼	$4.76 7/16
5.1826	Paris	5.72¼	5.70½
	China—		
	Hongkong	72.00	72.25
	Peking	110.50	110.75
	Shanghai	106.00	106.50
19.30	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.20	Holland	43.625	44.125
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.00	35.50
	Calcutta	35.00	35.30
5.1826	Italy	8.66½	8.65¼
49.85	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.50	51.65
	Yokohama	51.50	51.65
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
51.46	Russia	13.00	13.25
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	32.875	33.375
	Copenhagen	30.375	30.875
	Christiania	31.50	32.00
19.30	Spain	24.25	24.85
	South America—		
34.42	Rio	26.12	26.22
42.64	Buenos Aires	43.72	43.82
5.1826	Switzerland	4.49½	4.47

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¾	$4.71¼	$4.69¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $585,794,545; balance, $62,559,663; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $3,479,335; Federal Reserve credit balance, $56,141,246.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $10@10.625 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42⅝d unchanged; in New York, 85⅝c unchanged. Mexican dollars, 68c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$4,838,349	$100,740,889
Internal Revenue—		
Corporation income	1,344,588	30,268,781
Individual income	3,150,996	19,101,182
Excess profits	450,411	13,192,378
Miscellaneous	26,628,499	417,657,992
Miscellaneous revenue	5,192,253	130,807,970
Total receipts	$41,605,099	$711,769,195
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	297,818,778	2,764,001,880
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	38,922,186	284,480,760
Expenditures	339,423,878	3,475,771,075

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Colorado Power pf	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 28
Del. & Bound Br	2	Q	Feb. 20	Feb. 15
Federal M. & S. pf	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 25
Gen. Chem. pf	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Haskell & Barker	75c	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Independent Brew	25c	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 28
Ind. Brew. pf	1¾	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 19
No. Texas Elec	$1	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 19
No. Tex. Elec. pf	$3	SA	Mar. 1	Feb. 19
Phila. Electric	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
Plymouth Rubber pf	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 21
Stand. Oil of N. J	$5	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 19
Stand. Oil of Ohio	$3	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 1
Stand. Oil of Ohio	$1	Ex	Apr. 1	Mar. 1
Wm. Carter Co. pf	1½	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEB. 15, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	628,765	385,450	412,433
Year to date	18,538,190	26,215,757	24,774,169

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
14	14½	800	Advance Rumely	13½	14	13½	14	...
29	30	400	Advance Rumely pf	29½	30	29½	30	+ ⅝
2¼	2⅜	100	Alaska Gold Mines	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
2½	2⅝	200	Alaska Juneau	2½	2½	2½	2½	...
24½	24⅝	2,700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	24¼	24⅝	24	24½	+1
76½	84	300	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	75½	76½	75½	76½	+1½
86	90	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	87½	87½	87½	87½	−2½
79	79¼	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	79	79¼	79	79¼	+1½
40⅝	40¾	6,800	Am. Can	39½	40⅝	39½	40⅝	+1½
92	93	100	Am. Can pf	92	92	92	92	...
74½	74¾	8,000	Am. Car & Fdry	73⅝	74¼	73⅝	74¼	+1
30½	31½	100	Am. Cotton Oil x d	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ⅝
12½	12⅝	600	Am. H. & Leather	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+ ⅝
57½	57⅝	100	Am. H. & L. pf	57½	57½	57½	57½	+1
13	14½	800	Am. Ice	12⅝	13½	12⅝	13½	+1
54½	55	2,100	Am. International	54	55	53	54½	− ⅜
33½	33⅝	3,500	Am. Linseed	33⅛	33¾	33	33½	+ ½
74½	75	200	Am. Linseed pf	75	75	75	75	− ½
63⅝	63½	8,500	Am. Locomotive	61⅝	63⅝	61⅝	63⅝	+2
11	12	100	Am. Malting	12	12	12	12	− ⅛
50½	53½	400	Am. Malting 1st pf	55	55	54	54	−1
83⅝	83¾	12,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	83	84½	83	83⅝	+1⅝
64	65	1,000	Am. Steel F'dries	63	64½	63	64½	+1½
106¼	106⅞	600	Am. Sugar Ref	106	106½	105½	106½	+1½
74½	74⅝	8,900	Am. Sumatra Tob	72⅝	74½	72⅝	74½	+2½
106	106⅜	1,100	Am. Tel. & Tel	105⅝	106⅜	105⅝	106⅜	+ ½
53	53⅝	700	Am. Woolen	53	53⅝	53	53	+ ½
28	28½	100	Am. Writing P. pf	28	28	28	28	+ ½
15	16	1,200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	15	16	15	15	+ ⅝
63	63⅛	8,900	Anaconda Copper	62¼	63½	62¼	63⅛	+1½
84½	85	1,500	Atch., Top. & S. F	85	85½	85	85	− ½
81½	82	400	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	82	82	82	82	+1
118½	119	17,700	At., Gulf & West I	117½	119⅝	117½	118½	+1⅝
61	63	200	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	62	62	62	62	+ ½
72	72¼	25,200	Baldwin Loco	68½	72	68½	72	+3⅝
52	52½	8,300	Baltimore & Ohio	51½	52¼	51½	52	+1
55	55½	100	Baltimore & O. pf	55½	55½	55½	55½	+ ½
1	1⅛	1,800	Batopilas Mining	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
80	80¼	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	79	80½	79	80	+ ⅝
78	78¼	22,800	Beth. Steel, class B	77¼	78⅝	77¼	78⅛	+1½
100½	101½	700	B. S. 8 p.c.pf.c.r.f.p	100⅝	101⅝	100⅝	101	+ ¼
25⅝	25¾	5,000	Booth Fisheries	24⅝	25⅝	24⅝	25⅝	+1
42½	43	2,100	Bklyn Rapid Tran	42½	43½	42½	43	+ ¼
92	97¼	100	Brown Shoe pf	95	95	95	95	...
114	115½	1,000	Burns Brothers	113½	115½	113½	115½	+2¼
10¼	10½	4,500	Butte Cop. & Zinc	10½	10⅝	10	10½	...
19½	19½	1,700	Butte & Superior	18½	19⅝	18½	19⅝	+1¼
16⅝	17⅛	900	California Petrol	16½	17⅝	16½	17	+ ½
45	47	200	California Pet. pf	46	46	46	46	+1
147	147½	2,000	Canadian Pacific	146¾	147⅝	146¾	147¼	+ ⅜
32	33½	100	Central Foundry	32½	32½	32½	32½	−1½
45	46	100	Central Foundry pf	45	45	45	45	− ½
70½	70⅝	4,400	Central Leather Co	69⅞	70⅝	69⅞	70⅝	+1⅝
216	220	100	Cent. R. R. of N. J	216	216	216	216	−15
216	220	35	Do., odd lot	215	215	215	215	...
32¼	32⅝	1,300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	32	32	31⅝	32	...
53⅝	54½	3,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	53⅝	54½	53⅝	54½	+1⅛
7	7½	300	Chi. Great Western	7	7	7	7	...
21	21½	100	Chi. Great West. pf	21	21	21	21	− ½
43	43½	1,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	42½	43⅝	42½	43¼	+ ⅝
74	75	1,500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	74	75	74	75	+ ½
93½	94½	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	93½	94	93½	94	+ ⅝
20⅞	21	3,500	Chi., Rock I. & P	20½	21¼	20½	21	+ ⅝
64	64½	300	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c.pf	64	64½	64	64	+1½
53½	54½	1,200	C., R. I. & P. pf. 6 p.c	53½	54½	53½	54½	+1½
16½	16¾	600	Chile Copper	16⅝	16¾	16½	16½	+ ½
43½	43½	1,500	Chino Copper	43⅝	43⅝	43½	43½	+ ½
38½	38⅝	500	Col. Fuel & Iron	37⅝	38⅝	37⅝	38⅝	+1⅝
47	51	150	Col. & South. 1st pf	48	48	48	48	−2½
34½	35	300	Columbia Gas & El	34⅝	34½	34⅝	34½	+ ½
90⅞	91¼	700	Consolidated Gas	91	91¼	90⅞	91¼	+ ½
34¾	34⅞	11,900	Corn Products Ref	34⅞	35	34⅝	34⅞	...
60½	60⅝	18,300	Crucible Steel	60¾	61½	60	60½	+1
89	90	20	Crucible Steel pf	89	89¼	89	89¼	+1¼
31⅝	32	8,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	31⅝	32	31½	32	+1
81	81½	100	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ¼
112	114	100	Delaware & Hud	112	112	112	112	+1
175	180	100	Del., Lack. & West	177½	177½	177½	177½	...
8½	9	300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	9	9	9	9	+1
40½	40⅝	3,200	Distillers' Secur	41	41⅛	40¼	40½	+ ⅛
8⅞	9	200	Dome Mines	9	9	9	9	...
15	15⅜	3,700	Erie	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅜
25¼	25⅝	1,000	Erie 1st pf	25	26	25	26	+1½
33	34	200	Federal M. & S. pf	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	+1⅝
37½	37½	300	Gaston, W. & W	37⅝	37½	37½	37½	...
138⅝	140	1,100	General Electric	140	140⅝	139½	139½	+ ⅜
131	131½	23,200	General Motors	134	135½	130½	131	−3½
46⅝	47	400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	46½	47½	46½	47½	+1½
92	92⅝	1,000	Great Northern pf	91⅝	92½	91⅝	92½	− ½
27½	27⅝	2,400	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	27½	27⅝	27¼	27½	+ ½
41⅝	42¼	200	Greene-Cananea	41¼	41½	41¼	41½	+ ⅝
41	42	20	Hartman Corp	42	42	42	42	...
82	87½	100	Homestake Mining	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
94	98	100	Illinois Central	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ¼
46¼	46⅝	2,500	Inspiration Copper	44⅝	46⅝	44⅝	46⅝	+1⅞
8½	8⅝	200	Interboro Consol	8½	8½	8	8	− ½
44¼	44½	300	Interboro Con. pf	44⅝	44⅝	44½	44½	−1
125	128	600	Int. Harvester, N.J	125	127½	125	127½	+2½
26⅝	26¼	6,000	Int. Mer. Marine	25⅝	26⅝	25½	26½	+ ⅝
98½	98¾	40,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf	97½	99	97½	98⅝	+1⅜
27⅝	28	2,500	Int. Nickel x d	28⅝	28¼	27⅝	27⅝	− ½
31½	32	1,800	Int. Paper	31	31⅝	31	31⅝	+ ½
64½	65	300	Int. Paper pf., sta	64	64½	64	64½	+ ½
39	42	300	Jewel Tea	38	40	38	40	+2
32⅞	33	1,100	Kennecott Copper	32⅞	33	32⅞	33	+ ⅛
90	94	10	K'gs.C.E.L. & P. x d	94	94	94	94	...
77½	78¼	700	Lackawanna Steel	77	78¼	77	78¼	+2½
59	59⅝	500	Lehigh Valley	58⅝	59	58⅝	59	+1
17½	19	300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	18½	19¼	18½	19¼	+1¼
52	62	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	53	53	53	53	−9
113¼	114½	400	Louis. & Nash	113¼	113½	113	113¼	+1½
97	100	400	Manhattan Elev	97½	97⅞	97½	97⅞	− ⅛
28	29	800	Maxwell Motors	28⅜	28⅜	28	28	...
61	64	700	Max. Motors 1st pf	62	63	62	62½	+1
92⅝	92¾	37,900	Mexican Petroleum	91	93½	90⅝	92⅝	+2½
31½	31⅝	600	Miami Copper	31¼	31½	31¼	31½	+ ⅜
45¼	45½	3,500	Midvale Steel	44⅝	45⅝	44⅝	45½	+ ⅞
88	90	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	88½	88½	88½	88½	+ ½
4¾	5	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	5	4⅞	5	+ ¼
7½	8	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	8	8	7½	7½	− ½
23½	23⅝	5,900	Missouri Pacific	22⅝	23⅝	22⅝	23¼	+ ½
48½	49	2,500	Missouri Pacific pf	46½	49	46½	49	+3¼
68	72	100	Montana Power	69	69	69	69	−2
30⅝	32	100	Nat. Acme x d	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	+ ¼
109	115	100	Nat. Bis. pf. x d	110½	110½	110½	110½	+2½
17⅝	18	1,200	Nat. Cond. & Cable	17½	17⅝	17½	17⅝	+ ½
44⅝	44⅞	1,800	Nat. Enam. & St	45	45¼	44⅝	44⅝	...
53	54	500	Nat. Lead	52¼	53	52¼	53	+1
18¾	19	800	Nevada Con. Cop	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ¼
71	71⅛	2,100	N. Y. Central	71¼	71½	71	71⅛	+ ⅝
29	30	200	N. Y., N. H. & H	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	+ ⅜
105	106	1,100	Norfolk & Western	105	106¼	105	106¼	+1¼
84½	85	1,100	Northern Pacific	84	85	83⅞	85	+1½
41	41¼	5,300	Ohio Cities Gas x d	41	41½	40⅝	41¼	+ ⅜
27⅝	27½	600	Pacific Mail	27	27¼	27	27¼	+ ⅝
22½	23	1,200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	19⅞	22½	19⅞	22½	+2⅝
90	90½	600	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	89½	90	89½	90	+1
45	45¼	2,600	Penn. R. R	45	45	45	45	...
46	46½	700	People's Gas, Chi	44½	46	44½	46	+2
12⅝	13½	500	Pere Marquette	12	13	12	13	+1
25¼	27	100	Philadelphia Co	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	− ½
38½	39	500	Pierce-Arrow	37⅝	38½	37⅝	38½	+1½
51⅝	52	8,300	Pittsburgh Coal	50⅝	52	50⅝	51⅝	+1⅝
82	84	200	Pitts. Coal pf	83	83	83	83	+ ½
28	28¼	4,500	Pitts. & West Va	27	28½	27	28	+1¼
66½	67	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	67	67	67	67	+1
63½	64	800	Pressed Steel Car	63	63⅞	63	63⅞	+ ⅞
117½	118	600	Pullman Co	116⅝	117⅝	116⅝	117⅝	+1
53⅝	54	1,500	Railway Steel Sp	53	54¼	53	54	+1
96	100	100	Railway Steel S. pf	98	98	98	98	+2
24⅛	24¼	1,100	Ray Con. Copper	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
77	77⅛	34,300	Reading	76	77½	76	77	+1¼
77⅛	77⅞	3,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	76¼	77⅞	76¼	77⅞	+2½
99	100	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	99	99	99	99	+ ½
76	76¼	300	Royal Dutch t r	76¼	76⅜	76¼	76⅜	+ ⅜
12	12½	300	St. Louis-San Fran	12½	12½	12⅛	12⅛	− ⅜
8	8½	200	Seaboard Air Line	8	8	8	8	...
154	156	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	155½	156	155½	156	+3
37	37⅝	6,000	Sinclair Oil & Ref	36⅝	37⅝	36⅝	37	+ ⅜
48	48½	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	...
85¼	85⅜	10,200	Southern Pacific	85	85⅞	85	85⅜	+1½
160	175	50	So. Porto Rico Sug	170	170	170	170	...
24	24¼	5,800	Southern Railway	24	24⅜	24	24⅜	+ ⅜
58½	59⅝	400	Southern Ry. pf	58½	59½	58½	59½	+1
93	96	100	Stand. Mill. odd lots	94	96	94	96	...
50⅞	51	2,500	Studebaker Co	51	51½	50½	50⅞	+ ½
44½	45	100	Stutz Motor	45	45	45	45	...
15⅝	15⅞	1,000	Tenn. C. & C	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
156	157	2,100	Texas Co	155½	157¼	155½	156	+1½
54⅝	54¾	5,500	Tobacco Products	54¼	55⅛	54⅛	54⅝	+1
103	...	100	Underwood Typew	103	103	103	103	+1
119¼	119⅝	14,800	Union Pacific	118	119⅝	118	119¼	+1⅝
38⅝	39½	100	United Alloy Steel	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	− ⅛
96½	96¾	4,400	United Cigar Stores	95	96⅝	94⅞	96¾	+1⅝
77½	79	100	Un. Drug 2d pf. x d	78	78	78	78	+ ½
129	129¼	700	United Fruit	128	129	128	129	+1¼
4½	5½	100	United Ry. Invest	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ½
125⅛	125½	1,700	U. S. Indus. Alco	124½	125⅝	124½	125½	+1¼
57⅝	58⅛	1,900	U. S. Rubber	57¼	58½	57¼	58⅛	+1⅛
45⅝	46½	500	U. S. Sm., R. & M	46	46	46	46	+1¼
96	96⅛	110,400	U. S. Steel	95¼	96½	95	96	+1½
110½	111	400	U. S. Steel pf	110¼	111	110½	111	+1
82½	83	2,900	Utah Copper	81⅝	82⅞	81⅝	82⅞	+1⅝
40¼	40⅝	1,100	Va.-Car. Chemical	40	40½	40	40½	+1¼
41⅝	42¼	300	Wabash pf. A	42	42⅝	42	42⅝	+ ⅞
81	83	100	Wells Fargo Exp	82½	82½	82½	82½	− ½
17	17½	4,400	Western Maryland	16⅞	17⅝	16⅞	17¼	+ ¼
31	32	900	West. Md. 2d pf	29⅝	31½	29⅝	31½	+2¼
16	16½	500	Western Pacific	16	16½	16	16½	+ ¼
89½	91	100	Western Union Tel	89	89	89	89	−1½
41¼	41⅝	1,100	Westingh. E. & M	41½	41¾	41½	41⅝	+1
9½	10¼	700	Wheeling & L. E	10	10	10	10	+ ¼
56½	57	1,400	Wilson & Co	54½	56½	54½	56½	+3¼
18½	18¾	6,500	Willys-Overland	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	+ ⅜
79	80	200	Willys-Overland pf	80	80	80	80	+ ⅜
118	120	800	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	118¼	118¼	118	118	−1
85½	87½	100	Worth. Pump pf. A	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞	+ ½

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	96⅝	97	7.00
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	94½	95	7.65
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99	99½	6.50
City of Que.	5	Aug., 1920	93	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	95¼	95½	8.30
Fr'chGov.con.	5½	Apr., 1919	97	97¼	7.60
Govt. of N.F.	5	July, 1919	93	97	6.60
Norweg. Govt.	6	Feb., 1923	100	103	5.50
Russian Govt.	6½	July, 1919	46	50	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	41	43	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	83	86	..
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	92	96	6.50
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	99⅝	100	5.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	100	100½	4.70

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1918	99½	99⅝	6.00
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	95½	95⅝	8.00
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	96	7.00
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99	99¼	6.90
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	97	97½	5.50
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96	99	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	99½	99⅝	5.60
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	98	98⅛	6.20
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15, '19	97½	98⅛	7.50
B. R. T.	5	July, 1918	95½	96¼	..
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	98	93¾	6.10
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	98⅝	99	7.50
Can. North.	6	Sep. 2, '18	99	100	6.00
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2, '24	96¼	96⅝	6.25
Curt. A. & M.	6	Jan., '18-22	101	103	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98	98½	6.00
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1, '18	..	99½	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	93⅝	94½	..
Fed. Sug. R.		Jan., 1920	95	97	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	Dec., 1919	99¼	100¼	5.90
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	99⅝	100½	5.90
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	98	98⅛	6.80
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	96	100	6.00
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	97	99	6.70
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	96½	97¼	6.00
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	99	99⅝	..
Int. Harvest.		Feb. 15, '18	99⅞	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	98	99	6.85
K.C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15, '18	98¼	98⅝	5.80
K.C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19, '21	94	97	5.50
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May, 1918	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	..	90	..
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98½	100¼	4.50
Okla. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	95	98	6.875
N. Y. C. R.R.	5	Sep., 1919	97⅛	97⅝	7.10
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	Apr. 15, '18	94	95	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	96	96½	6.00
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	95	97	8.70
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	90	92	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '18	97½	97⅝	7.90
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99½	100	5.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15, '22	83	85	10.30
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	98⅝	98¾	7.10
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	5.00
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	96½	98½	6.75
Wis. E. Ry.	6	... '18	..	100	6.00

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	59.68	59.08	59.54	+ .73
25 industrials	78.83	77.60	78.48	+1.00
50 stocks	69.25	68.34	69.01	+ .87

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Feb. 15	69.25	68.34	69.01	+ .87
Feb. 14	68.44	67.51	68.14	+ .36
Feb. 13	68.50	67.69	67.78	− .33
Feb. 12	Holiday.			
Feb. 11	Holiday.			
Feb. 9	68.29	68.01	68.11	+ .38
Feb. 8	68.32	67.50	67.88	+ .37

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Feb.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1918	69.48	Feb. 1	67.19	Feb. 7	69.01
1917	83.46	Feb. 21	77.24	Feb. 3	80.65
1916	89.06	Feb. 10	84.16	Feb. 28	85.02
1915	62.78	Feb. 11	58.99	Feb. 24	60.02
1914	73.14	Feb. 4	69.33	Feb. 26	70.49
1913	77.30	Feb. 3	71.51	Feb. 25	73.39
1912	76.61	Feb. 20	72.54	Feb. 1	76.25

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1918	69.48	Feb. 1	64.12	Jan. 15	69.01
†1917	90.46	Jan. 4	77.24	Feb. 3	80.99
Full Years.					
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.56
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.29

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Feb. 15	77.01	−.07	Feb. 7	77.15	−.14
Feb. 14	77.08	..	Feb. 6	77.29	−.02
Feb. 13	77.08	−.10	Feb. 5	77.31	+.02
Feb. 12	Holiday.		Feb. 4	Holiday.	
Feb. 11	Holiday.		Feb. 1	77.25	−.18
Feb. 9	77.18	−.01	Jan. 31	77.43	+.14
Feb. 8	77.19	+.04	Jan. 30	77.29	+.20

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1918	77.48	Jan. 31	76.64	Jan. 24	77.01
†1917	89.48	Jan. 20	87.00	Feb. 10	87.13
Full Years.					
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.36
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 25	88.64
1915	87.62	Mar. 24	81.52	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.81	Jan. 10	88.45	Dec. 18	88.84

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Why the Liberty 4s Declined.

Coincident with an improvement in the prices for Liberty bonds on the Stock Exchange yesterday appeared one explanation for the selling pressure to which the second 4s had been subjected for several days. This issue of 4 per cents. scored an advance of more than three-quarters of a point, or .86 to follow the way they are quoted, and the final quotation of 95.60 stood almost a full point above the minimum price established on Wednesday. In respect to the declining movement of the forepart of the week, it was learned that some of the banks which were carrying Liberty 4s for customers had increased the carrying charge from 4 to 4½ per cent., influencing considerable selling for the reason that holders were not desirous of paying the new rate of interest when the bonds themselves brought in only 4 per cent. When the second Liberty Loan was floated the Federal Reserve Bank set at 3½ per cent. the discount charge on paper secured by Liberty bonds, in order to facilitate the lending of money by the banks at 4 per cent. to buyers of the new bonds. The ninety-day notes which were discounted at 3½ per cent. matured this week, and as the Reserve Bank had increased the rate on notes of the same class to 4 per cent. since the loan was floated, the banks put theirs up to 4½ per cent.

All Liberty Bonds Improve.

Apparently the selling of the second 4s resultant from the stiffening of the carrying charge spent itself by Thursday night. When the quotation began to improve yesterday, the conversion 4s and the first 3½s were stimulated also, the former advancing from 96.24 to 96.50 and the latter from 97.60 to 97.90. Owners of the second 4s who decided to liquidate rather than take money out of their pockets to pay interest on the money borrowed to finance Liberty bond purchases suffered a substantial loss in doing so. When the bonds were selling around their lowest level, the sale of every $1,000 bond meant a loss of close to $50 or even slightly more than that.

Subscription Books Close.

Subscription books to the offering of $500,000,000 of 4 per cent. Treasury certificates of indebtedness, due May 9, closed yesterday. The amount applied for by banks in the New York Federal Reserve District was not made public, officials of the local Reserve Bank having received instructions not to give out any figures. It is understood that the applications amounted to more than half of the total issue; and as in all previous issues this district took more than its share, figured on the basis of aggregate banking resources.

Which Way Will the Cat Jump?

While the cotton market has lately developed very little excitement, and, Micawber-like, has seemed merely to be waiting for something to turn up, nearly everybody in the trade appears to agree that something decided is going to happen before long. The only slight difference of opinion is as to what the something decided will be. The market is going to do something spectacular, people say, but they cannot agree whether it is going down or up. Some close observers declare that the big short interest has been largely bought in by the trade, which wants far more cotton than is to be had, and that when these short contracts are called there is going to be fireworks. On the other hand, other students of the market maintain that there has been all along far more cotton in the South, in the hands of growers, than anybody has calculated on; that these growers have held off a long time, but are getting restive, and that when they begin to sell, nothing but this admittedly big short interest will support the market. But if it weren't for these little differences of opinion the market would be a much less interesting place.

Another Three-Day Holiday?

Although the first part of this week saw the Cotton Exchange, along with the other markets, enjoying a three-day holiday, its members are going to vote today on the proposition to give themselves another one by closing on Saturday following Washington's Birthday. Inasmuch as the suspension of the fuel holidays has restored several sessions already given up as lost, and as the local cotton market has been rather dull lately, reflecting the general uncertainty in the cotton industry regarding many important factors, there seems to be considerable likelihood that the holiday plan will be carried.

Testimony of Bankers.

It has been suggested that the Senate Finance Committee which is considering Secretary McAdoo's War Finance Corporation bill should invite the leading bankers of New York, Chicago, and other cities to testify at the hearings. It is believed that such a move would bring out all the arguments that have been informally advanced against certain provisions of the measure and might result in the committee making several important modifications in the text of the bill. A number of Senators, not members of the Banking Committee, have taken a great interest in Mr. McAdoo's proposal and have asked privately for the personal opinions of well-informed bankers.

Assisting the Reserve Bank.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York announced yesterday that at its request the New York State Bankers' Association, under the direction of its President, John H. Gregory, President of the Central Bank of Rochester, was planning to enlist every bank in New York State in a campaign of co-operation with the Government in its financing through certificates of indebtedness and in other ways. On Jan. 14 the Federal Reserve Board in Washington sent a letter to the reserve banks suggesting that State banking associations be asked to assist in the campaign for a wide distribution of certificates.

The Dutch Ships and the Brokers.

It is understood that the interests of the owners of the eighty-odd Dutch freighters until recently tied up, inactive, in American ports, in the negotiations leading to their charter by the United States Shipping Board have been almost entirely in the hands of a single prominent New York firm. The rest of the shipping interest has been standing around looking on while this firm has traded with the Government, hoping to get a look-in when the Government in turn puts these boats on the market. But it now appears that these boats are not going back on the market; that the Shipping Board will hold on to all of them, merely allotting them to be run for Government account in various trades; and the rest of the ship brokers of New York are talking about learning how to handle a pneumatic riveter and getting a job in a shipyard.

A Broad Market.

An encouraging feature of yesterday's stock market to partisans of the constructive side was its breadth. Not only was the number of issues dealt in larger than in many days, but the really important buying was spread over more stocks than has been the case of late. Railroad, shipping and steel shares were in demand in the last half-hour of business on a scale which surprised many traders who had looked for a reaction, the Friday reaction so frequently in evidence during the occasional periods of advances last year.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, FEB. 15, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	$6,083,000	$2,587,500	$3,301,500
Year to date	151,496,500	175,347,800	174,956,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, full paid
$59000 97.50
25000 97.54
10000 97.52
1000 97.50
7000 97.52
12000 97.54
65000 97.60
10000 97.54
20000 97.58
7000 97.60
22000 97.70
10000 97.72
10000 97.76
1000 97.70
5000 97.80
10000 97.90
5000 97.92
10000 98
10000 98.10
47000 98.14
2000 98.10
8000 98.12
40000 98
10000 97.98
35000 98
25000 97.98
10000 97.90
29000 97.86
14000 97.88
1000 97.92
3000 97.90
10000 97.94
10000 97.98
29000 98
10000 98.02
50000 98.06
20000 98.02
4000 98
16000 97.94
2000 97.92
5000 97.96
3000 98
6000 97.98
17000 97.90
$710000

U S Liberty 1st cv 4s
$8000 96.24
1000 96.28
9000 96.24
2000 96.22
11000 96.30
1000 96.34
10000 96.46
19000 96.50
4000 96.60
11000 96.50
7000 96.44
35000 96.50
$118000

U S Liberty 2d 4s
$70000 95.12
30000 95.14
2000 95.16
12000 95.14
17000 95.16
5000 95.18
14000 95.20
10000 95.26
30000 95.28
1000 95.30
80000 95.28
71000 95.26
25000 95.28
6000 95.30
15000 95.28
1000 95.30
8000 95.32
20000 95.38
25000 95.42
1000 95.44
38000 95.48
5000 95.40
1000 95.44
30000 95.46
70000 95.48
39000 95.46
81000 95.48
11000 95.50
10000 95.56
1000 95.52
25000 95.50
5000 95.52
1000 95.54
20000 95.60
24000 95.64
10000 95.66
10000 95.68
40000 95.70
10000 95.72
110000 95.74
11000 95.80
25000 95.78
20000 95.80
14000 95.78
30000 95.80
30000 95.84
50000 95.86
5000 95.88
51000 95.84
12000 95.80
5000 95.82
25000 95.86
25000 95.88
1000 95.80
26000 95.86
4000 95.88
6000 95.84
58000 95.88
2000 95.90
40000 95.88
50000 95.90
37000 95.92
20000 95.94
2000 95.96
117000 96
18000 96.02
500 96.12
7000 96.02
7000 96.04
66000 96.06
10000 96.08
25000 96.06
5000 96.04
10000 96
120000 96.04
[illegible]
8000 96.04
16000 96
26000 96.02
5000 96
50000 96.02
142000 96
4000 95.98
13000 95.90
96000 95.80
7000 95.86
17000 95.84
1000 95.88
21000 95.80
4000 95.78
14000 95.76
1000 95.78
104000 95.76
24000 95.80
25000 95.76
57000 95.80
3000 95.78
10000 95.76
17000 95.74
5000 95.76
8000 95.74
11000 95.72
24000 95.70
8000 95.74
2000 95.76
10000 95.74
5000 95.72
2000 95.74
1000 95.72
11000 95.74
6000 95.70
66000 95.74
10000 95.72
2000 95.82
15000 95.80
19000 95.90
1000 96
18000 95.98
1000 95.96
[illegible]

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL AND CORPORATION BONDS.

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Am For Sec 5s
1 97
9 97¼
11 96⅞
Anglo-Fr 5s
20 89¼
16 89⅜
19 89¼
5 89⅜
87 89½
71 89⅜
35 89⅜
5 90
22 89¼
3 89⅜
29 89⅜
CityofBord6s
20 87½
20 87⅝
26 88
3 88⅜
3 88⅛
26 89⅛
CityofLyons6s
20 87½
21 87⅝
5 88
1 88¼
3 88⅛
15 88⅛
14 88⅜
CityofMars6s
24 87½
2 87⅝
22 87⅞
4 88
8 88⅛
10 88⅛
5 88⅜
2 88⅝
CityofParis6s
4 86
2 86¼
37 86⅛
2 87⅛
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
2 94½
1926
1 93⅛
2 93
1931
6 93⅝
Fr Gov 5½s
12 97
50 97¼
15 97⅛
Jap Gov 4½s sterling loan
½ 90
3 91
2d Ser, Eng stp, 10 lots
½ 91
2d Ser. Ger stamp
3 79⅝
UnKing of Gt [illegible]

Brit&Ire5s
10 99
35 98⅝
5½s, 1919
2 97⅝
38 97⅛
2 97⅝
15 97½
10 97⅝
new
2 98⅛
1 99
20 98⅛
2C 99
4 98⅛
10 99
2 98⅛
5½s, 1921
3 94⅝
65 94⅛
24 94⅛
NY City 4½s 1960
1 99¼
1 99
4½s, May, 1957
3 96⅛
1965
4 96
AmAgCh cv5s
2 99
1 99¼
AmDock&I5s
2 99
Am Sm&Ref temp 1st 5s
7 88½
Am T&T col4s
6 81
6 81½
col tr 5s
1 94⅛
2 94⅛
2 94½
3 94
Am Thread 4s
1 97⅝
AmWrPap5s
3 86
2 86⅝
1 86¼
2 86
Armour&Co 4½s
2 86⅛
A,T&SFgen4s
3 84½
1 84⅛
adjst4s, stpd
2 78
1 76
At&Char,AL 1st5s, SerB
1 94½
4 94⅛
Balt&Ogold4s
15 77

conv 4½s
4 78⅛
Beth Stl pur money 5s
3 80⅝
2 80⅝
Braden Cop s f 6s
3 92⅝
BRT 5s, 1918
3 93⅝
7 96
BrUnEl1st5s, stamped
2 81
Cent Leath 5s
1 96
Cen of N J gen 5s
1 104
CenPac gtd4s
1 80¼
1 81
Cerro de Pas Cop cv 6s
2 105⅝
Ches&O, cv4½s
1 76
conv 5s
3 77⅝
5 77½
1 77⅝
1 77⅝
1 77⅝
1 78
Chic&Alt3s
11 50
C,B&Q jt4s
1 93¼
5 93
12 93¼
9 93⅛
35 93⅛
gen 4s
2 82⅝
ChicGtWn4s
23 55
C,M&StP gen 4½s
2 83⅝
conv 4½s
4 74½
17 74⅛
cv 5s, Ser B
4 79
refund 4½s
1 68⅛
1 68⅛
1 68⅛
C,RI&P ref4s
10 66⅛
1 66⅛
2 66⅛
ChUnSta4½s, Ser A
1 87
Ch&WestInd gen 6s
1 103⅛

[illegible]

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98	Pan 2s, r, 1936	96⅝	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	..	Pan 2s, r, 1938	96⅝	..
3s, r, 1918	99	99⅝	Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
3s, c, 1918	99	99⅝	Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..
3s, r, 1946	80	..			
3s, c, 1946	80	..			
4s, r, 1925	104⅝	105¼			
4s, c, 1925	104⅝	106			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	71	80
Am Ag Ch pf	91	95
Am B N	29	35
Do pf	42	46
Am B Sug pf	80	91
Am B S & Fdy	..	100½
Do pf	160	175
Am C & Fy pf	108	116
Am Cities pf	..	20
Am Coal	48	..
Am Cot O pf	81	85
Am Ex	78½	85
Am Ice pf	39	44
Am Loco pf	98	98½
Am Sm pf A	92½	95¼
Am Sm & R pf	105	107
Am Snuff	87	95
Do pf	80	100
Am Shipb	86	90
Do pf	..	91
Am Sug R pf	109	111
Am Sum T pf, x d	90	95
Am T & C	50½	60
Am Tob xd	160	169
Do pf, xd	97	100
Am Zinc pf	45	46
Assets R	⅝	1⅛
Asso D G	12½	15
Do 1st pf, x d	46½	50
Do 2d pf, x d	36⅝	..
Asso Oil	58½	59⅝
A, B & A	8½	8⅞
Atl C L	90½	91
Bald L pf	96	98
Barrett Co	88½	89½
Do pf	90	100½
B'ch Cr'k	..	80
Beth Stl pf	90	92
Booth Fish 1st pf	..	86½
B Un G	80	90
Brown Shoe	62	68
Bruns Trm	7	7½
B, R & P	62	90
Do pf	85	107
Burns B pf	105	110
Bush Term	..	97
But'k Co	10⅛	12½
Cal Pack	38	38½
Cal & Ar	67½	68½
Canada Co	..	54
C C & O	..	26
Do pf	..	50
Case (J I) pf	84	85
C C & C	..	70
Cent L pf	105	108
Cent & S A Tel	105	110
Chandler M	80	83½
Chi & Alt	8	10¼
Do pf	..	20
Chi & N W pf	130	150
Chi, S P, M & O	67½	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	28	30
Do pf	61	72
Cl & Pitts	..	83⅝
Clu-Peab	53	57½
Do pf	99¼	104
Col & So	21	22
Do 2d pf	40	50
Comp T R	30	31¼
Con G, B	96	103
C L O M	9	10¼
Cont Can	92	94
Do pf	101	110
Cont Ins	44	50
Do pf	95	93½
Crex Carp	36	45
Crip C C	20	..
Do pf	24½	..
Cub-Am S	155	160
Do pf	95	100
Deere & Co pf, x d	93	97
Den & R G	3½	6
Det Ed	102½	105
Det Un Ry	..	90
D, S S & A	2½	5
Do pf	5	15
Elec S B	49	52
Elk H Coal	23⅝	26
Do pf	35	40
Erie 2d pf	19	20
Erie & P	..	70
F M & Cm	10	10½
Fisher Bdy	26	35
Do pf	79	85
Gen Chem	172	185
Do pf	100	105
Gen Cigar	40½	48
Do pf	91	100
Gen M pf	83½	85
Goodrich pf	93	100
Granby C	74	75
Gulf S S	90	94
Do 1st pf	95	..
G, M & N	9⅝	13
Do pf	28	35
Haskell & Barker	37½	38
Int Agric	13⅝	14
Do pf	44	40
Int Harv, N J, pf	109⅝	111
Int H Cor	65	71
Do pf	101	..
[illegible]		
Lee R & T	13	15
Ligg & M, x d	170	190
Do pf	104	105
L-W Bisc 1st pf	80	83½
Lorill'd Co	186	225
Do pf	101	120
M'kay Cos	75	79
Do pf	60½	65
Man Beach	⅝	3
Max Motor 2d pf	22½	23½
M Dep Sts	51	55
Do pf	100	111
Mich Cent	..	109
M & St L	9	9½
M, S P & S S M pf	100	112
Do l l	55	70
Mont P pf	99	..
Morris & E	..	89
N C & S L	105	120
Nat Bisc	98	100
Nat C & S	72	80
Do pf	100	110
Nat En pf	95	99
Nat L pf	100¼	106¼
Nat R of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5	7
N O T & Mex	18	19
N Y Air B	127	129½
N Y C & St L	15	18
Do 1st pf	46	67
Do 2d pf	42	46
N Y Dock	18	24
Do pf	44	46
N Y L & West	..	123
N Y O & West	19	20
Norf So	19	22
N & W pf	78	85
North Am	44½	46
N'west Tel	..	60
Nova Sc S	67½	..
Ohio F Sup	42½	43
Ont Mining	5	5¼
Owens B M	62½	65
Do pf	105	..
Pac Coast	46	60
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
P T & T pf	84½	96
Pea & East	4½	6
Pere Marq prior pf	50	56
Do pf	28	37
[illegible]		
Shat Ariz	17	18
S-S S & I pf	80	95
So P R S pf	103	112
Stand M pf	79	84
Stewart W	53⅝	..
Studeb Co pf	91½	97
Sup Steel	35⅝	36
Do 1st pf	95	98½
Texas Pac	17	19
T P L Tr	125	168
Third Av	19	20
Tide W O	178	188
Tob Prd pf	85	95
Tol, St L & W	2	10
Do ctfs	4	7
Do pf	5	11
Do pf cfs	6	12
Tr & Wms	39½	40
Twin-City R T	62	65
Do pf	..	125
Under Type	108⅝	..
Un B & P	65½	74½
Un Pac pf	70½	74
Un C S pf	101	115
Un Drug	69½	70
Do 1st pf	46⅝	47
Un Rys Inv pf	11	14
U S C I P	14½	15⅛
Do pf	43	49
U S Exp	15½	17½
U S I Alco	93	100
U S R & I	11	13
U S Rubber 1st pf	99	101
U S Sm pf	44	46
Utah Sec	13½	14
Va-Car Ch pf	102	103
Wabash	8	8½
Do pf B	22	22½
West Pac pf, x d	55	55¼
W E & M 1st pf	58	65
W & L E pf	20	23
White M	43	43⅝
Wilson & Co pf	90	100
Wisc Cent	36	39
W'lw'th (F W) pf	114	120
Wor Pump	34½	35¼
Do pf B	60	61

SHIFT IN STEEL CONCERN.

J. W. McQueen Becomes President of Sloss-Sheffield Co.

Waddill Catchings resigned yesterday as President of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company, and was succeeded by J. W. McQueen, who had been first Vice President for a number of years. Mr. Catchings recently became a partner in the banking firm of Goldman, Sachs & Co. He will continue as a Director of the company.

Net earnings of the company in the thirteen months ended Dec. 31, 1917, aggregated $2,216,353 after all charges, depreciation and taxes had been accounted for. In the preceding fiscal year the net was $1,990,675. After the Directors' meeting yesterday it was said that part of the $2,000,000 4½ per cent. bonds maturing April 1 would be paid off in cash and the balance in short-term notes.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The France-American Ferment Co.
February 7, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Franco-American Ferment Company for the election of directors and other business will be held in the offices of this Company at 225 Sixth Avenue at noon on Tuesday, February 19, 1918.

S. EDWIN ALLEN, Jr., Secretary.

100 Years of Commercial Banking

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York

Capital & Surplus, $5,000,000
Resources, - $80,000,000

Charter Member N. Y. Clearing House
Member Federal Reserve Bank
United States Depository

149 Broadway
(Singer Bldg.)
Cor. Liberty St.

Branches
Greenwich and Warren Sts.
Bowery and Grand St.
Ninth Avenue and 14th St.
Broadway and 18th St.
2 West 33d Street.
57th Street and Third Ave.
Broadway and 61st St.
86th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 105th St.
Lenox Avenue and 116th St.
67 West 125th St. nr. Lenox Av.
Broadway and 144th St.

We Invite Your Account

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
American Stores Pfd.
Anglo-American Oil Rights
American Cyanamid Com. & Pfd.
American Tobacco Scrip
Babcock & Wilcox Stock
Bankers Trust Stock
Crocker Wheeler Com. & Pfd.
Franklin Fire Insurance
Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
Federal Sugar Com. & Pfd.
Great Northern Paper Rights
Hocking Valley Railway
Ingersoll Rand Com.
James Butler Pfd.
Kirby Lumber Stocks
Remington Typewriter Stocks
Safety Car Heating & Lighting
Texas & Pacific Coal
Thompson-Starrett Com. & Pfd.
United Publishers Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Unlisted Securities Department
American Power & Light Pfd.
Amer. Water Wks. & Elec. 1st Pfd.
Central Aguirre Sugar
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Int'l Motor Truck Stocks
Mallory Steamship 5s, 1932
Safety Car Heating & Lighting
Salmon River Power 5s, 1952

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad St. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

How to Make Financial Advertising Pay
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RUSSELL LAW
Financial Advertising in All Its Branches.
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Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co. Stock
J. A. MORRILL
5 NASSAU ST. TEL. 1829 RECTOR.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 28th, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Chemical National Bank of New York will be held at the office of the bank, No. 270 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Tuesday, March 5th, 1918, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., to consider and vote upon the following proposed amendment to Section 3 of the Articles of Association, to wit:

"The Board of Directors Shall Consist of Not Less Than Five Nor More Than Ten Stockholders."

Notice is also hereby given that if said proposed amendment to the Articles of Association is adopted at said meeting of stockholders, the meeting will immediately proceed to vote for the election of a tenth director of the bank, to hold office until the next annual election of directors, or until his successor is elected and has qualified.

EDWARD H. SMITH, Cashier.

SEABOARD STEEL & MANGANESE CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

New York City, February 16th, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Seaboard Steel & Manganese Corporation, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Corporation, Room 908, No. 74 Broadway, New York City, on the 10th day of March, A. D. 1918, at 12 o'clock noon.

The Capital Stock Transfer Books shall be closed at 12 o'clock noon on February 28th, 1918, and remain closed until the day after the final adjournment of such annual meeting.

H. HARRY MEYERS, Secretary.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO. will be held at the office of the company, 115 Fifth Avenue, New York City, on Monday, February 25, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Provided Monday, February 25, 1918, be a legal holiday, then said meeting will be held at the same place and hour on Tuesday, February 26, 1918.

JOHN HIGGINS, Secretary.

NEW AMSTERDAM GAS COMPANY.
130 East 15th St., N. Y., Feb. 11th, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 130 East 15th Street, New York City, on Thursday, March 7th, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

MALCOLM M. GRAHAM, Secretary.

THE ORINOKA MILLS.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Orinoka Mills will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 215 Fourth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on the 23rd day of February, 1918, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and passing upon the acts of the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting of the Stockholders, and for the transaction of such other and further business as may come before the meeting.

EDWARD H. GREEN, Secretary.

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office: 475 Fifth Avenue
New York

The Company is a legal depositary for moneys paid into Court, and is authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Guardian, Receiver, and in all other Fiduciary capacities.

Acts as Trustee under mortgages made by Railroad and other Corporations, and as Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.

Receives deposits upon certificates of Deposit, or subject to check, and allows interest on daily balances.

Manages Real Estate and lends money on bond and mortgage.

Foreign Exchange

LONDON PARIS

ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT

5% Internal Gold Loan 1909

Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. hereby give notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the amortization of 601,224 Argentine gold dollars nominal of the above loan. Payment for bonds accepted will be made from 5th March to 5th April, 1918.

Tenders for sale of bonds with Coupons due 1st September, 1918, at a price to be stated in the Tender, must be lodged not later than 12 o'clock noon on 19th February, 1918, with Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York, who will announce the result of the Tenders as soon thereafter as possible.

Tenders will be received also in Paris by the Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas, in London by Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd., and in Buenos Aires by the Credito Publico Nacional.

Each bond has a par value of $973 U. S. Gold Dollars, and Tenders must be made at a flat price under par expressed in dollars per bond.

Tenders must be made on a form obtainable on application, and must be securely enclosed in an envelope marked "Tender of Argentine Government 5 per cent. Internal Gold Loan 1909 Bonds for redemption."

Forms of Tender may be obtained on application to Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York, who reserve the right to reject all or any Tenders.

Dated New York, 29 January, 1918.

THE BANK OF COMMERCE, NATIONAL Association, located at Cleveland, in the State of Ohio, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

W. C. CAINE, Cashier.

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK, LOCATED at Cleveland, in the State of Ohio, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

W. C. SAUNDERS, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 46

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on April 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., on Thursday, February 28, 1918. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Cheques will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.

February 13, 1918.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 7.
N. Y. City, January 23rd, 1918.

The second installment of Two Per Cent (2%), (1% in cash and 1% in stock) of the Eight Per Cent (8%) dividend upon the Common Stock of the Standard Milling Company which was declared on October 24th, 1917, will be payable on February 28th, 1918, to the Common Stockholders of record at the close of business on February 18th, 1918. Checks and certificates will be mailed.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 33
N. Y. City, January 23rd, 1918.

The Board of Directors of Standard Milling Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent (1½%) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable out of the earnings for the current fiscal year, on February 28th, 1918, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on February 18th, 1918.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

WHITE KNOB COPPER AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LTD.,
43 Cedar Street, New York.
THIRTEENTH DIVIDEND.

A dividend of five cents a share on the preferred stock of the Company has been declared, payable February 25th, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 15th, 1918.

Dated February 8th, 1918.
EDWARD H. KELLY, Treasurer.

AMERICAN POWER & LIGHT CO.
71 Broadway, New York,
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 21.

The regular quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the Common Stock of the American Power & Light Company has been declared, payable March 1, 1918, to common stockholders of record at the close of business February 19, 1918.

M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

CINCINNATI NORTHERN R. R. CO.
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.,
Feb. 14, 1918.

A dividend of THREE PER CENT ($3 per share) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable on Friday, March 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, Feb. 21st, 1918.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
FEDERAL MINING & SMELTING CO.,
42 Broadway, New York City, Feb. 15, 1918.

A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the preferred stock of this company has today been declared, payable March 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 25, 1918.

GEO. W. PETERSEN, Secretary.

Southwestern Power & Light Company
Preferred Stock Dividend.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of Southwestern Power & Light Company has been declared payable March 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 19, 1918.

M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE available for inspection at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, 1817 F Street N. W., Washington, D. C., for estimating upon the following buildings for extension to aircraft factory, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Penn.: One-story structural steel building 1,200 by 500 feet, three-story reinforced concrete office building 184 by 124 feet, six-story storehouse 180 by 200 feet; total estimated cost two million dollars. Plans and specifications will be available at the Bureau for distribution Monday, Feb. 18. Proposals must be in the hands of the Bureau by 4 o'clock P. M., Thursday, Feb. 21. C. W. PARKS, Chief of Bureau.

Feb. 14, 1918.

PROPOSALS FOR OATS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, The Panama Canal, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 o'clock A. M., March 7, 1918, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the above-mentioned oats. Blanks and information relating to this circular (1202) may be obtained from this Office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 606 Common Street, New Orleans, La., and Fort Mason, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the United States Engineer Offices in the principal cities throughout the United States. A. L. FLINT, General Purchasing Officer.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Norfolk, Va.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, March 18, 1918, and then opened, for dredging in James River, Va. Further information on application at this office, or at U. S. Engineer Office, 816 Federal Building, Richmond, Va.

T. W. LAMONT FAVORS WAR FINANCE PLAN

Says McAdoo's Proposal for a $500,000,000 Corporation Is Best Yet Advanced.

DOES NOT FEAR INFLATION

Asserts Bill Has Provisions of Utmost Value for Preserving Intact Our Savings Bank System.

That Secretary McAdoo's proposal for the organization of a $500,000,000 War Finance Corporation is the best plan yet suggested for giving financial assistance to industries essential to the conduct of the war, is the opinion of Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co. He said yesterday that the present situation in this country required prompt action, and that Mr. McAdoo's bill would deal adequately with conditions that have arisen as a result of the war and the huge financing operations of the Government.

"Government loans," Mr. Lamont said, "have naturally and properly absorbed the chief investment power of the country. Yet there are many industries today, contributing directly or indirectly to the efficiency of the community, that urgently require new capital for the extension of plant facilities—capital which their banks are in no position to furnish and which should normally come from the investing public.

"How shall we meet such a situation? The proposed measure is one answer to it, and unless we have a better one to propose would it not be well for the community to study it and thus determine if it is not worthy of earnest and immediate support?

"We hear the bill criticised on various grounds. One is that the Secretary has too much power in naming the Board of Directors, with the approval of the President; the Directors, with the broad powers that the bill confers, having wide control over industry throughout the country. On this point my mind is open to any fresh suggestion. But I am not fearful that the Secretary will name incompetents, and I believe the method of selection proposed will put the corporation into working order a little sooner than any other. Expedition is what we require in this situation.

"There has been a great deal of talk about possible inflation as a result of this measure, and some of our best newspaper economists have pointed out ways in which inflation might result. But here again I haven't seen any methods proposed to accomplish the ends desired and at the same time avoid all chance of minor evils resulting. When the Government took over the operation of the railways it was easy to see disadvantages that would probably result. But the advantages presumably outweighed the drawbacks. And so it is with every war measure that the need for prompt execution forces upon the country. Moreover, in this particular case I see no reason why, with prudent handling, the workings of this War Finance Corporation should lead to inflation. At least, if inflation results, I believe it will be less of a factor than the inflation that we should see if we compelled the banks, already carrying a large amount of loans, to assume a further considerable loan expansion to supply funds which ordinarily would come from private investors.

"The proposed measure provides that none of the Directors may be Directors of any other corporation. Most people who realize the extremely important functions to be performed by the Directors of this corporation believe that the Government will wish to commandeer as Directors of it the most experienced, the wisest men available in the whole country, men who may at present be the heads of large enterprises in which they have shown their prudence and skill, men who would gladly volunteer their services to the Government without compensation, but who ought not to be compelled simply for the space of the war to forego, very likely for all time, their present positions and future means of livelihood.

"Among its other advantages, the new measure contains provisions of the utmost value to the preservation intact of our whole savings-bank system, whose workings, with the present narrow market for corporate bonds, has been a source of some concern; and the whole measure, as I said before, is, in my judgment, well calculated to afford to the situation the relief which it critically needs."

Underwood Typewriter Profits.

The annual report of the Underwood Typewriter Company for the year 1917 shows a total income of $3,271,970, an increase of $647,780. After deductions for depreciation, bonuses, Federal taxes, &c., a balance of $2,199,902, equivalent to earnings of $22.38 a share on the common stock, after taking care of preferred dividends, was left. Dividends of $1,269,250 were actually paid, leaving a surplus for the year of $980,652.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Dec. gross	$1,703,168	$1,468,649	$1,141,029
Net aft. tax.	616,478	515,718	361,001
Surp. aft. chgs.	468,789	360,302	197,997
12 mos. gross	17,309,657	13,850,130	11,275,026
Net aft. tax.	5,336,871	3,913,638	2,823,983
Surp. aft. chgs.	3,873,458	2,222,165	736,018

Public Utility.

The Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Boston reports for the month of January gross earnings amounting to $988,888, an increase of $25,846 over the same month a year ago.

Miscellaneous.

ALLIS-CHALMERS MANUFACTURING CO. for quarter ended Dec. 31—

Sales billed:	1917.	1916.	*1915.
October	$2,251,966	$1,637,738	$1,097,579
November	2,841,586	2,114,158	1,229,975
December	3,123,407	1,989,782	1,442,594
Total sales	8,216,959	5,741,678	3,770,148
Net profits:			
October	325,138	267,050	143,026
November	400,340	359,102	177,417
December	462,479	302,570	239,002
Total profits	1,187,957	928,722	559,445

On the basis of the company's quarterly reports operations covering the past three years compare as follows:

T'l sales billed	26,129,314	19,440,500	11,666,413
Net profits	4,010,489	3,165,020	1,078,352

HERCULES POWDER CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

Gross rcts	44,105,523	63,419,029	15,715,860
Net earnings	5,822,462	16,658,873	4,922,401
Interest	......	......	36,300
Balance	5,822,462	16,658,873	4,886,101
Preferred div.	374,500	374,500	368,398
Surplus	5,447,962	16,284,373	4,517,703

INDIANA PIPE LINE CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

Net income	1,454,154	1,300,836	1,271,416
Dividends	1,200,000	900,000	800,000
Surplus	254,154	400,836	471,416
Prev. surplus	2,477,075	2,076,239	1,604,822
P. & L. surp.	2,731,229	2,477,075	2,076,238

JONES BROTHERS TEA CO. INC., reports sales of $1,036,089 for January, as compared with $837,363 for the same month of 1917.

S. S. KRESGE CO. reports sales of $1,991,183 for January, as compared with $1,834,028 for the same month of 1917.

SHATTUCK-ARIZONA COPPER CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

Gross income	3,652,156	5,160,924	2,368,548
Exp., tax., &c	2,174,656	2,086,911	1,194,520
Dep.	763,859	34,936	31,364
Net profits	713,641	3,039,077	1,142,664
Dividends	612,500	1,662,500	875,000
Surp. for year	101,141	1,376,577	267,664

STANDARD OIL CO. OF KENTUCKY for year ended Dec. 31, 1917, shows profits of $1,967,020 after estimated allowance for Federal taxes.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO for year ended Dec. 31—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Net earnings	3,162,225	2,548,671	1,464,787
Other income	109,745	75,519	52,372
Total	3,271,970	2,624,190	1,517,159
Depreciation	244,405	244,452	180,573
Bonus	327,663	293,397	......
Federal taxes	500,000	......	......
Balance	2,199,902	2,086,340	1,336,586
Pref. dividends	274,750	302,750	316,750
Com. dividends	994,500	382,500	340,000
Surplus	980,652	1,401,000	679,836

UNITED STATES ENVELOPE CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

Net profits	1,042,519	1,861,829	679,440
Interest	82,292	84,791	87,292
Depreciation	20,779	705,842	34,699
Taxes res.	150,000	......	......
Balance	789,448	1,070,698	557,449
Dividends	351,250	332,500	332,500
Surp. for year	438,198	738,196	224,949
Previous surp.	890,602	852,407	839,584
Total surplus	1,328,800	1,590,603	1,064,533
†Adjustments	400,000	700,000	212,126
P. & L. surp.	928,800	890,603	852,407

†Adjustment of good-will and patent account.

MACKAY PROFIT $4,425,198.

Expenses of Companies Reach $89,059—President Fears Hard Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—At the annual meeting of the Mackay Companies retiring Trustees were re-elected. President Mackay stated that general business conditions were good, although the companies were now handling a large volume of Government business at a very low rate.

"The Government, on behalf of itself and the allied Governments, is becoming the great customer," he said. "After the war that buying will stop. We accordingly are inculcating with our staff the necessity of rigid economy and of looking well ahead, first by saving their money and buying war savings stamps, and, second, to prepare for the hard times that are surely coming. I believe that our company stands at the head in the sale of war savings stamps."

Regarding Government ownership, Mr. Mackay said he did not think that would happen so long as the company kept up the standard of its service, and that the experience of the railroads was no criterion by which to judge the telegraph business. The total receipts of the Mackay Companies, representing dividends from subsidiaries, amounted for the year from Feb. 1, 1917, to Feb. 1, 1918, to $4,519,365, of which $4,425,198 were paid out in dividends; expenses amounted to $89,059, including taxes, and a balance remained of $5,108.

Hudson Tubes Income Decreases.

The report of earnings of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, operating the Hudson Tubes, for the month of December, 1917, and for the period of six months ended Dec. 31 last, shows a decrease in net operating income for the month of $16,635, to a total of $88,038, although the gross income increased by more than $36,000, to a total of $386,540. For the six-month period the net income decreased by $31,598, to a total of $310,767.

Allis-Chalmers Profit $4,000,000.

A report of earnings of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company for the three months ended Dec. 31 last shows net profits amounting to $1,187,957, compared with $928,722 for the corresponding quarter of 1916. This indicates a net profit for the calendar year 1917 of upward of $4,000,000, as compared with $3,165,020 for 1916.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97½	97¾
2s, coupon, 1930	97½	97¾
2s, coupon, '38, reg	96¾	97½
3s, registered, 1918	99	100
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100
3s, registered, 1946	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	84	88
3s, convertible, 1947	84	88
4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105½
4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96¾	97½
3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	87
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	95¾	96	95¾
4½s June, 1965	95¾	96	95¾
4½s Mar., 1963	95¾	96	95¾
4½s Nov., 1957	95¾	96¼	96
4½s May, 1957	95¾	96¼	96
4¼s Mar., 1960-80	89½	90	89¾
4¼s April, 1966	89¾	90¼	89¾
4¼s Mar., 1964	89¾	90¼	89¾
4¼s May, 1962	89¾	90¼	89¾
4¼s Sept., 1960	89¾	90½	89¾
4s May, 1959	86¾	87½	86¾
4s Nov., 1958	86¾	87½	86¾
4s May, 1957	86¾	87½	86¾
4s Nov., 1956	85½	86¼	85½
4s Nov., 1955	85½	86¼	85½
4s Nov., 1936	89	..	89
4s May, 1919	98½	..	98½
4s Nov., 1918	99	..	99
3½s Nov., 1954	77	79	..
3½s May, 1954	77	79	77
3½s Nov., 1955	..	80	..

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1931	4.90	4.60	4.90
4¼s 1921-1923	4.90	4.60	4.90
4¼s April, 1920	4.90	4.60	4.90
4¼s 1913-1919	4.90	..	4.90
4½s 1918	5.00	..	5.00
3s 1940-1958	5.00	4.70	5.00
3s 1926-1930	5.00	4.70	5.00
3s 1918-1925	5.00	4.70	5.00
3½s 1940-1958	4.90	4.70	4.90
3½s 1930-1939	4.90	4.70	4.90
3½s 1922-1929	4.90	4.70	4.90
3½s 1919-1921	4.90	4.70	4.90

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
165	Cities Service	208	204	204	205
165	Cities Service pf.	74¾	73¾	74⅛	74½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	14	16
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	72	75
Am. Gas & Electric	87	90
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	40	42
Am. Light & Traction	215	218
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	94½	96
Am. Power & Light	45	50
Am. Power & Light pf.	72	75
Am. Public Utilities	25	30
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	58	63
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4½	5½
Am. W. W. & El. 1st pf.	59	62
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	9½	11
Carolina Power & Light	30	32
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	93
Colorado Power	25	28
Colorado Power pf.	95	100
Columbus Electric pf.	71	77
Com. Power, Ry. & L.	20	23
Com. Pow., Ry. & L. pf.	49	52
Conn. Power pf.	85	90
Consumers' Power pf.	80	85
Dayton Power & L. pf.	78	80
Duluth Edison	75	80
Eastern Texas Electric	50½	..
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	75	80
El Paso Electric	90	95
El Paso Electric pf.	87	92
Electric B. & S. pf.	90	93
Electric Properties	55	60
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89
Federal Light & Trac.	5	10
Federal L. & Trac. pf.	27	33
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	18	..
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	60	68
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100
Int.-M. Ry., L. & P. pf.	94½	98
Interstate Electric	32	41
Interstate Elec. pf.	90	95
Miss. River Power	12	..
Miss. River Power pf.	38	42
Northern Ohio Electric	..	28
Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	..	65
North. Ont. L. & Pow.	11	15
North. Ont. L. & P. pf.	53	57
Northern States Power	60	63
North. States Pow. pf.	87½	89
Northern Texas Electric	55	60
Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	73	76
Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Pacific Gas & Electric	33½	34
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	81	82
Puget S. T., L. & P.	9½	..
Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	38	42
Ry. & L. Secur. pf.	80	86
Republic Ry. & Light	23	24
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	56	58
Southern Cal. Edison	77	80
South. Cal. Edison pf.	98	100
Standard Gas & Elec.	6	8
Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	23	25
Tampa Electric	90	..
Tenn. Ry., L. & Pow.	2	3
Tenn. Ry., L. & P. pf.	9	10½
Texas Power & L. pf.	97	100
Tri-City Ry. & L. pf.	83	86
United Light & Rys.	27	29
United Lt. & Rys. pf.	61	63
Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Western Power	10	12
Western Power pf.	45	49
Yadkin Riv. Power pf.	98	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	96½	..
Appala. Power 5s, '32	70	75
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	88	93½
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	65	72
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100
Conn. Power 5s, 1963	85	90
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	87	91
East. Tex. Elec. col. 5s	85	90
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	93
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	74	76
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	85	95
Int.-M. Ry., L. & P. 6s	95¼	99¾
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '38	80	90
Middle W. U. 6s, '25	..	99
Miss. Riv. Pow. 1st 5s	69	71
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	80	85
Nor. States Pow. 6s, '26	90	94
Nor. States Pow. 5s, '41	87	87½
Nor. Tex. Elec. col. 5s	80	87
Omaha & C. B. 5s	88	92
Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96½	96¾
So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	89	92
Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	85	92
Un. L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	73	78
Un. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	98	99
United Util. cv. 6s, '43	94	98
Utah Securities 6s	83	86
Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alabama Co.	60	60	60
25	Balt. Tube	79	79	79
5	Balt. El. pf.	37	37	37
90	Con. Power	100¼	100¼	100¼
3,850	Cosden	8¼	8	8¼
85	Do pf.	4	3⅞	3⅞
21	Davidson	33½	33½	33½
1	Mer. Trust	195	195	195
306	Mon. Val. T.	16	16	16
17	Mt. Ver. pf.	69	69	69
35	Md. Cas'y	77	77	77
19	M. & M. T'n	83	82¾	82¾
58	North. Cent.	73	72½	73
120	Pa. W. P.	62	62	62
30	Robinson pf.	7	7	7
378	United Ry.	24	23¾	24
50	Wayland Oil	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Con. Coal 6s	102¼	102	102¼
7,000	Cosden 6s, A	80	80	80
16,000	Do B	81¼	80¼	81¼
2,000	Elkhorn 6s	97½	97½	97½
$1,000	Ga. & A. 5s	92¾	92¾	92¾
2,000	Kirby L. 6s	97¾	97¾	97¾
1,000	Un. Ry. 4s	76½	76½	76½
2,000	Do 6s, nts.	95½	95½	95½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
475	Am. Zinc	16	14½	15½
15	Ahmeek	79½	79½	79½
100	Anaconda	63¼	62¾	63¼
1,275	Ariz. Com.	13½	13½	13½
100	Butte & Sup.	19¾	19¾	19¾
200	Butte & Bal.	33	32	33
110	Cal. & Ariz.	68½	66½	67½
3	Cal. & Hec.	455	450	455
35	Centennial	14¼	14¼	14¼
280	Cop. Range	46¾	46½	46¾
270	Davis-Daly	5¼	5¼	5¼
30	East Butte	10	10	10
180	Franklin	5¾	5¼	5¾
215	Island Creek	58	56½	58
105	Isle Royale	22½	22	22
279	North Butte	15½	14⅝	14⅝
10	Nipissing	8¼	8¼	8¼
13	Old Dom.	42½	42¼	42½
78	Osceola	61	58½	61
570	Pond Creek	19	18½	18¾
20	Quincy	73	72½	72½
100	Santa Fe	75c	75c	75c
160	Shannon	5¼	5	5¼
940	Sup. & Bos.	3¼	3	3
310	Trinity	4¼	4	4
920	U. S. Smelt.	46½	45¼	46
5	Do pf.	45½	45½	45½
200	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
100	Utah Con.	11	11	11
100	Victoria	3	3	3
5	Wolverine	35	35	35

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Boston & A.	128	128	128
60	Boston Elev.	44	43	43⅞
335	Boston & M.	24½	23	24½
44	Fitchburg pf.	59	59	59
185	Mass. El. pf.	12½	11	11
150	New Haven	30	29¼	29⅞
10	West End	40	40	40

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
17	Am. Agr. C.	87½	86	87½
6	Do pf.	91	90	91
350	Am. Pneu. S	1½	1½	1½
65	Am. Sugar	105¼	105¼	105¼
65	Do pf.	110	110	110
285	A. T. & T.	106¾	105¼	106¾
5	Am. Wool.	52¾	52¾	52¾
38	Do pf.	94½	93½	93½
355	A., G. & W. I.	120	117	119
40	Do pf.	62½	61½	62¼
1,765	Booth Fish.	25¾	25	25¾
165	Cuban Cem't	14½	14	14
740	East B. L.	5½	5¼	5¼
65	Gen. Elec.	140	139¾	139¾
25	Mass. G. pf.	65½	65½	65½
1	McE'n 1st pf	92	92	92
15	N. E. Tel.	98	97¾	97⅞
1	Plant pf.	97	97	97
15	Punta Sugar	32½	32½	32½
131	Swift	131½	130¾	130¾
5	Torrington	49	49	49
10	*Un. Drug 2d pf.	78½	78½	78½
68	United Fruit	129	127¾	129
38	United Shoe	43	42⅞	42⅞
510	Do pf.	25½	25⅜	25½
1,085	U. S. Steel	96½	95	96¼
1,815	Ventura Oil	7⅛	7	7⅛

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	77½	77	77½
1,000	Mass. G. 4½s	86½	86½	86½
10,000	M. R. P. 5s	70	70	70
1,000	U. S. Sm. 6s	97	97	97
$1,000	West. T. 5s	88½	88½	88½
12,250	Liberty 3½s	98.00	97.24	97.24
7,150	Do cv. 4s, '47	96.80	95.64	95.80
48,000	Do 2d 4s, '42	96.00	94.80	96.00

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,475	Booth Fish.	25¾	25	25½
40	Chi. C. & C. pf.	15	15	15
60	Chi. Pn. T.	52½	52½	52½
39	Com. Edison	108	107½	107½
17	Dia. Match	109	109	109
475	Lindsay Lt.	22½	21¼	22½
20	M. Ward pf.	107	107	107
135	People's Gas	46½	45¼	46½
365	Sears, Roeb.	155½	154	155½
1,261	Stew. Warn.	57⅞	56	57⅞
857	Swift & Co.	132	130	130¾
890	Un. Carbide	51⅛	50⅜	51¼
125	Un. Paperbd	15	15	15
95	Wilson	56¼	55	56¼
17	Do pf.	97	96	97

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$50	Liberty 1st 4s	96.00	96.00	96.00
$4,250	Liberty 2d 4s	95.90	95.80	95.80

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Am. Gas	84	84	84
30	Am. Milling	9½	9½	9½
30	Am. Smelt.	84	84	84
10	Bald. Loco.	70¼	70¼	70¼
185	Brill	23	21	23
150	Elec. Stor.	50	49¾	50
115	Ins. N. A.	25¾	25½	25¾
2,925	L. Sup. Cor.	15	14	14⅞
105	Lehigh Nav.	65¾	63¼	63¾
20	Lehigh Val.	59	59	59
10	North. Cent.	75	75	75
500	Pennsylvania	45¼	45	45⅛
535	Phila. Elec.	25¾	25½	25¾
700	P. & W. Va.	28	28	28
110	Phil. R. T. t. c.	27¼	26¾	27¼
10	Phila. Trac.	71½	71½	71½
216	Reading	77¾	76¾	77¾
1,130	Ton. Belm't.	3⅛	3	3⅛
750	Ton. Mining	3⅛	3	3⅛
312	Un. Gas Im.	68¾	68¼	68¾
2	Un. Co. N. J.	192	192	192
5,765	U. S. Steel	96¾	95¼	96¼
367	W. Cramp & S.	84½	83	84½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	80	80	80
1,000	Pa. & P. Tr. 4s	72½	72½	72½
9,000	Liberty 3½s	97.60	97.60	97.60
5,000	Do 2d 4s	96.00	95.76	95.76
1,000	Pa. con. 4½s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
6,000	Pa. con. 4s, '65	90	90	90
$2,000	Ph. Co. 1st 5s	85¾	85¾	85¾
1,000	Ph. El. 1st 5s	95	95	95
2,000	Rdg. gen. 4s	84¾	83	83
1,000	Spanish-Am. Iron 6s	101	101	101
1,000	Un. Ry. Inv. 5s	60	60	60

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	11⅝	12¼	11⅝
Atlantic Refining	900	925	900
Borne-Scrymser	440	470	440
Buckeye Pipe Line	97	100	97
Chesebrough Mfg.	315	340	315
Colonial Oil	10	40	10
Continental Oil	470	490	470
Crescent Pipe Line	30	33	30
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190
Galena Signal Oil	135	140	135
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	115	125	120
Illinois Pipe Line	185	195	185
Indiana Pipe Line	94	98	94
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	13	13½	12¾
National Transit	12½	13⅛	12¾
N. Y. Transit	190	200	190
Northern Pipe L.	102	105	100
Ohio Oil	323	*333	330
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	43	48	43
Prairie Oil & Gas	473	478	465
Prairie Pipe Line	268	273	258
Solar Refining	300	310	300
Southern Pipe L.	180	185	180
South. Penn. Oil	285	295	288
S. W. Penn.	95	100	95
Stand. Oil of Cal.	228	*238	230
Stand. Oil of Ind.	645	655	640
Stand. Oil of Kan.	460	485	460
Stand. Oil of Ky.	310	325	315
Stand. Oil of Neb.	485	515	485
Stand. Oil of N. J.	558	562	555
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	278	282	273
Stand. Oil of Ohio	415	430	415
Swan & Finch	100	105	100
Union Tank	85	88	85
Vacuum Oil	347	352	347
Washington Oil	25	30	25

*Ex dividend.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

While minor reactions, under profit taking, occurred in the prominent stocks in the late afternoon dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, the closing tone was good. It was the decided advance in Liberty bonds that perhaps exerted the most favorable influence upon trading sentiment. The market also continued to be influenced by the action on Thursday of the Union Pacific Directors in placing the common stock upon a regular 10 per cent. annual dividend basis. Strength marked the opening, and as the session progressed additional substantial gains were recorded. There was a vigorous demand for stocks and in many sections of the list offerings were found to be limited, bringing about some sharp advances.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Allis-Chalm.	24½	24¼	24¼
400	Am. Can	40¾	39¾	40¾
500	Am. Car & F.	74½	73¾	74¾
30	Am. H. & L.	12½	12½	12½
100	Am. Ice	13¼	13¼	13¼
10	Am. Int	54	54	54
20	Am. Linseed	33¾	33¼	33¾
50	Do pf	75½	75½	75½
310	Am. Locomo.	63¾	62¾	63¼
995	Am. Sm. & R.	84¾	83¾	83¾
500	Am. Sum. Tob.	74¾	73½	74¾
20	Am. Zinc	15½	15¼	15½
630	Anaconda	63¼	62¾	63¼
30	A., T. & S. Fe	85¼	85	85¼
350	A., G. & W. I.	119¾	117½	119¾
1,580	B'dwin Loco.	72	68¾	72
210	Balt. & Ohio	52	51½	52
1,990	Beth. Stl., B	78½	77½	78½
70	B'klyn R. T.	43½	43¼	43½
20	Butte Cop.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
40	Butte & Sup.	20	19½	19⅞
40	Cal. Petrol.	17	16½	17
40	Can. Pacific	148	148	148
240	Cent. Leath.	70¾	69¾	70½
190	Ches. & Ohio	54½	54¼	54½
240	C., M. & St. P.	43⅜	42⅝	43⅛
160	C., R. I. & P.	21	20⅞	20⅞
10	Chile Copper	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
10	Chino Copper	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜
50	Col. Fuel & I.	38½	38⅛	38⅛
210	Corn Prod.	35	34⅝	34¾
1,350	Cruc. Steel	61½	60	60¾
190	Cuba C. Sug.	32	31½	32
140	Dist. Secur.	41	40⅝	40⅞
290	Erie	15⅜	15	15⅜
980	Gen. Motors	134¾	130¾	131½
10	Goodrich Co.	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜
50	Gt. Nor. pf.	92½	92½	92½
10	Gt. Nor. Ore.	27½	27½	27½
30	Insp. Copper	45⅜	44⅝	45⅜
500	Int. Mer. Mar.	26⅞	25⅞	26⅛
2,970	Do pf	99½	97¾	98⅝
40	Int. Nickel	28	28	28
10	Int. Paper	31½	31½	31½
20	Ken. Copper	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
30	Lack. Steel	78	77½	78
40	Lehigh Val.	59½	58¾	59½
10	Maxwell Mot.	28½	28½	28½
2,970	Mex. Pet	93½	90¾	92¾
60	Miami Cop.	31	31	31
190	Midvale Steel	45¾	45½	45¾
580	Mo. Pacific	23¾	22¾	22⅞
50	Nat. Conduit	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
50	N. Y. Cent.	71½	71½	71½
60	N. Y., N. H. & H	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
100	Northern Pac.	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜
250	Ohio Cit. Gas	41½	40⅝	40⅞
80	Pacific Mail	27½	27½	27½
110	People's Gas	46	44⅜	46
130	Pitts. Coal	51⅜	50⅜	51⅜
30	Pressed S. Car	63	63	63
10	Pullman Co.	117½	117½	117½
20	Ry. Stl. Spgs.	53½	53½	53½
2,530	Reading	77⅞	75⅞	77
150	Rep. I. & S.	77⅜	76⅜	77½
50	Sinclair Oil	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
240	Southern Pac.	85⅞	85¼	85⅞
50	Southern Ry.	24½	24	24½
450	Studebaker	51½	50½	51
310	Tob. Prod.	55	54½	54¾
7,660	Union Pac.	119¾	118¾	119
150	U. C. Stores	96⅜	95⅜	96
440	U. S. Ind. Alco.	126	124¾	125¼
510	U. S. Rub.	58¼	57⅜	57⅞
85,450	U. S. Steel	96¾	95¾	96
640	Utah Copper	82½	81⅞	82⅜
40	W'house El.	41½	41⅝	41¾
120	Willys-Over.	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
	BONDS.			
$1,900	Lib. 3½s	98.00	97.58	98.00
1,950	Do 1st 4s	96.30	96.28	96.30
5,350	Do 2d 4s	96.02	95.28	95.72
	MINING STOCKS.			
3,100	Cashboy	.10	.08¼	.10
750	Jim Butler	.62	.62	.62
1,500	McNamara	.16¼	.16¼	.16¼
1,000	Resc'e Eula	.09½	.09½	.09½
100	Union Con.	1.00	1.00	1.00
800	West End	.72	.72	.72
800	WhiteCaps	.55	.52½	.52½

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡Aetna Explo.	7	6⅞	7
600	Br.-Am. Tob., reg	16½	16¼	16¼
400	Do coupon	18	17¾	18
400	‡Chalm. Mot.	5½	5	5
700	Chev. Motor	120	118¼	120
2,200	‡Cuprite Sul.	2	1⅞	1⅞
8,200	Curtiss Aero.	36¾	34½	36¾
*175	Em'son Phon.	*4	3¾	*3¾
100	Int'cont. Rub.	10	10	10
300	‡Int. Trading	1	1	1
1,500	Keyst'e T. & R.	17¼	16⅛	16½
100	Lake Tor. Boat	8½	8	8
5,000	‡Maxim Muni.	11/16	⅝	11/16
500	‡P'r'f'c. T. & R.	48	48	48
2,000	P'rless T. & M.	19	18	18⅛
22,000	Smith M. Tr.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
580	‡Std. Motors	10¼	10	10¼
100	Submar. Boat v. t. ctfs.	13	13	13
1,100	U. S. SS. Co.	5½	5	5
5,500	‡United Mots.	25¾	24¾	25¾
500	Unit. Zinc Sm.	2	2	2
5,000	‡Wr.-M. Air.	7½	7½	7⅝
265	‡ Do pf	47	47	47

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
9,200	Ang. Am. Oil	12¼	11¾	12
36,000	Do rights	2½	2	2¼
10	So. Pa. Oil	290	290	290
10	St. O. of Cal.	230	230	230
35	St. O. of N. J.	579	575	579
50	St. O. of N. Y.	279	275	279

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
680	‡Allen Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
12,800	‡†Am. Ven. O.	[illegible]	11	14
700	‡Barn. O. & G.	1 1/16	1	1
20,000	‡†Bos.-Wyo.	25	23	24
10,000	‡Cos. & Co.	8⅜	8	8¼
3,800	‡Crown Oil	[illegible]	⅝	[illegible]
2,800	‡†Duthie Oil (a pros.)	58	57	57
500	‡Elk B. Pet.	6⅝	6½	6⅝
2,800	‡Elk. O. & G. (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛
50	Empire Pet.	2	2	2
3,100	‡Esmer. Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4,000	‡Federal Oil	3⅝	3½	3⅝
1,500	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅝	3½	3⅝
300	‡Han. O. & R.	5	4¾	5
1,100	‡Houston Oil	46	44¾	44¾
500	‡Inter. Pet.	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
3,500	‡Isl'd O. & T.	4	3⅞	4
50,000	Kenova Oil (a pros.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
500	‡Merritt Oil	21½	21¼	21¼
2,700	Met. Petrol.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6,000	‡†Midw. Oil	111	108	110
1,000	‡ Do pf.	1¼	1 3/16	1¼
680	‡Midw. Ref.	109	108	108
900	‡M. Wells P.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,700	‡N. Y.-Okla.	⅝	⅝	⅝
700	‡†N. W. Oil	62	61	62
2,000	‡†Okla. Oil	4	3⅞	4
3,000	‡† Do pf.	11	11	11
2,000	Okla. P. & R.	7⅛	7	7⅛
4,500	Okmul. P. & R.	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞
1,500	‡†Over. Pet.	24	24	24
100	‡Pan Am. P.	50	50	50
790	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	5½	5⅜	5½
200	Pa. Gasoline	⅛	⅛	⅛
6,000	‡†Queen Oil	35	32	34
900	‡R. R. O. & G.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8,000	‡Rice Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,500	‡Sap. O. & R.	*9	8¾	9
3,700	Seq. O. & R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5,000	‡Sincl. Gulf.	23¼	21⅝	23
900	‡Somerset Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,300	‡Stanton Oil	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
1,000	‡Un. West. Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	‡ Do new	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
450	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡†Atlanta	10	10	10
7,000	B. L. C. Co.	1 1/16	1	1 1/16
1,500	‡†Booth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
12,000	‡Bos. & Mon	45	44	45
1,200	‡Brad. C. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4,500	Butte Det't	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,400	‡B.-Ram. C.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8,700	‡†Caledonia	47	45	46
8,500	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
700	Canada Cop.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
15,700	‡†Cashboy	10	8½	10
880	‡Coco R. M.	2	2	2
500	Con. Ariz. S.	2	1 15/16	2
300	Con. Cop. M.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
900	‡Con.-Home.	24	23	24
200	Copper Val.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,500	Cressen C. G	5½	5	5½
5,000	‡Emma Con.	[illegible]	¼	[illegible]
3,200	‡E. C. M. Co	1 1/16	1	1 1/16
500	‡†Fort. Con.	39	39	39
675	‡Gibson Cop.	2⅛	2	2⅛
1,000	‡Globe D. C.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,580	‡Goldf'd Con	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
12,000	‡†Great B'd.	5	4½	5
4,000	‡Green M. M	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
810	Hecla Min'g.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
8,000	‡†Int. Mines	15	15	15
1,750	‡Iron Blos'm	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,800	‡J.-Pres. C.	2	1⅞	2
700	‡J. Verde, (a pros.)	⅞	⅝	⅞
8,300	‡†Jim Butler	62	57	59
100	Josvig-K., (a pros.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,500	‡Jumbo Ext.	16	15	15
10,500	Lamp. Silver	⅜	⅜	[illegible]
3,500	‡†Lib. S., (a pros.)	38	35	37
200	Louisi'a Con.	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,700	‡†Marsh M'g.	4⅝	4	4⅝
2,500	Mason Val.	6	5⅞	6
3,500	‡McK.-Dar.	53	53	53
1,700	‡M'hic'nCop. (a pros.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7,000	‡Monst. Chief	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8,500	‡‡Moth. Lode	26	25½	25½
3,000	‡†Nat. Leas.	6	5	6
4,500	‡†Nat. Z. & L.	33	28	33
1,000	‡†Nev. Ophir	18	18	18
700	‡New Cornel.	16½	16¼	16½
200	Nipissing	8½	8½	8½
4,000	Nixon Nev.	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
200	‡Onondaga, (a pros.)	2½	2⅜	2⅜
1,200	‡†Pole Star.	26	26	26
700	†Portl'd Con.	33	32	33
2,000	†Provincial	48	47	48
1,000	‡Rawley	2¼	2	2¼
300	‡Ray Hercu.	4½	4⅜	4½
4,250	†Rochester	*36	33	33
3,500	†San Toy	13	12	13
700	‡†Sil. P. Con.	58	50	53
300	Std. Sil.-Lead	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000	†Success Min.	9	9	9
600	Super. Cop., (a pros.)	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
200	Tono. Ext.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
825	Unit. East'n.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
5,000	‡U. Verde Ext.	41	38½	41
800	Unity Gold	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
2,500	†W. End Con.	76	72	72
10,000	White Caps	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	‡Am. T. & T. 1-yr. 6s, w. i.	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	‡Beth. Stl. 5s 2-yr. notes	98	98	98
6,000	‡Can. Govt. 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
5,000	‡Gen. El. 6s 2-yr. nts., '19	100⅛	100	100⅛
$6,000	‡Gen. Elec. 6s notes, '20	100	99⅞	100
10,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	42	41	41¼
25,000	‡W'house El. 1-yr. 6s, w. i.	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Th'rsday. Bid.	Th'rsday. Ask.
Air Reduc'n.	65	72	70½	72
Am.-Brit. Mfg.	2	5	2	5
Do pf.	15	20	15	20
Am. Tin & T.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Am. W. P'r.	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
Atlan. Fruit	11	12	11	12
Blumenthal	90	102½	90	102½
Do pf.	90	95	90	95
Butter.-Jud.	38	45	38	45
Can. Car & F.	17	20	17	20
Do pf.	50	52	50	52
Can. Nat. G.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Carbon Steel	78	82	78	82
Carwen Steel	8	9	8	9
Chal. Mot. pf.	..	40	..	40
Char Iron	7½	8	7½	8
Do pf.	5¾	6¼	5¾	6¼
Cramp Ship.	81	84	72	78
Curtiss A. pf.	60	80	50	75
Electric Gun	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
Everett H'y	20	21	20	21
Free. Texas	40	42	40	42
Grant M. Car	3	4	3	4
Hall Signal	5	7	5	7
Do pf.	17	18	17	18
Havana Tob.	½	1	½	1
Do pf.	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50
Holly S. pf.	95	100	95	100
Hupp Motor	2⅜	2⅞	2⅜	2⅞
Int. Lube Ch.	1	3	1	3
Int. Mangan.	8½	9	8½	9
Int. Motors	13	17	13	17
In. Mot. 2d pf.	15	17	15	17
Int. Trad. pf.	1	2	1	2
Kresge	72	77	72	77
Kresge pf.	95	105	95	105

INDUSTRIALS. *Continued.*

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Th'rsday. Bid.	Th'rsday. Ask.
Lake Tor. Boat 1st pf.	3	6	3	6
L. Val. C. S.	77	82	77	82
Lima Loco.	44	50	44	50
Lukens Steel	38	45	38	45
Do 1st pf.	101	103	101	103
Mar. of Am.	3⅜	3¾	3⅜	3½
Marlin Arms	77	81	77	81
Man. Transit	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
Nat. Motors	5	10	5	10
Nash Motors	75	85	75	85
N. Y. Ship.	38	41	38	41
N. Am. P. & P.	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
N. Y. Transp.	17	18	17	18
Poca. L. Coal	3¼	3½	3¼	3½
Poole E. & M.	50	60	50	60
Prud. Pict.	5⅜	6	5⅜	6
Pyrene Mfg.	10⅜	10⅞	10⅜	10⅞
Rep. Truck	38	48	38	48
S. Cec'a Sug.	16	19	16	19
Do pf.	43½	45½	43½	45½
Smith (A. O.)	15	20	15	20
Do pf.	85	90	85	90
St. Jos. Lead	16¼	16¾	16¼	16¾
St. L., R. M. & P	34½	37	34½	37
Todd Ship.	75	78	75	78
Trian. Film	⅝	1	⅝	1
U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Do pf.	1⅞	2¼	1⅞	2¼
World Film	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
OIL STOCK.				
Pierce Oil	9½	10	9½	10
MINING STOCK.				
Alaska-Brit	⅜	7/16	⅜	7/16
BOND.				
Pierce Oil 6s	74	77	73	75

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
American Cigar	90	95	90
Do pf.	85	95	85
Conley Foil	200	250	200
J. S. Young	130	150	130
Do pf.	100	106	100
MacAndrews & F.	175	190	175
Do pf.	93	98	93
P. R.-Am. Tob.	160	170	160
Do scrip	125	130	125
R. J. Reynolds	375	425	375
Do pf	100	104	100

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Aetna pf.	42	45	42
American Brass	228	232	218
Atlas Powder	167	172	163
Do pf.	94½	96	94½
Babcock & Wilcox	109	111	108
Bliss	370	425	370
Do pf.	75	83	75
Can. Found's F.	140	150	140
Colt's Arms	59	60	57
Du Pont	260	264	260
Hercules	240	245	240
Do pf.	112	115	113
Niles-Bem't-Pond	113	122	115
Scovill Mfg.	420	430	420
Winchester Arms	700	850	700

THE COTTON MARKET

New Crop Months Easier on Reports of Rain in Texas and Peace Talk.

The local cotton market yesterday showed something of a reversal of the tendency, such as it has been, of recent days. Lately the near months have been rather dull and sagging, while new-crop months have been firmer. Yesterday, however, the new crop months were easier, mostly on reports of rain in Texas and peace talk, while the near positions looked rather better, and the close was from 15 points higher to 2 points lower, with positions divided generally along this line.

The opening was steady, with March 3 points off, but later months from 2 to 10 points up, with some trade demand for May. It was reported that spinners were calling more cotton than has been reported recently, and a few recent short sellers, deciding to cover, helped in an upturn of the market which continued during the middle of the day, taking prices up from 15 to 22 points, at which time the realizing which has lately followed every slight rise in prices checked the advance.

Government orders formed an active topic for discussion around the ring. It was said an attempt was being made to buy about 250,000,000 yards of cotton goods at 71 cents a pound, while manufacturers were holding out for 80 cents or better. There was also a report that the War Industries Board had forbidden manufacturers to sell goods until delivery of all Government orders by July 1 had been assured.

No exports were reported yesterday. Exports last week were 59,158 bales, against 93,582 for the corresponding week last year, and making 2,610,104 for the season, against 3,911,579 last year. Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs.
Feb.	....	..	..	29.97 Bid	29.82
March	29.90	30.14	29.89	30.09@30.11	29.94
April	..	..	..	29.72 Bid	29.57
May	29.50	29.70	29.45	29.62@29.63	29.48
June	..	..	..	29.27 Bid	29.18
July	29.00	29.17	29.00	29.07@29.08	28.99
August	..	..	..	28.81 Bid	28.73
Oct.	28.00	28.08	27.85	27.91@27.92	27.93
Dec.	27.75	27.85	27.72	27.64 Bid	27.65

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 15 points higher at 31.85c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30.75c; New Orleans, 30.38c; Savannah, 30½c; Augusta, 30.75c; Memphis, 31.25c; Houston, 30.50c; Little Rock, 30.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Friday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	17,687	21,083	19,570
Exports	......	15,401	7,371
Exports season	2,610,104	2,491,169	3,911,579
Port Stocks	1,486,490	1,454,433	1,358,501
Interior rcpts	16,459	14,023	8,109
Int. shipments	21,207	18,194	9,467
N. Y. Arrivals	1,351	1,082	3,193
N. Y. Stocks	153,164	153,847	163,192

The week-end statistics of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Into sight for the week, 212,052, against 180,133 last year; for the season, 9,251,675, against 10,597,949 last year; general visible supply, 4,635,593, a decrease of 14,464 bales for the week, against 5,880,985 last year, when the decrease was 97,174. The American visible is 3,320,593, a decrease of 9,464 bales for the week, against 4,126,985 last year, when the decrease was 98,174 bales. Spinners' takings for the week, 233,933, against 278,307 last year, and for the season 7,460,898, against 8,706,598 last year.

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton; neglected; sales, 1,000, all American. Middling, 2 points lower, at 23.01d. Imports, 5,000; American, 1,000. Futures opened steady, 2 to 6 points higher; closed steady, at a net advance of 13 to 16 points. February, 23.40d; March, 22.98d; April, 22.61d; May, 22.26d; June, 21.99d; July, 21.69d. Manchester: Yarns, irregular; cloths, quiet.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Lead	7.05	7.20	7.00	7.25
Spelter	8.00	8.15	8.00	8.15
Antimony	13.62½	13.82½	13.50	13.75
Quicksilver	$125.00	....	$125.00	....
Aluminium	*37.00	39.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy	....	34.25	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	323	0	0	323	0	0
Tin, futures	319	0	0	320	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

While receipts at Western terminal points continue very moderate, the figures are misleading as to the full extent of the movement. Throughout the entire season wheat has been marketed direct through the country mills and elevators to a large extent, and consequently has not shown up in the figures reported. Mills continue to complain, however, of difficulty in securing supplies, and are not in a position to make offers of flour. According to The Modern Miller the general thaw has removed the snow covering of Winter wheat, and has revealed the fact that the plant has wintered well and was benefited by snows. RYE.—Market easy; No. 2 Western, $2.26 cost and freight New York.

CORN.

The peace talk which was being circulated throughout the financial district, and which caused a stronger tone in the stock market, had a slightly bearish influence on corn. Contract prices were not changed, but an easier feeling prevailed in the market generally, and there was some hesitation about making new purchases. Early the spot situation was firm, with prices in the West unchanged to 5 points higher. In the local cash market kiln-dried No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at $1.81¼, No. 3 mixed $1.79½, cost and freight New York, prompt shipment; Argentine corn at $2.15 free on board cars.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½	..
May	1.26¾	1.25⅞	1.26	1.26	1.01

OATS.

New high records were established in the oats market early, when prices advanced ½c from the previous close on renewed buying, prompted by further evidences of an active spot demand. It was said that record prices were paid in the Western market on Thursday, and apparently the movement is being readily taken. On the advance longs sold quite freely, however, prompted by peace rumors and reports that shipments to the East will again be curtailed. Under this pressure prices declined ⅝c to 1⅝c from the top, and final quotations were ⅛c higher for February and ⅜c to ⅝c net lower for the other positions. The local cash market was steady; natural quoted at $1.00½ to $1.02; clipped white, $1.02 to $1.05, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
February	85⅝	85	85	84¾	..
March	85⅝	84	84⅜	85⅛	..
May	83⅜	81⅝	82½	82⅞	56¾

PROVISIONS.

The provision list was only moderately active early, with small price changes, but subsequently a firmer tone developed and the market closed at about the top. The hog markets developed more or less strength and the upturn in the market generally was attributed to some extent to the peace talk which was being circulated. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 32,000; estimated for Saturday, 24,000; Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha 8,500 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	25.87	25.50	25.85	25.50	16.70
July	25.95	25.90	25.95	25.60	16.82
Ribs—					
May	25.15	24.82	25.07	24.80	15.75
July	25.35	25.05	25.35	..	15.85
Pork—					
May	47.80	47.30	47.67	47.35	29.95

COTTONSEED OIL.

While operations in the market for cottonseed oil were again confined principally to switching operations, the undertone was firmer, and final quotations were net unchanged to 45 points higher. The upturn in the last few days was generally attributed to strength in oleo and other materials which go into the manufacture of substitutes for pure lard and butter. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	20.40	20.40
February	..	..	20.40	20.45
March	20.90	20.80	20.90@21.00	20.60
April	..	..	20.70	20.25
May	..	..	20.90	20.60
June	..	..	20.90	20.50

TO PAY AETNA RECEIVERS.

Judge Mayer Authorizes Expenditure of $154,000.

Judge Mayer of the Federal District Court yesterday made an order permitting the expenditure of $154,000 for compensation to Benjamin B. Odell and George C. Holt, as receivers of the Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., and for their counsel and other attorneys employed in the receivership litigation. Of this amount $30,000 will be paid to each of the receivers, $35,000 to their attorneys, and $59,000 to other attorneys representing various interests.

The company passed into the hands of the receivers in April last on an application made by the Grasselli Chemical Company of Cleveland, Ohio. It is an $18,100,000 concern, and at the time it had large contracts for supplying munitions to the Allies. One of the suits against the company was begun by Edgar W. Bassick, who claimed commissions amounting to about $4,000,000. After he had received more than $1,300,000, a new Board of Directors took charge of the business, and litigation for the balance alleged to be due was started. It was announced yesterday that Mr. Bassick's claim had been settled by the payment of $900,000.

Since the receivers have been in control of the company it has prospered exceedingly, and its contracts for war munitions are sufficient to keep the plant running at full speed until the end of the year.

New York Bankers' Dinner Tonight.

The annual dinner of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking of the American Bankers' Association will be held this evening at the Hotel Astor. The speakers will include ex-Governor Myron T. Herrick of Ohio, James W. Gerard, Newton W. Gilbert, formerly Vice Governor of the Philippine Islands, and J. Howard Ardrey, Vice President of the National Bank of Commerce in New York. The chapter also announces a reception and luncheon to be held tomorrow in honor of visiting bankers.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Board of Representatives of the New York Curb Market Association has adopted a resolution rescinding the Monday closings.

The New York Cotton Exchange and the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange will be open on Monday, Feb. 18, and succeeding Mondays.

The Baltimore Trust Company heads a syndicate to which has been awarded $500,000 of 4 per cent. six months war loan of 1917 certificates of the State of Maryland.

The London office of the Guaranty Trust Company has been officially designated as a United States depositary to afford banking facilities to American officers in England.

The Railway Investors' League has issued a pamphlet describing the activities of the league since September, 1916, when it was organized.

J. Frank Howell has issued a special letter on Baldwin Locomotive as part of a series on selected industrial stocks.

The City of Northampton, Mass., has sold $200,000 in temporary notes to Arthur Perry & Co. at a price to yield 5.73 per cent. in interest.

A. E. Ames & Co. are offering $1,000,000 of Province of New Brunswick, Canada, 6 per cent. coupon gold bonds, due in 1928, to yield 6⅛ per cent.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.75
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.50	6.00
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	6.10	5.60
Chicago & N. W.	1918-'23	4½	5.75	5.00
C., R. I. & Pac.	1918-'27	4½@5	7.00	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	6.00	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.25	5.50
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
Illinois Central	1918-'26	4½@5	6.00	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1918-'23	5	6.00	5.00
Michigan Central	1918-'30	5	6.25	5.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1918-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1918-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'26	4½@5	6.75	6.00
N. Y. Central	1918-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Norfolk & West.	1918-'24	4½	6.00	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½@6	7.00	6.00
Pa. Gen. Freight	1918-'23	4 @4½	5.75	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1918-'26	4½@5	6.75	6.00
Seaboard A. L.	1918-'26	5 @6	7.00	6.50
Southern Pacific	1918-'26	4½	6.00	5.00
Southern Ry.	1918-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.80

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	14	15
B S Gas	10	11
Begole	50	75
Bing Min.	8¾	10
Blk Hawk	78	82
Bohemia	85	100
Boston Ely	70	80
Bos & Mon	44	45
Butte & L.	14	17
Butte & D.	30	33
Bos & Ariz	1	2
Calaveras	1	2
Crown Res.	22	26
Con Ariz	1⅛	2⅛
Cortez	10	15
Champ Cop	7	9
Chief Con.	2¼	2⅝
E & B B.	3	3¼
Earl-Eagle	4	6
Fortuna	4	5
Gold Lake	1	5
Gila C S.	17	17½
Houghton	75	100
Homa Oil	75	77
Humboldt	60	75
Iron Blos	47	55
Iron Cap.	19½	20
Jerome V.	89	90
La Rose	32	35
Majestic	30	34
Mex Mets.	42	45
Moj Tung.	6	7
N Baltic	90	112½
Nat Z & L	30	33
N Cornelia	16½	16¾
Nev Doug.	95	100
Nixon Nev	1	1⅛
Oneco	20	30
Onondaga	20	25
Pion'r Con	57	59
Ray Herc.	4¼	4½
Rilla	2	3
S W Miami, part paid	75	150
S W Miami, full paid	1	2
Un V Ext.	40¼	41
Victoria M.	1⅛	1⅛
Yuk Gold	1⅝	2

COFFEE.

There was a renewal of liquidation in the market for coffee futures yesterday, with prices just about losing their gains of Thursday and closing at a net decline of 17 to 23 points. Revised reports that Dutch steamers held in American ports would soon be available for use in the South American trade appeared to create rather a more optimistic view of possible imports. It was also reported that a steamer had been chartered for the coffee trade at $1.70 per bag, or the Government rate, compared with recent private quotations from Brazil of from $2 to $3.30 per bag. The local spot market was unchanged at 8⅝c for Rio 7s and 10⅛c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	8.03	7.80	7.82@7.85	8.05
April	..	..	7.93@7.95	8.15
May	8.23	8.00	8.04@8.05	8.24
June	..	..	8.09@8.10	8.30
July	8.33	8.09	8.14@8.15	8.35
August	..	..	8.22@8.23	8.41
September	8.42	8.25	8.30@8.32	8.47
October	..	..	8.34@8.35	8.52
November	..	..	8.38@8.40	8.57
December	8.57	8.38	8.43@8.45	8.62
January	..	..	8.50@8.52	8.69

SUGAR.

The improvement in weather conditions has made it possible for larger quantities of refined sugar to be distributed to the local trade and to nearby points. Refineries are said to be receiving more liberal supplies of raw sugar, and, while some interests are still withdrawn from the market, the general outlook for a normal distribution in a few weeks is brighter. The local trade has been more or less neglected, owing to the necessity of refiners filling urgent Government orders for granulated. In raw sugar about 250,000 tons have been purchased through the International Committee thus far in February at the fixed price of 4.985c, cost and freight, for Cubas. The committee announced a purchase during the day of 160,000 bags Cubas, late February loading, at 4.985c, cost and freight.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,928 packages. Somewhat quieter trading in fresh creamery, but a generally steady tone. The transactions on 'Change included 50 tubs creamery extras at 52c, 25 tubs at 51¾c. Most of the open business was at 52c, the other grades ranging down about as quoted. Ladles a little easier. Packing stock has declined ½c under larger supplies. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb, 52½@53c; extras, 92 score, 52c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 49½@51½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 47½@49c; thirds, 45@46½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 53½@54c; extras, 52½@53c; firsts, 50@52c; seconds, 48@49½c; creamery, held, as to quality, 44@47c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 51@51½c; good to prime, 48½@50½c; common to fair, 44@48c; renovated, extras, 45½@46c; firsts, 44@45c; lower grades, 40@43c; ladles, current make, firsts, 39½@40c; seconds, 38½@39c; lower grades, 37@38c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 39c; No. 2, 38c; lower grades, 35@37½c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 6,350 cases. While advices indicate a steady, moderate increase in shipments from Western and Southern points, the current receipts continue rather light, and the supply available has lately been short of requirements, except at some further advance. The market is clearing quickly of all stock available, and prices rule momentarily firm at the improvement quoted. Any increase in supply sufficient to overstock urgent needs would cause a quick decline, and there are offers of stock for near future delivery at lower prices. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 58@60c; extra firsts, 57½c; firsts, 57c; seconds and poorer, 55@56½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 58@60c; ordinary to good, 57@58c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 56@58c; Pacific Coast No. 1 whites, 57½c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 56½@57½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 59@60c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 57@58c; Long Island duck eggs, 63@64c.

SUPERIOR STEEL EARNINGS.

Gross Profit of $3,488,662 Reported for Year 1917.

The Superior Steel Corporation's annual report, the first issued since the concern was in its present form, shows a gross profit of $3,488,662 in 1917. To this was added $29,895, earnings from the date the corporation was formed in December, 1916, to the end of that month. The management reserved $981,278 for the Federal excess profits tax after paying administrative expenses amounting to $704,186 and setting aside $885,833 to meet sinking fund requirements. The balance after dividends had been paid was $466,926.

The balance sheet showed that nearly 8,500 shares of the 35,000 shares of first preferred stock issued when the corporation began business were retired during the year. Among the assets at the end of the year was $2,008,430 cash and $549,800 Liberty bonds.

Decrease in Copper Earnings.

The Shattuck-Arizona Copper Company had a gross income of $3,652,156 last year, according to the annual statement issued yesterday, a decrease of $1,507,768 from the preceding year. The net profit amounted to $713,641, the substantial decline from the $3,039,077 of 1916 being accounted for in part by the reservation of $763,859 for depreciation, against $34,936. Thomas Bardon, President, informed stockholders in his statement that numerous factors had worked to make the year one of anxiety and uncertainty, among them being strikes, labor scarcity, and unsettled market conditions.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Thirty-seven new corporations, having an aggregate capital stock of $2,207,500, were chartered today. They include:

Curry, Dodd & Pontcorbo, Inc., Manhattan, plumbing and steamfitting, $6,000; M. M. Hill, F. L. Green, R. S. Fletcher, 165 Broadway.

Mrs. Collins, Inc., Manhattan, dressmaking and tailoring, $20,000; W. B. Franklin, A. Garland, J. L. Collins, 14 East 60th St.

Star Middy Blouse Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Florin, I. Pasternak, L. Berman, 34 West 128th St.

Leo Morse, Inc., Manhattan, general merchandise, $5,000; R. E. Patterson, S. Gattus, G. J. McGibbon, 118 Calyer St., Brooklyn.

H. S. Lent, Inc., Manhattan, hemp fibre cordage and twine, $25,000; F. E. Fehr, W. Coemen, R. S. Strahan, 44 West 9th St.

The Estall Co., Inc., Manhattan, make preparations for hair and scalp treatment, $5,000; W. A. and A. C. Fisher, E. B. Finlayson, 262 West 23d St.

Joseph Bermel, Inc., Queens, granite and marble business, $24,000; H. A. Althoff, J. A. and J. Bermel, Middlevillage, L. I.

Strathmore Auto and Garage Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; A. J. Maher, E. T. Wood, C. Strathmann, 157 East 121st St.

Federal Coal Co., Buffalo, $25,000; H. E. Collins, D. W. Peck, G. U. Harmon, Buffalo.

J. S. Murphy Co., Inc., Manhattan, plumbing, steamfitting, electrical and mechanical engineering, $10,000; E. V. McGovern, E. J. Healy, J. S. Murphy, 353 East 78th St.

Seal Navigation Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; W. H. Eshbaugh, J. H. Duffy, F. P. Crowe, no address given.

W. & G. Towel Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Kahn, R. E. Godfrey, M. J. Warner, 30 Worth St.

Long Acres Country Club Corp., Dunkirk, $100,000; A. W. Hunter, R. J. Gross, H. E. Webster, Buffalo.

Troy Development Corp., Troy, $200,000; E. H. Cluett, J. J. Ryan, C. F. Burns, Troy.

Weisbecker Baking Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; C. H. Frank, G. Rath, W. Weisbecker, 628 West 151st St.

Victor 5, 10, and 25 Cent Department Store, Manhattan, $10,000; H. K. Siegel, M. H. and M. Wolfson, 939 East 179th St.

Hudson Dock and Terminal Corp., Manhattan, build docks, wharves, and warehouses, $5,000; D. F. Murray, J. McCarthy, W. H. Anthony, 241 West 14th St.

Terminal Trucking Co., Inc., Richmond, $5,000; J. A. Wisely, F. J. Connelly, F. F. Leman, West New Brighton.

Star Corrugated Box Co., Inc., Manhattan, $150,000; A. W. and B. Etra, 160 Wilson St., Brooklyn.

Star Box and Lumber Co., Inc., Manhattan, $150,000; same directors as preceding.

Commonwealth Food Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; H. G. Pierce, J. A. Byrnes, C. R. Brady, 103 Park Av.

Over Road Tire Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; S. A. Paul, D. D. Deutsch, J. L. Diamond, 789 Broadway.

National Folding Crib Mfg. Co., Inc., Rochester, $6,000; A. E. Huston, Jr., B. H. and D. M. Kennedy, Rochester.

New Fabric Cloth Mills, Inc., Oswego, $75,000; F. R. Pentlarge, G. H. and C. B. Woods, 814 East 15th St., Brooklyn.

Postal Holding Corp., Port Ewen, 10,000 shares preferred stock, $50 each; 1,000 shares common stock no par value; active capital, $55,000; E. A. Brown, F. Feiner, M. Alterman, 192 Broadway.

Middleburg Mineral Corp., Manhattan, $1,000,000; M. W. Sprivanek, C. Slavik, C. Kulovarey, 318 East 72d St.

New York Awning Co., Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; H. C. Adams, E. and M. Stevens, 985 Jackson Av.

Max Maxik, Inc., Manhattan, knit goods, braids, and trimmings, $5,000; M. C. Sullivan, B. B. Mead, J. F. Malino, 1,956 Crotona Parkway.

Art Craft and Photo Engraving Co., Inc., Manhattan, book selling, $10,000; G. B. Ackerley, R. S. Kristeller, O. W. Swift, 134 Arlington Av., Brooklyn.

Rosenberg Bros. Suit and Coat Co., Inc., Manhattan, $75,000; H. M. Schaap, S. and J. Rosenberg, 1,301 7th Av.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Manitou Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $35,000.

Chester Clothes, Inc., Manhattan, $15,000 to $100,000.

Alling Rubber Co., Albany, $150,000 to $225,000.

J. H. Duncan, Inc., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $100,000.

K. B. Kneepants Co., Inc., Manhattan, $1,500 to $9,000.

Republic Garage Co., Inc., Manhattan, $45,000 to $55,000.

W. and S. Job & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

The Equitable Safe Deposit Co. of New York, Manhattan, $150,000 to $200,000.

H. Fischer & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $15,000.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

The McKinney Steel Co., Ohio, no capital given; representative, J. A. Collins, Charlotte, S. C.

M. Samuels & Co., Inc., Delaware, boots and shoes, $2,400,000; representative, H. S. Mould, 37 Wall St.

North American Expert Corp., Delaware, $100,000; representative, H. Keyes, 53 Park Row.

Eastern Shore Shipbuilding Corp., Delaware, $500,000; representative, C. O. Tappan, 2 Rector St.

Manufacturers Union, Delaware, general import and export business, $600,000; representative, A. Neuberg, 52 Broadway.

Jarvis Warehouse, Inc., New Jersey, no capital given; representative, R. M. Jarvis, 25 Beaver St.

REVOCATION.

Boston Blacking Co., Massachusetts.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Max G. Cohn & Co., Manhattan, to The Siesel Still Mfg. Co., Inc.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Schwartz & Gattie, Manhattan.

Punderford, Haddock and Francis Co., Inc., Manhattan.

Kames Owen Realty Co., Jamestown.

Scranton Automobile Co., Inc., Queens.

Case Specialty Co., Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 15.—Charters filed: Woodbridge Ceramic Corporation, deal in fire brick, Woodbridge, $30,000; N. Peter Jensen, Peter P. Svandorf, William H. Prall, Woodbridge.

The Matawan Company, Inc., manage theatres, Matawan, $25,000; George W. Harker, August Kattner, Jr., Clifford H. Hulsaart, August Kattner, Sr., Matawan.

Taback Brothers, Inc., manufacture silk, Paterson, $25,000; Jennie Taback, Louis Taback, Paterson; Sophie Taback, Nathan Taback, New York.

Commercial Land & Building Company, real estate, Plainfield, $100,000; Joseph Krakower, Rosie Krakower, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Majorie E. Kelly, Plainfield.

Tire Shop, deal in auto supplies, Trenton, $50,000; Stanley Newman, Samuel O. Newman, New York; Israel Richmond, Benjamin Richmond, Trenton.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Feb. 15.—Charters filed: Lake Park Refining Co. to drill for oil, gas, and to market same; $2,000,000. C. F. Odell, local Wilmington, Del., incorporator.

Industrial Fuel Corp., to deal in wood, coal, coke, gas, and similar substitute fuels, $1,100,000; P. E. Britsch, Brooklyn; G. A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.; A. R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. Y.

Quaker Steamship Co., to conduct a general shipping and shipbuilding business, $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. Armstrong, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Luanna Oil and Gas Co., to mine and bore for petroleum, natural gas and to market the same; $500,000. J. V. McManis, J. F. Janish, D. Risdon, Kirksville, Mo.

J. A. C. Frost & Co., Inc., to acquire timber lands and deal in lumber, $100,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly, all of New York.

Republic Gas and Carbon Co., oil, natural gas, &c., $300,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. Armstrong, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

RUSHING FLOUR EAST TO FEED THE ALLIES

"Vastly Greater Tonnage" Than Ever Before Reported by Regional Railroad Director.

FOOD TRAINS END DELAYS

Movement of Supplies from the West Now Under Full Headway—Freight Congestion Lessened.

According to a statement made yesterday by A. H. Smith, Regional Director of Railroads, through the system of special fast trains to North Atlantic ports, food supplies now can be put down at tidewater as fast as cargo space is available. Thus, the provisioning of the Allies becomes a problem solely of ships, whereas a month ago it was a joint problem of rail transportation and of ocean transportation.

When Federal Fuel Administrator Garfield issued his industrial suspension order it was asserted by him and by Director General of Railroads McAdoo that it was imperative to speed up the rail transportation of food for export to Europe.

Mr. McAdoo issued the order providing for the through food trains three weeks ago, but because of bad weather nothing material could be accomplished up to a week ago. Mr. Smith's statement of yesterday was based on progress made in the first solid week of good weather that the National Railroad Administration has had since it took over the carriers on Jan. 1. In discussing the situation Mr. Smith said:

"Movements of food supplies from the West direct to ships in New York harbor, by the special system of solid through trains, running on fast schedules averaging sixty hours or less from St. Louis and Chicago, is now under full headway, with a tonnage of large volume.

"The food-carrying steamers in most instances will be loaded directly from a score of the railroad companies' piers set aside for this purpose, necessitating but one handling from car to ship, effecting a large saving in lighters and tugs, and giving the maximum of speed.

"Perfection of this food movement will mean solving what has been one of the most pressing and important duties of the Railroad Administration, which was seriously hampered and slowed up by the prolonged series of blizzards and low temperatures.

"Four more of the through food trains reached New York Harbor piers during the last two days and their cargoes of flour were placed aboard ship without any delay or interruption. A vastly greater tonnage of grain and flour is moving eastward or is being loaded for this port, with empty cars in readiness to make up specials than ever before has been known in export traffic.

"Latest reports today show that over 1,700 cars of flour had moved from the mills of the Twin Cities eastbound through the Chicago gateway, while over 300 cars of wheat were moving toward Chicago from the Missouri region. These 2,000-odd carloads will be consolidated into 40 to 50 special trains at Chicago and come to the seaboard on fast time by the most direct routes."

The general railroad situation continued yesterday to show marked improvement. Ten days ago there were 145,000 cars above normal on the Eastern lines. These cars were mostly in yards or on sidings, delayed in transport, and the number of cars above normal is the best measure of railroad congestion. Yesterday's reports showed that the number of cars above normal on the lines east of the Mississippi was approximately 100,000. The following figures for the number of cars above normal on the Eastern lines were reported yesterday, showing an improvement for the day of some 8,000 cars:

Eastbound loads	40,606	Decrease	2,550
Eastbound empties	5,357	Decrease	788
Westbound loads	31,568	Decrease	4,034
Westbound empties	25,704	Decrease	730

For the first time in six weeks conditions in New York Harbor were reported yesterday as good. There was no drifting ice.

MILES OF CRIPPLED CARS.

Commerce Commission Blames Roads for Neglecting Repairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Thousands of crippled freight cars accumulated through the Winter because of gross neglect of railroads in making repairs occupy miles of tracks in Eastern rail centres, and are largely responsible for car shortage and traffic congestion, according to a report made today by Charles C. McChord, Interstate Commerce Commissioner, to Director General McAdoo.

Conditions are worst in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Altoona, Cleveland, and Buffalo, it was shown. The Pennsylvania early this week had 1,992 so-called "bad order" cars at Altoona, 1,233 at Harrisburg, more than 1,500 at Conway Yard, (near Pittsburgh,) 890 at Cleveland, 478 at Philadelphia, and 510 at Buffalo. It was estimated that crippled cars at these terminals alone occupied fifty-five miles of track. The Philadelphia and Reading had 2,052 bad order cars in its principal switching yards, covering sixteen miles of track. The Erie had 509 at Buffalo, 367 at Port Jervis, and 235 at Jersey City, covering eight miles of track. The Western Maryland had 414 at Cumberland alone, and the Baltimore and Ohio had 144 in one yard at Philadelphia.

These cars could have been repaired quickly during the Winter if the railroads had made proper preparations for covered repair tracks, according to railroad administration officials.

TO SCRUTINIZE ROADS' PLANS

McAdoo Will Have Proposed Expenditures Carefully Studied.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Proposed expenditures of railroads for extensions and improvements this year will be scrutinized by technical and financial experts of the Railroad Administration before being approved, according to a statement today by Director General McAdoo.

One of the first steps toward paring down individual railroads' estimates and rearranging the program for capital expenditures is the appointment of a committee of railway engineers to investigate Eastern roads' proposals. Similar action may be taken later to inspect the budgets of lines in the West and South.

The Eastern committee consists of Francis Lee Stuart, a New York engineer, Chairman; A. T. Hardin, Chief Engineer of the New York Central; A. C. Shand, Chief Engineer of the Pennsylvania, and H. A. Lane, Chief Engineer of the Baltimore & Ohio.

Most railroads have complied with the Railroad Administration's request to submit their estimates of expenditures in 1918. These have been analyzed by Interstate Commerce Commissioner Daniels and John Skelton Williams, Director of Finance for the Railroad Administration. Although no official statement has been made, it is understood that many roads presented large estimates for improvements which, they said, would have been made if private management had been continued.

The Railroad Administration, it is stated, has no intention of adopting a niggardly policy toward extensions and improvements, but will consider every proposal in the light of necessity under war conditions. In some cases railroads are said to have proposed insufficient extension of facilities, particularly in terminals, and the Government management probably will insist on the building of more tracks in yards, also new shops, roundhouses, and repair stations not planned by the private managements.

Great Western

Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL
(Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE
(Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY
(Medium)

Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

URGES ELECTRIC POWER FOR ALL RAILROADS

Substitution for Steam, E. W. Rice, Jr., Asserts, Would Save 100,000,000 Tons of Coal.

E. W. Rice, Jr., President of the General Electric Company and President of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, in opening the sixth mid-Winter convention of the institute yesterday urged the nation-wide electrification of the railroads as the solution of the fuel and transportation problems of America. Mr. Rice asserted that electrifying the railroads would mean a saving of about 100,000,000 tons of coal a year to the country in addition to saving 40,000,000 barrels of oil. The hauling capacity of the roads would be increased by the use of electric engines, he said, to a marked degree.

"Where electricity has been substituted for steam in the operation of railroads," said Mr. Rice, "fully 50 per cent. increase in available capacity of existing tracks and other facilities has been demonstrated. This increased capacity has been due to a variety of causes, but largely to the increased reliability and capacity, under all conditions of service, of electric locomotives, thus permitting a speeding-up of train schedules by some 25 per cent. under average conditions.

"It is estimated that something like 150,000,000 tons of coal were consumed by the railroads in the year 1917. Now we know from the results obtained from such electrical operation of railroads as we already have in this country that it would be possible to save at least two-thirds of this coal, if electric locomotives were substituted for the present steam locomotives. On this basis there would be a saving of over 100,000,000 tons of coal in one year. This is an amount three times as large as the total coal exported from the United States during 1917."

Mr. Rice asserted that while the nation continued to burn 25 per cent. of the total coal output under locomotive boilers there was at least 25,000,000 horse power going to waste in unused water power.

RICHMOND GETS A DIRECTOR

Prentis Will Als Be Manager of Baltimore Federal Reserve Bank.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The long fight over the personnel of the Baltimore branch of the Federal Reserve Bank for the Fifth Reserve District has ended in a compromise. Baltimore gets four of the five Directors, and Richmond gets the manager of the bank, who is also a Director. The Federal Reserve Board tonight announced the following appointments:

By the board: William Ingle, President of the Baltimore Trust Company and formerly Federal Reserve Agent at Richmond, and Waldo Newcomer, President of the National Exchange Bank, Baltimore.

By the bank: Morton M. Prentis, now in the employ of the bank, who will be manager of the branch; Colonel H. B. Wilcox, Vice President of the Merchants-Mechanics First National Bank of Baltimore, who is also a Director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond; Charles C. Homer, President of the Second National Bank of Baltimore, and also President of the Baltimore Clearing House Association.

The Cashier, Teller, and Bookkeeper of the Baltimore branch will be taken from the Richmond bank.

The selection of Mr. Prentis to take charge of the Baltimore branch is made, it is asserted, in accordance with precedents that have hitherto been observed by the Reserve Board in organizing branch banks. Usually an official of the main bank is chosen to have charge of the branch, as the main bank is responsible for the condct and management of the branch bank.

MOB ILLINOIS PRO-GERMANS.

Citizens of Mount Olive Thrash Them and Make Them Kiss the Flag

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—A mob at Mount Olive, Ill., near Staunton, where two I. W. W.'s were tarred and feathered Tuesday night, last night rounded up German sympathizers, thrashed two, forced one, attired in his nightshirt, to kneel and kiss each star in the American flag; compelled a German Socialist to discharge his disloyal bartender; forced another to kiss the flag, and warned a score more to leave town at once.

The man who was made to kiss every star in the flag is Peter Heine, a merchant. Heine was asleep when the mob approached his home. He saw it coming and sent in a fire alarm, then fled to a neighbor's home and took refuge in the basement. The mob warned the neighbor to give up Heine, who came out and was seized.

School to Train Army Chaplains.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Secretary Baker today signed an order establishing a training school at Fort Monroe, Va., for army chaplains. Military law, international law, military science and tactics and hygiene will be taught. Any candidate failing to pass will be returned to civil life and compensated for his time and expenses at the same rate which candidates for commissions in the line are paid in the Reserve Corps.

Destroyer Built in Record Time.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Secretary Daniels announced today the receipt of a telegram from the Mare Island Navy Yard, California, stating that the destroyer Taylor was launched there yesterday, 66 per cent. complete, four months after the keel was laid. The speed with which the Taylor was made ready for launching establishes a navy yard record for swift construction.

B. R. T. TO PURCHASE 100 BIG STEEL CARS

In Compromise with Service Board It Also Agrees to Buy 50 Surface Trailers.

COST $3,000,000 IN ALL

100 Centre-Entrance Cars Will Be Converted for Multiple-Unit Operation.

An agreement was reached yesterday by the Public Service Commission and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company providing that the company should spend about $3,000,000 for new cars for its surface and rapid transit lines, and for other improvements, and that the commission would defer for the present the operation of its order that the company should spend a similar amount for 250 surface cars.

Under the arrangement the company will at once set about the purchase of 100 big steel cars for its rapid transit lines and fifty new cars to be used as trailers on its surface lines. It will also start at once to convert 100 of its centre-entrance cars so that they may be used for multiple unit operation, and fifty of its four-motor cars to serve as leaders for the trailers. It was said that the first of the two-car trains would be in operation on Brooklyn streets within a month, that fifty would be in operation by October, and that the fifty new trailers would be ready for use next Winter.

If the two-car operation proves practicable for the relief of the present congestion on Fulton Street, Flatbush Avenue, and other congested lines, the company will buy more trailers or convert and enlarge the cars it has at present.

In a way the change of program was a victory for the company, because instead of buying 250 new cars, it will use much of the money these cars would have cost in preparing for its new rapid transit service, and will use the rest of it in increasing its surface car capacity without increasing in proportion the cost of operation.

The agreement ends a two-year controversy between the commission and the company over the 250 new car order. After the commission had beaten the company in the courts and had obtained judicial decisions declaring that the commission's order was final, the company asked for a rehearing, which was granted. Then it asked to be relieved of buying the cars because it would be unpatriotic to spend so much money when the Government needed funds to carry on the war, because more cars would not be needed when the new rapid transit lines were in operation, and because if the cars were bought it would be impossible to hire enough men to operate them.

The agreement for the added equipment provides in brief:

The company will immediately purchase for the earliest practicable delivery 100 new steel rapid transit cars, and will start at once and finish before Oct. 15, 1918, the conversion and equipment of all of its 100 centre-entrance cars for multiple-unit operation; that fifty of the company's four-motor cars, each seating forty-eight passengers, shall be equipped as leaders for trailers; that fifty new trailer cars of the largest practicable seating capacity shall be purchased as early as possible, and that if traffic conditions require, and the extension of the trailer operation proves desirable and practicable, the company will convert other cars into trailers, and will purchase new trailer cars.

"I think such a course of action by the company," Chairman Straus said, "pending the return of normal conditions, may well be made the basis for an adjustment of this proceeding. If the company goes ahead along the lines indicated, neither their rights or our powers under the order or the statute will be prejudiced, and we can take the matter up on a normal basis when normal times have come.

"It appears that the suggested action of the company will carry with it the expenditure of more than $3,000,000 for new equipment, of which more than $500,000 will be spent on surface cars, and a very great increase in facilities actually afforded at points where needed."

THRIFT SALES $50,000,000.

Total Reported the Country Over—Bankers Urge Economy.

The total sales of War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps throughout the country through Feb. 13, which by an error in transmission of figures was yesterday announced by the War Savings Committee as $15,000,000, is in fact in excess of $50,000,000. Of this amount New York has purchased $4,360,652.36, or a litle more than 8 per cent. L. Seton Lindsay, Agency Manager of the War Savings Society, announced yesterday that already 20,000 different agencies had been established in New York City, through which the stamps are to be sold. This is several hundred more than the quota prescribed by the national organization, which had asked that 19,600 be established in the city before next Sunday, but it is the purpose of the local committee to establish eventually not less than 50,000 agencies.

At a meeting of bankers yesterday to discuss the organization of war savings societies in their various institutions Pierre Jay, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, said that the high wages now general over the country would normally lead to a great demand for luxuries and that it was imperative to bring before the public the necessity of thrift in order to save enough money to win the war. The Federal Reserve Bank yesterday organized a war savings society in each of its departments.

Several hundred representatives of the confectionery industry will meet tonight at Webster Hall, 119 East Eleventh Street, with the Rabbi Stephen S. Wise as the chief speaker. It is the aim of the confectionery division to put War Savings Stamps on sale at every retail candy store in the city.

THE CONDITION IN TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

> An immediate and clearly perceptible change for the better in business has come with the milder weather, and general improvement in sentiment results from the suspension of the Monday closing order. While many interests continue urgently in need of fuel, and though more than a week of moderated temperature will be required to bring complete recovery from the derangement caused by the unusually severe Winter, manufacturing now encounters fewer obstacles and distribution is rendered less difficult by the increasing relief.
>
> Unlike the exhibit of the previous week, when a loss of 19 per cent. was shown, bank clearings at leading cities in the United States this week disclose a gain of 3.1 per cent. over last year's figures and an increase of 9.2 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period of 1916.

Bradstreet's says:

> Naturally the priority demanded by the Government still further restricts supplies for civilian needs and also heightens fears of widespread shortages of goods. The very cold weather, from which the country is now enjoying respite except in a restricted area, enabled merchants to clean out stocks of Winter goods, and though some reports tell of greatly reduced prices to clear retailers' shelves, those are the exceptions that run counter to the general tendency, which is to husband stocks rather than to make wide cuts in prices. Improvement in supplies of foodstuffs results from freer traffic movements and the working out of embargoes on what are deemed nonessentials.

Hercules Powder Earnings Drop.

The annual statement of the Hercules Powder Company yesterday bore out the forecast made a year ago that the results in 1917 would show a sharp decline from those of 1916 because of lower prices for explosives. Net earnings of $5,822,462 were $10,836,411 less than in 1916. The gross receipts amounted to $44,105,533 against $63,419,020 in the previous fiscal period. The surplus of $5,447,962 available for common stock dividends was equal to $76.19 per share, compared with $227.75 in 1916.

Report of Western Maryland.

The report of the Western Maryland Railway Company for the month of December, 1917, and for the calendar year 1917, shows net operating income for the month of $462,047, an increase of $151,638 over the income for December, 1916. For the year the net operating income was $4,065,112, an increase of $255,078 over the showing for 1916, despite an increase of more than $100,000 for the year in taxes.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

BELL PAPER COMPANY.—John Hovendon and Julius J. Kling have filed petitions in bankruptcy, individually and as partners under firm name of Bell Paper Company, at 35 Nassau Street, with liabilities of $41,834 and assets of $5,856. The largest secured creditor is the Greenville Banking and Trust Company, $5,950. Among others, unsecured, are John Hovendon, $18,692; Eastern Manufacturing Company, $1,882, and Strathmore Paper Company, $1,514.

H. CECIL JACKSON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against H. Cecil Jackson, gowns, at 630 Fifth Avenue, by the following creditors: Debenham, Gardiner & Co., Ltd., $220; W. H. Taylor, Inc., $676, and Bradford & Perrier, $554.

ASAPH M. TURNER, a salesman at 510 West 150th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,548 and no assets. Most of the debts were contracted in Utica, N. Y.

Weekly Business Failures Report.

Bradstreet's reports 246 business failures in the United States for the week, against 233 for the previous week and 282, 369, 538, 316 for the corresponding weeks of 1917 to 1914. The Middle States had 60, New England 35, Southern 49, Western 62, Northwestern 19, Far West 23. Canada had 18, against 28 for the previous week.

About 90 per cent. of the failures had capital of $5,000 or less, and 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 15.—Mrs. Minnie L. Miller of Decatur, Ill., filed voluntary petition in bankruptcy today. Liabilities, $21,784; assets, none.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Abe H. Smith, dealer in ostrich feathers, filed a petition in bankruptcy today. Liabilities, $9,388; assets, $5,500.

JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Astra Film Corp.—H. Henley	$2,081.12
American Finance and Credit Co.—Mills Estate, Inc.	214.20
Arthur Wolfsohn Co., Inc.—Einstein & Wolff Co.	3,011.44
Arthel, Christiano—Belnord Realty Co.	1,077.79
Bishop, Abigail H.—J. S. Seibert	692.41
Bernstein, Jacob—H. W. Perlman	295.65
Bustanoby, Jack—L. Bleier	264.20
Bech, John F.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	270.06
Bunnell, William H.—J. W. Buckley Rubber Co.	115.28
Berger, Harry A.—J. Margolis	115.20
Crawford, Nettie B.—M. S. Auerbach	139.83
Cammann, John F.—N. Y. Edison Co.	157.77
Conklin, Miriam—G. Ritco et al.	120.58
Corris, Isidore—E. V. Marman	211.54
De Cernea, Albert—L. F. Hawley	222.70
Drucker, Samuel—People, &c.	100.00
Downey, Wallace—Marmon Automobile Co. of N. Y., Inc.	222.72
Donohue, John—Gibson Distilling Co.	3,665.80
De Mossina, Borge—John A. Miller's Garage, Inc.	357.22
Fields, L. Eugene—American Surety Co. of N. Y.	878.11
Ford, Mabel and Dora—H. Y. Marshall	1,187.32
Fearon, Walter P.—Astor Trust Co.	188.72
Great Eastern Casualty Co.—E. D. Starbuck	5,823.27
Gibson, Charles W.—A. F. Griffiths	254.54
Gamberi, Charles—J. Jaburg et al.	504.00
Garner, William F., Jr.—Blumenthal-Mayer Co., Inc.	205.81
Grad, Charles L.—J. S. Gross	119.53
Goldman, Meyer—Calhoun, Robbins & Co.	200.58
Hall, L. Harry—Johnston & Collins Co.	400.10
Hecht, Rudolph—W. Ellin	500.00
Holmes, Myron—N. Y. Edison Co.	160.15
Holcombe, Joseph G.—L. Mandelowitz	176.70
Hartigan, Joseph—H. Kelly	464.85
International Machine and Tool Corp.—W. N. Polakov	710.65
Jaccard, Paul J.—Johnston & Collins Co.	174.70
Johnson, Geo. F., Jr.—F. W. Schaefer	197.12
Johnson, William D.—O. S. Rogers	193.66
Kalischer, Louis—J. Gray	300.00
Same—T. Gray	2,136.99
Kaufman, Albert—Negrin Bros.	143.80
Kanders, Helen C.—M. M. Freeman	937.56
Knapp, E. J.—M. N. Underwood	387.63
Katz, Herman—National Slab Co.	287.50
Knapp, Horace G.—R. A. Manes	206.58
Koster, Harry E.—D. H. Linermore	615.02
Liberty Hoisting Engine Co., Inc., and Charles H. Aschenbach—Boeger Meyer Machine and Tool Co.	2,764.06
Lecky, John D.—Gans Rady Co.	[illegible]
Levendis, Peter J.—C. H. Nolte	[illegible]
Magill, H. Leland—Barrett Co.	133.82
Matches, Robert F.—S. J. Grayson, Inc.	254.26
Minter, Edgar E.—Hydraulic Press Brick Co.	514.43
M. Newman & Co., Inc.—H. Newman et al.	405.56
Melting of Molly Co., Inc.—I. Franklin	1,590.31
Madero Bros., Inc.—S. Rottenberg	1,273.34
Mahieu, Hilaire—M. Golden	323.66
Napolitano, Elia—D. Davanzo	311.20
O K Bakery Co., Inc.—Proctor & Gamble Distributing Co.	179.32
Ostrowsky, Louis—J. T. Simon	229.85
Potter, Evan S.—John Wanamaker, New York	156.72
Piscopso, Giuseppe—M. P. Pub. Co.	111.90
Plaza Contracting Co., Julius M. Schwartz, and Katey Schwartz—108 West 54th Street Co., Inc.	2,094.84
Reilly, James B.—P. J. McGovern, costs	110.60
Rogers, Dorothy—I. Clare	154.70
Resnick, David—B. Silverman	104.27
Schiffman, Samuel (S. Schiffman & Co.) Alexander Textile Co.	184.09
Standard Plate Glass and Salvage Co.—People, &c.	133.18
Smith, George P., and Solomon Charles Augarman—Merchants National Bank of Syracuse	2,800.90
Same—Same	1,108.07
Siskind, Jacob C.—State Mercantile Co., Inc.	466.20
Stokes, Charles F.—K. P. Coots	11,926.98
Tottenville Hygeia Ice Co., Inc.—George D. Harris & Co., Inc.	225.70
Tile Contracting Co.—Mosaic Tile Co.	598.70
Taylor, Charles L.—J. B. Wentworth	105.20
Vanderbilt Warren Co.—Frank E. Wise & Son	513.62
Ward, Caroline S.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	176.55
Wallach, Joseph—R. Stelowitzky	201.04
Waller, Robert K.—Morse International Agency	121.03
Weingarten, Max, and Max Kornberg—H. M. Susswein & Co.	132.42
Zane, R. Edwin—T. Myers	630.20

In Bronx County.

Bernstein, Jacob—H. W. Perlman	$293.65
Berkowitz, Fannie—H. Rapport	72.25
Bolognesi, Ralph—C. Levy	104.51
Barbati, Giuseppe—J. C. Fargo, as Pres.	69.12
Builders' Brick & Supply Co., Inc., and P. Joseph Heaney—Robitzek Inv. Co., Inc.	77,896.52
Driggs Auto & Garage Co., Inc.—J. Furman	407.07
Evenson, Mary—J. J. Fox	47.72
Ferraro, Antonio—W. W. Smith	424.72
Gartenberg, Morris—State Indust'l Com.	105.00
Kirchner, Harry—P. Wallach	131.68
McDermott & Hanigan, Inc.—R. I. W. Damp Resisting Paint Co.	280.00
Mitchell-McDermott Construction Co.—K. Schwanewede	2,197.56
181st St. Bldg. Corp.—M. E. Cummings	804.18
Owl Dress Co.—L. Glassman	214.05
181st St. Bldg. Corp. and Gabriele Del Gaudia—M. E. Cummings	407.96
Sidenstock, Max—R. Reiner Importing Co.	365.61
Tag, Louis—L. Glassman	26.01
Whitgold Sales Co., Inc.; Fred C. Whitmore, Isaac Goldberg, and Emanuel M. Klein—Guardian Finance & Trading Corp.	1,632.58

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County

Walsh, John J., and Walter Harting—T. J. Toomey, Nov. 11, 1914	$610.00
Magrath, Franklyn—Times Square Auto Supply Co., Inc., Jan. 22, 1918	107.68
Cohen, Irving—A. Thayer, Jan. 2, 1918	3,243.66
Fallon, Wm. J.—Bryant Park Bank, Feb. 14, 1913	1,126.06
Furman, Earle, and Edw. J. Welch—R. L. McCehee, April 2, 1910	5,142.72
Beekman, Charles A.—M. Klein et al., Nov. 8, 1915	1,107.27
Platon, Carl—C. Horgen, Jan. 24, 1918	110.45
Warshavsky, Aaron, and Jacob Cohen—Guernsey Earthenware Co., March 22, 1915	1,124.84
Schulman & Steinberg, Inc.—Regis Silk Mfg. Co., Inc., Jan. 29, 1918	242.65
Stamford Trust Co.—O. I. Skinner, Jan. 16, 1918	1,613.62
Same—Same, Jan. 16, 1918	1,613.62
Weinstein, Louis; Samuel Levy, and Morris Kushin—M. Silverberg, Jan. 31, 1918	445.87
Edgar, Charles—S. Fluegelman et al., Feb. 14, 1918	830.41
Hill, Berton C.—Iron River Lumber Co., April 6, 1914	483.10
Lukes, Joseph and Sando—People, &c., Dec. 14, 1917, vacated	300.00

In Bronx County.

Trask Building Co.—F. Speyer, Feb. 6, 1918	[illegible]

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

CHINCHILLAS Wanted.—White; any quantity; all makes; Salts preferred. Fred Muller, Stuyvesant 4300.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on ladies', misses', and junior coats. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Striped, any width, any quantity up to 20c. a yard, cash. Phone Chelsea 2674.

DELHI Wanted.—Open for American Delhi in all colors, for cash. Williamsburg Manufacturing Co., 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing stock orders on cotton and gingham dresses; bring your own samples. 12th floor, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing stock orders on better grade silk dresses; bring your own samples. 12th floor, 134 W. 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for a job of silk dresses. Call 279 5th Av., 4th floor.

FLANNELS Wanted.—White Rashkind and Soloff. 244 5th Av.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Tan rookie kahki, also coverts. Mad. Sq. 7499.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for quantity of good georgettes in all colors. 220 5th Av., Room 1212.

GINGHAM TAFFETA Wanted.—Can use large quantity. Call all day, Harry A. Roman & Co., 11 West 32d. Madison Square 6719.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—In all shades and weights suitable for dresses. Call all day, Harry A. Roman & Co., 11 West 32d St. 6719 Madison Square.

JERSEY Wanted.—Open for all quantities of silk jersey, spot cash. Harry Ragovin, 109 West 26th.

PEKIN POPLIN Wanted.—Will pay cash. Gramercy 4469.

POPLINS Wanted.—9610 or 06077, Pekin gray, rose, Burgundy, and tan. Chelsea 9724.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades. Madison Square 3149.

SATEEN Wanted.—Can use jobs in blacks, colored, and fancies. 87 5th Av., 7th floor. Phone Stuyvesant 4239.

SERGE.—Vigeraux wanted in gray serge or whipcord, at a low price. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Garfield 519 navy; cash. 33 5th Av., Room 1010. Madison Sq. 3327.

SERGE Wanted.—0936 for spot cash. Mr. Albert. Farragut 5856.

SERGES, POPLINS, VELOURS Wanted.—All makes; all numbers. Spring 6151.

SERGES Wanted.—Juilliard's 54289, navy. Spring 6151.

SERGES Wanted.—94, for cash. Madison Square 7040.

SEWING MACHINE Wanted.—Individual machine stand, alternating motor; will rent, buy if can use profitably. 840 Broadway, 11th floor.

SILKS Wanted.—Will buy jobs of novelty silks and cloths. Phone Chelsea 9334.

SILVERTONE VELOUR Wanted.—Will pay $3.25 cash; all Spring shades; open for quantity. Telephone Greeley 2137.

SILVERTONES, COVERTS, Wanted.—Holden, Leonard, all colors. Clark Dana, 6-250. Farragut 2616.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades; spot cash. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th. Farragut 6262.

SUITS Wanted—Exclusive jobber placing stock orders on better grade suits, using our own materials. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SUITS Wanted.—Western jobber in the market for 5,000 Spring suits. Write for appointment, Y 278 Times Annex.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobs Spring suits, shirtwaists and skirts. Apply 8th floor, 38 West 32d St.

TAFFETAS wanted and georgettes, all colors, cash. A. H. Feldman, 12 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield or Botany, all colors. Farragut 4664.

VELOUR Wanted.—0360-075 raspberry. J. J. Ludwig & Co., Farragut 9850.

VELOUR CHECKS Wanted.—Any mill. J. Heit & Son, 99 Madison Av.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATINGS.—200 pieces ¾ cheviot, velours, broadcloths, Burellas, Delhi Peerless plush, also U. S. 838, 6234, Botany 809, Whitman 9, 6700½, reasonable. Farragut 9812.

CORDUROYS.—Wide wale, 36-inch; narrow wale, 31 inch; apricot, peach, and gold; close out. Clejan, 640 Broadway. Spring 5010.

COTTON GOODS under market; voiles and organdies for immediate delivery. S. Heyman, 1,128 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2838.

CUTTING MACHINE, Eastman, straight knife, slightly used, cheap. 303 5th Av., Room 513. Madison Square 5330.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in solid serge dresses, and with foulard trimming, for immediate delivery; prices from $7.50 to $12.50; also special values in silks, for immediate delivery. N. Y. Dress Co., 35 West 35th.

DRESSES.—For immediate delivery, 500, all wool French serge, at $6.75; regular. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—500 smart silk dresses to deliver today, special $8.75 to $12.50. Cashman & Wolfensen, 110 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—Desirable jobs, including road samples at reductions. King & Applebaum, 39 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Silk dresses for immediate delivery from $7.50 to $16.50. Smart Set Dress Co., 32 West 31st St.

GABARDINES and Serges.—Garfield's 4666, also 519, all colors. Farragut 257.

GINGHAMS.—Amoskeag plaids. U. S. Textile, 200 5th Av. Gramercy 4356.

GEORGETTE.—Flesh, white, $1.25 quality, at $1.15, 8 p. c. off; pure dye. Chelsea Silk Works, 303 5th Av.

JUILLIARDS.—Bigerol, 25 pieces, $1.37½, and 50 pieces Amoskeag 7002, navy, $1.30. Greeley 3133.

PANAMAS, Serges, B. & W. Checks.—Immediate delivery. Wellington Woolen Co., 1,133 Broadway.

POPLINS, SERGES, PANAMAS.—For immediate delivery. Wellington Woolen Co., 1,133 Broadway.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Bachmann 3200, American 6709½. Telephone Farragut 2636.

SERGES.—Will sell quantity 11433 navy. Will buy 0936 navy. Madison Square 7816.

SERGES.—Garfield 528; Amoskeag 6301, and American velour. Farragut 707.

SUITS.—$6.90 to $22.50, all shades; immediate delivery. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th St.

TAFFETAS, wash satins, 36-inch, 40-inch, for immediate delivery. Sigmund Heyman, 257 4th Av. Telephone Gramercy 1240.

VELOURS.—American duvet du laine, white broadcloth, Juilliard mixtures, covert suitings, at a price. Kleinfield & Renner, 7 West 30th.

WOOL JERSEYS.—Serges, navy and white. 116 West 29th, 9th floor. Farragut 8190.

WOOL JERSEY for immediate delivery. Phone Greeley 1629.

YARN.—Khaki knitting worsted yarn; four ply; 7,000 pounds; prompt shipment; also Oxfords for dealers and Red Cross societies needing yarns. Becker, Mad. Sq. 9380.

YARN manufacturers, hand knitting khaki, Oxford, natural without dye for socks, worsted or woolens; prompt delivery. E. H. King, Hotel Imperial.

YARN.—Hand-knitting wool and worsted; immediate delivery. Mishell, 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 1520.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN for the South; a leading manufacturer has an opening for a salesman to cover the South with cotton waists from $9 to $24 per dozen, and silk waists from $2.25 to $5 apiece. We have an established Southern business to turn over and our brand is well known to the trade throughout the country. The position calls for a high-class man who has sold at least $100,000 a year in waists over this territory. No others will be given consideration. This is a splendid opportunity which will appeal even to men who are more or less satisfactorily connected at present. Commission basis. All applications will be held strictly confidential. If you are the right man, the more particulars you give us in your letter the better your chances of securing an interview. Address K. P., 296 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Must be thoroughly capable and efficient; only those need apply; good position for right party. 45 West 25th, 8th floor.

REPLENISHING STOCKS.

Merchants finding their stock running low may replenish it by sending a letter to The New York Times, describing what is wanted. A summary of the letter will appear the next morning on the Business Page as a small advertisement. Replies can be mailed direct to the advertiser, or The Times will supply a box number.

The cost of this service is 50c an agate line of six words.—Advt.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday	5¾@6 p. c. for the best names
Thursday	5¾@6

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Ribbons Well Sought.

The ribbon market in this city is reported to be very active. There are said to be a number of buyers in town, and they seem to be placing fair-sized orders not only for their immediate requirements, but running into the future as well. There is apparently a growing disposition on the part of retailers everywhere to get their supplies while they can. The tendency toward the wider ribbons, which has been manifesting itself for some time, seems to be growing. While the dark shades are slightly preferred to the light colors for the early trade, the reverse seems to be true of the orders that have been taken for later delivery.

⁂

Market for Phonographs.

The demand for phonographs continues strong, according to reports from several manufacturers with offices in this city. Though the hundred-dollar article seems to be the most sought, there is said also to be a good many of the more expensive lines selling, as well as a large number of the cheaper grades. The table cabinet continues in the lead among the higher grades. It is predicted that its sale this Spring and Summer will be unusually large, due to its being particularly well suited for the Summer cottage. It was explained that besides being a musical instrument of rare qualities it combines practical utility with beauty in a manner that is very pleasing.

⁂

Spring Suits Selling.

The warm weather of the last few days has started a rush on the Spring suits in the local department stores. There is every indication that the public, which, after all, makes the final decision, likes the new styles that are offered. It is also reported that the two material combinations which are so much in evidence this year have made as favorable an impression on the great majority of women as these new creations previously made on the buyers for the stores. Though prices are admittedly high, there seems to be little haggling on this point when once the customer finds what she thinks is becoming. In all quarters there are predictions of an unusually good season in suits.

⁂

Good Orders and Few Canceled.

Manufacturers of men's suits report that their orders for next Fall delivery are unusually good. The volume of business booked, both by roadmen and in the home offices, is said to have been much better than was generally anticipated. The best feature of the Fall business seems to be the unusually small number of cancellations that have been made. Speaking on this point, one manufacturer said: "The small amount of cancellations from retailers has been particularly gratifying to us. At the opening of the season we urged our customers to exercise care in their buying, so as to avoid the necessity for cancellations later on, and they seem to have responded with excellent results."

⁂

Good Candle Season.

It is said that the last Winter has been one of the best seasons on record in the candle trade. And now Spring buying seems to have set in on an equally large scale. In this business it is reported that the lighter colors are preferred. It is pointed out that these light shades are for use principally in Summer houses where the general color scheme is of a light shade. The preference for the more or less plain shapes during the Winter is giving place to a call for more fancy designs suitable for Summer home decoration. Prices are high, and there seems to be some likelihood that they will go higher. Factories have not been able to maintain capacity production for some time, due to the labor scarcity.

⁂

Fur Withdrawals Were Heavy.

Yesterday was "prompt day" with the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, and it found the corporation's warehouse even barer of goods than has been the case following previous sales. The reason was that the fur business shows every indication of keeping up to the high mark set in the last season, and that, as a result, the manufacturers and dealers who bought skins at the Winter sale are finding ready use for them. One of the day's features was the receipt by the corporation of a check for $100,000 from a buyer at the recent auction in payment for furs purchased at that time. It is believed by experienced fur men to be one of the largest, if not actually the biggest, single check ever written in a transaction in the local fur trade.

⁂

Retailers Were Satisfied.

Not long ago there were published in THE TIMES excerpts from a letter sent out by a wholesale millinery firm in the Middle West advising their customers against stocking up on banded hats for Spring. This letter was received by the Retail Millinery Association of America. A second letter has been received by the association from the same concern, which says, in part: "We have received a great many complimentary letters regarding our attitude on the banded sailor. The first week we got over 100 cancellations, and since then more than that number. The milliners seem to appreciate our stand, a great many stating it was brought to them in a way it had never been placed before, and that, better than ever, they realized the importance of using materials to keep their trimmers busy, and also that trimmings were more profitable. They realized that the very existence of the millinery business was at stake."

⁂

No "Raise Hunters" Are Wanted.

There is a retail store in this city where the type of worker known as a "raise hunter" has positively no chance of getting a job; that is, if he or she insists on the raise. When a prospective employe indicates on the application blank that previous experience has been had with another store, much stress is laid on the answer to "Why did you leave?" If it was because higher wages were wanted, the applicant is asked why the store in quetion was picked out. Generally the answer is that this store has a reputation for doing the right thing for its employes. Then the prospective employe is told that that reputation ought to be worth betting on, and that, other things being all right, if he or she is willing to take the salary previously got a raise will be given just as soon as a reason why there should be one is shown. In most cases where the proposition is accepted the applicant has failed to "show cause," and thereby proved the employing store's position to be just.

⁂

Gray Goods Buyers More Active.

More activity on the part of buyers was told of in the local gray goods market yesterday. Most of the inquiries were for goods wanted for shipment through nearby months, though business was also done for Summer deliveries at prices ranging an eighth to a quarter of a cent below those asked for spots and nearbys. Sales of 39-inch 68-72s were recorded for this and next month at 15 cents, and the same was true of 38½-inch 64-60s at 13¼ cents. For nearby 38½-inch 64-56s 12¾ cents was paid, and similar shipments of 38½-inch 60-52s brought the "top" price. There was more activity in sheetings reported, with prices firmly held on the basis of 17 cents for four-yard 56-60s, 16½ to 16¾ cents for 48-square four-yards, and 21½ to 22 cents for 40-inch 2.85s. Printcloth prices closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s	17c	38½-inch, 64-60s	13¼c
39-inch, 72-76s	16¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s	12¾c
39-inch, 68-72s	15c	38½-inch, 60-52s	12¼c
39-inch, 56-44s	11¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s	11⅝c
38½-inch, 64-64s	*13¾c	27-inch, 64-60s	10¼c

*Asked.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Acme Livery and Boarding Stable Co., Inc., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 25th day of January, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[Seal.]

(Signed) C. N. T. FT,
Second Deputy, Secretary of State.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—The Tie Shop; H. Ellis, men's furn. goods; Wallick.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—M. Cohen, millinery; Broadway Central.
ATHENS, Ga.—A. Joel & Sons; C. Joel, millinery, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Miller, Baker & Goldsmith; C. B. Baker, manufactures middies, middy suits; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. M. Kirschenbaum, women's, children's coats, suits, skirts, dresses; 354 4th Av., R. 1611.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; C. A. Reinhardt, rugs; 200 5th Av.
BEAVER FALLS, Penn.—M. I. Brown, coats, suits; McAlpin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Goldstein Bros.; J. Goldstein, furn. goods; 39 W. 32d; Broztell.
BOSTON—F. P. Connor & Co.; Miss K. T. Sullivan, misses' coats, suits, dresses; Great Northern.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; F. C. Hincks, men's furnishing goods; 243 Church.
BOSTON—T. Long Co.; C. E. Aldrich, cut glass; Union Square.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; W. H. Mulcahy, linens, flannels, housekeeping goods; 230 5th Av.; Park Av.
BOSTON—Dutton-Andrew Co.; W. F. Colby, lace curtains; Continental.
BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—J. E. Burch, dry goods, clothing, shoes, millinery; Albert.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. Golden, women's cloaks, suits, furs, men's clothing, furnishing goods; Albert.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; R. H. Wilson, furs; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; A. H. Kriegar, toys, sporting goods; 2 W 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—E. S. Bowman Co.; E. S. Bowman, cotton, silk waists; York.
BURLINGTON, Vt.—F. D. Abernethy; Miss C. E. Enright, millinery; Imperial.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.—D. C. Litt, carpets; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; T. E. Deubert, housefurn. goods; 300 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.—Mrs. F. S. Tarrson, silk, muslin, flannelette underwear, boudoir caps, slippers, upstairs departments; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott Co.; J. L. Amann, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—S. Phillipson & Co.; L. Morris, underwear, hosiery, yarns; H. Morris, children's dresses, curtains, draperies, muslin underwear, linens, knit goods, towels; Breslin.
CHICAGO, Ill.—National Art Novelty Co.; E. Kaplan, representing; Broadway Central.
CHICAGO, Ill.—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; P. H. Shay, furs; J. P. Loos, gloves, 40 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; Miss M. E. Noonan, ladies' waists, sweaters; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—C. Dernberg & Son; C. Dernberg, furs; 134 W. 27th.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—Brandt & Lear; J. Brandt, manufacturers cloaks, suits, waists, skirts; Union Square.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—King Garment Co.; W. E. Altamore, manufacturers cloaks, suits; Aberdeen.
CUERO, Texas—J. A. Graves & Sons; J. A. Graves, general merchandise; Herald Square.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Miss G. Sprunck, notions; 71 West 23d; Marie Antoinette.
DETROIT, Mich.—Russell Co.; S. Epstein, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
DETROIT, Mich.—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. Reilly, neckwear, jewelry, notions, fancy goods, toilet, leather goods, basement; 354 4th Av.; Netherland.
DERTOIT, Mich.—Newcomb Endicott Co.; F. Frey, cloaks, suits, waists, millinery, infants' wear; Miss M. McCarthy, waists; Miss A. Murphy, gowns; Miss Oppenheimer, misses' cloaks, suits; Miss H. Silberman, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 200 5th Av.
EL PASO, Texas—Levinson & Rosenberg; H. Rosenberg, ready-to-wear; 1,239 Broadway; Breslin.
FARGO, N. D.—E. A. Ricker & Co.; W. Naylor, ready-to-wear; 47 West 34th; Longacre.
FERGUS FALLS, Minn.—Leader Dept. Store; Miss J. Donovan, J. W. Donovan, ladies' ready-to-wear; 45 West 34th, R. 901.
FLOYDADA, Texas—C. M. Bender D. G. Co.; C. M. Bender, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.
FORT ATKINSON, Wis.—J. G. Westphal, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Broztell.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry-Beall D. G. Co.; H. Fisher, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
FREDERICK, Md.—Lowenstein & Wertheimer; C. Wertheimer, clothing, furnishing goods, hats, shoes; Imperial.
FREMONT, Ohio—Childs Clothing Store; W. T. Childs, clothing; Broadway Central.
GREENVILLE, S. C.—Nuckasee Manufacturing Co.; F. W. Symmes, manufactures, men's athletic wear; Arlington.
HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; S. Nussbaum, fancy goods, art embroideries; T. E. Rourke, coats, suits; 353 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; W. Raphael, furnishing goods; Miss B. Frisch, muslin underwear; Miss M. Brady, representing; 353 4th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss M. Reid, muslin underwear, house dresses; 220 5th Av.
JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Alexander's; A. Spiveck, millinery, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.
JOHNSON CITY, Tenn.—Dosser Bros.; Mr. Dosser, dry goods; 105 Grand.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Penn Traffic Co.; B. W. Phillips, men's, boys' clothing, furnishing goods; Gerard.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. C. Co.; H. J. Koenig, coats, suits, skirts; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; Miss O. Austin and Miss E. Tucker, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.
KEWANEE, Ill.—Lyman Lay Co.; F. H. Bourne, cut glass; Latham.
KEY WEST, Fla.—W. Mendell, dry goods; Broadway Central.
LAURENS, S. C.—Minter Co.; E. P. Minter, clothing, shoes, dry goods, millinery; Collingwood.
LEBANON, Penn.—A. R. Williams; L. Samler, china, housefurn. goods; Bristol.
LUBBOCK, Texas—C. H. Grollman & Co.; C. H. Grollman, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Wm. R. Moore D. G. Co.; M. S. Kuhn, coats, suits, waists; 258 Church.
MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Bro.; Miss Markey, art embroideries; 225 5th Av.
MEDINA, Ohio—Warren Hemmeter Co.; W. Hemmeter, dry goods; 4 West 22d.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; R. H. Burr, wall paper, shades; 404 4th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Brothers; A. Dusty, dress goods, silks; B'way and 32d.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; N. B. Dashiell, hosiery, furn. goods; 1,170 B'way.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Montgomery Fair; H. Danziger, general mdse.; 23 East 26th.
MONTREAL, Canada—Dupuis Freres; J. A. Vermette, laces, ribbons, neckwear, trimmings, leather goods; Breslin.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Huddleston-Cooper Clothing Co.; E. Cooper, men's, boys', children's clothing; Breslin.
NEW CASTLE, Penn.—C. W. Nolan & Co.; C. W. Nolan, men's, women's, children's clothing, furnishing goods; Wallick.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; Miss R. Rosenberg, muslin underwear, corsets; E. H. Ella, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; J. C. Mizer, notions, ribbons, jewelry, drugs; 404 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gilbert Corset Co.; A. C. Gilbert, corsets; Breslin.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—W. J. Moreland, housefurnishing goods, toys, trunks, bags; Herald Square.
OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—John B. Tyo & Sons Co.; H. C. Tyo, dry goods; Imperial.
OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; T. D. Reagan, notions, jewelry; 200 5th Av.; Flanders.
OMAHA, Neb.—Thompson, Belden & Co.; W. W. P. Horne, linens, white goods; York.
PLATTSBURG, N. Y.—Dengate & Lemieux; W. H. Dengate, ready-to-wear; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—Haber-Weiss Co.; L. E. Weiss, manufactures silk and cotton waists; Breslin.
PITTSBURGH—Bee Hive Carpet Store; J. R. Thompson, carpets; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; C. W. Schwartz, toys; G. A. Palmer, silks; 1,140 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Keystone Cloak and Suit Co.; R. Lewenson, wholesale cloaks, suits; 1,161 B'way.
PORT HURON, Mich.—J. B. Sperry Co.; J. B. Sperry, ready-to-wear; Ansonia.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; A. R. Palmer, toys, sporting goods; 432 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Rosendale Bros.; S. Rosendale, millinery; Flanders.
RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufman & Co.; F. B. Lockett, flowers, feathers; 353 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers Co.; W. T. Mitchell, trunks, bags, housefurn. goods; 470 4th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—Keith, O'Brien Co.; W. W. Hills, rugs; 116 West 32d.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—Miss Helen Cox, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
SANDUSKY, Ohio—Mrs. S. Weiner, ready-to-wear millinery; Albert.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Abrahms & Co.; J. A. Abrahmson, Spring coats, suits, dresses; Room 500, 1,170 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; C. Hass, art goods, china; 15 East 26th.
SCOTTSDALE, Penn.—B. Miller & Bros.; B. Miller, men's, women's clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
SHREVEPORT, La.—I. Kupperman, dry goods, clothing; Broadway Central.
SHELBYVILLE, Ky.—M. Rubin, general mdse.; McAlpin.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—J. Bresmer Co.; W. R. Hayes, notions, fancy goods; J. H. Rayhill, housefurnishings; G. O. McKenzie, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—C. H. Heer Dry Goods Co.; E. H. Drake, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway; Arlington.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Hirsch Bros. D. G. Co.; Miss M. Schahfer, millinery; 44 East 23d.
ST. LOUIS—N. Friedman & Sons Cloak Co.; S. L. Friedman, children's Fall coats; 40 West 22d.
ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans; G. A. Searle, china, glassware; 220 5th Av.; Longacre.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—E. W. Edwards & Son; Miss L. Tracy, millinery; McAlpin.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—S. Burdick & Sons; I. Burdick, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
TOLEDO—Lamson Bros. Co.; C. W. Knowlton, wool dress goods; 220 5th Av.; Latham.
TROY—H. Sacks; Miss Gilbert, millinery; 1,190 Broadway.
TROY, Ala.—S. M. Mittenthal, ready-to-wear; 35 West 32d.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht & Co.; M. Kaufman, skirts, shirtwaists; Martinique.
WASHINGTON, Penn.—A. B. Caldwell Co.; A. B. Caldwell, ready-to-wear, gen'l mdse.; 44 East 23d.
WATERTOWN, N. Y.—F. A. Empsall & Co.; H. F. Joy, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.
WICHITA, Kan.—Johnston & Larimer D. G. Co.; J. E. Osborne, notions, hosiery, ribbons, laces, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.
WORCESTER, Mass.—I. Friedman & Drucker; M. Drucker, manufactures cotton waists; Breslin.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. L. Fordyce & Co.; Miss M. Laughlin, millinery; 404 4th Av.

DRY GOODS BUSINESS HEAVY

Volume of Sales Larger Than in Same Week a Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"The current wholesale distribution of dry goods for the week is ahead of the heavy volume of the corresponding period of a year ago. The volume of road sales for both immediate and future delivery is larger than in the same week of 1917. Customers have been in the market in about the same numbers. The market on domestic cotton continues strong. Collections are normal."

BRITISH IMPORTS GROW.

Total Shows $42,325,000 Increase, but Less Food Arrives.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Board of Trade figures for January show an increase in imports as compared with the corresponding month last year of £8,465,000 and a decrease in exports of £5,194,000.

Imports of raw materials, metal manufactured articles, and miscellaneous commodities increased by £13,000,000, but food imports decreased by £6,000,000. The decrease in exports was mainly in manufactured goods.

Are Worrying About Their Yarns.

If makers of the better grades of men's and women's silk hosiery were half as certain of getting their yarns as they are of getting orders for the completed merchandise, quite a few of their worries would be over. One of the best-known manufacturers in the country expressed the opinion yesterday that, not only was the day not far distant when an import tax would be put on raw silk coming into this country, but that receipts from Japan would be seriously curtailed by shipping agreements between the American and Japanese Governments to devote all the available tonnage in the Pacific to things vital to the carrying on of the war. The scarcity of fine Australian wool yarns also is a perplexing factor, most of the wool now coming from there being too coarse to spin for use in fine silk and wool hose.

Army & Navy

Officers' Dispatch Cases, Bedding Rolls, Clothing Rolls, Silk Hat Cords, Sheep Lined Army Coats. Uniforms.

Universal Trading Co.
220 Fourth Ave. New York City.

COTTON FABRICS
Chuck, Davis & Co.
13-15 West 20th St., New York

The Premier Carpet House of America.
ROBBINS BROTHERS
Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums,
12 West 23d Street, New York.

FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
WORMSER & COMPANY,
95 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

THE BENTLEY-FRANKLIN
TRADE ARTAMO MARK
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
PACKAGE LINE
HAS BEEN BOUGHT BY
G. REIS & BRO., Inc.,
AND NOW ON DISPLAY AT
894 BROADWAY, COR. 20TH ST

'BEST BY TEST'
U. S. CLOTH CUTTING MACHINE CO., INC.
414-416 W. B'way, N. Y.
Phone 9296-9297 Spring.

Auctions. Auctions.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, AUCTIONEERS,
1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

RECEIVERS' SALE

C. P. No. 3. Dec. Term, 1917. No. 3329. Lifter vs. The Earle Store,

STORE FIXTURES & EQUIPMENT
OF THE
EARLE DEPARTMENT STORE
N. W. Cor. 10th and Market Streets, Philadelphia
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday & Friday,
February 26-27-28 and March 1, 1918,
At 10 A. M. Each Day, on the Premises.

The sale comprises the entire fixtures of the Earle Store, which took over both the Blum Department Store and Berg Bros. Department Store at 10th & Market Streets, occupying almost the entire block, with a seven-story building. The fixtures are mahogany throughout. The sale includes the office equipment, decorating department, electrical department and machine shop, as well as the store fixtures.

The store fixtures themselves are modern, and those in the Blum Store are especially handsome, all having been made to order within the last few years.

NOTE—The equipment of the Delivery Department, comprising 27 automobiles and various other accessories, will take place at the Garage, 827-29 N. Taney Street, on Thursday, February 21, 1918, at 10 A. M.

By order of Jules E. Mastbaum,
John A. McCarthy,
John K. Wilson,
Receivers.

STERN & WOLF, Esqs.,
Attys. for Receivers,
Real Estate Trust Building,
Philadelphia.

This sale, comprising over 2,500 lots, is probably the most important sale of store fixtures ever held in America.

Catalogues mailed upon application to
SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, Auctioneers,
1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323 P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal.

US<Beller.
Same<Hoffman.
Same<Costafusas.
Same<McNaughton.
Same<Duffy.
Same<Hampton.
Same<Silverstein.
Same<Whalen.
Same<Boettjer.
Same<Duell.
Same<Sesto.
Same<Shulman.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323 P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Bankruptcy trial.

Re Hamilton Bank Note Engraving & Printing Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Pflugar, respt., v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co., aplt.; People ex rel. Park Row Realty Co., aplt., v. Saxe and others, State Tax Comrs., &c., respts.—Motions for rearguments denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Martyn, respt., v. N. Y. Dock Co., aplt.; Chrostiel, as admx., &c., respt., v. N. Y. C. & C. R. Co., aplt.; Helderberg Cement Co., respt., v. Intercontinental Const. Corp., aplt.; Manning, respt., v. Callahan, indiv., &c., aplt., and others, defts.-respts.; Livingston Radiator and Mfg. Co., aplt., v. Morton Truck and Tractor Co., respt.; re petition Thompson, executor, &c., will of Potts, dec'd; Brackett, respt., v. Fleitmann, aplt.—Motions for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Hickok, respt., v. Gantley and another, aplts.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

McCalmont, as executrix, &c., aplt., v. Farson and others, respts.—Motion to withdraw appeal granted.

People, respt., v. Berg, aplt.—Motion for assignment of counsel granted and Alvah E. Burlingame, Jr., and Mortimer W. Byers assigned as counsel.

Kent, respt., v. Erie R. R. Co., aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

Re application Pub. Serv. Com., 1st Dist., relative acquiring title to certain land in Borough of Brooklyn; re Redner, for compensation, respt., v. Faber & Son, empl., &c., aplts.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

The Ballston Refrigerating Storage Co., respt., v. N. Y. C. & C. R. Co., aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal denied, $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements. Permission to appeal not necessary. (See Sect. 190 of the code of civil procedure.)

Peo. respt., v. Stoppani, aplt.—Judgement affirmed.

Robinson Co., aplt., v. Security Mutual Life Ins. Co., respt.

Kane, respt., v. Erie Railroad Co., aplt.; Litchfield Const. Co., aplt., v. City of N. Y., respt.; Swanck, respt., v. Northern Central Railway Co., aplt.; Kollarcik, aplt., v. Saltz Textile Mfg. Co., respt.—re Bridge Three-Cent Line, respt., v. Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co., et al., aplts.; Regan, respt., v. City of N. Y., aplt.; Ammanna, aplt., v. Village of Mt. Kisco, respt.; Schultz, aplt., v. McCrea, and ano., respts., and ano., defts.—Judgments affirmed with costs.

Peo. ex rel., Elmira Advertiser Assn., aplt., v. Gorman, Clerk of Board of Supervisors, &c., respts.—Appeal dismissed with costs.

Peo. ex rel., Fitzgerald, aplt., v. Voorhis, and ors., Board of Elections, City of New York, respts.—Order affirmed.

Peo. ex rel., Peck, aplt., v. Voorhis and ors., Board of Elections, City of New York.—Order affirmed on authority of Peo. ex rel., Fitzgerald v. Voorhis and ors., decided herewith.

Matter petition White and ors., aplts., for peremptory writ of mandamus v. Voorhis and others, Board of Elections, City of New York, respts.—Order affirmed on authority of Peo. ex rel., Fitzgerald v. Voorhis &c., decided herewith.

Cream of Wheat Co., aplt. v. The Arthur H. Crist Co., respt., action No. 1—Judgment reversed and judgment ordered for plaintiff for the sum of $749 with interest from the date of the commencement of action with costs in all courts. Action No. 2, judgments reversed and judgment ordered for plaintiff for the sum of $1,137.34 with interest from the date of the commencement of the action with costs of trial term and of App. Div. on the authority of decision in Action No. 1 between the same parties decided herewith.

O'Rourke, respt., v. McMullen-Snare & Triest Co., Inc., aplt.—Judgement affirmed with costs.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Joseph Schenker, respt., v. Rita P. Schenker, applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs to appellant, and new trial ordered. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

People ex rel. Postal Telegraph-Cable Co., respt., v. State Board of Tax Commissioners and City of New York, applts.—Order reversed, assessments confirmed, and writ dismissed, with costs to intervenor. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

Flinn Realty Co., applt., v. Charter Construction Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Milton Schnaier, applt., v. Bradley Contracting Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant, to abide event. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Joseph Marrone, applt., v. City of New York, respt.—Judgment and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Cuatotolapam Sugar Co., respt., v. George Fuss, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph Sheridan, respt., v. Mary J. King, applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant, to abide event, on the ground that the finding as to plaintiff's freedom from contributory negligence was against the weight of evidence. Order filed.

Superior Lamp Mfg. Co., respt., v. Max Beisler, applt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Karczag Publishing Co., respt., v. Shubert Theatrical Co. et al.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and demurrer sustained, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Martin J. Hogan, respt., v. Samuel Thern, applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant, to abide event, as against the weight of evidence. Order filed.

Arthur S. Luria, respt., v. Charles H. De Witt, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

New York Central R. R. Co., applt., v. De Winter & Co., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Peter Carroll, an infant, respt., v. Olin J. Stephens, Inc., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Patrick Carroll v. same.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Simon Liebowitz et al., respts., v. Hudson Navigation Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Dorothy A. Mason, respt., v. Frank G. Butler, impld., &c., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Jacob A. Kirsch, applt., v. Pacific Commercial Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Rocco Leggiardo, respt., v. Mutual Benefit Society, &c., et al., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Matter of Herbert S. Sisson, as Commr., respt., re Trandafir Barbuleany, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Hannah Goldsmith, respt., v. Rose Haskell et al., impld., applts.—Judgment reversed, with costs to appellants. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Harold H. Hackett, pltff., v. Bell Operating Co., deft.—Judgment ordered for defendant, with costs. Opinion by Smith, J. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Morris Knobel et al., respts.-applts., v. London Guarantee and Accident Co., Ltd., applt.-respt.—Judgment modified as stated in opinion, and as modified affirmed. Opinion by Davis, J. Settle order on notice.

Andrew A. Murdoch, respt., v. Max S. Grifenhagen, applt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. (Dowling and Davis, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Co., respt., v. Dora Lichtenstein et al., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

The People, &c., respt., v. Frank Reilly, applt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

John J. Storch, respt., v. Winfield H. Mapes Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Peter Stanton, respt., v. Andrew E. Kalbach, as receiver, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John A. Kingsbury, Commissioner, respt., v. Jeremiah O'Neill, applt.—Order reversed and proceeding dismissed. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Joseph E. Corrigan, respt., v. Bobbs-Merrill Co., impld., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $25,000; in which event the judgment as so modified and the order appealed from are affirmed, without costs. (Laughlin, J., dissenting and voting for reversal on the ground that it was error to refuse defendant's fifteenth request to charge.) Settle order on notice.

Samuel Elsberger, respt., v. Castle Waist & Garment Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed as against the weight of evidence and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Order filed.

Harry T. Schachne, applt., v. Farron S. Betts, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Margaret T. Hunt, respt., v. Charles Frohman, Inc., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $100; in which event the judgment as so modified and the order appealed from are affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Max Richter, respt., v. Horn Hardart Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed as against the weight of evidence and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Order filed.

Matter of Frieda M. Young, deceased.—Decree modified as stated in opinion and as modified affirmed, with costs to all parties appearing and filing briefs in this court payable out of the estate. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

William E. Conley, applt., v. Max Fine, respt.—Determination reversed and judgment of Municipal Court affirmed, with costs to appellant in this court and the Appellate Term. Opinions by Scott and Davis, JJ. (Davis, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

William F. Titus et al., applts., v. Clara D. DuBois, impld., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Abraham Gershel et al., respts., v. Hickson, Inc., et al., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Louis M. Sigall, respt., v. Charles Nicoll, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Fort Dearborn Nat. Bank, respt., v. McArthur Bros. Co. et al., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Kathryn Kamien, as admx., applt., v. Frederick Frick, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Jacque Fargeon, respt., v. Yndalecio S. Gavito, applt.—Order modified by granting the motion on condition only that defendant within five days pays the taxable costs and disbursements of the action, with $10 costs of motion, and that on paying such costs defendant be given leave to answer within said time, the judgment herein to stand as security; as so modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Thomas C. Dougherty, respt., v. American Clay Machinery Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Cora Everett, respt., v. Saugerties and New York Steamboat Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Brooklyn Majestic Theatre Co., applt., v. Vitagraph Co. of America, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

J. F. Tapley Co., applt., v. Emil Newmann et al. In re John T. Wortman et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Same v. same.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Knit Goods Exchange, Inc., respt., v. Daniel Krasney et al., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements; time for examination to proceed to be fixed in order. No opinion. Order filed.

Parodi, Erminio & Co., applt., vs. Francesco Bertolli et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

John Triesner, respt., vs. Wilhelmina S. Triesner, applt.—Order affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Isaac Schneierson, respt., vs. Mass. Bonding & Ins. Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Times Square Auto Co., respt., v. Motor Car Equipment Co., applt.—Appeal dismissed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

William R. Sainsbury, respt., v. Central Mfrs. Mutual Ins. Co., applt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted with $10 costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Sanitary Wet Wash Laundry Co., applt., v. Sam Sinitar, respt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Norbert Hartley, applt., v. Hartley Silk Co., impld., respt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Abigail H. Bishop, respt., v. James C. Bishop, applt.—Appeal dismissed with $10 costs and disbursements on the ground that the order is not appealable under Section 2058 Code Civ. Pro. (See People v. Duryea, 188 N. Y., 440.) Order filed.

Morris J. Hirsch v. Louis Kaplan. Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Felix De Lucca v. Harvey T. Andrews et al.—Motion denied with $10 costs. Order filed.

Archibald Palmer v. Alphonse Buehler.—Motion denied with $10 costs. Order filed.

Fanny Rader v. Leo J. Rader.—Motion granted with $10 costs. Order filed.

People v. Frank Carbone.—Motion granted. Order filed.

People v. Esther Leit.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Philip Leschnick vs. N. J. Fidelity and Plate Glass Ins. Co.—Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Eugene Saxe v. J. Calvin Bogert. Application denied with $10 costs. Order signed.

Bogue-Wensley Lead Co. v. Paul Wenger.—Application denied, with $10 costs, and stay vacated. Order signed.

Eliza Schwartz v. Jacob L. Lissner.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Sidney B. Klee v. Postal Life Ins. Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Frederick C. Turner v. Nelson Hiss.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Jacob Klinger v. Jacob H. Cohen.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Jerry R. Beggs v. N. Y. Central R. R. Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Irving Wolf v. Aetna Accident & Liability Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Dominick G. Riley v. Samuel P. Tull.—Application granted. Order signed.

John M. Leddy v. Robert H. Ernest.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

W. Edson Andrews v. Cosmopolitan Bank.—Application granted. Order signed.

J. George Stacey v. George W. Meyer.—Application granted. Order signed.

Hugh J. Reilly v. Frank Steinhart.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Henry M. Neary v. George J. Gould.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

City of N. Y. v. Nat. Surety Co. et al.; same v. same.—Motions denied, with $10 costs. Orders filed.

Hugh N. Jones v. Daniel P. Bergheimer.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

N. Y. Inst. for Deaf & Dumb v. City of N. Y.—Motion granted; questions certified. Order filed.

Morris May v. Hettrick Bros. Co.—Motion granted; questions certified. Order filed.

City of N. Y. v. Bklyn Hts. RR. Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Elsie B. Rosenbusch v. Ambrosia Milk Corp.—Motion granted; question certified. Order filed.

Knight & De Micco v. Frederick N. Lewis.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Max Rubin v. Samuel G. Siegel.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Alan G. Colcord v. Banco de Tamaulipas.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Mervyn Wolff v. Noel J. de Vaux et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Emanuel Tietz v. Edward J. Dunbar.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

People ex rel. Abigail H. Bishop v. James C. Bishop.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Mercedes Z. Bazan v. Miguel D. Perez.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Helen M. Hancock v. Herbert E. Hancock.—Motion granted as stated in order. Order filed.

Re Samuel F. Paul, deceased.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Re Herman L. Roth.—Respondent censured. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II., Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate: Henry N. Ottenberg, Kathryn H. Hanberer.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part 11.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Hotchkiss, J.—Mann. Life Ins. Co.<Hammerstein—Franklin H. Mills.

SUPREME COURT — Whitaker, J.—Kernochan<Pollock—Robert F. Wagner. Re Smith—Charles M. O'Keefe. Union Sq. Sav. Bank<Pier—Robert L. Luce. Brozik<Brozik—Edward D. Dowling. Purdy<Edelson—David L. Weil. Re Sullivan, (Flagler) Robert F. Wagner. Morgan, Jr.<Steuer—Schuyler E. Day. The Wheeler Syndicate, Inc.<Mathewson—James M. Vincent.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Wortman<Edwards Leasehold, Inc.—Philip J. Sinnott.

SUPREME COURT — Lehman, J.—Davis<Bull—Edgar J. Nathan, Jr.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Hall<Effinger et al—Lester M Friedman. Corn Exchange Bank<Pilkington and another—Douglas Mathewson. City of New York<Herzog et al—Julius D Tobias.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J.—Goldspinner<Union Railway Co of N Y C—Edward R Koch.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.

DECISIONS.

E. Martin, respt., v. A. Baumann, aplt.—Motion denied.

The People, &c., ex rel., P. Goldfarb, aplt., v. J. J. Gargan, &c., respt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied and stay granted.

C. V. Barker respt., v. C. J. Barker et al., aplts., and others, defts.—Judgment affirmed with costs to pltf.-respt.

J. Corrigan, respt., v. Green Fuel Economizer, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and complaint dismissed with costs.

W. M. Graeber, respt., v. G. M. Ehrgott, aplt., impleaded with others.—Interlocutory judgment reversed, demurrer sustained, and judgment dismissing the complaint directed with costs, with permission to pltf. to amend his complaint within 20 days on payment of costs.

M. M. Gugel, pltf., D. E. Atchinson, aplt., v. E. S. and J. F. Hiscox, respt.; D. E. Hiscox Atchinson, as exrx., &c., aplt.—Judgment affirmed without costs.

L. Hodgson, respt., v. the Preferred Accident Ins. Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs.

W. A. Case & Sons Mfg. Co. v. Young Imp. Corp., and S. Brill, respts., and others defts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with a single bill of costs.

In re proceedings supplementary to execution, &c., I. N. Street, respt., v. M. Street, and others, aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

In re proving the last will and testament of W. Titus, decd.—Decree of Surrogate's Court of Nassau County affirmed, with costs.

T. Kerane, respt., v. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

I. Klein, an infant, &c., respt., v. Manhattan Steam Bakery and H. Hueg, aplts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

A. Klein, respt., v. the same.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

F. E. McCahill, respt., v. N. Musante, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

B. McGoldrick, respt., v. Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban R. R., aplt.—Judgment of the County Court of Kings County reversed and new trial ordered. Costs to abide the event.

J. Titus, indiv. and as exer., &c., of W. Titus, decd., aplt., v. A. L. T. Bassi et al., respts.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

The Watson Machine Co., respt., v. W. K. P. Baumann, as exer., &c., and R. Seldner, as exer., &c., substituted as parties deft. herein, &c., aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

A. Wilson, respt., v. Huntington R. R. Co., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

APPELLATE DIVISION. — Second Judicial Department.

The order of the United States Fuel Administrator made as to each Monday beginning with Monday, Jan. 21, 1918, and continuing up to and including Monday, March 25, 1918, having been provisionally rescinded, it is hereby

ORDERED, that the order of this court, dated Jan. 24, 1918, directing that, with the exception of the term appointed for ex parte applications, none of the Special and Trial Terms of the Supreme Court in the Second Judicial District should be held on said Mondays and postponing the holding of said terms until the following day, is hereby revoked, vacated, and set aside, beginning on Monday, Feb. 18, 1918; and it is further

ORDERED, that the holding of Special and Trial Terms of the Supreme Court heretofore designated to be held in said Second Judicial District on said Mondays shall be resumed, beginning on Monday, Feb. 18, 1918, until the further order of this court.

Dated, Kings County, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1918.

ALMET F. JENKS,
EDWARD B. THOMAS,
ADELBERT P. RICH,
ABEL E. BLACKMAR,
WILLIAM J. KELLY,
Justices of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, Second Judicial Department.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Last Week Showed a Slight Excess of Declines in Them.

Not only were there fewer fluctuations in wholesale commodities prices this week than for some time, according to Dun's list, but for the first time in quite a while there was a slight excess of declines. Only 37 in a list of 334 commodities showed the change, and of these 18 were advances. Last week there were 30 advances in a total of 52 changes. The weakness in several foodstuffs prices was one of the features.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on 41 standard commodities this week at this city, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and for the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Beans, mar., choice, 100 lbs.	$15.25	$15.25	$12.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.08¼	.08½	.10
Coffee, Santos No. 4	.10¼	.10½	.10½
Stand. Brown Sheet., yd.	.21	.21	.11½
Printcloths, 38½-in., 64x60	.13	.12¾	.07¼
Butter, cream. extra, lb	.52	.51½	.45½
Cheese, f.c., held, Spec., lb	.26½	.26	.25½
Eggs, West'n 1sts, doz.	.55½	.55	.45
Apples, evap, choice, lb	.15½	.15½	.08½
Peaches, Cal., dried, lb	.11½	.11½	.08½
Prunes, 30-40 Cal., lb.	.14	.14	.10
Raisins, lb.	.09½	.09½	..
Flour, Spring, 196 lbs.	10.55	10.55	..
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush.	2.25	2.25	1.93
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bush.	1.82¾	1.77¾	1.15¾
Oats, No. 2 white, bush.	1.00½	.99	.70½
Hay, prime tim., 100 lbs.	2.00	2.00	1.15
Hides, Chi., pack, No. 1, lb.	.30	.30	.30
Hides, Chicago, cows, native, lb.	.28	.27	.29½
Leather, hemlock sole, lb	.46	.46	.57
Leather, union backs, lb	.68	.68	.85
Iron, pig, F. No. 2, Philadelphia, ton	34.25	34.25	31.50
Steel billets, Pitts., ton	47.50	47.50	65.00
Copper, Lake, N. Y., lb	.23½		.35
Copper, Electro, N.Y., lb	.23½	.23½	.35
Lead, New York, lb.	.07	.06¾	.09½
Tin, New York, lb.	.85		.51
Pet., ref., gal., in bbl.	.16	.16	.12
Beef, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	8.40	8.50	7.85
Hogs, live, Chi., 100 lbs	15.85	16.50	12.10
Sheep, live, Chi., 100 lbs	9.75	10.00	11.00
Lard, prime, st., Chicago, 100 lbs	25.60	25.85	17.10
Short ribs, loose, 100 lbs	23.67	23.80	15.37
Mess pork, Chi., bbl.	49.00	49.00	33.25
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.08¾	.08¾	.05¼
Rubber, up-river Para, lb	.58	.58	.85
Sugar, fine, gran., 100 lbs	7.45	7.45	6.75
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.27	.27	.19
Tea, Japan, low, lb.	.24	.24	.20
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	2.63	2.63	3.89
Wool, aver. 100, Phila., lb	.754	.754	.379

*Nominal.

Nearly half of this week's changes were confined to the foodstuffs, in which were listed ten declines and only six advances. Four of the latter were in the dairy products, where higher prices were quoted on the best and medium grades of butter, the best grade of cheese, and in the best Western eggs. Nearby fancy eggs dropped for the third week in succession, and are now only 10 cents a dozen higher than at this time last year. The comparative margin on the Western eggs is slightly larger.

One of the week's features was that not a single advance was shown in the major provisions at Chicago. Mess pork did not change, but live beef, hogs and sheep, prime lard and short ribs all were lower in price. No changes were indicated in the list of fresh and dried fruits, and there were fewer price revisions in the vegetables than usual. Rutabaga turnips were quoted higher, but white turnips and onions were lower.

After a week or two of quiet, the leading grades of coffee again went down, but there were no changes in the teas or sugars. The only change in the spice list was a rise in Zanzibar cloves. The price trend in the grains was strongly upward, advances being recorded on corn, malt, oats, rye and malting barley. No price changes were seen in the leather list, but in the hides declines occurred in No. 1 heavy cows and No. 1 buffs.

The combined list for drugs, chemicals, dyesuffs and oils also showed fewer changes than usual. There were but six in all, and only two of these were advances. Features were lacking. In the metals the only fluctuations were a drop in ordinary antimony and a rise in the price of lead. Tallow was cheaper.

The textile lists showed few changes either way, save in the cottons. Fairly active trading and a strong market at Calcutta kept burlap prices here up to recent levels. A pretty good demand and a shortage of many of the most-wanted cottons brought higher prices for these goods. Standard bleached sheetings moved up, and the same was true of brown goods of this construction. The week brought new high record prices to several varieties of unfinished printcloths.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Justice	.07
Alta	.03	Kentuck	.01
Andes	.14	Mexican	.09
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.12
Caledonia	.06	Overman	.01
Challenge Con.	.03	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.04	Savage	.01
Confidence	.07	Seg Belcher	.01
Con. Virginia	.11	Sierra Nevada	.07
Gould & Curry	.01	Union Con.	1.00
Hale & Norcross	.01		

TONOPAH.	
Belmont	3.12½
Cashboy	.09
Jim Butler	.60
MacNamara	.15
Midway	.08
Mizpah	.06
Monarch Pitts.	.06
Montana	.11
North Star	.05
Rescue	.09
Tonopah Divide	.71
Tonopah Ext.	1.50
West	.80
West Tonopah	.15
GOLDFIELD.	
Atlanta	.10
Booth	.03
Florence	.13
Goldfield Cons.	.39
Goldfield Merger	.03
Great Bend	.05
Jumbo Ext.	.14
Kewanas	.07
Silver Pick	.04
Spearhead	.04
MANHATTAN.	
Consolidated	.11
Morning Glory	.10
Union Alamg	.05
White Caps	.47
OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Packard	.20
Rochester	.30
Round Mountain	.24
United Eastern	4.00

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¼	5	Granite	41	50
Dr. J'k Pot	3⅝	5	Isabella	6	7¼
Elkton	5	8	McKinney	6	10
El Paso	15	20	Portland	108	115
F'ny Rawl	2	4	Un Gold M	15	15⅝
Gold Cycle	176	180	Vindicator	35½	40
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Dwelling Resold for Sixth Time Since 1912—Columbia College Leasehold Deal.

A demand for dwellings in various parts of the city resulted in the sales yesterday of several residential properties. The five-story house at 38 East Sixty-eighth Street figured in its sixth transaction since 1912, passing eventually into the ownership of Andrew J. Connick and Max Marx, operators. The house was sold in 1912 by William H. Barnard to Stephen C. Clark and then went into the possession, successively, of Frederick Winant, Mrs. Sophie von Brzezicka, Martin T. Manton, and Thomas Bodger, the seller in the present transaction. Since the purchasers are operators it is probable that another sale will shortly be effected.

Further south, the Columbia College leasehold property at 64 West Forty-ninth Street, on a lot 23 by 100.5, was sold for William Ackers by Frank B. Taylor. Extensive alterations for business purposes are planned by the purchaser.

Bronx Sales.

Louis Epstein sold for the Wegaw Company 861 Manida Street, a two-family brick dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, to a client for cash.

George B. Hitchcock of Bogota, N. J., purchased from John Robens 1,540 Hoe Avenue, a two-story frame dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100.

Brooklyn.

The McInerney-Klinck Realty Company sold the six-family brick and limestone apartment house, 2,334 Bedford Avenue, for Walter R. Lusher to a client for investment.

The Artee Realty Corporation, associated with the Realty Trust, sold the one-family semi-detached brick dwelling at 1,536 Forty-third Street to Samuel Strober.

The International Painting Company sold to a client of J. S. Maxwell the one, two, and three story factory buildings at the southeast corner of Conover and Beard Streets. The property measures 40 by 100 by 200 by 20 by irregular, with an "L" extending through to Reid Street. The new owner is a concern in the same line of business, which will occupy the premises.

Marcus Loew Buys Blumenthal Estate at Far Rockaway.

Joseph P. Day sold to Marcus Loew, for Irving and Walter Blumenthal, executors of the estate of Isaac Blumenthal, the Blumenthal residence on the southeast corner of Jarvis Lane and East Jarvis Lane, near Broadway, Far Rockaway. The late Isaac Blumenthal erected the dwelling seven years ago, on a plot of about one acre, for his personal occupancy, at a cost of about $50,000.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Beardsley Realty Company sold to the Alto Holding Company a plot, 109 by 163 feet, on the northeast corner of Dalney Road and the Boulevard, at Jamaica.

W. Walter sold to L. Ulloth a plot, 141 by 132 feet, on the northwest corner of Myrtle and Fosdick Avenues, Glendale.

D. Liman sold to G. Mueller the dwelling on the south side of Jamaica Avenue, 81 feet east of Woodhaven Avenue, Woodhaven.

A. B. Peterson sold to R. A. Evans the dwelling on the east side of Evergreen Street, 160 feet north of Jackson Avenue, Corona.

New Jersey.

William C. Mendel sold to the Franklin Investment Company the dwelling at 679 High Street, Newark, through Feist & Feist. The same brokers also sold 148 Shephard Avenue, a two-family house, to Anthony Sheridan and Walter Butterworth.

The Zerman Realty and Construction Company sold Boulevard Court, northeast corner of the Boulevard and Glenwood Avenue, Jersey City, a five-story apartment, 145 by 91, to Joseph H. Rudiger, who gave in part payment brick flats at 112 to 118 Honnele Avenue; the store building, 309 Central Avenue, Jersey City, and a flat on Eighteenth Street, West New York.

H. C. Carr, who recently purchased an English villa located on Morris Avenue at Mountain Lakes, N. J., has secured from Mountain Lakes, Inc., an additional plot which will be utilized in completing a landscape scheme.

Commercial Leases.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, in conjunction with William H. Whiting & Co., leased for Ralph M. Ward the store, basement, and sub-basement in 25 Murray Street to the Charles Parker Company, located at 32 Warren Street for the last twenty years.

The John Wells Company, dealers in old silver and antiques, for many years at 307 Fifth Avenue, leased for a long term of years from the Centre White Company the store and basement in the new building at 18 East Forty-ninth Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased the entire seventeenth floor of the 42 Broadway Building to the Food Administration Grain Corporation for a term of years from May 1.

Apartment Lease.

Paul D. Cravath has leased, through the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company and Douglas L. Elliman & Co., a large apartment at 270 Park Avenue.

Realty Notes.

The Duross Company negotiated the sale of the dwelling at 4 East Twelfth Street for Mary Bussing to Samuel Marcus. The buyer will alter the house into studio apartments at a cost of about $15,000.

The meeting of the Federation of Bronx Real Estate Owners has been called for Monday evening, Feb. 18, at 8 o'clock, at the Hunts Point Palace, Southern Boulevard and 163d Street.

The J. Romaine Brown Company has been appointed managing agent of all the properties owned by Samuel Borchardt, who last week purchased the northwest corner of West End Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Samuel Marx.

Ridge St, 93, w s, 72.11 ft s of Rivington St, 30x50.7, five-story tenement and stores; C. T. Kissel against Meyer Greenberg et al.; F. L. Crocker, attorney; amount due, $20,572.01; taxes, &c., $550; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Henry Brady.

Rogers Place, 986, e s, 17.5 ft s of 165th St, 30x78.11x23.9x74.1, one-story frame dwelling and two-story frame rear building; A. S. Best et al. against J. M. Markham et al.; Arrowsmith & D., attorneys; amount due, $2,287.26; taxes, &c., $78; to the plaintiff for $2,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

177th St, s s, from Bronx River to N. Y., W. & B. R. R., 7 frame sheds, total size 12x56, canal 10x250; Estate of W. W. Astor, 23 West 26th St, owner; Bronx Exposition Co., Inc., H. H. McGarvie, President, lessee; F. M. Williams, 541 West 123d St, architect; total cost, $1,000.

Bank St, 108, for a one-story brick garage and stable, 35x140; Greenwich Associates, Inc., 26 West 31st St, owner; V. H. Koehler, 2 Columbus Circle, architect; cost, $9,000.

Avenue B, 358, for a one-story pump house, 18x18; Consolidated Gas Co., 130 East 15th St, owner; cost, $900.

Macomb's Place, w s, 153d to 154th St, for a one-story garage, 228x irregular; A. Oppenheimer et al, 170 Broadway, owners; A. L. Libman, 112 West 46th St, architect; cost, $80,000.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

72d St, 101 West, to a six-story apartment, &c.; Corn Exchange Bank, 13 William St, owner; J. F. Burrowes, 410 West 34th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, FEB. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CATHARINE ST, e s, 23x104.4x23x100.2; Esther Silver to Nathan Silver, 81 Broome St, all liens, Feb. 14; attorney, J. I. Berman, 346 Broadway..........$100

CHRYSTIE ST, 118, e s, 75.5 ft s of Broome St, 25x100, foreclosure Feb. 14, 1918; John H. Rogan, referee, to Morris Jacoby, 285 Central Park West, Feb. 15; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway..........$21,000

CONVENT AV, 81-83, s e corner of 129th St, runs s e 113.8x s 45.4x w 73.6 and again w 14.9 to avenue x n 58.8 to beginning; Lawrence Holding Co. to Leonidas Realty Corp., 84 5th Av, bond and security, c. a. g., Feb. 13; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway..........$100

HOUSTON ST, 171, s s, 66 ft s e of Congress St, 21.10x75.8; Houston St, 173, s s, 44 ft s e of Congress St, 22x75.5; Francis L. Margesson to Margesson Realty Corp., 32 Liberty St, Jan. 7; attorneys, Breed, A. & M., 32 Liberty St..........$100

LAIGHT ST, 30, n s, 27x175 to s s of Vestry St; Laight St, 30, n s, 140.6 ft w of Varick St, a strip 1.4x175 to s s of Vestry St; Francis L. Margesson to Margesson Realty Corp., 32 Liberty St, b. and s, all liens, Jan. 7; attorneys, Breed, A. & M., 32 Liberty St..........$100

LEXINGTON AV, 139, e s, 16.9 ft n of 29th St, 16.4x85; Thos. A., and Amelia S. King to Eliz S. Harvie, 10 Jones St., Jersey City, b. and s.; attorney, Jos. F. Stier, 11 Broadway..........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Eliz S. Harvie to Amelia S., and Thos. A. King, 139 Lexington Av, b. and s., c. a. g.; attorney, same..........$1

MADISON AV, 269, e s, 56 ft n of 39th St, 28.5x100; Francis L. Margesson to Margesson Realty Co., 32 Liberty St., b. and s., Jan. 7; attorneys, Breed, A. & M., 32 Liberty St..........$100

MADISON AV, n e corner 84th St, 102.2x125; Gladys W. Ziegler to Princeton Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, Feb. 12; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$1

MADISON AV, n w corner 82d St, 204.4x69; Princeton Construction Co. to Gladys W. Ziegler, 525 Park Av, mtg $625,000; attorneys, Swan, M., & D., 31 Liberty St.$100

MONROE ST, 98, n s, 185 ft e of Pike St, 25x100, (foreclosure Feb. 5, 1918;) Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to Herman Gotthelf, 30 East 126th St, Feb. 14; attorney, A. F. Silverstone, 150 Nassau St..........$15,000

OLD BROADWAY, 37 and 39, e s, 85 ft s of 130th St, 40.1x100.1, foreclosure Feb. 5, 1918; Algernon S. Norton, referee, to Albany Savings Bank, 20 North Pearl St., Albany, N. Y., Feb. 14; attorneys, Zabriskie, S., K. & G., 49 Wall St.....$33,000

PEARL ST, 33, n s, 92 ft e of Whitehall St, 34.6x86 to s s of Bridge St, No. 22, x35.1x96.4; Percy Kent to Percy Kent Co., on the premises, mtg $42,000, b. and s., c. a. g., Feb. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

2D AV, 512, e s, 25.9 ft s of 29th St, 25.3x75; David Vogel to Clajaca, Inc., 198 Broadway, mtg $21,000, Oct. 20, 1917..........$1

7TH AV, w s, 24.11 ft n of 131st St, 25x75; Richard J. Brown to Marion A. Daniels, 104 West 132d St, mtg $18,500, Feb. 5; attorney, —— Wainwright, 4 West 132d St..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Marion A. Daniels to Shiloh Baptist Church, 2,226 7th Av, mtg $19,800, Feb. 6; attorney, same..........$100

11TH ST, 217 to 221 West, n w corner of Waverley Place, 60x80; Martha Building Corporation to Samuel Lipman, 1,082 Forest Av, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, mtg $72,000, Feb. 4; attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith, 35 Nassau St..........$100

12TH ST, 508 East, s s, 133 ft e of Av A, 37.6x103.3; Beni Faden to Louis Raveh, 220 West 111th St, mtg $57,000, Feb. 14; attorney, S. G. Litwin, 233 Broadway...$100

13TH ST, s s, 235 ft w of 2d Av, 21.5x103.3; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Biagio Collura, 2,421 Prospect Av, Bronx, all liens, Feb. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

27TH ST, 323 East, n s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 25x98.9; Martha Building Corp. to James McElroy, 322 East 28th St, mtg $10,000, all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$350

31ST ST, 423 West, n s, 325 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Adolph H. Urban to Frederick Von Lumm, 504 10th Av, and another, mtg $16,000, all liens, Dec. 21, 1917; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

36TH ST, 517 West, n s, 250 ft w of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Rosemary Realty Co. to Jas. Allegar, 198 1st Av, mtg $7,000, Feb. 14; attorney, Peter A. Lauria, Times Building, Broadway and 42d St..........$100

58TH ST, 237 East, n s, 155 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.4; Eugene L. Barnard and another, executors, &c., to Anna H. Nauss, 17 East 94th St, one-half part; Edwin F. Heerlein, one-fourth part, and Frederick B. Heerlein, 750 Melrose Av., Bronx, one-fourth part, mtg $15,000, Jan. 16; attorneys, Steiner & Petersen, 309 Broadway..........$26,000

100TH ST, 61 East, n s, 150 ft w of Park Av, 30x100.11, foreclosure Dec. 27, 1917; Walter W. Irwin, ref., to Halsey K. Smith, 2,460 De Voe Terrace, Bronx, trustee, Feb. 11; attorney, E. S. Church, 41 Park Row..........$20,000

115TH ST, 18 West, s s, 265 ft w of 5th Av, 20x100.11; Lazarus Levy to X-LNT Garage Co., Inc., 1-5 part, Feb. 13; address, L. Levy, 128 West 118th St..........$1

134TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Mary Newman to Louis Newman, 758 Tinton Av, and Adolph Newman, 131 Bridge St, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, mtg $13,000, June 15, 1914; attorney, Anton Siegel, 4 Barclay St..........$200

137TH ST, 247 West, n s, 506 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; Alice G. Opper to Charlotte Stoefel, 127 West 76th St, mtg $15,000, Feb. 15; attorney, John Reid, Jr., 31 Nassau St..........$1

145TH ST, 418 West, s s, 117 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11; Michael J. Leonard to Gregor Landes, 25 West 42d St, mtg $5,500, Feb. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

Bronx.

GARDEN ST, n s, 24.8 ft w of Prospect Av, runs w 50x n 100x e 84.2x s e 42.8x s 60.10; Hugh F. McLaughlin, ref., to City of New York, Feb. 7; attorney, Corporation Counsel. $600

GLOVER ST, 1,529; Hedwig Lich to May Schroder, 302 West 95th St, Feb. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

HILL AV, n e corner 233d St, 95x50x105.9x51.1; Land Co. C of Edenwald to Thos. P. Hickie, 3,901 Seton Av, Oct. 26. 1917; attorney, R. B. Alling, 149 Broadway..........$100

HOE AV, 1,540, e s, 25x100; John Hobens to Geo. B. Hitchcock, Bogota, N. J., Feb. 4; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

MOTT AV, n w corner 150th St, 100x90 to alleyway; Mott Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church to N. Y. Society of Methodist Episcopal Church, 150 5th Av, Feb. 14; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St. Order of Court.

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,142; Serafino Albanese to Kath. Hanrahan, 1,142 St. Lawrence Av, Feb. 14, mtg. $3,500; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 148th St and Willis Av..........$1

TREMONT AV, s s, 138.2 ft e of Bryant Av, runs w 52.9x s 2.11x w 26.11x s 75x e 79.8x n 80.8; County Mtg Co. to Lillian-Tremont Realties Co., 911 East 218 St, Feb. 13; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St..........$100

WHITLOCK AV, n e corner of Tiffany St, 100x134.2x100.4x142.3; Rosen-Crans Realty Co., Inc., to Square Deal Garage Co., Inc., 55 Liberty St; mtg $19,500, Feb. 14; attorneys, Geo. Rosenmann, 55 Liberty St..........$100

178TH ST, n s, 1.4 ft e of Bryant Av, 58.7x61.2x—x64.11; Hugh F. McLaughlin, ref., to City of New York, Feb. 7; attorney, Corporation Counsel..........$600

202D ST, 245 East, n s, 25x100; Patrick M. Burke to George Bender, 1,282 Fulton Av, Feb. 7; attorneys, Maerkle & M., 233 Broadway..........$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CHRYSTIE ST, 118, e s, 75.5 ft s of Broome St, 25x100, Feb. 15; Morris Jacobs to Albert G. Morgenstern, 783 5th Av, 5 years; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway. $23,000

GRAND ST, n s, 24.9 ft e of Centre Market, 72.3x75.2x irregular; Teffer Realty Co. to Martin Vogel, at Hotel Ritz-Carlton, and another, due Aug. 13, 1920, prior mtg $75,000; M. Vogel, 111 Broadway..........$5,000

MADISON AV, n e corner of 84th St, 102.2x125, Feb. 14; Princeton Construction Co. to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$120,000

SAME PROPERTY, Feb. 13; same to Augustus Van Cortlandt, Sharon, Conn., due Aug. 1, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $120,000; attorney, same..........$80,000

13TH ST, 234 East, s s, 235 ft w of 2d Av, 21.5x103.3, Feb. 14; Biagio Collura to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$10,000

22D ST, 261-265 West, n s, 225 ft e of 8th Av, 56.3x98.9, Feb. 15; Gold Theatre Corp. to Isaac Marx, 490 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$65,000

71ST ST, s s, 165 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.5, Feb. 15; James K. Hackett to Alfred I. du Pont, Wilmington, Del., due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $15,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$7,500

145TH ST, 418 West, s s, 117 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11, Feb. 15; Gregor Landes to Michael J. Leonard, 538 West 38th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $5,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$2,000

Bronx.

GLEASON AV, n s, at line between Lots 335 and 337, map of Unionport, runs n 108x w 25x s 108x e 25; Ida C. Mapes et al to Wm. H. Booth, 1,413 Fort Schuyler Road, prior mtg $3,250, Feb. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Mapes & R., 370 East 149th St....$500

HOE AV, e s, 375 ft s of 173d St, 25x100; George B. Hitchcock to Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings, 38 Park Row, Feb. 14, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$5,200

PROSPECT AV, 2,137, w s, 22x100; Joseph Fuscaldo to Katie Sturz, 2,809 Beaumont Av, Feb. 14, 5 years; attorney, R. H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av..........$4,000

TREMONT AV, s s, 138.2 ft e of Bryant Av, runs w 52.9x s 2.11x w 26.11x s 75x e 79.8x n 80.8; Lillian-Tremont Realties, Inc., to County Realty Co., 40 Wall St, Feb. 8, three years, 6 p. c., until completion of building, and 5½ p. c. thereafter; attorney, S. G. Thomas, 40 Wall St..........$66,000

3D AV, e s, 127.4 ft n of Julia St, 25x100; Charles N. Mazza to Marie Rieger, 175 West 107th St, prior mtg $7,000, Feb. 15, due as per bond; attorney, E. Rolph, 535 East 177th St..........$3,200

202D ST, 245 East, n s, 25x100; George Bender to Julius Heck, 2,055 3d Av, Feb. 7, due Jan. 1, 1921; attorneys, Maerkle & M., 233 Broadway..........$4,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AVENUE C, n e corner of 3d St, ½ of mtg of $23,000; Clara Klein to Mary Berger, 26 West 88th St; attorney, Charles Horowitz, 115 Broadway..........$5,518

1ST AV, s e corner of 73d St, mtg $12,000, collateral for $5,000; Max Katz and another to Jacob Levy, 1,187 Lexington Av; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$1

3D AV, 1,606, mtg $21,000; Bennett J. King to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$19,000

7TH AV, 2,236, mtg $14,000; American Mortgage Co. to Mary Van B. Vanderpoel, 30 East 53d St; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St..........$11,000

12TH ST, 245-251 West; also Jane St, 10-14, mtg $70,000; John G. Davis to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place......$1

SAME PROPERTY; Farmers Loan and Trust Co. to Leslie M. McCrum, 973 Summit Av, Bronx; attorneys, same..........$1

12TH ST, s s, 62.6 ft e of Avenue C, 20.6x77.6, mtg $4,000; Bernard A. Caffrey, admr., to Matthew J. O'Brien, 420 Willard Av, Brooklyn Manor, L. I.; attorneys, Murray, P. & H., 37 Wall St..........$1

40TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of 3d Av, 25x98.9, mtg $15,003; Isabel B. Tyte, executrix, to Harriet B. Hanfield, at Riverhead, L. I.; attorney, A. Pallister, 233 Broadway..........$1

119TH ST, 79 West; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to George F. Langenbacher, 756 East 18th St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St..........$8,000

126TH ST, 502 West; Johnson & Bullock Co. to Mary Roth, 105 Clinton Av, Newark, N. J.; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 66 Broadway..........$1

Bronx.

BARKER AV, e s, 25 ft n of Lester St, 25x100; Hy. Becker to Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund of the United States of America, 1 and 3 3d Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $2,800

INWOOD AV, 1,829 and 1,831; Minnie Hummel to Joseph Bradley, 1,829 Inwood Av; attorney, Joseph Bradley, 1,829 Inwood Av. $2,500

LOT 56, Block Y, map United Real Estate and Trust Co. et al.; Clara J. Brown to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

LOTS 3, 4, and 5, map of property of William Cooper, Westchester; Eliza H. Roberts, trustee, to Georgia H. Merrill, 49 West 84th St; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St..........$13,000

MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 690 ft e of White Plains Road, 50x1535.10; Annie V. Daly, individually and as guardian, to Andrew Odeano, 1,809 Victor St; attorney, Frank Carlson, 132 Nassau St..........$2,600

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n s, 95 ft w of Brown Place, 100x100; Anna L. Daly to Anthony Doll, 14 Manhattan Av, Westchester Co., N. Y.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$10,000

VALENTINE AV, s w corner of 184th St, 76.6x100; Simon M. Goldsmith to Max Marcus, 505 East 177th St; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 19 Nassau St..........$8,755

WENDOVER AV, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av; Basil Harris to Lawyers Mtg Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St..........$30,000

156TH ST, s s, 212.6 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 37.6x99.8; Harold M. Sill and another, trustees, to Julius Asmus, 529 East 146th St; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av. $26,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 15, upper 4½ floors; Joseph H. Schwartz to Frank A. Campbell, 2,784 Bainbridge Av, 10 years from May 1, 1918; attorneys, Lewis & Schaap, 299 Broadway..........$1,800

CROSBY ST, 49, all; Iversen & Case Realty Co. to George Boiko & Co., 449 Water St, et al., 5 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, L. Joseph, 261 Broadway..........$2,700

2D AV, 2,038, s e corner of 105th St, store and south part of basement; Louis Masbach to Frank La Scalla, 2,038 2d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, J. Guarino, 310 East 105th St..........$1,380

10TH ST, 733 East, all; Joseph Bulova to B. Feinman, 422 East 10th St, 3 years from Nov. 17; attorneys, Bullowa & B., 32 Broadway..........$1,600

27TH ST, 533 and 535 West; also 28th St, 534 and 536 West, all; Parker Realty Co. to Milton Ulmer, 454 Fort Washington Av, 20 years from July 1, 1917; attorneys, Jacobs & Livingston, 20 Broadway; taxes, &c., and int..........$10,200

WEST END AV, 853 and 855, first floor; Margaret J. Abbott to Louis Cohn, on the premises, 2 years from Oct. 1, 1917; address W. P. Mangam, 15 West 44th St.. $1,500

Bronx.

COURTLANDT AV, all; Gustav H. Karnemann to August Hitzel, 712 Courtlandt Av., 5 yrs., from May 1, 1917; attorney, August Hitzel, 712 Courtlandt Av..........$1,224

3D AV, 2,716, 2,718, 2,720, three stores and cellar; Charles Purdy to Martin Thierer, 529 Courtlandt Av., 3 yrs., from March 1, 1918; attorney, Martin Thierer, 529 Courtlandt Av..........$1,260 to $1,440

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

CROSBY ST, 129 and 131; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S. against Leo Schlesinger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Alexander & Green.

ROSE ST, 55; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Clara Bloom et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

3D AV, e s, 40.10 ft s of 110th St, 20x85; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Frederick Binsen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

16TH ST, 608 East; Fanny K. Gregory against Clara S. Dean et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Norwood & Walsh.

31ST ST., East; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Francis H. Ross et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

35TH ST, 433 West; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Joseph J. Fay et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

121ST ST, s s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11; George A. Thayer against Joseph Bruder et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. Roeder.

121ST ST, s s, 275 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Francis K. Thayer against Joseph Bruder et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. Roeder.

Bronx.

UNION AV, e s, 59.2 ft s of 168th St, 25x96.9; Frederick H. Cleaveland against Michele Sasso et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney C. W. H. Arnold.

WASHINGTON AV, 2,082; Virginia Anderson against Mary E. Shea et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Williamson & Bell.

152D ST, s s, 400 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 50x116.6; Harlem Savings Bank against Charles Galewski et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. S. Clinch.

166TH ST, n s, 180 ft e of Union Av, 40x100; East River Savings Institution against John F. Gerken et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. R. Vollmer.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,237 and 1,239, and 6th Av, 502 and 504; Theodore W. Morris & Co. against Walter F. Hopper and Hopaltrum Realty Co., Inc., owners; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., contractors; renewal..........$1,404

BROADWAY, 1,137 and 1,139, and 6th Av, 502 and 504; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., against Walter F. Hopper, owner; Isaac A. Hopper, Inc., contractor; renewal.....$1,472

SAME PROPERTY; Sachary I. Feinberg against Walter F. Hopper and Hopaltrum Realty Co., owners; Isaac A. Hopper, Inc., contracter; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., subcontractors; renewal..........$1,800

EXTERIOR ST, e s, opposite 19th St, 500x40; Fireproof Products Co., Inc., against O. H. Perry & Sons, owners; Clark & Appelman, contractors..........$59

1ST ST, 31 East; Isidore Bill against Jacob Kerner and Philip Levitt, owners; Kerner & Levitt, contractors..........$50

2D AV, 1,111; Benjamin Rosen against Abraham Marks, owner; S. Saslovsky, contractor..........$28

7TH AV, 592 to 596; Milton Schnaier Contracting Corp. against James J. Buckley, owner; Frank J. McCabe, contractor...$326

15TH ST, 7 East; Harry Bader against Society of the Commonwealth Centre, Inc., owner; Clark & Appleman, contractors..$238

20TH ST, 13 and 15 West; Joseph Kurtz against 15 West 20th Co., Inc., owner; Julius Braunstein, contractor..........$110

90TH ST, 129 and 131 West; Arthur Janes Co. against Apartment Equities Corp., owner; Russell H. Kittel, contractor..........$393

99TH ST, 17 West; Robert Cobban & Sons, Inc., against Sarah Brinbaum, owner and contractor..........$545

106TH ST, 212 and 214 East; Benjamin Rosen against Ike Buss, owner; S. Saslavsky, contractor..........$67

110TH ST, 76 and 78 East; Benjamin Rosen against Jacob Rozinski, owner; S. Saslovsky, contractor..........$66

112TH ST, 540 West; Arthur Janes Co. against Katie Wise, owner; Russell H. Kittel, contractor..........$31

114TH ST, 158 West; Melrose Marble Works, Inc., against Katie Schwartz, owner; Joseph Levenson, contractor..........$975

136TH ST, 615 to 619 West; Arthur Janes Co. against Apartment Equities Corp., owner; Russell H. Kittel, contractor..........$51

Bronx.

TIEBOUT AV, e s, 507.8 ft n of 180th St, 63.6x160.1; Mayer Malbin against Tiebout Heights Co., Inc., owner; John J. McDermott Plumbing Co., contractor..........$1,000

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,706 and 1,708; White Excavating Co. against Ford Motor Co., Inc., et al., Jan. 17, 1918..........$266.25

WASHINGTON ST, n w corner Morris St., Colonial Sand & Stone Co., Inc., against Geo. G. DeWitt, et al, Feb. 8, 1918 (by bond)..........$162.84

36TH ST, 517 West; Cohen Bros. against Rose Marie Realty Co., Inc., et al., Aug. 14, 1916..........$115

Bronx.

CORLEAR AV, 3,404; Vincent Valenti against Mary E. Leddy, et al; Dec. 13, 1917..........$85

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Bronx.

TREMONT AV, s s 138.1 ft e of Bryant Av, 52.9x80.6; Comity Mortgage Co. loans Lillian-Tremont Realties, Inc., to erect one five-story apartment (9 payments)..$66,000

Milliners Wanted To Create Millinery in a Paris Atmosphere Right Here in New York

Paris! You hear it and feel its inspiration—the moment you enter the door. Why, our foreign buyer is just back from Paris now!

Wouldn't you like to create millinery in such an atmosphere?

To drink in the mountain pure air (over a hundred feet above the street), to bask in floods of sunshine (windows on all sides), to work in spotless surroundings (the floor scrubbed till it shines)?

And best of all, to express your ideals and dreams (as well as those of Paris) in the finished creations?

If you would like to share these advantages, to break away from the hum-drum of ordinary millinery workrooms, to enjoy our long seasons, to earn a very satisfactory salary under the constant inspiration of Paris, in contact with a genius designer fresh from Paris, communicate at once with the

Superintendent, Gimbel Brothers,
Fifth Floor.

Your application will be treated in strictest confidence, of course.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

DRAINAGE PROBLEMS.

Disposal of Plumbing Wastes satisfactorily solved by our system Water Supply.

HYGIENIC ENGINEERING CO.
10 E. 43rd. Tel. 5084 Vanderbilt

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses

$4,500—For Sale—$6,500

With or Without Garage—Easy Terms. We are builders of cosy 7-Room Homes in Brooklyn on New Subway—that will just suit your taste and pocketbook. Let us send you information and photos. We have something to tell you.

ALCO BUILDING CO.,
217 Broadway. Barclay 4555
Property Office, 22d Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

On Account of Foreclosure

8 Room Colonial House, 2 baths, hot water heat; all street improvements, finest residence New Rochelle. Will sell for $9,250. Worth $12,000.

H. M. OLCOTT, 51 East 42nd St., N. Y.
Phone Murray Hill 2336

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WATERFRONT BUNGALOWS

5 rooms, bath, all improvements; boating, bathing and fishing; all-year home; plot 4,000 square feet of excellent soil; only $200 cash needed. Address ESTATE, 243 West 34th Street. Open evenings until 7 P. M.

¼-ACRE and ½-ACRE PLOTS

Fine soil; best section, near motor parkway; $80 to $160, for speculation or home site; terms to suit. Call or write. EXECUTOR, 243 West 34th Street.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—AT MONTCLAIR

price $19,500, attractive residence, situated in most desirable neighborhood; large central hall with open fire; French glass doors open from hall to library and living room; 6 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, (shower and needle bath;) sun parlor, and sleeping porch; open fireplaces throughout; garage; immediate occupancy. Owner on premises. Address obtainable by telephoning Prospect 3943R, or write N 874 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Lofts 131-133 W. 28th St.
Size 53½x100.
ALSO HALF LOFTS—26.7x100.
Apply
D. BIRDSALL & CO., Inc.,
425 5TH AVE., COR. 38TH ST., OR
PHONE 4281 VANDERBILT.

SMALL STUDIO,
14x17,
NORTH AND SOUTH LIGHT,
suitable for office of any kind.
Lester Studio Building,
Madison Av., 56th and 57th Sts.

133 WEST 72D STREET
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS
Single suite for rent.
INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

BROOKLYN.

STEAM HEATED APARTMENTS

7 rooms, bath, decorated beautifully, $42.50; plenty coal on hand; janitor service. One block Tompkins Ave. Station, Fulton St. "L." Apply 28 McDonough St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

1-2-3 Rooms & Bath.
Elevator, Steam Heat, etc.
39TH ST., NEAR 5TH AVE.
$40—$70—$90.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42nd Street.

SUMMONSES.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED States of America, to VINCENZO SCOCO, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that you personally appear before the Judge of the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New York, in the Second Circuit in Equity, within sixty days after service hereof, wheresoever the said Court shall then be, to answer a bill of complaint exhibited against you in the said Court by the United States of America, and to do further and receive what the said Court shall have considered in that behalf. And this you are not to omit under the penalty on you of two hundred and fifty dollars.

Witness, Honorable LEARNED HAND, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the City of New York, on the 5th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second. [Seal.]

ALEX GILCHRIST, Jr., Clerk.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney, Solicitor for United States of America.

The defendant is required to enter appearance in the above cause in the Clerk's office of this Court, within sixty days after service hereof, or the bill will be taken pro confesso against you.

ALEX GILCHRIST, Jr., Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, vs. VINCENZO SCOCO, Defendant.

To Vincenzo Scoco, the defendant above named: The foregoing writ of subpoena is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Honorable Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated the 11th day of February, 1918, and on that day filed with the writ of subpoena and bill in equity herein, in the office of the Clerk of the said United States District Court for the Southern District of New York at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated February 14, 1918.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY,
United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address: U. S. Court House & P. O. Bldg., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

TO WILLIAM NOEL CAREY BALDOCK, formerly of Central Park Road, East Caulfield, in the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of Australia:

Take notice that on the twelfth day of October, One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, a writ of summons, Number 414 of 1917, was issued out of the Supreme Court of the State of Victoria, at the suit of Emma Nicholette Press, against you, the abovenamed William Noel Carey Baldock, by which writ the plaintiff claims specific performance by you of a certain Contract of Sale dated 28th February, 1917, made between you and the Plaintiff, whereby you sold and the plaintiff bought for the sum of Eight hundred and fifty pounds, all that piece of land having a frontage of Fifty feet (more or less) to Central Park Road, by a depth of One hundred and thirty feet (more or less) and more particularly described in Certificate of Title entered in the Register Book in the Office of Titles, and the plaintiff also claims all consequential directions and orders.

And take notice that by order dated the fifth day of December, One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, it was ordered that service of copies of the said order and writ of summons by the publication by advertisement of this notice in "The Ottawa Citizen," newspaper published in Canada; in "The New York Times," newspaper published in the United States of America, and in "The Argus," newspaper published in Melbourne, in a Saturday's issue of such last-mentioned newspaper should be deemed good and sufficient service of the said writ of summons upon you.

And take notice that in default of your causing an appearance to be entered for you in the said Supreme Court according to law within six months from the date of the publication of the last of such advertisements the plaintiff may proceed in the said action and judgment may be given in your absence.

Dated this fifth day of December, One thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

PAVEY, WILSON & COHEN,
Collins House, 360 Collins Street, Melbourne, in the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of Australia, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

SOMETHING TO REMEMBER.

Do you know that you could have found the date and a summary of that newspaper article in The New York Times Index? Published quarterly. Sent for examination; $2.00 a quarter, $8.00 a year. The New York Times Index, Times Square.—Advt.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL STUPEL, Bankrupt.—No. 25442.—Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Richard O. Smith, the Trustee, at public auction under the rules and practice of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at No. 589 Broadway, New York City, on February 26, 1918, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold consists of millinery, stock, and fixtures.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of its appraised value. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy, 31 Nassau Street, N. Y. City.

JACOB S. GROSS, Attorney for the Trustee, 160 Broadway, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of McCAHILL SODA FOUNTAIN CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, February 18, 1918, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at Mary Anderson Candy Shops, Inc., 652 West 181st Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all of the right, title, and interest of the Assignee in and to the Soda Water Fountains and Fixtures of the Mary Anderson Candy Shops, Inc., under a conditional bill of sale. WILLIAM L. MORCK, Assignee.

WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for Assignee, 53 John Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULES ALTMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Feb. 25, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 36 East 23d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Men's Furnishings, Shirts, Collars, Hosiery, Underwear, Ties, Counters, Showcases, Fixtures, etc.

LESTER B. FREEDMAN, Receiver.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS BEZOZI, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tues., Feb. 26, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Piece Goods, Velvets, Linings, etc. ISIDOR NINER, Trustee.

HIRSCH SHERMAN & LIMBURG, Attorneys for Trustee, 160 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25529.—In Bankruptcy.—IRVING BLOOM, trading as IRVING BLOOM & CO., Bankrupt.

Irving Bloom, trading as Irving Bloom & Co., was duly adjudicated a bankrupt on February 5, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on February 26, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

At the meeting aforesaid the bankrupt will offer a composition to his creditors.

New York, February 14, 1918.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25582. In Bankruptcy—JOHN FRASER, individually and as a member of the firm of MEARS & FRASER, Bankrupt.

John Fraser, individually, and as a member of the firm of Mears & Fraser, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on February 9, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on February 27, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25506. In Bankruptcy—LETERMAN, BECHER & CO., INC.—Bankrupt.

Leterman, Becher & Co., Inc. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 29th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 28th, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25276. In Bankruptcy—POPULAR CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.

Popular Cloak and Suit Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 1st, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 28th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25478. In Bankruptcy—ALEXANDER HOLLANDER, Bankrupt.

Alexander Hollander was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 22nd, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 28th, 1918, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 25586.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST., N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS A. MICHAELSON, bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on February 13th, 1918, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 253 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on February 28th, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25893. In Bankruptcy—COHEN & ROSE, INC., Bankrupt.

Cohen & Rose, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 29, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on February 26, 1918, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,482.—In Bankruptcy.—CLARENCE PAYNE, Bankrupt.

Clarence Payne was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 15, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on February 26, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,589.—In Bankruptcy.—HUGH J. BEGLEY, Bankrupt.

Hugh J. Begley was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 13th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 28th, 1918, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,581.—In Bankruptcy.—WILLIAM E. NICHOLS, Bankrupt.

William E. Nichols was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 9th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 28th, 1918, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—25518.

Notice is given that OSCAR ROTHSTEIN, an alleged bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition of twenty-five per cent. cash. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in the Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, February 27th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the above composition should not be confirmed.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—24871.

Notice is given that ADELE RENEHAN, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, March 20th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,555.

Notice is given that HARRY A. BINGHAM, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, March 20th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Will sublet until May 1 at half prices.

OFFICES:

Two unusually desirable connecting offices in Marbridge Building, 47 West 34th St.

SHOWROOM

at 2,496 Broadway; fine location.

Inquire Mr. Scott, Room 309, 111 Broadway. Telephone Rector 2635.

BUSH TERMINAL SECTION.

Along the First Av. freight line, close to Pennsylvania R. R. to 65th St. car floats, 39th Street Ferry to Manhattan and Richmond Boroughs, convenient to 4th Av. subway, all trolleys and elevated. For space of any kind for sale or rent

SEE SEAVER, 6,806 3d Av., Brooklyn.

To sublet—Top floor, containing about 4,600 square feet; excellent light, good elevator service, and easily accessible to transit lines; 239 to 243 4th Av., between 19th and 20th Sts.; possession at once; lease to Feb. 1, 1919; extension of lease can be arranged; rent very reasonable. Brett & Goode Co., 461 8th Av.

GARAGE TO LEASE, 235 WEST 69TH ST.; ACCOMMODATES 20 CARS; ALL CONVENIENCES; ABUNDANT DAYLIGHT; SUITABLE FOR OTHER BUSINESS PURPOSES. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 4772.

LIGHT LOFT TO SUBLET for two years, where lease may be continued, 11th floor, 25x135; light on 4 sides; 2 passenger and 2 freight elevators; adapted to showroom or light manufacturing; price $2,500. The Gill Engraving Co., 140 5th Av.

Wanted, on lease, May 1 or earlier, suite of 5 or 6 offices, 1,000 to 1,500 sq. feet, modern building, between Bowling Green and Fulton St. Expert-Import, Room 561, 11 Broadway.

652 MADISON AV.

Parlor store, with living quarters, $1,500 per year; can be divided. Inquire on premises or

MARSTON & CO., 549 Fifth Av.

Two desirable large offices in first-class office building, Broadway-34th St., to sublet. Apply Manager Theatre du Vieux Colombier, 65 West 35th, 11 to 12 A. M.

QUICK ACTION NEEDED.

Very low rent for moderately small, well lighted office; modern conveniences; very near 28th St. subway. Apply to N. A. Berwin & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York.

Furnished offices and desk room, with telephone and stenographic service; high-class office building directly connected with subway express station. Room 212, 51 East 42d.

Two light floors to let in loft building; steam heat and elevator; apply on premises, 214 Fulton St., N. Y. C. Telephone 521 Cortlandt, Wolins & Bull, Inc.

Parlor floor and basement, all or part; light, clean business; parquet floors; electricity; reasonable. 57 West 52d.

Small office in suite, desk space, with service; block from Grand Central. 916 Architect Building, 101 Park Av.

49TH ST., 28 WEST.—Exceptional first and second floors; large show windows; (altered building.) Brett, 501 5th Av.

Madison Av. stores, corner of 78th St., desirable for decorators, specialty shops, and women's wear.

Parlor floor, partly furnished, suitable for physician, dentist; independent entrance. 47 West 49th.

Small front parlor, overlooking park, for studio, office; references; north. 66 West 40th St.

Lofts, 44x77, steam heated, elevator. 630 1st Av. Telephone 8015 Morningside.

Loft, light, (top,) heat; $37. Kloppert, 8 East 18th, near 5th Av.

56th, 44 West.—A large front basement for rent.

Brooklyn.

4TH AV., 180, Brooklyn.—Two light buildings, whole or part, to let; connecting on corner; three stories. Telephone 645 Main.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

Wanted—A second mortgage of $12,000 for two years; finest section on Bedford Av., Brooklyn; corner property. Address 1,448 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, 2d Apartment.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

65 West 93d St., 3-story	$900
242 East 12th St., 3-story	1,300
321 2d Av., near 20th St., 4-story	1,500

J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO., 30 East 42d St.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25523.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL NEWMAN, Alleged Bankrupt.

You are hereby notified that, pursuant to an order of Honorable Julius M. Mayer, Judge, dated February 7, 1918, the above entitled matter was referred to me as Referee for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

A meeting of creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 26, 1918, at 11 A. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupt herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated, February 15, 1918.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25574.—In Bankruptcy.—NELSON H. WATERS, Bankrupt.

Nelson H. Waters was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on February 8, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 28, 1918, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25577.—In Bankruptcy.—TAPPAN PERFUME CO., (a Corporation,) Bankrupt.

Tappan Perfume Co. (a Corporation) was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on February 8, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 28, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25578.—In Bankruptcy.—WALTER J. RICH, Bankrupt.

Walter J. Rich was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on February 8, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 28, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 25445.—Notice is given that DAVID MOSKOWITZ, individually and as a member of the copartnership of Moskowitz & Kluger, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, March 20, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 25348.—Notice is given that MAX VOLINETZ and BECKY VOLINETZ, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, March 20, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy. No. 24184.—Notice is given that TEMPLEMAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all its debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, March 20, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy, No. 25389.—Notice is given that SAMUEL SOBLER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, March 20, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 25170.—Notice is hereby given that NATHAN LENDING, Alleged Bankrupt, has applied for a confirmation of a composition offered to his creditors. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, February 27th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

PETER B. OLNEY, Special Master.

REAL ESTATE.

AT A BARGAIN ON CHESTER HILL, MOUNT VERNON, centrally located corner property; 7 full lots; very beautiful trees, old-fashioned good Colonial house, stable, hennery; plenty of fruit; price $25,000, easy terms; no trade. ANDERSON REALTY CO., MOUNT VERNON.

Modern factory building for sale or rent; 10,000 square feet; steam heat, natural gas, and electric power; on main trunk line; ideally located and constructed for manufacturing enterprise. Address Box 283, Belmont, N. Y.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY FOR BAKER.

East side property, with bakery, for sale; will show 30 per cent. on small cash investment; principals only considered. Attorney, Room 12, 206 Broadway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Must sell, having been called for duty, 20 families, 7 stores, apartment house, fully rented, $5,000 yearly; little cash required; make me an offer; photos. J. Jacobs, 144 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

Exceptional chance owing to ill-health; an established boarding house, 20 large rooms, nine baths; very reasonable; most attractive part of city. 6933 Columbus.

Westchester.

At Scarsdale, N. Y.—Stucco bungalow, 8 rooms, 2 baths; large open fireplace; porch; ideal location; 5 minutes station; large corner plot. Owner, J. M. Wilcox. Phone Scarsdale 292, Vanderbilt 4876.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

New built house, with all modern improvements, sold for pre-war price to quick buyer. Dr. D. Corn, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

To parties paying from $900 to $1,800 a year for New York apartment, you can purchase beautiful home, with ample ground, in high and convenient section of Ridgewood, for the rent you are paying. Good water, good train service, excellent schools, all conveniences. WALTER W. WILSEY, RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

Miscellaneous.

At Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Houses to rent will be scarce; good time to buy your own home; plenty of bargains on easy terms; open all day Washington's Birthday. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

80TH, 111 EAST.—Elegant apartment, accommodating four, $125 monthly. Lenox 10241.

51ST, 75 EAST, (corner Park Av.)—Elegantly furnished, 7 rooms; service unexcelled.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT, 6 rooms, near 33d St. subway; rent reasonable. Telephone 7042 Madison Square.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

52D, 43 WEST.—Large room, private bath, steam heat, electric light.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (The New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90; completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

69TH ST., 19 WEST.—Overlooking Central Park; sublet 2 months, longer; beautifully furnished 2 rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant. Apply Superintendent.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Newly furnished 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all modern conveniences.

84TH, 40 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment, furnished; 5 rooms and bath; seen by appointment. Schuyler, 6267.

91ST, 27 WEST.—High-class furnished apartments, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, $30 to $90; maid service; references necessary.

97TH, 316 WEST.—Seven attractive rooms, southern exposure; high class apartment next Drive; $125. Phone 6780 Riverside. Mariader.

99TH, 317 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Five rooms, bath; Oct. 1 or longer. Apartment 8.

112TH, 56 WEST.—Part of attractive seven-room modern corner elevator apartment. Apartment 21.

119TH, 430 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; elevator; restaurant in building. Morningside 3350.

APARTMENTS.—Furnished, unfurnished; 3 to 12 rooms, $200 monthly up; most desirable locations and appointments. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Telephone 8300 Murray Hill.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short subleases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts. THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65; 3 rooms, 2 baths, and kitchenette, $90; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished floor, private house; one, two bachelors. 5523 Riverside.

COZY apartment, seven attractive rooms and bath, shower; all conveniences. River 3969.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 65.—Beautiful suite, five rooms, bath; choice location; sublet until Oct. 1; $100. Audubon 7180, Apt. 22.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 245.—Six large rooms, 2 baths, overlooking Hudson; $135. Audubon 8270.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 73, (79th.)—Studio, room, baths; large front suite; $60-$175; private house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Exceptional two rooms, bath; business men preferred; references required. Morningside 9599.

THREE ROOMS AND BATH.

Attractive front apartment, well furnished; maid service; restaurant; rent $125. THE EVELYN, 101 West 78th.

TOP FLOOR, parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; gas, electricity, telephone, in small, private English house near Central Park West, 104th elevated; $65 monthly. Telephone Academy 2926.

WASHINGTON SQUARE Section.—Elegant apartment; ideal artist studio; modern improvements. O 83 Times.

Unfurnished—East Side.

56TH, 76 EAST.—Three-room rear apartment, unfurnished. Telephone Plaza 4456.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartments, 2 or 3 large, light rooms, with bath; agent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

57TH, 200 WEST.—New building; duplex studio and housekeeping apartments, 2 to 8 rooms, $1,800 to $4,500; studio living rooms, 25x30. Payson McL. Merrill Co., Agent, 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

78TH, 101 WEST, (The Evelyn.)—Three rooms and bath; maid service, restaurant.

113TH, (near Riverside Drive.)—Apartments, two rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished, in newly altered private house; rents $600-$960; dining room in building. R. A. McEnges Co., Inc., Renting Agents, 544 West 113th St. Telephone Morningside 1891.

161ST, 522-528 WEST.—Elegant, large, light, 4 and 5 room apartments; steam heat; hot water; electric light; telephone service; all modern improvements; rent very reasonable. Apply agent on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.—To sublet, nine rooms; three baths; $2,000. 9080 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454.—To sublet, studio and bath; north light; $720. 9080 Morningside.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

APARTMENT wanted, furnished, between 40th and 70th Sts., east of 5th Av.; must have two master bedrooms; elevator not necessary. O 189 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted to lease, 2 or 3 rooms, with bath and kitchen or kitchenette, unfurnished, below 59th St. preferred. Phone Beekman 2792.

Gentleman wants 3 or 4 rooms with bath in house with restaurant and full hotel service. X 295 Times Annex.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Attractive, steam-heated room; southern exposure; electric lights.

18TH, 114 EAST, (Gramercy.)—Nicely furnished large room; running water; also small room.

31ST, 114 EAST, 30th, 39 East.—Well heated; furnished; private bath; electricity.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apartment 9.

38TH, (307 Lexington Av.)—Newly decorated, sunny rooms; electricity; all conveniences.

38TH ST., 29 EAST.

Small room, near bath; quiet surroundings.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Exceptionally fine front parlor; private bath; electricity; piano.

93D, 31 EAST.—Suitable rooms, large, small, private; desirable neighborhood; references. Lenox 6407.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—$15, $10; private bath; $5, $6, $6.50, $7.50; running water.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large room with private bath; steam heat, electricity; references.

MADISON AV., 527, (54th.)—Single room, adjoining bath; all conveniences. 4650 Plaza.

PARK AV., 70, (38th.)—Comfortable rooms for gentlemen; elevator; $3.50-$5.

West Side.

7TH AV., 1,990.—Large, light room; all improvements; very reasonable. Phone Morningside 7572.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, adjoining baths; electricity; high-class house; references.

46TH, 148 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; electricity; bath; all conveniences; reasonable; private residence.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Sunny room, with bath, toilet, kitchenette; single room; electricity; reference.

55TH, 361 WEST.—Large, well heated front room; $6; private house; references.

56TH, 320 WEST.—Attractive, large, clean, sunny room, well-kept house; references.

64TH, 140 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, large private bathroom; select house.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Rooms; hot and cold running water; references. Columbus 8826.

69TH, 20 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated large, sunny rooms; exceptional accommodations.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Large and small bright, sunny rooms; newly furnished; investigate.

69TH, 145 WEST, (Broadway.)—Handsome non-housekeeping suite, bath. Buckley.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms; reasonable; gentlemen, business couple; references; telephone.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Large, warm, attractively furnished room; electricity; private bath; gentleman; reference.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must see to appreciate; references.

70TH, 22 WEST.—Beautiful, large front parlor and bedroom; electricity.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; two large, light, comfortable rooms, private bath.

71ST, 111 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; southern exposure.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms on bathroom floor; southern exposure.

73D, 103 WEST.—Medium-sized room; hot and cold running water; reasonable.

161 WEST 74TH.

Bachelor room, steam heat, electricity; references; private house. Phone Columbus 8768.

75TH ST., West End Av., (northeast corner.)—Suite with bath; large, sunny rooms, with or without bath; reasonable; 1 suite suitable for doctor or artist; gentlemen preferred.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, private bath; also single; electricity.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Large room, private bath; large, small rooms, running water.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Nice large double bedroom, suitable couple, two gentlemen or business women; modern conveniences. Fallon, Schuyler 7127.

77TH, 313 WEST.—Elegant front room, connecting bath; good environment.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable small, sunny room; references; reasonable; gentleman.

78TH, 163 WEST.—Nicely furnished front parlor, connecting bedrooms, piano; large front room.

78TH, 223 WEST.—Attractive parlor floor, furnished or unfurnished; also large front room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Single room in exclusive house; all conveniences; gentleman preferred.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant three-room suite; also other large room; southern exposure; facing park; private bath; maid service; modern private home. Schuyler 1826.

82D ST., 5 WEST.—Desirable room, select apartment, all conveniences; private family. Phone Schuyler 6588.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's home; large room, conveniences; business people preferred; references.

83D, 326 WEST.—Attractive room, 5th floor, elevator, electricity; gentleman; reasonable. Schuyler 1988.

84TH, 33 WEST.—Sunny front room, medium sized; running water; refined house.

85TH, 129 WEST.—Large front room, one flight, or entire floor; private bath, parquet floors, electricity; private house.

86TH, 341 WEST.—LARGE, ATTRACTIVE FRONT ROOM; REASONABLE.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside rooms, single or suite, kitchenette; elevator.

88TH, 102 WEST.—Two large, pleasant rooms, well heated, attractively furnished; conveniences.

88TH, 173 WEST.—Exclusive house, large front room, dressing room; light housekeeping. Davis.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Droccam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwellings; rooms $5-$15; references.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Elegant room; southern exposure; twin beds; adjoining bath, shower; references.

92D, 30 WEST.—Two-room suite, handsomely furnished; private bath, electric light, telephone; unfurnished if desired; also other rooms.

93D ST., 37 WEST, (at Elevated.)—Two adjoining rooms; water, elevator; gentleman or couple, $20; separately, $12, $8; private family. Grubbs.

93D, 146 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, every convenience; quiet, accessible neighborhood; private house.

93D, 124 WEST.—Back parlor, bath; southern exposure; refined surroundings; references. Riverside 8183.

93D, 115 WEST.—Large and small rooms; continuous hot water; conveniences; phone; references.

96TH ST., 29 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath; electricity; constant hot water; telephone; high-class house; exclusive location.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well, furnished, large, sunny front room; bath, telephone; gentleman; $6.

101ST, 331 WEST.—Two sunny, communicating rooms, lavatory, bath; singly, en suite; choice location; overlooking Hudson; elevator, electricity; private. Farrell.

101ST, 309 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Two attractive connecting rooms, (or separate;) every convenience; private home; breakfast. Apt. 3.

100TH, 239 WEST.—2 rooms, bath; single room, steam, modern home. Riverside 7081.

103D, 122 WEST.—Large front parlor; steam, telephone; French family; references. Jallade.

103D, 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, hot and cold water. Johnson.

105TH, 248, (corner Broadway.)—Rooms, single or suite; elevator; all conveniences. Kinnear.

106TH, 300 WEST, (corner West End Av.)—Sunny front room, all conveniences; private family; gentleman; references. Savage.

107TH, 230 WEST.—French family has newly decorated large rooms, adjoining bath; all conveniences; elevator apartment. Apt. 35. Ducolomb.

107TH, 258 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, adjoining bath; also with kitchenette; $8; newly furnished; private house; telephone; references. Gillette.

107TH, 15 WEST.—Comfortable, sunshiny room, elevator apartment; conveniences; private family. Apartment 6C.

116TH, (Near Columbia and Riverside.)—Pleasant room, with running water. Morningside 6487.

118TH ST, 400 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, modern apartment, Morningside Heights; reasonable. Henry.

118TH, 418 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Cozy room, all modern improvements; gentleman; references.

119TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large, sunny room, bath, telephone, electricity, heat; references required.

120TH ST., 359 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private house; phone.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Large, light, attractive room; modern elevator apartment; $6. McCague.

122D, 416 WEST.—Small room; near Columbia. Thomas, Apartment 51. Morningside 4473.

123D, 360 WEST.—Large and medium room, quiet; business people. Morningside 2724.

141ST, 617 WEST, (Corner Riverside Drive.) Apt. 33.—Elegantly furnished one room; gentlemen; business people; every improvement; $10.

179TH, 664 WEST, (CORNER BROADWAY.)—LARGE FRONT ROOM, ADJACENT BATH, SHOWER, &C.; INDEPENDENT AND PRIVATE; HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT. PHONE ST. NICHOLAS 2375, APARTMENT 61.

AMSTERDAM AV., 731.—Single rooms, one block 96th subway; kitchen privileges; references. Rogers.

ATTRACTIVE room in high-class elevator apartment; private family; conveniences. Riverside 8969.

BEAUTIFUL, HIGH-CLASS ROOM, near Hudson and subway; heat, hot water. N 514 Times Harlem.

BROADWAY AND 115TH ST., (SUBWAY.)—Small room, private bath; private family; gentleman, early riser; references. Morningside 5306.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

BROADWAY, 3,415, (Apartment 6.)—Attractive, warm room, all conveniences; $3; 137th subway.

BROADWAY, 1,672, (52d.)—Attractive rooms; bachelors; reference. Hillary, Apartment 8, north.

CLAREMONT AV., 189, (Apt. 32.)—Well-furnished single room; all conveniences; elevator apartment.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 270, (171st.)—Large, airy room; modern conveniences; private family. Apartment 54.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 16.—Warm, light room; elevator; electricity; gentleman only. Cathedral 6131. Cornell.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90.—Large room, adjoining bath, well heated; all modern conveniences; board optional; splendid home for right person. Telephone Morningside 7930, Apt. 4A.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Comfortable, nicely furnished room, overlooking Morningside Park. Morningside 4905.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (135th.)—Large outside room, southern exposure; running water. Apartment 31.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Large room, with couple; gentleman, business woman. Apartment 35.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (80th.)—Bachelor apartment; also large and small room; elegant house.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,265, (174th St.)—Large outside room; phone, electricity, bath adjoining; one or business couple; kitchen privileges; stationery store.

WEST END AV, 410, (79.)—Sunny room, bath, private apartment; business person preferred. Blanchard.

WEST END AV., 896, (103d.)—Large, well-heated room, private bath, $12; steam, electricity.

WEST END AV, 874.—Attractive double, single rooms; gentlemen; block 103, subway.

Out of Town.

YOUNG married woman, enjoying an exceptionally cheerful and sunshiny home, is willing during absence of the family to share it with an officer's wife and baby; terms moderate. Telephone Englewood 1220.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

WEST END AV.—Large living room in handsome elevator apartment; every convenience; kitchen privileges; 96th St. subway. O 149 Times.

69TH, 141 WEST.—Unfurnished rooms; conveniences; kitchenette privileges; parlor floor or basement; business.

52D, 57 WEST.—Large front room, parquet floors, stationary water, telephone; reasonable.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Married couple, no children, want one room, private bath, or two-room suite and bath; would share furnished apartment; state price, give full particulars; references exchanged. R 208 Times Downtown.

TWO YOUNG BUSINESS MEN, Hebrews, desire entirely separate rooms; conveniences; below 72d St.; $10 weekly. F 102 Times.

Young gentleman desires room with refined private family, sole roomer; congenial; use of piano. F 77 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

53D, 57 WEST.—Sunny large room, second floor; excellent table; refined surroundings; references.

53D ST., 64 WEST.—Large room with board; private bath.

16 WEST 55TH ST.

Excellent table board; references.

58TH, 87 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths; parlor dining; convenient location.

70TH, 200 WEST, (Opposite Sherman Square.)—Homelike, attractively furnished front room, running water; high-class elevator house; board. Hubbell.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished, sunny front room; excellent table; fine service.

72D, 269 WEST.—High-class sunny, cheerful suite, private bath; home comforts; gentlemen only; also single room.

72D, 269 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; excellent table; reasonable; gentlemen.

73D, 142 WEST.—Spacious 2d floor front room, alcove, bath; electricity, gas log; new furnishings; best home cooking.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Refined home; attractive medium-sized room; board optional; references exchanged.

75TH ST., 155 WEST.

Desirable rooms, with board; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive single room; constant hot water; electricity; good table; references.

80TH, 124-128 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity; good home cooking; rates reasonable.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; good home cooking; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive large room, private bath; electricity; excellent table; references.

90TH, 312 WEST.—Large front room, private bath, in refined small boarding house; excellent home table; references. River, 8511.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room adjoining bath; suitable 2; all conveniences; home cooking.

92D, 48 WEST.—Connecting or single; refined home; superior table; parlor dining; references.

92D, 106 WEST.—Medium size front rooms, heat, hot water. Riverside 5599, Arrance.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front sunny rooms; Park, "L"; excellent cuisine; business people.

97TH, 259 WEST.—Comfortable front room for two; home table. Riverside 5933.

102D, 305 WEST, (Riverside.)—Opportunity couple or gentlemen; front room, four southern windows; private bath; private Christian American family.

102D, 250 WEST.—Second floor, private bath; family, gentlemen; other rooms; table guests.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Double front and single rooms, high-class apartment; home cooking, prompt service; large, airy dining room; table board, reasonable. Apartment 2.

138TH, 603 WEST.—Small, refined Jewish family; boarders wanted. Apt. 63.

LENOX AV., 246, (near 125th St. subway station.)—Delightful rooms; home cooking.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Cor. 94th.)—Elegantly furnished large room, adjoining bath; excellent cuisine; real home, 1-2 gentlemen. Apt. 24.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320.—Room and bath to sublet; palatial mansion; hotel service; every room with private bath and telephone; high class; Hebrew social surroundings.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Very desirable, sunny rooms; running water; single, double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent board. Morningside 4960. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (The Woodbury, 2 blocks north 157th (subway.)—Wonderful grounds.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 147.—Small room, suitable for gentleman, in refined surroundings. Schuyler 9957.

THE EVELYN LODGE.

Charming Winter House of Highest Standard. 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. Fifty Warm Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service. Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight. Good Air. Quietness. Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 878, (Corner 103d.)—Fine private, modern house; clean, comfortable rooms; excellent table optional; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 801, (74th.)—Double rooms, private baths; meals optional; facing park; singles.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

EDGEHILL INN, SPUYTEN DUYVIL ON THE HUDSON.

All-year-round home for few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; transit facilities, subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AUSTRIAN DAIMLER sedan; latest importation; genuine 1914; elegantly upholstered; body built by Healy; cost $9,500; will sacrifice. Alexander G. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 Coupe; like new. Run 5,000 miles. Bargain. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

BUICK SEDAN, fully equipped, extras; perfect condition; private demonstration by appointment. No dealers need apply. Lenox 2160.

BUICK BARGAINS, 1917-1916. Tourings and roadsters; guaranteed. Flack Co., 1,709 Broadway, third floor, take elevator.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet; mechanically, paint, and tires equal to new; extras too numerous to mention; bargain. Columbus 8963.

CADILLAC 1916 TOURING. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917, touring or similar make; no dealers. B. B., 100 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC SPECIALS.

1917 CADILLAC COUPE—Dark upholstery; only driven 3,400 miles; like new.

1914 S. G. V. Limousine Town Car; a beauty; electric starter, lights, &c.; extra tires, complete; price right.

1912 CADILLAC COUPE, 4-cylinder; starter, lights, &c.; price, $400.

DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO., 336 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Used Car Dept. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

CHANDLER Used Cars, all models. Overhauled, repainted; 90-day guarantee. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

COLE 1916 "8" cylinder touring; elegant condition; many extras; bargain. 340 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sterling 1860.

DE DION inclosed drive sedan; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

DODGE 1917 roadster, like new, $450. Partlan, 1,172 President, B'klyn; Decatur 3945.

FIAT foreign "30," Brewster sedan; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 4-passenger roadster, 1917 model; brand new; run 4,000 miles; $1,400. Robinson, 2,025 66th St. Brooklyn.

FORD 1917 ROADSTER. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

HUDSON Super-Six, brand-new. $1,400. Nonskid tires. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

HUDSON limousine super "6" for sale or for hire, day, week, or monthly. Zorn, 304 West 49th. Bryant 4026.

HUDSON 1917 SEDAN. HUDSON 1917 SPECIAL RACEABOUT. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE, 1918; will sell contract, delivery April 1 or immediately; will make concession in price. N 400 Times Downtown.

LIBERTY 1917 Club Roadster, in very good condition, equipment. Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co., Used Car Dept., Mulberry 3240, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

MERCER.—6-passenger sport model, 22-70, run 8,000 miles, extra tires, $1,450. Ready, 2,315 Albermarle Road, Brooklyn.

MERCER 1917 raceabout, like new; must sell. Auto Electric, 245 West 55th.

OAKLAND 1916 7-pass. 8-cylinder touring and 1916 6-cylinder touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLANDS.—Tourings, roadsters, and closed cars; guaranteed. Willys-Overland, Broadway and 50th.

PATHFINDER 1916, (Daniel Boone,) Continental Six motor; excellent throughout; fine shape; bargain or offer. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 38, touring; also brougham; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,700 Broadway.

REO 1917, four cylinder; cannot be told from new car; slip covers; excellent shoe; buy quick. Lexington Motors, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor. Circle 1872.

REOS 1915, 1916, and 1917 tourings and roadsters; take your choice. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

SIMPLEX special, 1915, shaft drive, 4-passenger; Holbrook body; genuine bargain; also Simplex, 1914, 7-passenger; Holbrook body; both cars guaranteed. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHT TOURING, 1917. "Light 4" model; newly painted Brewster green; in exceptional mechanical condition; very economical maintenance; sold with complete manufacturer's equipment and BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.

Most beautiful car in city; Fleetwood body; every modern appointment; bronze fixtures, inlaid vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; cost $3,500; condition perfect. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

STEARNS five-passenger touring car, 1917 model, perfect condition, for sale cheap. Ward, 150 West 83d.

STEARNS 1917 "8" cylinder touring; looks and runs like new; bargain. 340 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sterling 1860.

STEARNS-KNIGHT four-passenger 1917 coupe; 4-cylinder; painted Rolls-Royce blue; sacrifice; used very little. D. R. Lunenfeld, 507 5th Av.

STUDEBAKER Chummy Roadster, 1916, 3-passenger, $300; also Buick. Phone Main 422.

STUTZ 1917 TOURING. STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

"WHITE" USED CARS, also other makes, touring cars and taxicabs. THE WHITE COMPANY, Park Av. and 57th St. Used Car Dept. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLS-KNIGHT "84" coupe; ideal for lady or doctor; guaranteed condition; exceptional buy. Willys-Overland, Broadway and 50th.

WINTON light six, overhauled and repainted, fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

RIGHT PRICES.

1917—HUPMOBILE, 7 Pass. Touring.
1917—REO, 3 Pass. Roadster.
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1916—HUPMOBILE, Roadster, wire wheels.
1916—LEXINGTON, 7 Pass. Touring.
1916—REO "6" Touring.
1916—CADILLAC, 7 Pass. Touring.
1916—CHANDLER, 7 Pass. Sedan.
1915—CADILLAC, one piece Sedan.
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1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1917 STUTZ TOURING.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH, $475.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1917 MAXWELL TOURING.
1916 OVERLAND "6" touring.
OVERLAND Touring; Electric Starter; $250.
CHALMERS Light "6" Touring, $425.

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NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 237 WEST 55TH ST., TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY. Open Sundays and Evenings. Phone Circle 667-668.

AUTOMOBILES.—Why don't you come and see us? We do artistic painting, trimming, woodwork, metal work, victoria top, and slip covers; motor repairing; work guaranteed in all branches. S. & F. Auto Body Co., 318-320 West 48th St., 3d floor. Telephone Bryant 9340.

Automobiles Wanted.

GOOD make 4 or 5 passenger car; must be reasonable; too busy to bother with triflers; immediate attention to communications. L. M., 235 Times.

LATE MODEL Wanted.—Must be bargain; no dealers. Telephone Madison Square 311. Mr. Bogert.

Automobiles for Rent.

ATTRACTIVE Cadillac limousine, very reasonable, shopping, theatre or monthly. Telephone 5174 Madison Sq.

CADILLAC limousine for hire; hour, day, monthly preferred; owner drives. Harlem 3698.

CADILLAC Sedan, $2 hourly; beautiful private automobile; careful chauffeur. Telephone 6501 Morningside.

LANCIA.—Beautiful S. G. V. limousine, landaulet; ideal town cars; moderate rates. Kline Bros., 425 West 54th. Columbus 398.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. and G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD.—Nicely appointed; Westinghouse air springs; monthly, theatre and shopping. Riverside 5245.

PACKARD, PIERCE limousine, private service, $2.50 hourly, $75-$100 weekly. Circle 4215.

PRIVATE party will rent elegantly equipped limousine, chauffeur or not. Address Battalia, 120 West 32d.

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CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d.

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Mrs. Harper, M. C., interests women of ambition in the motor industry. "HOW ONE WOMAN MADE AN AUTO PAY," Saturday, 1 to 4 P. M. Free. 231 West 50th St.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet I explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

COMPANION to lady of good standing; refined, intelligent young woman desires position; will travel; references required. Y 258 Times Annex.

FILING EXPERT, librarian, and typist, with New York Public Library, desires similar position. L 327 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Educated woman, (35,) of refinement and capability, wishes position with private family; highest reference. V 82 Times.

LADY.—Competent, refined lady, experienced, tactful, progressive, desires managerial position. Y 267 Times Annex.

NURSE, (colored,) Southern training and experience, wishes practical nursing or work doctor's office; exceptional city, personal references. Mary Hill, 5320 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, capable secretary, good business woman, desires position with future; knowledge French; highest credentials; trustworthy. V 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, expert, exceptionally capable, desires position requiring brains and ability; salary $22 to $25. L 392 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, accurate, good education; references; six years' experience. R 307 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady wishes position; Spanish dictation only. Visbal, 149 Manhattan Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, some knowledge bookkeeping; $10-$12. Abels, 106 East 82d.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, $10; experienced; 17. Irene Natelson, 200 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; capable, neat appearance; moderate salary. V., 330 West 141st St.

TYPIST, office assistant, $7; accurate. Florence Posner, 200 West 116th. Morning. 1480.

YOUNG WOMAN, efficient; wishes resident position, clerical or managerial, willing to qualify, $50 to $75. Loyal, O 152 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; system; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Telephone Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income tax reports; trial balances, $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, audited. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

BOOKKEEPER or junior accountant; New York University evening student; understands controlling accounts fully; best reference. F 81 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, 25 years in same capacity with one house; middle age, American, Christian, references. R 286 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, nine years' experience; thoroughly capable, controlling accounts; splendid references. A 658 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, first class, six years one firm, anxious to work. Eugene Buxhoewden, 135 East 15th St. Stuyvesant 1470.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, Greek, 21, wants a position private or commercial. John Tufexis, 268 West 41st.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 21, private or light commercial position. Gibbons, 942 8th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—24; private; 8 years' experience; 4 years last position. V 97 Times.

CLERK, (21,) good education, intelligent, anxious to make good. Samuel Frank, 135 East 15th St. Stuyvesant 1470.

CLERICAL.—(18;) three years' experience; knowledge of typewriting, bookkeeping; operate switchboard, adding machine; A1 references; $12. V 113 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 20 years' experience, best references from former employers. F 61 Times.

ELECTRIC CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 24, married, exempt from draft, wishes position; private or commercial. Ketterer, 409 East 146th St.

ENGINEER EXECUTIVE, maintenance and production; experienced in metal working and chemical plant design, construction and operation; power plant expert, special machines and processes; draft exempt; technically trained; successful, energetic, original. Box 391 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—American as manager or Superintendent heavy chemical company or manufacturing plant; understands both foreign and domestic transportation; can handle men; knows something about chemistry. C. E., 306 Times Downtown.

FIRST-CLASS JAPANESE CHEF.

Economical, married, has long experience in hotel; desires a position in hotel, club, or to manage entire apartment kitchen. F. C. Taniguchi, 528 West 131st.

MANAGER.—Assistant advertising or promotion manager, age 24, educated, aggressive, resourceful methods, extensive sales and advertising experience, forceful correspondent, employed, draft exempt, seeks opportunity. F 90 Times.

PAINTING, paperhanging, decorating, furniture painting, contract work; reasonable; everywhere; references. Frank Krausz, 467 4th Av. Madison Square 6941.

RESIDENCE MANAGER.—First-class apartment house; 13 years' unquestionable references. V 37 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-grade specialty salesman desires position with reliable firm; perfectly familiar all Eastern territory and Central West; salary or salary and commission. V 85 Times.

SALESMAN, A1, knowledge Pacific Coast trade, experienced fancy dry goods, underwear, women's wear, wants to connect with manufacturers wishing representation there. V 74 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-grade specialty salesman going to Louisville, Ky., to live, desires to represent reliable firms as manufacturing agent; will appreciate an interview. V 84 Times.

SALESMAN, competent, in men's clothing and furnishing goods, experience and acquaintance in the Far West, is open for proposition from manufacturers. V 73 Times.

SALESMAN, estimator; experienced plumbing, heating supplies. Box 82, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, wants to connect at once with reliable firm. R 309 Times Downtown.

SAVE BOOKKEEPER EXPENSES.—Will take care of your books, $2.50 up; financial statement. Abraham Cohen, 389 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY, stenographer, exempt, seeking responsible connection with busy executive; held in high esteem by former employers; newspaper experience; salary, $2,000. R 267 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, married, exempt; dry goods experience; understands routing, tracing, claims; $20-$25; what can you offer? V 63 Times.

SHIP AND ENGINE DESIGNER open for responsible position; modern fabricating systems in steel and in wood. Y 249 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; 23 years old; man with a memory; high school graduate; two years with last employer as private secretary; rated very highly by last employers as accurate, conscientious, diligent; best references. N 511 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 18; high school graduate; competent; references. Cohen, 74 Essex St.

YOUNG college student, 20, position with future; chemical laboratory preferred. R 256 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, conscientious, ambitious, 3 years' high school education, 3 years' business experience, desires position with chance of advancement. R 306 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate, stenographer, knowledge bookkeeping, office experience. L 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) 3 years' general office experience, desires position as office clerk. R 312 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires some line sell on commission between hours of 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. V 33 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24; executive and sales ability, initiative, tact, correspondent. F 47 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST (FASHION) FOR DRESSMAKING HOUSE. FARQUHARSON & WHEELOCK, 724 5TH AV., (56TH.)

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Must be thoroughly capable and efficient; only those need apply; good position for right party. 45 West 25th, 8th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; typist. Myer, Florist, 58th St. and Madison Av.

BOOK PUBLISHER needs three women; permanent, profitable office work, correspondence, and exploitation; no canvassing; give details covering nationality, age, education, experience, and salary required. F 51 Times.

COOK, experienced; also experienced chambermaid-waitress; for a home in suburbs; suitable opportunity for mother and daughter wishing work together; two adults and two children in family; good wages; give references. Box 378, Scarsdale, N. Y.

COPYHOLDER.—One with experience preferred. Corlies, Macy & Co., 441 Pearl St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, with knowledge of shorthand, wanted to start with old established firm; moderate salary to start; state age, education, and experience. O 215 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Young lady, well experienced, competent and accurate. Apply in person, Davis & Lawrence Co., 10 Christopher St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, $15-$20 weekly, immediately. Miss Kelly, 309 Broadway, Room 209.

ERRAND GIRLS; WILL ALSO BE TAUGHT TO SEW; RAPID ADVANCEMENT. ROHN & RIENZO, INC., 14 EAST 35TH.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GENERAL HELP, plain cooking; small apartment; good wages. Apply mornings or evenings, with references, Apt. 3A, 206 West 95th St.

GIRL in a law office to perform duties formerly of office boy; applicant must apply in own handwriting, be at least 16 years old, and reside with her parents; state previous positions, if any. Opportunity, 203 Times Downtown.

GIRL, 16-20, for order picking and stock room work; previous experience unnecessary; good opportunity for advancement. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL, good typist, to aid on mailing lists, run Montague Addressing Machine; good company; permanent position to right party. Apply by letter, giving full details, R 251 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, for light, clean mechanical work; good hours, good salary, Christian firm. R. J., 153 Times.

GIRLS wanted for light clerical work. Apply with reference, 1 o'clock today, Room 437, 50 New St.

GIRLS, over 16, to string buttons on tape. C. J. Haley & Co., 373 Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—FIRST-CLASS NURSERY GOVERNESS FOR CHILD OF 4 AND ONE OF 10; ONE WHO SPEAKS FRENCH AND ENGLISH; MUST BE WELL RECOMMENDED, PERSONAL, CITY REFERENCE; SALARY $40-$50 MONTH; GOOD POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY. O 126 TIMES.

NURSE.—Scotch or English, to take charge of 4-year-old boy; must have references. Y 251 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, quick at figures; exceptional opportunity; state salary. N, 305 Times Downtown.

OFFICE AND CLERICAL WORK.—Girl, 16-20, in large mail order house; school graduates preferred, also typists. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

SALESLADY to sell commercial stationery, large downtown retail stationery store; inside position; must be experienced; reply stating age, salary expected, and where last employed. R 279 Times Downtown.

STENCIL CUTTER, who is also a typist, in publisher's office. Call Room 713, 1,480 Broadway, Saturday afternoon.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.

An industrial corporation desires the services of a young American woman thoroughly proficient in stenography and bookkeeping.

Accepted applicant must reside at plant, which is 31 miles from New York.

Meet representative at 244 West 23d St. Saturday, between 1 and 2 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER and Office Assistant wanted; steady position for a dependable woman; office hours, 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; one hour for lunch; Broadway, near Wall St.; salary $12 per week, with prospect of advancement if worthy; give experience and reference in your application. L 395 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator for commercial law office; must have experience. Apply to Aetna Creditors' Ass'n, 381 4th Av., Room 920.

STENOGRAPHER, typists, and fire insurance policywriter, experienced, by large insurance company; state experience and salary expected. O 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated, with initiative, to fill responsible and permanent position with advertising company. Room 208, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER, high grade, experienced, by engineering department of railroad company; state salary, age, and experience. L 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced model, size 16 to 36, for cloak and suit house. Karl Light, 129 West 27th.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate at figures, good penman; no beginner. Bliss, 388 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted; experienced; Apply 50 New St., Room 419, at 1 o'clock; bring references.

SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, who has had experience in complaint work in periodical office. S. W. Stone, Box 43, Station D.

TYPIST.—Wanted, young girl capable operating Remington typewriter; accuracy required. Apply Room 419, 50 New St., at 1 o'clock. Bring references.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Also experienced infant nurse. Call immediately, Langner, 133 West 11th.

YOUNG LADY, IN NEWSPAPER OFFICE TO DO FILING, &C.; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. L 389 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

CLERKS for filing can earn $12 to $30 weekly according to ability; we secure these positions for our graduates, teaching them expert filing methods in six weeks; join the day or evening classes forming now. National Training School for Filing, Shaw-Walker Co., 60 Franklin St. Telephone 2261 Franklin.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT wanted by large electrochemical company for a position of trust and responsibility; broad experience, thoroughness, initiative, and ability to direct and supervise the work of others are essentials; please reply, giving full particulars of experience, salary desired, &c. O 144 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, and general office manager for a financial institution; only those possessing experience and executive ability need apply; state age, reference, and salary expected. F 96 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wanted to take charge of bookkeeping department real estate firm; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. Address "Experience," 93 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior assistant wanted in an accountant's office; state experience and salary. L 380 Times Downtown.

AIRCRAFT WORKERS WANTED.

Expert assembly men wanted for interesting work.

STANDARD AERO CORPORATION, ELIZABETH, N. J.

AN OFFICE MANAGER.

A large publishing house has an unusual opportunity for an office manager and systematizer, preferably experienced in publishing or advertising.

Executive ability, a thorough knowledge of office detail, systems, and ability to handle men and situations are essential. In your application give experience in full and salary desired. Box V 111 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted by large fire insurance agency; splendid opportunity for an active young man; give age, experience, and salary expected. Box L 345 Times Dowtown.

ASSISTANT MANAGER wanted, first-class, for large club; must be expert accountant; certified public accountant preferred; familiar with modern hotel methods; salary $3,000. V 66 Times.

ASSISTANT.—Wanted, young man with thorough knowledge of Spanish to assist in general office work; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. Spaniard, R 274 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT wanted in office of certified public accountant; state age, religion, experience, salary, and references. Y 265 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.

Experienced; splendid chance to learn the business. O 138 Times.

AUDIT DEPATMENT MANAGER.

We require the services of a man who has had experience in managing an Audit Department in a department store. Good position open to the right man. Apply by letter, stating experience, references, &c. Address A. D., Box 238 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR OF BOND EXCHANGE.

Wanted, a man who has had experience as auditor and who has good knowledge of foreign exchange transactions; salary, $3,000 to start with; in replying, give age and full particulars regarding experience. Address "A. G. T.," P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

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FIRST-CLASS MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.

STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP., ELIZABETH, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man about 19 years old, one familiar with double entry, in office of a Brooklyn manufacturing concern; salary $12 to begin, with chance for advancement. O 211 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Write, stating salary and references. U. S. Dye Extract Co., 403 Vernon Av., Long Island City.

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The New York Times

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Country Board	50c
Employment Agencies	40c
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Bronx	2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights	3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn	Room 605, 367 Fulton Street

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger keeper; good penman; $20 per week; hours 9 to 5. O 213 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger keeper, good penman, $20 per week; hours 9 to 5, downtown. O 207 Times Downtown.

BOOK PUBLISHER needs four men; permanent, profitable office work, correspondence, and exploitation; no canvassing; give detailed statement covering nationality, age, education, experience, and salary required; only draft exempts considered. F 87 Times.

BOYS.—Wanted, two energetic, bright boys for messenger service and office work with a large wholesale drug house; must be over 16; salary $8 to start; good advancement for the right ones. Reply in writing, giving references, L 375 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in a law office; must be at least 16 years of age and reside with his parents. Address in applicant's own handwriting, stating experience, if any, Chance, Box 202 Times.

BOY.—An opportunity for you to learn important business; moderate salary; future prospects excellent; state age, education, salary expected. L 381 Times Downtown.

BOY.—About 16 years, as messenger in banking house; good opportunity for advancement; state age and character references. R 313 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR for repair work in a garage; pay $22 a week, board and room; write or call, stating age and experience. S. Lord, care Givens Sanitarium, Stamford, Conn.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER wanted to act as Asst. Supt. in small chemical plant in Jersey City; $100 to $125 per month to man two to three years out of college. Address by letter only. Superintendent, 1,241 West Side Av., Jersey City, N. J.

CLERK.—Young man familiar with stock records and shipping, dry goods business; state experience and salary wanted. R 296 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, timekeeper, familiar metal line; state references, experience. "Metals," 263 West 125th St.

CREDIT MAN and cashier; New York office of a large corporation has opening for man 32 to 36 years of age; must understand accounting thoroughly, also the handling of collections and be able to handle office force of about fifteen. Reply must state fully age, education, experience, salary expected, and references. Cashier, P. O. Box 1,201, New York City.

DESIRABLE POSITIONS MAY BE OBTAINED IN OUR PLANT FOR MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE FOLLOWING LINES:

MACHINIST.
Men accustomed to precision work.
MACHINIST OPERATORS.
On production work.
TOOLMAKERS.
On fine gauge and fixture work.
INSTRUMENT ASSEMBLERS.
On small parts.

This is United States Government work, best working conditions.

Good wages, steady work.
For citizens only.
APPLY 7TH FLOOR, 531 WEST 21ST.

DIAMOND SETTER, experienced, wanted; permanent position for reliable man. Thier, Kraus & Beam, Manufacturers Bldg., Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN.—TOOL DESIGNERS AND CHECKERS AND MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGN OF HIGH-GRADE, MEDIUM-WEIGHT MACHINERY AND DEVELOPMENT WORK; THIS IS NOT A JOB, BUT A REAL OPPORTUNITY TO ENTER A GROWING AND SUBSTANTIAL ORGANIZATION; TO MEN WHO CAN QUALIFY WE HAVE A DESIRABLE PROPOSITION; WRITE US ABOUT YOUR EXPERIENCE, GIVING FULL DETAILS AND WHEN YOU WOULD BE AVAILABLE. K. B. J., 145 TIMES.

DRAFTSMEN—TOOL DESIGNERS.
New York City firm engaged in the manufacture of small machinery has several openings for men thoroughly experienced in the design of jigs and fixtures. This is an opportunity above the average for competent men to associate with a growing concern; give full particulars, stating age, experience, and salary desired. Address D. T. D., 168 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, structural steel men experienced in detailing mill building preferred; state age, education, nationality, experience, salary wanted, and when can report for work. O 63 Times.

DRAFTSMEN, (mechanical;) permanent salaried position; only those with knowledge of machine shop practice need apply; state experience and salary. P. O. Box 72, B'klyn.

DRAFTSMAN.—Ship construction work; experienced; write in detail, stating salary wanted and reference. Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation, Alexandria, Va.

ESTIMATORS; wanted to get in touch with first class estimators in the various trades, for day or night work. Interviews given only by appointment. Correspondence confidentially treated. The Quantity Survey Company, Inc., 21 West 45th St., New York.

FOREMAN bottling department large manufacturing concern; wages $25 weekly; must be thoroughly experienced. Call, 10 A. M., J. J. T., 609 Washington St.

FLOOR MANAGER.
Qualification required, alertness, initiative, knowledge of advertising; state age, last employment and salary. Apply by letter only, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

GARDENER.—Wanted, competent, experienced man as gardener and superintendent on gentleman's country place near New York. Please reply, giving age, experience, and salary expected. Address A. M. Crane, 14 Wall St., New York.

GAS ENGINE MECHANIC, first class, experienced on automobiles and aeronautical motors, as instructor in aviation school; excellent opportunity for A1 man. O 151 Times.

LUMBER YARD FOREMAN

wanted for shipping, receiving, tallying, and general care of lumber yard.

Apply in person at once.

STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP.,
ELIZABETH, N. J.

MACHINIST.—All-around, capable men, able to describe and inventory factory equipment; permanent traveling position; answer in own handwriting, giving all details, salary, &c. M 242 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS.—Apply Ball & Jewell, 24 Franklin St., Brooklyn.

MAN familiar with figuring steel invoices; one who understands the extras over base prices, together with stores ledger work, also handling plates, shapes, billets, blooms, &c., as well as a knowledge of freight rates; a reasonable salary will be paid to a man of this experience. Address A. L. Ortel, care Groton Iron Works, Groton, Conn.

MAN and WIFE, no children; man to help on farm, woman to help in housework; private place; permanent employment; salary; both must be willing workers and have good references. Apply J. B. Speyers, 435 5th Av., between 10 and 11 A. M.

MANAGER, storekeeper for camp; $75 month and board; $200 cash security is required. Hoffi, 153 Bowery.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN and checkers on airplane specifications; permanent position; good pay. Apply or write, Curtiss Engineering Corp., Garden City, L. I.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, preferably a graduate, with two or three years' experience, is wanted as assistant to the plant engineer in a large and rapid-growing plant; excellent opportunity for a man with ability and initiative. E. B. S., Post Office Box Number 229, New York City.

MEN OVER 30 YEARS OF AGE FOR CLERICAL WORK; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES. ANSWER IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING SALARY EXPECTED. F. B., 75 TIMES.

MILLWRIGHT.—Capable men, able to describe and inventory factory equipment; permanent traveling position; answer in own handwriting, giving all details, salary, &c. M 241 Times Downtown.

MOLDERS wanted, experienced on large loam or dry sand work. L 301 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Junior; good prospects; hours 9 to 5; $10 per week. O 214 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Junior; good prospects; hours 9 to 5; $10 per week. O 208 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, experienced, wanted for export office; apply in own handwriting; state salary. L 393 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted of nice appearance and manners by a leading export firm. Export, R 273 Times Downtown.

OPTICIAN.—Excellent opportunity for a proficient, licensed optometrist, (Christian firm;) none other need apply. Call Herbert Hueston Co., 18 East 42d St.

PATTERN.—Wood, on aeroplane work; permanent position; good pay. Apply or write Curtiss Engineering Corp., Garden City, L. I.

PHOTOSTAT OPERATORS.
2 men for night work; steady employment, good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST.,
6 BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—Experienced in studio and commercial photography; excellent future; permanent position; write details of experience. H. T., 145 Times.

PRINTER.—All-around foreman, for industrial print shop; good opening for the right man; state experience, age, nationality, and salary expected. Y 244 Times Annex.

PROMOTION MAN.—An experienced, high-class advertising man with literary ability and successful ability, who can reconstruct letters and advertising circulars and see that printed job is distinctive and bears the stamp of dignity and quality; state age, references, and salary expected. Y 262 Times Annex.

SALESMAN

FOR THE

SOUTH.

A leading manufacturer has an opening for a salesman to cover the South with cotton waists from $9 to $24 per dozen, and silk waists from $2.25 to $3 apiece.

We have an established Southern business to turn over and our brand is well known to the trade throughout the country.

The position calls for a high class man who has sold at least $100,000 a year in waists over this territory. No others will be given consideration.

This is a splendid opportunity which will appeal even to men who are more or less satisfactorily connected at present. Commission basis.

All applications will be held strictly confidential. If you are the right man, the more particulars you give us in your letter the better your chances of securing an interview. Address K. P., 296 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN FOR MIDDLE AND EASTERN TERRITORY TO INTRODUCE A LINE OF BRASS, GLOBE, AND ANGLE VALVES. MUST BE UNDER 40 YEARS OF AGE AND AT PRESENT, OR RECENTLY, EMPLOYED SELLING A SIMILAR LINE. LIVE AND AGGRESSIVE. SLARY OR SALARY AND COMMISSION. TO RECEIVE ATTENTION REPLIES MUST GIVE AGE, REFERENCES, AND FULL OUTLINE OF EXPERIENCE. PRESENT EMPLOYER WILL NOT BE CONSULTED WITHOUT YOUR CONSENT. X 294 TIMES ANNEX.

SALES MANAGER TO ORGANIZE AND DIRECT A SALES FORCE TO MARKET A LINE OF BRASS VALVES AND FITTINGS FOR GAS, STEAM, AND WATER; COMPRESSION AND GROUND KEY WORK; MUST BE BETWEEN 30 AND 40 YEARS OF AGE, AND EXPERIENCED IN THIS LINE; SALARY, OR SALARY AND COMMISSION; NO ATTENTION PAID TO REPLIES UNLESS THE FOLLOWING ARE GIVEN: AGE, WHERE EMPLOYED FOR LAST TEN YEARS, REFERENCES, GENERAL OUTLINE OF EXPERIENCE, APPROXIMATE SALARY EXPECTED. PRESENT EMPLOYER WILL NOT BE CONSULTED WITHOUT YOUR CONSENT. X 298 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN-STOCK.—Established house of known standing requires seasoned, high-grade man with proven record, competent to present our offering to big buyers, bankers, &c.; security is stock of going dividend-paying industrial, strong financial statement, excellent talking points, actively traded in, quoted daily; strictly commission basis, but office co-operation and brisk advertising produces inquiries in addition to your own clientele. Bonus for volume of sales. Write Manager, 45 Broadway, Room 75, N. Y. C.

SALESMEN for Pennsylvania, New York, and New England; men of good appearance and education; real salesmanship ability required and integrity of character essential; must be between 25 and 45 years of age; transportation furnished; guaranteed drawing account against commission. J. F. Heffernan, 14th floor, 286 4th Av., near 23d St.

SALESMEN. — Capable men for Eastern States, to represent a corporation whose product is practically without competition; only sober men of force and initiative, with proved selling ability; permanent position with assured promotion to good men; commission basis and drawing account. W. D., 48 Times.

SALESMEN wanted; I want two men of character and proven ability; if you can measure up to our standard I can promise, not only present remuneration on a commission basis, but a future executive position as a reward for honest and consistent effort. Apply 1707, Vanderbilt Concourse Building.

SALESMEN, intelligent, aggressive American, immediately; integrity of character essential; general business experience desirable; certain advancement if ability warrants; Eastern territory; drawing account against commission. A. B., 27 Times.

SALESMEN wanted, clever, versatile, and ambitious, for high-class selling proposition on a liberal salary and commission; this ad. is intended to attract men of $2,500 to $7,500 earning capacity per annum. Call at Room 520, 50 Broad St.

SALESMAN wanted to sell flavoring extracts and certified colors in and around New York; small salary and large commission; answer by letter with full particulars. Write Flavoring Extracts Mfg. Co., Inc., 29 Broadway.

SALESMAN. — Photographic supply house (Christian firm) has opening for a neat young man as assistant salesman. Call Herbert Hueston Co., 18 East 42d St.

SALESMEN to sell paper and twine; capable men have good chances of making from $40 to $50 per week; salary and commission. Y 240 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted to sell leather transmission belting; experienced preferable, not altogether necessary; salary or commission. Y 270 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, plating, who can get immediate business for well equipped plating plant. Bronze Products Co., 53 Hope St., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY'S ASSISTANT.—YOUNG, ENTERPRISING MAN FOR MERCANTILE HOUSE. FARQUHARSON & WHEELOCK, 724 5TH AV., (56TH.)

SET-UP MEN.
FIRST-CLASS ACME AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE SET-UP MEN; 48-HOUR WEEK, TIME AND HALF FOR OVERTIME; BEST WORKING CONDITIONS AND HIGHEST WAGES. APPLY, BETWEEN 2 AND 4, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AT ROOMS 1, 2, AND 3, 10TH FLOOR, 100 BROADWAY; ASK FOR MR. BROOKS.

SOLICITOR wanted; an experienced railroad freight solicitor or man having intimate acquaintance with exporters; for one so qualified fine position will be offered; answers held strictly confidential; salary. Address Box O 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED, ON ELLIOTT FISHER BILLING MACHINE. MARION HAT WORKS, 580 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, accurate typist; good salary; steady position; purchasing department. A T., 240 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OWING TO THE INCREASED DEMAND for tickets, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Webster Herrmann announce that the benefit entertainment for the Institute for Disabled and Crippled Soldiers and Sailors, announced to have taken place on Feb. 19 at their residence, 85 East 79th St., will be held at the Chalif Studios, 163 West 57th St., on that date.

WANTED, TO ADOPT A NEW BORN BABY, (white;) must be normal and healthy; replies confidential. Address Mrs. H., V 104 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER, age 20-25, with experience and good references; good opportunity to right party. Address, giving full particulars, experience, &c., Y 243 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 18 to 20, to help in New York salesroom; excellent chance for advancement. Call Saturday morning, Room 1605, 366 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class, wide awake, by engineering department of railroad company; state salary and experience. L 364 Times Downtown.

STOCK CHASER.—Wanted, man familiar with automobile line competent of chasing materials and supplies; may possibly have to do more or less traveling. Militor Corporation, Bergen and Kearney Av., Jersey City.

STOCK AND SHIPPING CLERK. — Must know how to pack, handle, and keep stationery stock in order. Address, giving age, experience, reference, and salary desired, O 141 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT.—We require several well educated young men of executive ability to educate to our system as warehouse superintendent; good inducement while in training; excellent opportunities for right men. F. A. K., P. O. Box 229, New York City.

TABLET MAKER.—Young man wanted, with thorough experience operating tablet machines. Apply, Saturday or Monday morning, 113 West 18th St.

TEACHER.—OPPORTUNITY TO ENTER COMMERCIAL FIELD. SEE MR. HASSON, ROOM 707, 115 BROADWAY.

TEACHER of French, elementary Latin wanted evenings; civil service school. V 107 Times.

THE WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., HAS THE FOLLOWING OPENINGS IN ITS VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS:

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement.
DRAFTSMEN.
High-class men, experienced in the designing and drafting of small machines and apparatus; steady position and excellent opportunity for advancement along engineering lines. Call or write.
GLASSWORKERS.
Men who have had experience at making surgical glass apparatus or similar work; good pay for good men; overtime if you want it at time and a half; double time if you work Sunday.
INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men on small electrical and mechanical apparatus; must be accustomed to using blueprints and micrometers; steady position and advancement.
LAY-OUT MEN.
Must read blueprints and be experienced.
MACHINISTS.
Lathe screw machine and milling machine operators; must have tools.
RECEIVING CLERKS.
Must have experience with large corporations.
TOOLMAKERS.
First-class men only need apply.
WIREMEN.
Must be experienced on conduit work and hooking up of A. C. and D. C. motors.
YOUNG MEN.
For telephone inspection work; draft exempt and knowledge of electrical parts.

CALL
57 BETHUNE ST.,
NEAR WEST ST.,
6 BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH

TOOL AND GAUGE MAKERS, GOOD WAGES, WITH BEST OF WORKING CONDITIONS, FOR HIGH-GRADE GAUGE AND TOOL MAKERS; CITIZENS ONLY. MR. SCHOENBORN, ROOM 1011, 299 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN ON PUNCHES AND DIES, JIGS AND FIXTURES, FOR SMALL INTERCHANGEABLE WORK; ONLY MEN WITH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY; CALL OR WRITE, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY. CALL
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
203 BROADWAY,
9TH FLOOR.

TRUCK SALESMEN.

Have opening for two high-grade truck men who can produce; commission basis. Best SELLING line in city.

See MR. VALPEY OR MR. CRABTREE,

1,803 BROADWAY.

TRAFFIC MANAGER wanted by large manufacturing concern; must be capable of routing via express, rail, and boat throughout the United States, and handling export shipments; state age, experience, religion, and salary expected; one acquainted with drug or grocery business preferred. N 401 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MAN Wanted.—Experienced man in traffic department of large organization; one familiar with routing of freights, checking freight bills, freight claims, &c.; only those with experience need apply. Address K., 260 Times Downtown.

WANTED

PRIVATE SECRETARY,

well educated, well read, for owner of publishing business; man 30 to 35 years of age; business located in New York City; will travel frequently; training in the publishing business highly desirable; ability to keep personal accounts accurately necessary; splendid opportunity to learn the business; cannot consider one who has not earned $1,800 per year. F 90 Times.

WANTED.—Young man about 19, American born, for bottling department of factory; $13. Lea & Perrins, 241 West St.

WRAPPERS. — MEN ACCUSTOMED TO WRAPPING AND TYING SMALL PACKAGES FOR MAIL AND EXPRESS SHIPMENT. PETER HENDERSON & CO., 35-37 CORTLANDT ST.

YOUNG MEN.

A corporation of national repute desires several young Americans for work at one of its plants near New York.

Applicants must reside at plant and be exempt from draft, about 25 years of age; good health, clean character, and pleasing personality strictly essential.

To applicants with above qualifications who are willing to start at modest wages, and do rough work, a good opportunity is offered to work up to supervisory position.

Meet representative at 244 West 23d St. today from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

YOUNG MEN of good education, who are mechanically inclined, are wanted by a corporation having offices in the principal cities; a course of training with pay is intended to fit them for inspection service, the ultimate salary depending on ability. For further particulars, address O 209 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college education preferred, to start at bottom of advertising space selling business; the work will be hard and first earnings small, but the opportunity to learn the advertising business and to advance in salary and responsibility is exceptional. Apply, giving age, education, nationality, and three references, to Box V 110 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted, capable of operating Elliott-Fisher billing machine; steamship experience preferred. Apply after 1 o'clock, 50 New St., Room 437. Bring references.

YOUNG MEN.—Several; exceptional opportunity in important department of large chain store concern; state experience and qualifications. W. C., P. O. Box 226, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted; experienced in making tablet granulations in pharmaceutical laboratory. Apply Saturday or Monday morning, 113 West 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, junior, about 18 years, as ledger assistant and bill clerk; state age, experience, references, and wages expected. Address Christian Firm, V 125 Times.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

Medical Reserve Corps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Previous orders relating to following revoked:
Williamson, Capt. W. T.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Metcalf, R.
Green, E. S.
Callaway, J. T.

Following to duty in office of Surg.Gen.:
Mayo, Maj. W. J.
Lormor, 1st Lt. E. H.
Long, 1st Lt. F. H.

Following to Neurological Inst., N. Y., for training:
Stookey, Capt. B. P
Pearlstein, 1st Lt. P.

Following to Ft. Riley for instruction:
Koll, Capt. R. S.
Miller, 1st Lt. B. Y.

Following to Camp Dix:
Meisenbach, Capt. R.O.
Dickinson, 1st Lt. W.G.

Following to Camp Greenleaf:
CAPTAINS.
Hoyt, W. W.
Helsey, W. C.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Smith, T. H.
Greenburg, I. E.
Parker, S. T.
Danish, H.
Callaway, J. T.
Lacey, W. H.
Carson, J. E.
Rashbaum, M.

Helmuth, Maj. W. T., to revert to inactive list.
O'Connor, 1st Lt. F. J., to Av. School, Kelly Field.

Following from places specified to duty in Base Hospital, Fort Oglethorpe:
Rothrock, Capt. H. A., Camp Lee.
Berry, 1st Lt. J. F., Camp Sherman.
Talbot, 1st Lt. E. S., Jr., to Camp Travis.
Streit, 1st Lt. E. H., to Letterman General Hosp. for duty.
Segal, 1st Lt. J., hon. discharged.
Lynch, Maj. W. W., to Camp Sheridan, duty in Base Hosp.
Schaeffer, Maj. G. C., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 2, Ft. McHenry.
Williamson, Capt. W. T., report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Lee.

Appointment of following in Med. Corps announced:
TO BE FIRST LIEUTENANT.
Bower, Capt. A. G.
Stammel C. A., Jr.
Porter, A. R., Jr.
Cornell, V. H.
Cook, E. Lo C.
Cudlipp, R. L.
Anderson, J. B.
Ross, G. P.
Immon, E. H.
Shaw, W. A.
O'Brien, T. W.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Following to report to Chief of Ord. for duty:
MAJORS.
Park, W. E.
Pike, C. W.
CAPTAINS.
Franchot, R. H.
Hull, R. B.
Krag, W. G.
Sladky, A. C.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Griffiths, A. A.
Hall, C. R.
Jefferis, G. H.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Latham, G. C.
Masback, E. R.
Pragoff, H. C.
Smith, C. M.

Davisworth, 1st Lt. G. A., to Augusta Arsenal.
Howard, 1st Lt. S. R., to Watertown Arsenal.
Hanson, 1st Lt. J. J., to Dunbar Mfg. Co., Chicago, as asst. to Insp. of Ord.
White, Capt. E. T., to take station at Ann Arbor, Mich.
Merrill, 1st Lt. A. S., to take station at Toronto and report to Insp. of Ord. at plant of John Inglis Co.
Fox, Capt. E. E., to his home.
Forster, Capt. H. E., to Watervliet Arsenal.
Sweetey, 1st Lt. J. A., to duty at plant of Bartlett-Hayward Co., Baltimore.
Cook, 1st Lt. W. P., Jr., aptd. to same grade Qm.C., N.A., report to officer in charge cantonment construction.
Barrett, 2d Lt. J. E., to Watervliet Arsenal.
Feerick, 1st Lt. P., to Camp Jackson.

Signal Enlisted Reserve Corps.

Following aptd. 2d Lts. in Av.Sec., to Ft. Omaha:
PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS.
Hermanns, E. F.
Verheyden, E. J., Jr.
Henninger, R. W.
Welch, C. H.
Anderson, R. H.
Hatcher, R. F.
Mills, H. H.
McGinness, B. R.
Andrews, H. B.
Barry, A. H.
Bonney, U. H.
Burleigh, D. M.
Cameron, R. F.
Christian, S. T.
Cummings, R. R.
Finley, H. H.
Franklin M. E.
Gillern, M. F.
Godfrey, J. S.
Hahn, S. W.
Harper, R. S.
Holmes, W. H.
Hutchins, D. L.
Jacques, G. F.
Lane, R.
Owen, H. K.
Peinze, C. E.
Ramsey, J. N.
Schellberg, H. E.
Shoptaw, J. W.
Simpson, L. G.
Vredenberg, R. T.
Spence, D. T.
Smythe, C. E.

Jernigan, 2d Lt. J. A., to Av.Sec., Park Field.
Bridge, 1st Lt. R. B., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Cambridge.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Ames, 2d Lt. N. B., Av. Sec., report to Chief Sig. Off.
Boyce, 1st Lt. W. H., Av. Sec., to Morrison, Va.
O'Connor, 1st Lt. K. A., Av. Sec., to School Field.
Alexander, 1st Lt. L. B., Av. Sec., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Cambridge.
Brock, 1st Lt. J. B., Av. Sec., to report to Chief Sig. Off.

Nagle, 2d Lt. W. G., aptd. to same grade in Av. Sec.; to Sig.C. Radio School, Maryland State Agricultural College.
Roepke, Capt. W. J., Av. Sec., to Cambridge, Mass.
Sherman, 1st Lt. C. K., Av. Sec., to report to Chief Sig. Off.
Trapp, W. C., aptd. 1st Lt., Av. Sec.
Schmidt, H. D., aptd. 2d Lt., Av. Sec.; report to Chief Sig. Off.
Gordon, 2d Lt. M. B., Av. Sec., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Cambridge, for training as an aviation engr.
Sullivan, 1st Lt. C. E., Av. Sec., to report to Chief Sig. Off.
Hurja, E. D., aptd. 2d Lt. in Av. Sec., to Vancouver Barracks.
Taylor, M. R., aptd. Capt. in Av. Sec.; to Ellington Field.
Wiley, S. M., aptd. 1st Lt. in Av. Sec.; report to Chief Sig. Off. for duty with Equipment Division, finance dept.
Ronalds, 1st Lt R., Av. Sec., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Columbus, O.
Shaffer, 2d Lt. O. N., aptd. same grade in Av. Sec.
Granger, R. M., Co. E, 315th, aptd. 2d Lt., Land Div., Sig.R.C.; to Little Silver.
Waters, G. J., aptd. 1st Lt., Av. Sec.; to duty in Equipment Div.
Crumay, S. L., aptd. 1st Lt. in Av. Sec.; to duty with Supply Div., Morrison, Va.
MacKean, W. D., aptd. 1st Lt., Av. Sec.; to Dorr Field.
McLaurin, K. H., aptd. 2d Lt. in Av. Sec.; to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Mass. Inst. of Tech., for training.
Lilienthal, J. L., aptd. 2d Lt., Av. Sec.; to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Mass. Inst. of Tech., for training.

Following to Av.Sec. to participate in flights:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Hall, O. J.
Hanes, H. F.
Rickard, C. H.
Booth, A. B.
Mason, E. S.
Eaton, St. J. L.
Rollins, M. E.

Quartermaster Corps.

Hawley, 2d Lt. B. N., to Camp Jos. E. Johnson, with Remount Squadron 301.
Erickson, J. L., aptd. 2d Lt., N.A., to Camp Custer.
Monroe, 2d Lt. H. H., N.A., aptd. to same grade in Sig.R.C., to Hoboken.
Grove, Col. W. R., N.A., to N. Y. on official business pertaining to Qm.C., then to his station.
Snyder, 1st Lt. W. B., N.A., to duty in command of Machine Shop Truck Unit 333.
Hicks, G. W. B., aptd. Maj., N.A., to report to Act.Qm.Gen.

Following of N.A. promoted to be 1st Lts.:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Dana, D. T.
Morrill, F. S.
Briggs, B. J.
Watkins, W. B.
Hall, D.
Lillie, F. J.
Goodwin, W. D.
Brooksher, P. F.
Leman, D. A.
Whitthorne, B. R.

Robertson, 2d Lt. G. O., N.A., to duty as asst. to Depot Qm., Cambridge.
Clark, 2d Lt. H., N.A., to duty as asst. to Depot Qm., N. Y.
Wellington, B. R., aptd. 1st Lt., N.A., report to Act.Qm.Gen.
Roney, 2d Lt. H., N.A., to asst. to Depot Qm., at Jeffersonville, Ind.
Bourke, M. C., aptd. 1st Lt., N.A., to Camp Meigs.
Lenane, F. E., aptd. Capt., N.A., report to Act.Qm.Gen.
Lisle, 2d Lt. H., N.A., to Hoboken as asst. to Gen.Supt. Army Transport Service.
Newman, W., aptd. 1st Lt., N.A.; to report to Depot Qm., Boston.
Colson, 2d Lt. H. E., N.A., to asst. to officer in charge of school for bakers and cooks at Camp Grant.
Chapman, F. L., aptd. 2d Lt., N.A., to mechanical repair shop, Unit 306, Baltimore.
Lawes, Capt. H. J., will visit all cantonments to inspect motor cycle companies and detachments, then to his station.

Field Artillery.

Following of R.C. aptd. 1st Lts. in N.A.:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Pritchard, W. S.
Newton, R. P.
Greene, J. N.
Braxton, A. F.
Boyd, G. E.
Treat, H. B.
Van Vechten, S.
McClure, W. K.
Herring, H. W.
Pearce, P. R.
Hume, J. R.
Stone, R. J. W.
Woodall, H. C.
Wilson, J. A.

Hollander, 1st Lt. H., to 20th F.A.
Scott, 2d Lt. T. B., Jr., R.C., aptd. 1st Lt., N.A., 77th Div.
Schutte, 2d Lt. G., N.A., aptd. same grade Qm.C., N.A.
Breese, Capt. E. Y., 2d F.A., N.J.N.G., aptd. Capt. Ord.R.C.; report to Chief of Ord.
Spencer, 2d Lt. E. E., N.A., aptd. same grade in Av.Sec., Sig.R.C., to Vancouver Barracks.

Signal Corps.

Brown, Pvt. F. L., aptd. 2d Lt. in Av.Sec.; report to Chief Sig. Off.
Renfro, Pvt. De G., aptd. 2d Lt. in Av.Sec.; to Kelly Field.
Rainey, Sgt. C., aptd. 2d Lt., Av.Sec.; to Vancouver Barracks.
Rives, 1st Lt. F. B., report to Chief, War College Div., Gen. Staff, for intelligence duty.
Montgomery, W. W., Jr. aptd. temp. Lt.Col. in Av.Sec.; to duty in equipment div.

Corps of Engineers.

Dillon, Lt. Col. T. H., appointed to be Col. Engs., N.A., to 37th, Ft. Myer, vice Col. R. T. Ward.
Hodgson, Capt. P. A., to Edgewood, Md., U. S. Filling Plant, for duty.
Hillard, Temp. 2d Lt. J. A., and Reuton, Temp. 2d Lt. R. W., are assigned to 7th Engrs.
Miller, Maj. B. A., attached to 31st Engs.
Harris, Capt. J. E., to Camp A. A., Humphreys, Va.

Infantry.

Following placed on detached officers' list:
MAJORS.
Price, S. A.
Agnew, E. H.
Ragsdale, R. O.
Gordon, C. M., Jr.
Chamberlain, F. V. S.
Freeman, G. D., Jr.
Cullison, J. M.
Talbott, S. G.
Compton, G.

Scott, 2d Lt. T., Jr., 314th, to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Univ. of Texas.

Following appointed same grade, Qm.C., N.A.:
Slater, 1st Lt. E. H., 135th.
MacDonough, 2d Lt. J. A., 134th, to Camp Cody, with Bakery Co. 345.

Following of N.A. promoted to be Majors, N.A.:
CAPTAINS.
Patch, A. M.
Patch, J. D.
Matile, G. A.

Following appointed Capts., N.A.:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Fray, A.
Gift, L. H.
Scott, R.
Winters, W.
SECOND LIEUTENANT.
Roosevelt, Archibald B.

Marshall, Maj. G. C., Jr., and Savage, Capt. E. W., N.A., promoted to Lt.Cols, N.A.
Blair, 1st Lt. E., N.A., appointed to same grade, Av. Sec., Sig. R.C., to School of Military Aeronautics, Columbus.
Hahn, Capt. C., N.G., aptd. to same grade Qm.C., N.A., to duty in office of Qm. Gen.
Hawley, Capt. L. G., 300th, aptd. to same grade Av. Sec.; to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Columbus.
Dent, 1st Lt. H. M., 153th, aptd. same grade in Ord. R.C.; to Ord. Motor Construction School at Four Wheel Drive Co., Clintonville, Wis.
Wilson, Capt. J. P., relieved from 6th Inft.
Brown, 1st Lt. G. E., 125th, to Ft. Bayard Army Hosp., sick.
McCahill, 2d Lt. P. B., N.G., to 53d Pioneer Inft., Camp Wadsworth.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Morton, Capt. L. L., and La Roy, Capt. H. A., assigned to 7th Eng.
Foster, 2d Lt. W. D., to 40th Eng.
Reid, 1st Lt. R. H., to 302d Eng. Train.
Templeton, 1st Lt. R. J., to 32d Eng., Camp Grant.
Johnson, 1st Lt. C. R., to report to Chief of Eng., this city.
Cook, 2d Lt. F. B., Jr., to 4th Eng.

Following assigned to 26th Eng., Camp Dix:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Maneese, M. M.
Hastings, R. P.
Parker, T. B.
Rounds, G. L.
Forfar, D. M.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
McCutchen, E.
Sellnow, F. C.
Loughlin, W. C.

Larsen, 1st Lt. H., assigned to 65th Eng., Camp Upton.
Clinite, 2d Lt. R. G., to report by letter to Director United States Geological Survey, Washington.
Bissell, Capt. W. H., and McDougal, Capt. A., assigned to 318th Eng.

Following assigned to 23d Eng.:
Wing, Maj. C. B.
Johnson, 1st Lt. W.M.
Raisch, 1st Lt. A. G.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Froehde, F. C.
Seubert, H. C.
Stahl, C. E.
Brown, W.

Following to 305th Eng., Camp Lee:
Butler, Capt. F. M.
McCarton, 1st Lt. A.P.
Battle, 1st Lt. H. S.

Oglesby, 1st Lt. W., and Montgomery, 2d Lt. R. C., previous orders revoked.
Dillman, Maj. G. L., to report to Chief of Eng., this city.

Following assigned to 37th Eng., Ft. Myer:
Alexander 1st Lt. J.F.
Mitchell, 1st Lt. R.W.
Sommerville, 2d Lt. R. L.

Wetmore, 1st Lt. E. V. D., assigned to 30th Eng., to Ft. Myer.

Following assigned to 30th Eng.:
CAPTAINS.
Carlock, J. B.
Geiger, A. W.
Feely, 1st Lt. J. C., Jr.
Ellis, J. G.
Johnston, 2d Lt. D. M.

Davis, 2d Lt. K. N., assigned to 309th Service Battalion, to Hoboken, N. J.
Smallman, 1st Lt. R. A., previous orders announcing promotion to grade of Captain revoked.
Van Vleck, 2d Lt. P., previous orders revoked.
Starrett, Maj. W. A., in addition to other duties assigned to duty as contracting officer for construction of War Trade Board buildings now being constructed in Washington.

Following assigned to 106th Eng., to Camp Wheeler:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Fisher, A., Jr.
Flagler, H. J.
March, G. V.
Sahlberg, M. W.
Silk, A.

Hinckley, Capt. P. E., appointed to grade of Major.
Daniels, Capt. I. L., assigned to 305th Eng., Camp Lee, for temporary duty.
Middleton, Capt. N. A., assigned to 23d Eng., Camp Laurel.
Spencer, Capt. H., assigned to 23d Eng., Camp Laurel.

Following to report to officer in charge cantonment construction, this city:
MAJORS.
Jenkins, J. B.
Laist, T. F.
CAPTAINS.
Billings, F. M.
Horton, D.
Letts, J. C.
Supplee, W. H.
Weller, W. E.

Armsby, Capt. E. H., and King, 1st Lt. F., assigned to 32d Eng., to Camp Grant.
Parker, 2d Lt. G. S., assigned to 36th Eng., to Camp Grant.
Keesler, A. A., appointed Captain in E.R.C., to report to officer in charge General Engineer Depot, this city.
Molitor, Maj. F. A., promoted to grade of Lt.Col., Eng., N.A.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Girdansky, 1st Lt. I., with authorized enlisted assistant to proceed to Edgewood, reporting to C.O., U. S. Filling Station.

Infantry Reserve Corps.

Gildersleeve, 1st Lt. C. R., appointed to same grade in Av. Sec., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Columbus, Ohio.

Following 2d Lts. appointed to grade of 1st Lt., Inf., N.A.:
Andrews, M. M.
Glenn, J. L.
Gordon, H. L.
Lucas, A. F. G.
Spencer, E. G.

Spickelmire, 1st Lt. V. L., appointed to grade of 1st Lt., Sig.C., N.A., to Camp Meade.
Chamberlain, 2d Lt. R. H., previous orders amended to read 2d Lt. R. H. Chamberlain, Jr.
Hjelte, 2d Lt. C G., previous orders amended to read 2d Lt. Carl George Hjelte.
Poe 2d Lt. W. L., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Univ. of Texas, for inst.
Ryan, 2d Lt. E. M., appointed as 1st Lt. in 77th Div., N.A.
Shipps, 1st Lt. H. L., appointed as Capt. in 78th Div., N.A.

Coast Artillery.

Welch, 1st. Lt. G. M., N.G., relieved from assignment to duty with 59th Art.
Bagnall, 2d Lt. C. L., N.G., promoted to 1st Lt. in C.A., N.G., to Coast Defenses of New Bedford, Mass.
Davenport, 1st Lt. H. A., N.G., assigned to 59th Art.
Newsom, Chap. E. P., to Coast Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, Fort Monroe.
Loughry, Capt. H. K., appointed to grade of Maj., F.A., N.A.
Leonard, 1st Lt. M. C., appointed to grade of Capt., C.A.R.C., to report to Chief of Staff.
Bogue, J. P., appointed as 1st Lt., (Chaplain,) to Fort Barrancas.

Following of C.A.C. placed on detached officers' list:
CAPTAINS.
Hoskins, F. L.
McCain, J. D.
Hannum, R. H.
Loomis, H. F.
Waddell, J. C.
Griffith, C. C.
Haskell, J. B.
Hogan, J. P.
Anderson, G. P.
Kahle, J. F.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Betts, E. G.
Benson, A. F.
Logan, R. W.
Hannah, T. F.
Blank, H. M.
Curtis, R. S.
Griggs, D. M.
Banan, H. F.
Capper, H. W.
Miner, D. F.
Jacobs, J. P.
Menger, C. H.
Millough, W. B.
Bomar, F. C.
Marble, J. C.
Anderson, J. W.
Crossman, A. H.
Markham, J. R.

Sanitary Corps.

O'Brien, Capt. P., N. A., to report to Cmdg. Gen., Camp Sheridan, for duty as medical supply officer of camp and property officer of base hosp.
Wrightston, Maj. W. D., N. A., to proceed from Camp Hancock to Arcadia, Fla., to make sanitary inspection of S. C., then to Camp Wheeler to comply with inst. from Adjt. Gen.
Littebrant, Col. W. T., assigned to 81st F. A.
Jones, 1st Lt. W. C., promoted to grade of Capt., S.C., N.A.
Vogelson, Maj. J. A., N. A., to Camp Johnston for duty as sanitary inspector.
Timbrook, 1st Lt. D. N. A., promoted to grade of Capt., S.C., N.A.
Gunther, 1st Lt. H. G., N. A., promoted to grade of Capt., S.C., N.A.
Arps, G. F., appointed as Capt., S.C., N.A., to Camp Greenleaf.
Turner, 1st Lt. E. P., Jr., N. A., to report to Surg. Gen. of Army, this city, for duty in his office.
Forbes, E. B., appointed as Maj., S.C., N.A., to report to Cmdt. Army Med. School, this city.
Boyd, 1st Lt. J. G., promoted to grade of Capt., S.C., N.A.
Fairhall, 1st Lt. L. T., promoted to Capt., S.C., N.A.
Bingham, 1st Lt. H. C., previous orders amended to direct him to report to Surg. Gen. of Army for duty in his office.

Cavalry.

Arnold, Col. F. T., prev. orders revoked.
Bernheimer, 2d Lt. C. M., C.R.C., aptd. to same grade in Av.Sec., S.R.C., to Ellington Field.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Yancey, Capt. S. R., to Camp Gordon as C.O. Aux Remount Depot 316.
Alexander, 2d Lt. O. C.; Ragsdale, 2d Lt. H. L., and Casey, Capt. H. L., to report to Cmdg.Gen., Central Dept., Chicago.

Following Capts. in Qm.R.C. aptd. to grade of Major, Qm.C., N.A.:
Hunt, J. S.
Bell, H. L.
Thomson, C. C.
Meade, P. F.
Geddes, T. A.
Kalb, A.
Sparks, B. P.
Valentine, J. R.
Brewer, F. G.
Schumann, K. G.

Veterinary Corps.

Jewell, Capt. C. H., appointed to grade of Maj., V.C., N.A.
Hanvey, Capt. G. A., Jr., aptd. to grade of Maj., V.C., N.A.
Moon, 1st Lt. J. G., aptd. to grade of Capt., V.C., N.A.
Perkins, 1st Lt. C. B., aptd. to grade of Capt., V.C., N.A.
Richards, 1st Lt. W. W., aptd. to grade of Capt., V.C., N.A.

Miscellaneous.

Prev. orders relating to following officers in N.A. rescinded:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Armstrong, T. G.
Elkins, R. E.
Hensel, C. F.
Lesslie, C. M. T.
Liden, A. H.
Reedy, J. D.
Trude, F. J.
Woods, D. J.
Yantis, E. M.
Duff, C. C.
Fisher, H. W.
Hollingsworth, G. C.
Scales, J. H. H.
Wescott, G. B.
Wilkins, W. R.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Leak, J. V.
Simpson, E. W.
Strain, J. P.
Thompson, J. W.
Whipple, G. M.
Field, R. M.
Walker, W. R.
Dwyer, R. H.
Hillard, C. L.
Hill, C. H.
Hughes, E.
Pleasants, A. W.
Stephenson, D. A.
Studer, J. R.
Swearingen, C. W.
Williamson, M.
Winston, B.
Woolf, B. S.

Appointments in N.A. in 70th Div.:
To be Captains—
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Drinker, J. B.
Madeira, P. C., Jr.
Miller, S. R.

Promotions in N.G.:
Karst, 1st Lt. C., to be Capt.
Smith, 2d Lt. R., to be 1st Lt., to 32d Div.

Promotions in N.G., to 38th Div., Camp Shelby:
To be 1st Lts.—
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Whitsel, T. S.
Boggs, C. P.
Hays, W. P.
Roone, C. C.
Paxton, P. J.
Wagner, E. T.
Sutton, G. S.

Promotions in N. G., to 34th Div., Camp Cody:
To be 1st Lts.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Harris, T.
Wildman, G. S.

Following are placed on detached officers' list:

Field Artillery.

CAPTAINS.
Fibich, M. J., 5th.
Heyser, M. C., 1st.
Kiser, S. L., 2d.
McLendon, I. R., 6th.
Yeager, E., 2d.

Infantry.

Lee, Col. H. R., 9th Inft.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Stromeyer, W. F., 6?d.
Howard, D. B., 24th.
Tuttle, W. B., 3d.
LeGette, A. S., 55th.
Wiener, J. B., 52d.
Stetson, A. F., 22d.
Philbrook, F. L., 62d.
Owens, G. R., 51st.
Winfield, R. M., 63d.
Knoll, D. L., 36th.
Helmbold, F. A., 53d.
Galloway, F. E., 51st.
Shannon, G. A., 6th.
Freeman, T. W., 52d.
Campbell, P. S., 64th.
Hutson, L. DeL., 55d.
Simmonds, N.L., 40th.
O'Donoghue, W.F., 61st.
Luth, W. C., 7th.
Jones, A. W., 43d.
Brodbent, C.S., Jr., 54th.
Thomson, S. A., 55th.
Russell, C. R., 14th.
Wilson, W. E., 44th.
Kennedy, B. Y., 51st.
Montgomery, H. A., 34th.
Kinsley, A. C., 14th.
Parker, C.H., Jr., 41st.
Riddell, J. L., 44th.
Wood, B. W., 55th.
Newton, C. V., 34th.
Whitson, J. A., 56th.
Bruce, A. D., 40th.
Hathaway, C. E., Jr., 45th.
Olivier, K. S., 10th.
Wheeler, F. C., 38th.
Trumbower, W.C., 11th Mach. Gun Batt.
Lyon, H. Y., 24th.
Braine, L.F., Jr., 6th.
Miller, M., 5th Mach. Gun Batt.
Stewart, L. P., 17th.
Kimball, H. D., 50th.
Moroney, T. J., 13th Mach. Gun Batt.
Williams, W. C., 60th.
Johnson, F. L., 21st.
Rockwood, A.W., 40th.
Williamson, M., 56th.
Downer, L. N., 62d.
Ellis, C. L., 4th.
McCalib, D. F., 58th.

Cavalry.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Abeles, E. L., 11th.
McConville, J. V., 16th.
Pride, W. F., 13th.
Shell, V. M., 6th.
Tucker, W. M., 12th.
Gilbert, H. C., 1st.
Hagar, T. M., 3d.
Bradford, W. B., 16th.
Ligon, T. W., 5th.
Duke, J. T., 10th.
Gempel, E.P.H., 12th.
Longino, J. C., 21st.
Sanderson, J. M., 24th.
Walton, C. W., 10th.
Atwood, H. E., 10th.
Lytle, R. R., Jr., 20th.
LaGuardia, G., 11th.
Augur, W. B., 17th.
Plummer, H. F., 17th.
Hancock, C. J., 24th.

Field Artillery.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Henn, E. A., 3d.
Sutherland, J. W. L., 8th.
Dearing, A. A., 17th.
Dowd, H. S., 14th.
Austin, F. C., 20th.
Herbine, H. S., 13th.
Noyes, W. A., 21st.
Wadsworth, L.H., 15th.
Goldman, A. M., 3d.
LeGette, F. C., 18th.
Peirce, J. M., 14th.
Kite, G. F., 18th.
McAleer, C. T., 8th.

Murray, Col. C. H., to his home.
Simpson, Col. W. A., to duty as Adjt. of Eastern Dept.
Schelling, 1st Lt. G., 106th Mch. Gun Batt., N.G., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Austin, Tex.
Winterbotham, 1st Lt. J. R., and Pattou, 2d Lt. A. B., to report to Chief of Army War College Div. office of Chief of Staff.

Appointments in N. A., 79th Div.:
Huckel, 1st Lt. W. C., Inft.R.C., to be Capt.
Newbold, 2d Lt. F. E., F.A.N.A., to be 1st Lt.

Preus, 2d Lt. W. C., Adjt.Gen's Dept., N.A., report to Chief of Army War College Div., office of Chief of Staff.
Bookmiller, Maj. E. V., retired, detailed prof. of mil. science and tactics at Georgetown Univ.
Bosch, Rev. F. W., aptd. 1st Lt., Chaplain, in N.G., to 39th Div., Camp Beauregard.

Veterinary Reserve Corps.

King, 2d Lt. R., to Aux. Remount Depot No. 310, Camp Sevier.
Michael, 2d Lt. D. W., to Camp Johnson, for duty with Remount Squadron 301.

Resignations.

Payne, 1st Lt. C. F., Texas N.G.
Gammage, Capt. T. R., Missouri N.G.
Bell, 1st Lt. W. C., N.G.U.S.
Gootee, Temp. 2d Lt. G. O.
Caldwell, 2d Lt. J. C., E.R.C.
Jones, 1st Lt. H. W., Col.N.G.
Hermance, 2d Lt. G. W., N.Y.N.G.
Fisher, 1st Lt. F. G., Mich.N.G.
Moore, 1st Lt. (Chap.) A. L., Ohio N.G.
Oakley, Capt. J. G., Ala.N.G.
Dunbar, 1st Lt. J. T., C.A.N.G.

Leave.

Taylor, 1st Lt. G. de B., I.R.C., 15 days.

NEW OFFICERS NAMED.

Adjutant General Issues Another List of Appointments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Major Gen. McCain, the Adjutant General of the Army, today announced a number of additional appointments in the Officers' Reserve Corps and the national army.

The officers whose names appear in this list, if they have not already done so, should telegraph acceptance of commissions to the Adjutant General, Washington, D. C. The telegrams should be signed with full name and rank. The appointments follow:

TO BE MAJOR, ENG. RES. CORPS.
Lippincott, J. B., Los Angeles, Cal.

TO BE CAPTS., ORD. RES. CORPS.
Carlton, H., Baltimore, Md.
Howard, L. W., 60 W. 76th St., New York.
North, W. C., Bridgeport, Conn.
Yeomans, C. S., Washington, D. C.

TO BE 1ST LIEUTS., ORD. RES. CORPS.
Areford, E. S., Uniontown, Penn.
Biddle, E. M., 1,200 Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia, Penn.
Dinkelspiel, L. W., Washington, D. C.
McKenna, J. H., Washington.
Myers, W. H., Jr., Washington, D. C.
Runyan, W. W., 1,311 6th St., Portsmouth, Ohio.
Terry, J. T., Jr., 100 Broadway, New York.

TO BE 2D LIEUTS., ORD. RES. CORPS.
Bailey, B. B., Washington.
Ballenger, J. F., Washington.
Brown, M. S., Goldfield, Nev.
Buoy, C. D., Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass.
Dagilaitis, J. S., 2,124 Lakeside Av., Cleveland, Ohio.
Laird, R. V., Washington, D. C.
Lesch, L. H., Camp Jackson, S. C.
Robinson, J. W., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Stiles, C. T., 5848 Ellsworth St., Philadelphia, Penn.
Welsh, J. K., 151 E. 46th St., N. Y. C.

TO BE MAJOR, QM. RES. CORPS.
Kelly, F. J., Washington, D. C.

TO BE CAPTS., AV. SEC., SIG. RES. CORPS.
Coxater, R. A., Bayonne, N. J.
Richardson, T., Lamar, Mo.

TO BE 1ST LTS., AV. SEC., SIG. RES. CORPS.
Graham, W. R., 112 South 16th St., Philadelphia, Penn.
Brackett, E. E., Lincoln, Neb.
Eidson, C. G., Atlanta, Ga.
Littell, G. B., Elizabeth, N. J.
Mackenzie, K., Bayonne, N. J.
Mayo, E. H., Washington, D. C.
Reynolds, J. F., Minneapolis, Minn.
White, F. G., Washington, D. C.

TO BE 2D LTS., AV. SEC., SIG. RES. CORPS.
Ashton, T. H., Ft. Omaha, Neb.
Bassett, H. B., College Park, Md.
Clarke, E. C., San Diego, Cal.
Cookingham, P. W., Portland, Ore.
Cozzens, J., 439 South Rebecca St., Pittsburgh, Penn.
Fitshugh, T. C., Austin, Texas.
Gallcher, H. E., Jr., Washington.
Goener, C. P., Langley Field.
Ingersoll, H., New Haven, Conn.
Kropf, W. J., Lawson, La.
Lawton, M. P., Ft. Omaha.
McKee, F. M.
McLafferty, J. E.
McLaughlin, O. F.
McQueen, B. A.
Marshall, R. J.
Patterson, F. R.
Rahn, J. C.
Simpson, W. L.
Thummel, G. B., Ft. Omaha, Neb.
Nason, W. H., 8 Wendell St., Cambridge, Mass.
Schoepf, A. W., Salt Lake City, Utah.
Watkins, K., 232 W. 127th St., N. Y. C.

National Army.

TO BE SECOND LIEUTS., ENG. CORPS, N. A.
Beckley, W. J.
Brown, E.
Bunting, R. H.
Fletcher, R. L.
Hobbs, H. A.
Lester, R. M.
Lusk, F. L.
Parker, W. O.
Roberson, W. S.
Shanks, C. R.
All now stationed at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

TO BE SECOND LIEUTS., R. R. TRANSPORTATION CORPS, N. A.
Boudreau, E. A., Portland, Me.
Scull, M. A. H., Camp Meade, Md.

TO BE MAJOR, QM. CORPS, N. A.
Wagner, H. W., Campbell Hall, New York.

TO BE CAPT., QM. CORPS, N. A.
Cenfield, C. H., 1,520 West 104th St., Chicago, Ill.

TO BE FIRST LIEUT., QM. CORPS, N. A.
Field, J. E., Washington Barracks, D. C.

TO BE SECOND LIEUTS., QM. CORPS, N. A.
Baker, R. S., Anniston, Ala.
Dunton, H. A., Concentration Camp, Allentown, Penn.
Smith, C., Ft. McIntosh, Texas.

TO BE CAPTS., N. A.
Blankenhorn, H., and Keeney, F. H., both War College, Wash.

The following appointments, authorized by the Secretary of War and made at the Military School of Aeronautics at Gerstner Field, La., as of Feb. 5, announced:

TO BE SECOND LIEUTS., AV. SEC., SIG. RES. CORPS.
Andrews, F. W.
Ashbaugh, C. V.
Byerly, F. M.
Chadwick, S.
Clowes, L. R.
Colletti, V. J.
Crummey, J. M.
Fuhrman, D. K.
Lane, L. C.
McCue, J. B.
Peddycoart, C. M.
Scott, G. E.
Tommers, A. E. B.

The Civil Service.

City.

The medical test for telephone operator, male, has been set for Feb. 21. Seventy-eight candidates have been notified.

The mental test for stenographer and typewriter, male, will be held on Feb. 27. Sixty-nine candidates have been notified.

The following physical examinations have been held: Machine helper, twenty-seven passed; driver, Street Cleaning Department, Queens, thirteen passed, one rejected; bridgeman and riveter, twenty passed; dump boardman, Queens, ten passed; sweeper, Richmond, twelve passed, one rejected.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 23 an examination for clerk with nautical knowledge, for men only, at New York. A vacancy in the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, for duty at New York, at $900 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will consist of the explanation and sale of charts, tidal tables, &c., furnishing tidal data and other nautical information to mariners and the public, filing charts, &c. Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, penmanship, letter writing, copying and correcting manuscript, education, and experience. Applicants must have had at least a common school education and two years of nautical school training or of practical experience in nautical matters. They must have reached their twentieth birthday on the date of the examination.

HELP WANTED—Male.

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AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
J. J. McLAUGHLIN. C. P. HASSON.

Several good positions open for office managers and credit men, $1,800-$2,000 per annum.

Open till 4 P. M. today.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANTS are needed by business and by the Government; responsible positions seek men who can devise records and procedures, supervise accounting detail, audit expenditures, determine cost-plus prices, prepare tax returns, systematize, organize, control; write for Bulletin 40, giving details of training necessary and of evening classes now forming. Address F. P. Lamphear, 215 West 23d St., N. Y.; C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn; or Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPETENT SECRETARIES are always in demand; the quickest way to increase your salary is to prepare for desirable secretarial positions. Write for Booklet 50, giving details of Secretarial Course (evenings) now opening. PACE & PACE, 30 Church St., New York.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced or inexperienced. City or traveling. Write or call for our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," and list of openings. Immediate employment service rendered members. Nat'l Salesmen's Tr. Ass'n, Suite 1804-D Candler Bldg., New York.

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FOR SALE.—COMPLETE WOODWORKING PLANT.

Factory with 18,000 sq. ft. floor space; warehouses with 15,000 sq. ft. floor space; engine and boiler house, coal sheds and lumber sheds in addition; plant occupies ¾ of city block; ample room for large lumber yard; railroad sidings direct to plant and also to warehouse, connecting with C., M. & St. P., C. & N. W., and Soo Line railroads, making best shipping facilities in Wisconsin. This is a running business proposition; no incumbrance of any kind; owner obliged to retire from business. A bargain for quick sale of a paying business. For full particulars address T. O. Bunch, 1,721 Harris Trust Building, Chicago, Ill.

THEATRE (MOTION PICTURE) FOR RENT, Worcester, Mass., located 200 feet best business corner, seating capacity about 1,100. F. W. Taylor, 438 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

Business financed, loans advanced on chattel mortgages, warehouse receipts, accounts receivable, or other good collateral. Apply Room 424, Singer Building.

Sporting goods and auto accessories, town of 75,000; excellent opportunity. Y 237 Times Annex.

Business Notices.

EXPERT DRAFTING DONE on short notice; small jobs specialty. Address Box 208, Hartley Hall, Columbia University, City.

FOR SALE.

FAT-REDUCING MACHINE.

A four hundred dollar Niles normalizing machine for reducing fat, obesity, is offered for one hundred and seventy-five dollars; every part complete; is practically new. James P. Carey, Grand Central Terminal. Telephone 8147 Murray Hill.

FAIRBANKS export laundry soap, best quality, about 250 boxes of 90 lbs. each, at 20 per cent. below today's price. Inquire Room 710, Tribune Bldg., city.

Magnificent leather living room suite, English Colonial bedroom; genuine mahogany dining room. Martin Raylee Court, 101A West 180th St.

Wanted.

Second-hand aero engines wanted for practical instruction in aviation school; Rolls-Royce, Curtiss, Hall-Scott, Gnome, Hispano-Suiza, Duesenberg, Sturtevant; state lowest price for cash. O 136 Times.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The severe cyclonic storm of Thursday is passing eastward over the Canadian Maritime provinces, and the weather in all parts of the East has cleared. A second storm is passing inland over the Washington Coast, and a third depression appears over extreme Western Texas. Rain has fallen on the Pacific Coast, north of California, and snow in the Dakotas and Nebraska, also along the lower Lakes, and in Northern New England.

There has been a general fall in temperature, extending from the lower Lake region southwestward into Tennessee. In the Rocky Mountain region, Oklahoma, and Kansas, the temperature has risen.

The weather in the Washington forecast district during the next forty-eight hours will be fair, except in the East Gulf States, Tennessee, and the lower Mississippi, where rain or snow is probable Sunday.

It will be slightly colder Saturday in Atlantic Coast districts north of Georgia, and lower temperatures will continue for several days without material change.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh to strong northwest, fair weather; Middle and South Atlantic Coasts, fresh northwest, fair.

FORECAST TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and slightly colder Saturday; Sunday fair, continued cold.

New England—Fair and colder Saturday; Sunday fair, continued cold.

Western New York—Fair, continued cold Saturday and probably Sunday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1917.	1918.		1917.	1918.
3 A. M.	30	48	4 P. M.	31	48
6 A. M.	27	48	6 P. M.	28	40
9 A. M.	27	48	9 P. M.	25	30
12 M.	31	53	11 P. M.	23	24

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 39; for the corresponding date last year it was 29; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 47; at 8 P. M. it was 36. Maximum temperature, 54 degrees at 12:15 P. M.; minimum, 24 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 96 per cent. at 8 A. M., 55 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.62 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:50|Sun sets..5:31|Moon sets..12:00

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:33	12:00	5:40	5:53
Governors Island	11:57	12:00	6:13	6:27
Hell Gate	1:18	1:46	8:07	8:15

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at ports on the Atlantic Coast and Gulf of Mexico during the twenty-four hours ended Feb. 14:

STEAMSHIPS.
Barcelona, (Span.)
Baygola, (Br.)
Bayway, (Am.)
Algonquin, (Am.)
Amatonga, (Br.)
Annetta, (Am.)
Copan, (Hond.)
Caracas, (Am.)
City of Adelaide, (Br.)
Carrillo, (Am.)
Ceiba, (Am.)
Colon, (Am.)
Clan Stuart, (Br.)
Cubadist, (Am.)
Demosthenes, (Br.)
Dipton, (Am.)
Esperanza, (Am.)
Governor Cobb, (Am.)
Geroinmo Ulloa, (Ital.)
Helen, (Am.)
Huronian, (Br.)
I. D. S. Adolph, (Dan.)
Iona, (—)
Labor, (Ital.)
Louisiana, (Am.)
Median, (Br.)
Maui, (Am.)
Medomsley, (Br.)
Novian, (Br.)
San Jose, (Nor.)
San Ramon, (Am.)
Siamese Prince, (Br.)
Silkeborg, (Dan.)
Santa Rosali, (Am.)
Tuscan, (Am.)
Tamaha, (Br.)
Vindeggen, (Nor.)
Vauban, (Br.)
Walter D. Munson, (Am.)

SAILING VESSELS.
Ba, (Nor.)
Dagny, (Nor.)
E. Marie Brown, (Am.)
C. J. Cherry, (Am.)
Island Home, (Am.)
James William, (Br.)
Kosmos, (Nor.)
Nellie, (Am.)
Reedville, (Am.)
Souverain, (Nor.)

Fire Record.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:40—115 W. Houston St.; J. Stector	Slight
7:00—23 E. 89 St.; not given	None
8:30—37½ Broome St.; N. Messing	Slight
9:25—2,000 Mapes Av.; Herman Cohen	$300
11:50—68 W 47 St.; Hans Betts	Slight
11:25—Central Park West and 61 St.; auto, not given	Slight
P. M.	
12:25—139 Forsyth St.; Chris Matillo	Slight
12:40—33 James St.; Carlocci Bros.	Slight
1:20—295 Pearl St.; Durcos Company	Slight
2:05—171 E. 118 St.; Louis Welder	Slight
2:45—338 E. 124 St.; M. Unterwager	Slight
3:00—Boston Road and Provost Av.; Philip Halley	$3,000
3:25—Hughes Av. & 179 St.; not given	Slight
3:30—364 E. 165 St.; Walter Joker	$100
3:50—1,607 Park Av.; Samuel Cassel	Slight
4:10—2,423 Maclay Av.; Johanna Roth	Slight
4:25—645 Rae St.; Gertie Goldstein	$100
4:45—55 Forsyth St.; Barney Miller	Slight
5:50—Hunts Point Av. & E. R., (3 scows;) Dailey & Ivins	Not given
6:30—Broome & Varick Sts.; not given	Slight
7:15—120 E. 117 St.; M. Braverman	Slight
8:10—Front 127 Lenox Av.; (trolley car)	Slight
9:00—100 E. 87 St.; (rubbish in basement;) not given	Slight
9:25—334 Grand St.; John Cusso	Slight
9:30—88-90 Walker St.; Empire Stamping and Metal Spinning Co.	$500
10:00—315 2 Av.; Ida Geher	Slight
10:00—197 10 Av.; Louis Meyer	Slight
11:40—Front 513 W. 111 St.; (auto;) John Johnson	None
11:40—502 W. 36 St.; Westinghouse Electric Co.	Slight

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Probationaries qualified as patrolmen, appointed and assigned as indicated, to take effect 12 P. M. Feb. 14: F. A. Hofsass, 10; D. N. H. M. Scroggins, 10; W. J. Gillen, 10; M. F. Donohue, 10; J. J. Murphy, 10; C. H. Schultze, 10; T. W. Fickbohm, 10; H. H. Pohel, 15; E. A. Demarest, 16; J. J. Curley, 16; F. A. Ott, 16; G. E. Butler, 22; R. Powers, 22; J. J. P. Quinn, 22; J. J. Jennings, 26; W. P. Kelly, 26; F. Quinn, 26; T. Kelly, 26; E. J. Dougherty, 62; C. Weaver, 36; J. McGovern, 62; J. E. Musgrave, 62; G. W. Walker, 153; M. R. Feerick, 62; J. L. Connally, 153; W. E. Cloonan, 153; G. H. Cridland, 165; T. J. Murphy, 165; C. N. Overbeck, 165; W. H. Vogel, 165; E. Lucaire, 163; F. A. McEneany, 165; T. H. Stedman, 163; C. W. Walker, 165; T. P. Leonard, 172; T. Maher, 172; W. J. Ryan, 172; G. S. Baker, 172; W. J. Cassidy, 172; J. M. J. Daly, 172; C. R. Holst, 172; W. A. Neilan, 172; N. A. Pisarra, D. B.; J. J. Noonan, Div. Nat. Def. C. O. Squad, war payroll: J. A. Ambrose, J. W. Moog, W. E. Kelly, C. Meuchner, M. T. Kenealy, W. J. Sargent, D. F. Kerrigan, W. H. Murphy, J. F. Kerrigan, C. A. Heiden, H. D. Kiernan, V. Sabatello.

Pension: Patrolman, to take effect 12 P. M. Feb. 15, J. A. Murray, 167, on police surgeons' certificate, at $700 per annum; appointed Jan. 22, 1896.

Lieutenant, promoted to Captain, assigned as indicated, to take effect 5:30 P. M. Feb. 14: T. McGuire, 166 to 281.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Feb. 16: Sergeants, precincts indicated to Marine Div.: N. Klute, 7; J. J. Smith, 159; M. J. McCarthy, 31. Patrol. J. McIntyre, 77; J. F. Corcoran, 148; G. W. Baker, 31, to duty as station-house attendant; J. F. Redmond, 163, to clerical duty; A. Siegel, 163, to duty as station-house attendant.

Leaves of absence, (without pay:) Patrol. P. Rueger, 152, 1 day, from 8 A. M. Feb. 18; W. Knapp, 167, 1 day, from 8 A. M. Feb. 17.

Applications for full pay while on sick leave: Sergt. G. Dale, 4, 11:35 A. M., Feb. 4, during disability; Patrol. E. P. Larkin, 6, 11 A. M., Feb. 8, during disability; John Ruoff, 26, 10 A. M., Feb. 8, during disability; J. J. Smith, 33, 3 P. M., Feb. 10, during disability; G. G. Morrissey, 38, 8:15 P. M., Feb. 6, to 12:01 A. M., Feb. 13; D. S. Egan, 38, 7:40 A. M., Feb. 7, during disability; F. Bernstein, C. O. Squad, Motor Cycle Squad 8, 8:30 P. M., Jan. 20, during disability. While under suspension, Patrol. W. A. Helms, 37, 11:28 P. M., Nov. 21, 1917, to 10:10 A. M., Feb. 2; M. J. Moore, 40, 5:08 P. M., Jan. 23, to 10:10 A. M., Feb. 2; T. M. Kerrigan, 42, 5:30 P. M., Nov. 21, 1917, to 10:10 A. M., Feb. 2.

Resignation: Patrol. W. E. Cloonan, 153, to take effect 12 P. M., Feb. 15.

Death: Patrol. Joseph Rogers, 61, at 4:45 A. M., Feb. 14.

Fire Department.

Pensioned on own applications after more than twenty years' service, at $750 per annum—Fireman first grade, George Eikner, Eng. 261, to take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 18; Fireman first grade, Edward P. Mundy, H. & L. 107, to take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 19.

Leave of absence with pay, acct. illness—Marine Engineer Joseph McFivey, Eng. 78, 8 A. M., Jan. 24 to 8 A. M. Jan. 27.

Transfers to take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 16—Lieut. John Kelley, Eng. 31, to Eng. 157; Lieut. Frank Werder, Eng. 157, to Eng. 31.

Education Notes.

The new singing society will celebrate Washington's Birthday with exercises, beginning at 8 P. M. at the High School of Commerce. Everett D. Martin will speak on "What if Washington Had Been a Pacifist?"

The Commercial High School makes attendance at military training drills compulsory.

The Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences offers a Spring course in bird study.

Clyde C. Lister and Gary C. Myers, teachers in the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers, have prepared a scale for measuring handwriting of pupils, which they have offered free to the Board of Education for use by teachers.

MINE OF INFORMATION.

Complete guide to every item of news in all newspapers published in The New York Times Index during each quarter of the year since the beginning of 1913. Published four times a year; $2.00 a volume, $8.00 a year. The New York Times Index, Times Square.—Advt.

PICK COLONEL TO RUN IN CAMPAIGN OF 1920

Progressive Republicans, Led by Perkins, Plan for Next Presidential Race.

BASE HOPE ON HAYS VICTORY

Former President Has Already Been Told of All That Went On at St. Louis Meeting.

The progressive element of the Republican Party through their victory at St. Louis, where they brought about the defeat of John T. Adams of Iowa as Chairman of the Republican National Committee and the election of Will Hays of Indiana, have obtained such control of the organization that the selection of a progressive candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1920 is a certainty, according to leaders who returned yesterday.

The progressive victory was a sweeping one, and the Old Guard element of the organization was completely routed, the Hays supporters asserted. With the gaining of the organization machinery the progressives feel that they will have complete control of the party from now on. That it means the selection of Colonel Roosevelt as the party's standard bearer at the next Presidential election was taken as a matter of course. Already the progressives, headed by George W. Perkins, are laying their plans to draft the Colonel for the big national contest.

"The Old Guard has lost control, and if the party wants the Colonel to lead it in 1920 it can have him," was the way one of the progressive leaders expressed it.

Perkins Calls on Roosevelt.

It was said yesterday that the matter had already been put up to Colonel Roosevelt. A few hours after Mr. Perkins arrived in the city he called on Mr. Roosevelt at the hospital, where the Colonel has been since the recent operation, and informed him of all that had taken place at St. Louis. Just what occurred at the meeting is not known, but Mr. Perkins earlier in the day was jubilant over the election of Mr. Hays. He hailed it as a complete victory for harmony within the Republican Party.

"The effort for harmony at St. Louis was a complete success," Mr. Perkins said. "Before Mr. Hays was chosen Chairman by the unanimous vote and voice of all in attendance at the St. Louis conference, the Republican Executive Committee, by unanimous vote, had offered permanently to continue the Campaign Committee of 1916. The Progressive members of this committee, while appreciating the offer, felt that it would be unwise, as it might seem to the public to indicate a continuance of the old factional differences, so they suggested that this committee be done away with. Later the old Executive Committee decided to retire also, and in this way give Mr. Hays, the new Chairman, a clean slate and a free opportunity to draw to his support such men from all quarters as he deemed best qualified to carry on the strenuous work ahead.

"Mr. Hays has been Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Indiana for several years. His management of the Hughes campaign in Indiana during 1916 was a signal success. He reunited the party completely, and his attitude toward the Progressives was so fair that it was remarked on by all Progressives throughout the United States. The St. Louis meeting adjourned by all hands joining in singing 'America,' and the scene in the hotel lobby afterward, where all joined in hand clasping and congratulations, showed unmistakably that every one felt that the effort to reach a harmonious agreement had been completely successful."

Say Retirement Is Automatic.

It was indicated yesterday that the Progressives would not rest with their victory in defeating Mr. Adams for Chairman of the National Committee, but would begin a fight to have him deposed as Vice Chairman of the committee. Just how this is to be brought about has not yet been arranged, but it is expected that if Mr. Adams does not immediately resign a way will be found to bring about his retirement. The Progressive leaders feel that if he was unfit to be National Chairman because of the pro-German letter he wrote in 1914 upholding the violation of Belgium he is equally unfit to remain Vice Chairman. Some of the leaders take the view that no action ousting him will be necessary, as he automatically will go out as Vice Chairman with the death of the old Executive Committee.

Contrary to the established rules of the Republican organization, Mr. Adams was made Vice Chairman by the old Executive Committee last year. Before that it had been the custom for the Chairman of the National Committee to choose a Vice Chairman, and the selection of Mr. Adams by the Executive Committee precipitated a fine row last year by the Progressives.

REPORT ROOSEVELT AS GAINING STEADILY

"All the Alarming Symptoms Have Disappeared," the Bulletin Asserts.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt received his first visitors in Roosevelt Hospital yesterday. Joseph B. Bishop, formerly Secretary of the Panama Canal Commission, who has called at the institution ever since the former President was operated on eleven days ago, was permitted to enter the sick room for a few moments. George W. Perkins also called.

As further evidence that the Colonel is getting well, it was learned that Mrs. Roosevelt has begun reading extracts from the daily news to him, and that today he is to be permitted to read a book for himself. The only official bulletin issued yesterday by Miss Josephine Stricker, Colonel Roosevelt's secretary, for Drs. Walton Martin and Arthur B. Duel said:

> Colonel Roosevelt's condition continues to improve. The dizziness necessary following such an operation is fast disappearing. All the alarming symptoms have disappeared.

It was predicted yesterday that Colonel Roosevelt would be able to leave the hospital by the end of this month, and that after a rest of ten days or so at the Hotel Langdon, where he makes his town home, he would be able to return to Oyster Bay. Members of the family, while still spending most of the time at the hospital, are beginning to permit themselves a little relaxation. The night vigil at the ex-President's bedside still is continued, but it is expected soon to dispense with it.

Among the callers yesterday were General Theodore A. Bingham and Dr. Milenko Vesnitch, head of the Serbian mission. There were many messages and tokens of interest.

Convict's Estate Grows to $125,000.

Papers filed in the Supreme Court yesterday show that the estate of Alphonse J. Stephani, who was sentenced to life imprisonment twenty-eight years ago for the murder of Clinton Reynolds, a lawyer, and who has been in the prison for the insane at Dannemora for years, has increased from $50,000 to $128,000 since he has been in prison. The convict inherited the money when his mother died in 1902, and his property has since been in the hands of a committee. His committee is permitted to spend only $50 a month for luxuries while he is in prison.

SUGGESTS MEMORIAL DAY.

Chicago Herald Advocates Annual Service on April 6.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 15.—The Chicago Herald this morning prints the names of Chicago's dead so far in the war and says editorially:

"Now let Chicago take a step that will insure not only that those honored dead but also those whose names will yet swell this list of children that have died for their native land shall have their sacrifices fittingly commemorated. Let us not wait until the struggle is ended, but even as it progresses manifest our love and gratitude.

"Let us have a roll of honor day, with appropriate commemorative service, each year for Chicago's dead, and what more fitting day could be named than one on which our country, after a period of unmatched and patient effort to bring the Prussian monster to respect humanity and nations' rights, finally took up the gage of battle? Let us adopt April 6 as the date for this patriotic anniversary.

"The new day will in no sense conflict with the one on which we honor the men who died long years ago to make this nation one and indivisible. It will supplement veterans of our great war who will join in the tribute to those who have followed so bravely in their footsteps."

Corrigan Verdict Cut to $25,000.

The verdict of $35,000 awarded to City Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in his suit against the Bobbs-Merrill Company, publishers of George Bronson-Howard's book, "God's Man," on the ground that one of the characters, "Justice Cornigan," referred to Magistrate Corrigan, was reduced to $25,000 yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—On Tuesday, Feb. 12, between 12 and 2.15 P. M., between Scribner's and Delmonico's, a lady's seal bag with shell handle, containing knitting, a gold mesh purse set with diamonds and pearls, and about $120 in currency; liberal reward will be paid for return; no questions asked. Theodore B. Starr, Inc., 5th Av. and 47th St.

LOST or left in taxicab, on Tuesday, Feb. 12, between 50th and 59th Sts., a pearl necklace of 96 pearls. A reward of $500 will be paid and no questions asked upon return of same to
E. M. GATTLE & CO.,
630 5th Av.

LOST—On White Plains train leaving New York 5:13 P. M., Tuesday, February 12th, package containing suit of clothes and two auto license plates; finder will be rewarded if returned 25 Madison Av., New York, Room 1502.

LOST—On Wednesday, Feb. 13, 1918, somewhere between 7th Av. and 35th St., N. Y., and Bamberger's department store, Newark, N. J., platinum breast pin, set with diamonds in form of old English letter "R"; liberal reward. Phone Circle 1066, Room 45.

LOST—Diamond and platinum bar pin, Wednesday, after 8:30 P. M.; between 55th St. and Prince George Hotel; liberal reward. Return to Mr. Hoffman, care of Kirby, Block & Fischer, 1,150 Broadway.

LOST—Gold watch, monogram, "H. S. G.," between St. Luke's Hospital and Broadway and 106th, Feb. 14. Return Nurses' Home, St. Luke's Hospital, 114th St. and Amsterdam Av. Reward.

LOST—On Friday, February 15th, between 1 and 2 o'clock, Broadway between 25th and 31st, diamond half-moon brooch pin; liberal reward will be paid. Telephone 2657-J, Boro Park.

LOST—Diamond ring, between Church of the Intercession, 155th St. and Broadway, and 146th St. and Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward. Balmford, 509 West 146th St.

LOST—Between 12 and 5 P. M. Wednesday, diamond platinum bar pin, with baroque pearl in centre; $25 reward, no questions. Apartment 110, 40 West 45th St., city.

LOST—Feb. 13 in R. H. Macy's, small bag containing jewelry and solitaire engagement ring; liberal reward to finder; no questions asked. V 88 Times.

LOST—Feb. 14, between 22 East 42d and 42d St. Building, a blackthorn walking stick, silver top; reward will be paid for its return to 22 East 42d.

LOST—Thursday evening between 66th and 35th Sts., or on Lexington Av. car, circular diamond pin with sapphire center; $15 reward. 121 East 35th St.

LOST—Opal and diamond brooch, Metropolitan Opera House, between parterre box and 40th St. entrance, Wednesday night; reward. S. G., 45 East 82d St.

LOST—Wednesday, New York City, lavalliere, green stone and pearls, pearl drop; reward. Johnson, 4,807 Ashland Av., Richmond Hill, L. I.

LOST—$25 reward, gray and black check rug, Tuesday night, 37th St., Madison Av. Return to Jennings Pinehurst Garage, corner 70th St., 3d Av.

LOST—Lady's blue enamel watch and chain near 168th and Broadway or St. Nicholas Av.; reward. Leers, 629 West 170th.

LOST—Watch fob, black ribbon, silver monogram, gold fraternity key; reward. Belknap, Room 4624, Grand Central Terminal.

LOST—$5 reward, opera glasses, on Feb. 9, between Times Square and Metropolitan Opera House. Sullivan, 890 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's small gold wrist watch, black ribbon, catch mark M. M.; reward. Mrs. L. Mayer, 410 Fort Washington Av.

LOST—Diamond stud, on 12th Av., between 48th and 49th Sts.; $50 reward. Mr. J. F. Jacobs, 1,233 47th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—A Kolinsky fur cape, waist length; $100 reward, no questions asked. Address F. W., Hotel Astor.

LOST—King Charles Spaniel, tan and white, with long ears; generous reward. 8 West 51st St.

LOST—Liberal reward return of watch and chain, marked "Charles J. O'Donnell," or tickets. 110 West 85th St.

LOST—Watch fob, in black leather, initials E. L. R.; reward. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

LOST—Fraternity pin, containing small pearls and emeralds; reward. Bedford 5426-R.

LOST—February 12th, lady's small gold Elgin watch. Phone Yonkers 5538. Reward.

LOST—Lady's purse, containing 5 keys and change, Feb. 14. Room 1500, 277 Broadway.

LOST—Silver lorgnette, on Thursday. Reward return Shire, 440 Columbus Av.

LOST—Thursday, diamond scroll pin, on 46th or 5th Av.; reward. O 117 Times.

WILL the party who took wrist watch from Marlborough Hotel barber shop kindly return, Ensign Mayo? Reward; no questions asked. 1,336 50th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn. Phone 2277 Borough Park.

$50 REWARD
for gold vanity box, lost in Knickerbocker Hotel Thursday evening; no questions. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$100 REWARD for small gold purse, lost Amsterdam Roof, Midnight Frolic, Feb. 7; gift of one since killed at front in France; no questions asked. Please return D. L. Pelletier, 204 West 70th.

$300 REWARD
for diamond bracelet containing 54 square-cut brilliants, all platinum mounting, lost Feb. 9, vicinity Broadway and 34th St. TIFFANY & CO., Fifth Av. and 37th St.

Found.

FOUND—Feb. 1, on 42d St., near 6th Av., a lady's pin. "Inquiry," 286 Times Downtown.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

REWARD $150.
Lost—Small, all white, West Highland terrier dog, male; long hair, long body, short legs, pointed ears; answering to name of Mac; $150 reward for return or information leading to its return. Miss A. B. Jennings, 48 Park Av. Phone Murray Hill 1484.

LOST—On Monday, mixed breed bull, in vicinity of Tremont; male; color brown, white markings; very short tail; reward. Pork Store, 744 Tremont Av.

LOST—White poodle dog; last seen 180th St. and Riverside Drive; name "Tango"; reward. J. Cooper, 620 West 152d St., Apt. 4. Audubon 2423.

LOST—Wire-haired terrier; black ears; name Bobby; finder receive reward. [illegible]

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

BAPTIST.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.
11 A. M.—Rev. OSCAR HAYWOOD, D. D.
"PRAYER AND SCIENCE."
8 P. M.—Rev. GYPSY SMITH, Jr., will begin his evangelistic campaign and preach four evenings each week for three weeks.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—Second sermon on "The Wonderful Book": "THE BIBLE AND SCIENCE."
8—"Roger Williams, Pioneer of Religious Liberty."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D., } Ministers.
Rev. E. Herbert Dutton, }
No evening service.
DR. WOELFKIN will preach at 11 and at Judson Memorial Church at 8.
Sunday School 9:30. Bible Classes 9:40.
Dr. Woelfkin addresses Young Men's Bible Class, 9:30. Young men cordially invited.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.

11 A. M.—"IS IT PRESUMPTUOUS FOR A CHRISTIAN TO SAY, 'I KNOW I AM SAVED'? HOW MAY CHRISTIANS KNOW THEY ARE SAVED NOW AND SAFE FOREVER?"

8 P. M.—"THE LAST NIGHT ON EARTH OF THE MAN GOD CALLS A FOOL."

God is blessing this Church, morning and evening. Christians are built up in the morning, the unsaved awakened in the evening. Sunday evening many are asking for prayer and what they must do to be saved. Come and be one of them.

Friday Night, February 22, 8 o'clock, "The Fiery Cloudy Pillar." These meetings are wonderful. Come early.

JUDSON MEMORIAL CHURCH,
Washington Square South.
Rev. F. W. Lawson, } Ministers.
Rev. A. Ray Petty, }
Rev. F. W. LAWSON preaches a Boys' Scout Sermon, (Boys' Scout Sunday,) 11 A. M. Joint service with the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church at 8. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin preaches.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 31st St.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor, (in service.)
Rev. DAVID ROSS preaches Sunday,
11 A. M.—"The Far-Flung Battle Line."
8 P. M.—"The Last Supper."
10 A. M.—Eaton Class for Men, 30 E. 31st St.
Women's Bible Class, 9:45. Rev. C. F. Hall, Ldr.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
FIFTH AVE., BET. 126TH & 127TH STS.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"A World Religion."
8 P. M.—"The Divine Indifference."

WASHINGTON HTS. BAPTIST CHURCH,
145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Christ or the Kaiser."
8 P. M.—Corporal Gentles, Canadian Infantry, speaks.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 178th St. & Ft. Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.

CONGREGATIONAL.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHAS. E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 and 8.

MANHATTAN,
Broadway and 76th St.
Rev. Dr. William Thomas McElveen,
11 A. M.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST—CHRISTIAN.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH. 142 West 81st St.
Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor.
11—The Adventure of Religion.
8 P. M.—Life in the Camps.

DIVINE SCIENCE.

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
Services 11, North Ballroom, Hotel Astor.
Speaker, Rev. W. John Murray, Pastor.
Subject: "Healing by Faith."
Bible Study and Talks on Truth, Wednesday evening, 8:15. Park Avenue Hotel.

ETHICAL CULTURE.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St.
11 A. M.—MR. LAWSON PURDY, Speaker.
8 P. M.—MR. GEORGE E. O'DELL, Speaker.
Subject: "THE ETHICS OF THE MOTION PICTURE THEATRE."

INTERDENOMINATIONAL.

BIBLE HOUR—NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE, 214 West 35th St.
DON O. SHELTON, President of Institute,
Tomorrow, 4:15 P. M.
"The Sure Way to Large Usefulness."

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
N. E. Cor. 128th St. and 7th Av.
11 & 8, Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP will preach.
Evening Topic: Evangelical War Problems.
IX. Shall We know Each Other After Death?
Thursday: All day meetings under auspices of Greater New York Prayer Union for Israel. 8 P. M.: Rev. Thomas M. Chalmers will speak on "The Final Line-Up of the Nations;" Rev. Joseph W. Kemp, "Present-Day Emphasis on Our Duty to the Jews."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Reverend WILLIAM DANA STREET of Westchester Congregational Church, White Plains.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

JEWISH.

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY AT 10:45.
DR. WISE: "CHRISTIAN AND JEW."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.
Today, 10:30 A. M., DR. SILVERMAN, on "REVIVAL OF THE JEWISH HOME."
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., DR. SILVERMAN, on "THE DUTY OF THE NONCOMBATANT DURING THE WAR."
Daily Noon Service, 12:30.
All are welcome.

TEMPLE ISRAEL OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 120th St.—Dr. M. H. Harris, Sat., Feb. 16, "The Synagogue and the Community"; Fri., Feb. 22, 8:15, "Washington in the Light of Today."

LUTHERAN.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
93d St. and Broadway.
Pastor, REV. A. STEIMLE, D. D.
Services, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West,
Dr. Smith preaches 11 A. M. at 4 P. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d.—Dr. REMENSNYDER, 11 A. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

"JESUS and WAR."—11 A. M. "Are Soldiers Christians?" 7:45, Soldier pictures. Grace, West 104th, near Columbus. Dr. REISNER.

JANE STREET CHURCH, NEAR 8TH AV.
REV. DR. C. A. HOLLA, PASTOR.
Revival Services 10:45 A. M., 3:30, and 7:45.
Good Speakers. Stirring Music. All Welcome.

MADISON AVE. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—DR. SOCKMAN.
8 P. M.—ROSSINI'S "STABAT MATER."
Address by the Pastor.
6-8 P. M.—Social Tea. Soldiers and sailors invited. 10 A. M., Men's Class. Dr. Thompson.

MORAVIAN.

FIRST CHURCH, Lex. Av. and 30th St.—Rt. Rev. MORRIS W. [illegible], D. D., Pastor. [illegible] Cordial Welcome to All.

NEW CHURCH (SWEDENBORGIAN.)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. Julian K. Smyth, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10 A. M. Service, 11 A. M.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
"The Tragedy of Broken Covenants."

NEW THOUGHT.

MRS. CHAPIN—THE BILTMORE. Subject: "Forget It." Interviews and Classes Sat., Mon., and Tuesdays. Free Prosperity Class Mon. Eve., 8:15. Room 114. All welcome.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 West 72d Street.
Sunday:
11:00 A. M.—Miss Edith Martin.
4:00 P. M.—Mrs. M. C. Stolber.
8:15 P. M.—Miss Villa Faulkner Page.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.—Miss Mary Allen.
Thursday, 3:00 P. M.—"Healing Service," Mrs. M. L. Earee.

M. EDITH RARICK, Park Av. Hotel, 33d St., Wednesdays, 8:15 P. M., "A New Philosophy of Life."

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
Free Lecture at Cort Theatre,
48th St., east of Broadway,
Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.
Doors open at 3:30.
Mrs. Behrend (the only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward of England and India, the acknowledged Master-Thinker in New Thought and Mental Science) will take for her subject "Out of the Everywhere Into the Here," (Out of the Invisible Into the Visible.)
Mrs. Behrend will explain how to attract from the Invisible into the Visible our hearts' desires. "That we are the offsprings of the Infinite Parent Mind, by a process far more intimate than anything implied by the word 'Creation,' is true for us when it is not yet true to us."
Free Classes will be held every morning at 11, except Saturday and Sunday, in the Ballroom of Bretton Hall, 86th St. and Broadway; entrance on 86th St. The Wednesday evening class will be held there also.
All instruction by Mrs. Behrend.

DR. SEARS SUCCESS LECTURES cheer people up and make life worth living. Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St. Sunday, 11:15 a. m., F. W. Sears, Orator. "MAN THE MASTER." A most wonderful lecture by a still more wonderful man.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE.
Sunday service, 40 West 58th St., 11 A. M.
Speaker: Mr. WALTER NEWELL WESTON.
Subject: "Attainment Through Intuition."
Public invited.

UNITY SOCIETY, 28 West 72d.
Mrs. Van Marter, 11—Subject: "Who Are the Murderers?" (By request.) 8—"The Inner Life, or the Subjective Mind."

PAULA VERDU, 40 West 58th St.—Sunday at three. Subject, "Healing Current."

PRESBYTERIAN.

BRICK CHURCH,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill, Frank Latimer Janeway.
Mr. JANEWAY preaches at 11 and Dr. MERRILL at 4.
Bible School at 9:40.
Men's Bible Class at 10:15.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D.D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M.
No evening service.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, Pastor.
Preaching 11 A. M. by the PASTOR.
4:30—Rev. GEORGE DOUGLAS ADAM, D.D.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Dr. Jowett will preach at both services.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M.
The mid-week service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, 11 A. M.-8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches 11 and 8.

HARLEM-NEW YORK. 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. GEORGE WELLS ARMS, Pastor.

LABOR TEMPLE, 14th St. and 2d Av.—CHARLES STELZLE will speak Sunday night at 8:30 on "THE RELIGION OF DEMOCRACY."

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. GEORGE H. SMYTHE.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.
REV. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., PASTOR.
Service in chapel, 11 A. M.
The pastor will preach.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 141st St.
Minister, Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.—Dr. Mackay.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d Street.
REV. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—HUMILITY.
8 P. M.—SPECIAL MUSICAL SERVICE OF OLD FAVORITES.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner 10th St.
Ministers: { George Alexander ....11 A.M.
Thomas Guthrie Speers..8 P.M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam, Cor. 105th.
11—Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches, "Why Is Peace in the Air?" 8—Ed M. Willis, Gen. Sec. Camp Lee, "Are Our Boys Safe?"

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., }
Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. EVANS preaches at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Service for patriotic societies.
Preacher, Rev. Dr. E. M. Stires.
Daily services, 7:30 A. M., 5 P. M., (choral except Saturday.)
Lecture at 4 P. M., Wednesday, by Rev. Stuart L. Tyson.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A.M.
Morning Prayer & Sermon, (Rector)...11 A.M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas)... 4 P.M.
Strangers Welcome.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St. Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11—"Are Americans Idealists or Materialists?" (Rector.)
4—Music. Stainer, "Crucifixion."
8—Forum: Wm. Bohn of Society of Friends of German Democracy—"Will There be a Revolution in Germany?"

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
89TH ST., NEAR MADISON AV.
REV. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D. D., Rector.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M. (Rector.)
4, 8 P. M., (Rev. John Acworth.)
POPULAR VESPERS at 4, including Contralto Solo, "How Long Wilt Thou Forget Me," by Speaks; instrumental quartette, "Meditation," by Grimm; anthem, "Come Now and Let Us Reason," by Briant.
VIOLIN, 'CELLO and HARP with ORGAN at 11 and 4.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, Rector.
Services 8, 10:15, 11, and 8, (Rector.)

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY,
Lexington Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. ARTHUR KETCHUM, Acting Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES—8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Acting Rector;) 4 P. M., Evening Prayer; 8 P. M., Evensong and Address.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Service & Sermon (The Rector)......11 A. M.
Later Evensong (Bishop Burleson) 8 P. M.
Daily Noonday Service and Address, 12:30.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Tinker.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Paul Micou.
9 P. M.—Social Service Meeting.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.
11 A. M.—Festival Service. Theme, "World [illegible] Reorganization After the War."

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Preacher, Rev. STUART L. TYSON, D. D.
4 P. M.—CHORAL EVENSONG.
Address by Dr. Bridges.
SPECIAL MUSIC, VIOLIN, ORGAN.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
Services 8 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
A Course of Bible Lectures by the Rev. Stuart L. Tyson, D. D.
Mondays and Thursdays at 5 P. M.

P. E. CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
35th St. and Madison Av.
Until Passion Week services will be held and the Rev. STUART L. TYSON, D. D., will lecture on every Monday and Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The lectures on Monday afternoons will be on "The History of the Book of Common Prayer" and on Thursday afternoons on "The First Three Gospels."

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway and 155th St.—Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. 8, 8:45, 9:45, 10:30, 11, 4, 8. Popular Vespers, 4, Leo Riggs plays "Pomp and Circumstance," Elgar; "Suite Gothic," Boellmann; "Deep River," Burleigh. Dorothy Beach, contralto, sings "Faith," Terhune; "Love Not the World," (Prodigal Son,) Sullivan. Bible readings and address by Dr. Gates.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av., at 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10:00 A. M.—Confirmation Class for Men and Women.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
2:30 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:00 P. M.—Evensong and Address.
Dr. LEIGHTON PARKS will preach at 11 and 4 o'clock.
5:15 P. M.—Organ Recital.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th St., East of 3d Av.
ALL SEATS FREE.
KARL REILAND, Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES
8, 11, (Rector preaches,) and 8.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector.—8 A. M., 11 A. M., Rector; 8 P. M., Rev. J. M. NEIFERT; Friday, 5 P. M., lecture by Dr. TYSON on "THE OLD TESTAMENT."

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WM. T. WALSH, Rector.
11 A. M.—"Why Jesus Did Not Fast."
8 P. M.—"Autocracy in Religion: the Roman Catholic Church." The other side for those interested in the Paulist Fathers' lectures to Non-Catholics.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth St., west of Second Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon by the Rector. Subject: "Gabriel, the Might of God."
4 P. M.—"The Theatre Situation in New York," by Richard Burton.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector. Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 4.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 26 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services 8, 11, and 8.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, 69th, near Broadway.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
11, the Bishop; 4, (Mr. Ferris.)

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11.—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address, (Rev. W. Strother Jones, D. D.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.
Daily Lenten Services 10; 5, (Rector.)

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
Sunday Services: 8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Litany, Holy Communion; and Sermon; 4 P. M., Evening Prayer; 4:45 P. M., Instruction on Christian Doctrine; Thursday, 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion and War Intercession.

TRINITY CHURCH,
Sunday Services.
7, 8, and 9 A. M., Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M., Morning Prayer.
11 A. M., Litany, Holy Communion, and Sermon.
3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon.
8 P. M., Service and Sermon.
Week-day Services.
7:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M.
Short service for business people daily except Saturday at 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rector—Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
8, 11, (The Rector,) 8, (Rev. F. Burgess, Jr.)

REFORMED.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 & 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE,
CONVENT AND 149TH, NEAR AMST. AV.
11 A. M. } Rev. JOHN A. DYKSTRA.
8 P. M. }

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Avenue and 123d Street.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, 11 A. M., Dr. Tilton will preach. 8 P. M., Patriotic Service, in the interest of the Boy Scouts.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings 11 o'clock, 30 Gramercy Park, Manhattan, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

SPIRITUALIST.

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION OF AMERICA,
Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.
Services every Sunday and Tuesday, 8 P. M. Friday, 2:30 P. M.
Speaker Sunday evening:
Mrs. Maude Pratt Messner.
Message Bearer—Mrs. Kathryn Borland.

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at 8 P. M. sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT COMMUNION IS TRUE.
SUBJECT: THE SPIRITUAL BODY.
PSYCHIC DEMONSTRATIONS.

SCHOOL OF SPIRITUAL SCIENCE,
THE NEW YORK PSYCHIC BUREAU,
235 West 110th St., opposite Central Park.
MRS. ROSE LEVERE, LL. B., Leader.
Worship, Healing, Messages, Sunday, Thursday, 8 P. M.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th.—Helen Temple Brigham speaks morning and evening; demonstrations follow evening address.

THEOSOPHY.

AT THEOSOPHICAL HEADQUARTERS,
2,228 Broadway, 79th St., New York Lodge.
Sunday evening, 8:15—Lecture by Mrs. Emilie Walton, "Theosophy and Dogmatic Theology." Free Public Classes, Headquarters, Thursday, Friday evenings, 8:15; Tuesday Class, 8 P. M., 749 West End Av. Children's Class Saturday, 10:30. Free. All are Welcome.

FOR CENTRAL LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY Special Sunday notice see amusement column. Thursday evening, Feb. 21, 8:15, Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway, 67th St. "Telepathy and Mind Cure." Wednesday Eve., 8:15, Class in Theosophy. Public cordially invited.

Theosophical Society, 25 West 45th St. Public lecture Sunday, 8:15 P. M., "Our Bodies (1)," Eduard Herrmann.

UNITARIAN.

ALL SOULS', (UNITARIAN,)
Fourth Avenue and 20th Street.
ATTACKS ON PATRIOTISM: THEIR TRUTH AND FALSENESS.
Topic of sermon by Rev. Dr. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN, the minister. Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., MR. HOLMES, "New Answers to Old Problems (1) GOD: CAN WE TRUST HIM AS OUR DEFENSE AND REFUGE?" 4:30 P. M., Vespers. MR. HOLMES, "THE PRESENT-DAY WITNESS TO IMMORTALITY: (1) Philosophy—Josiah Royce." 8:15 P. M., Countess Lisi Cipriani of Italy, "ITALY IN WAR TIME."

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn. 11 A. M., Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP.

UNIVERSALIST.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.
"A Time to Mourn and a Time to Lose."
4 P. M.—Twilight Recital. Organ and Choir. Classical and Popular Sacred Music.

Y. M. C. A.

23d St. Y.M.C.A., 215 W. 23d St. Sun., 4 P.M.
DR. NEHEMIAH BOYNTON,
"FATHERS AND SONS."

BRONX UNION Y. M. C. A., Sunday, 3:30, Adjutant General CHARLES H. SHERRILL. Dedication of Service Flag.

Y. W. C. A.

DR. S. D. GORDON,
"The Unseen Comrade,"
Sunday, Feb. 17, 3:30 P. M.
Central Y. W. C. A., Lexington Av., (53d St.)

OTHER SERVICES.

A CIRCLE FOR INNER LIGHT,
40 West 58th St.
Mrs. JOSEPH MILBURN speaks Sundays at 8 o'clock P. M.
Private lessons by appointment. Phone 9230 Plaza.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44TH ST. AND 8TH AV.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. 10:30 A. M., preaching by Rev. A. E. THOMPSON of Jerusalem; 8 P. M., preaching by Rev. E. O. JAGO of Palestine.

McAULEY WATER STREET MISSION.
Meetings nightly, 7:45; Sunday, 3.
Drunkards especially invited.
316 Water St., via all L lines to Franklin Sq.

DR. SEARS SUCCESS LECTURES cheer people up and make life worth living. Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St. Sunday, 11:15 A. M., F. W. Sears, Orator. Subject—"MAN THE MASTER." A most wonderful lecture by a still more wonderful man.

"The Judgment Day: How Near Are We to It?" Professor C. T. Everson gives his most conclusive reason for holding that Christ's coming is very near. Casino Thr., 39th St. and Broadway, Sun., 3 P. M. Largest Sunday night audience in city.

A NEW ORDER OF MEDITATION, A WAY FROM EXISTENCE TO LIFE. James Porter Mills, M. D., will speak in his lecture room, 1,015 Aeolian Hall, West 42d St., Sundays at 11:15. There are also weekday meetings.

RESCUE SOCIETY.
Old Chinese Theatre, 5 and 7 Doyers St.—Widewake Gospel Service nightly, 10 P. M.
T. J. NOONAN, Supt.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 30 W. 67th. Swami Bodhananda, "Unity and Trinity," 8 P. M.

BROOKLYN

CONGREGATIONAL.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hancock St. and Franklin Av. (Take Fulton St. "L" or surface cars to Franklin Av.) Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, Remsen and Henry Sts. (near Borough Hall Subway.) Rev. RICHARD ROBERTS will preach at 11 A. M.; 7:45 P. M., Religious Forum, Ensign MADELE WILSON will discuss "The Methods and Principles of the Salvation Army."

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M., "Something Worth Asking." Sermon by Rev. William F. Kettle, Associate Pastor.
In the Lecture Room.
No Evening Service.

ETHICAL CULTURE.

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
B'klyn Academy of Music, 11 A. M. Mr. GEO. E. O'DELL, "The Feminism of the Home, or the Feminism of the Market Place?" Evening, 8:15, at 176 So. Oxford St., Dr. HENRY NEUMANN on "Butler's Way of All Flesh."

PRESBYTERIAN.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner of South Oxford St.
Ministers. { Charles Carroll Albertson. James Forsyth Riggs.
Services at 10:30 and 7:30.
10:30—Dr. Albertson.
7:30—The Rev. M. R. Boynton.
The Clinton Avenue Congregational Church uniting in the evening. Organ recital by Dr. John Hyatt Brewer, 7:30 to 7:45. Special music by the choirs of the two churches. Brief after-service, with address by Dr. Albertson.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

ST. ANN'S, Clinton and Livingston Sts., near Borough Hall, Brooklyn.
The Rev. G. ASHTON OLDHAM, Rector.
11 A. M.—"The Fear of Living."
8 P. M.—"The Creed of the Christian."

Y. M. C. A.

Dr. S. PARKES CADMAN,
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.,
Sunday, Feb. 17, 3:30,
"GEORGE WASHINGTON."
Edna White Trumpet Quartet.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater N. Y.

Y. W. C. A.

MEETING FOR WOMEN.
Dr. CADMAN,
"George Washington,"
Sunday, Feb. 17, 3 P. M.
Edna White Trumpet Quartet.
Y. W. C. A., 376 Schermerhorn St.

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11—1165 Madison Ave., near 86th St. Telephone Lenox 8900.
12—182 E. 116th St., near Third Ave. Telephone Harlem 3637.
13—284 Lenox Ave., near 125th St. Telephone Harlem 7477.
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14—402 Fordham Road, corner Webster Ave. Telephone Fordham 1532; Fordham 3455.
15—2018 Boston Road, near Tremont Ave. Telephone Tremont 633.
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16—419 Flatbush Ave., at Fulton St. Telephone Main 9788.
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21—1007½ Flatbush Ave., near Tilden Ave. Tel. Flatbush [illegible]
22—7003 Third Ave., near [illegible] St. Telephone Bay Ridge [illegible]
23—Myrtle Ave. and [illegible] Telephone [illegible]

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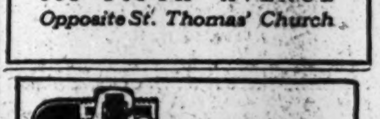

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